

# Feeder protection IED



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# Disclaimer

Please read these instructions carefully before using the equipment or taking any other actions with respect to the equipment. Only trained and qualified persons are allowed to perform installation, operation, service or maintenance of the equipment. Such qualified persons have the responsibility to take all appropriate measures, including e.g. use of authentication, encryption, anti-virus programs, safe switching programs etc. necessary to ensure a safe and secure environment and usability of the equipment. The warranty granted to the equipment remains in force only provided that the instructions contained in this document have been strictly complied with.

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## AQ-F210 Version: 2.08

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# 1 Document information

## 1.1 Version 2 revision notes

Table. 1.1 - 1. Version 2 revision notes

| Revision | 2.00                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Date     | 6.6.2019                                                                                                                                             |
|          | - New more consistent look.                                                                                                                          |
|          | - Improved descriptions generally in many chapters.                                                                                                  |
|          | - Improved readability of a lot of drawings and images.                                                                                              |
| Changes  | - Updated protection functions included in every IED manual.                                                                                         |
|          | - Every protection IED type now has connection drawing, application example drawing with function block diagram and application example with wiring. |
|          | - Added General-menu description.                                                                                                                    |
| Revision | 2.01                                                                                                                                                 |
| Date     | 6.11.2019                                                                                                                                            |
|          | - Added description for LED test and button test.                                                                                                    |
|          | - Complete rewrite of every chapter.                                                                                                                 |
| Changes  | - Improvements to many drawings and formula images.                                                                                                  |
|          | - Order codes revised.                                                                                                                               |
|          | - Added double ST 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module and Double RJ45 10/100 Mbps Ethernet communication module descriptions                      |
| Revision | 2.02                                                                                                                                                 |
| Date     | 7.7.2020                                                                                                                                             |
| Changes  | - A number of image descriptions improved.                                                                                                           |
| Revision | 2.03                                                                                                                                                 |
| Date     | 27.8.2020                                                                                                                                            |

| r        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|          | - Terminology consistency improved (e.g. binary inputs are now always called digital inputs).                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|          | - Tech data modified to be more informative about what type of measurement inputs are used (phase currents/voltages, residual currents/voltages), what component of that measurement is available (RMS, TRMS, peak-to-peak) and possible calculated measurement values (powers, impedances, angles etc.). |
|          | - Tech data updated: non-directional overcurrent                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|          | - Tech data updated: non-directional earthfault                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|          | - Tech data updated: current unbalance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|          | - Improvements to many drawings and formula images.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|          | - Improved and updated IED user interface display images.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|          | - AQ-F210 Functions included list Added: Indicator objects, programmable control switches, mA output control and measurement recorder.                                                                                                                                                                    |
|          | - Added 6th harmonic to harmonic overcurrent protection function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|          | - Changed disturbance recorder maximum digital channel amount from 32 to 95.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|          | - Added residual current coarse and fine measurement data to disturbance recorder description.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|          | - HSO1 and HSO2 connection swapped in arc protection card (was way wrong before).                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Changes  | - Updated I01 and I02 rated current range.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|          | - Added inches to Dimensions and installation chapter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|          | - Added raising frames, wall mounting bracket, combiflex frame to order code.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|          | - Added logical input and logical output function descriptions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|          | - Additions to Abbreviations chapter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|          | - Added button test description to Local panel structure chapter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|          | - Added Fault register view to Basic configuration chapter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|          | - Added parameter descriptions to General menu IED user interface chapter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|          | - Protection IED user interface chapter almost completely rewritten and restructured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|          | - Added new parameter descriptions to Monitoring menu IED user interface chapter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|          | - Added note to Configuring user levels and passwords chapter that user level with a password automatically locks itself after 30 minutes of inactivity.                                                                                                                                                  |
|          | - Added more "Tripped stage" indications and fault types to Measurement value recorder function.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|          | - Updated: Digital input activation and release threshold setting ranges and added drop-off delay setting.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|          | - Added sample rate to voltage and current measurement tech data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Revision | 2.04                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Date     | 8.6.2021                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|          | - Increased the consistency in terminology                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Changes  | - Various image upgrades                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|          | - Visual update to the order codes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Revision | 2.05                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Date     | 22.6.2021                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

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|          | - Fixed phase current measurement continuous thermal withstand from 30A to 20A.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Changes  | <ul> <li>Fixed lots of timing errors written to registers table. "Prefault" is -200 ms from Start event, "Pretrigger" is -20 ms from trip (or start if fault doensn't progress to trip), "Fault" is start (or trip if fault doesn't progress to trip).</li> </ul> |
|          | - Added event history technical data                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Revision | 2.06                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Date     | 21.6.2022                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|          | - Improved descriptions generally in many chapters.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|          | - Improved readability of a lot of drawings and images.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|          | - Order codes have been revised.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Changes  | - Fixed bias calculation formula for restricted earth fault function. Was correctly in the code, just written wrong in the manual.                                                                                                                                |
| Changes  | - Added new trip detections and fault types to measurement value recorder.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|          | - Added user description parameter descriptions for digital inputs, digital outputs, logical inputs, logical outputs and GOOSE inputs.                                                                                                                            |
|          | - Arc point sensor HSO1 and HSO2 position fixed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|          | - Added spare part codes and compatibilities to option cards.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Revision | 2.07                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Date     | 7.7.2022                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Changes  | - Added more fault types to Measurement value recorder (VREC) function.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Revision | 2.08                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Date     | 22.7.2022                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|          | - Added stage forcing parameter to function descriptions.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|          | - Fixes to "Real time signals to comm" description.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Changes  | - Added "Ethernet port" parameter description to IEC61850, IEC104 and Modbus TCP descriptions.                                                                                                                                                                    |
|          | - Removed "Measurement update interval" settings from Modbus description. No longer in use.                                                                                                                                                                       |
|          | - Renamed "System integration" chapter to "Communication" and restructured the chapters to be closer to how they are in the menus.                                                                                                                                |

## 1.2 Version 1 revision notes

Table. 1.2 - 2. Version 1 revision notes

| Revision | 1.00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Date     | 8.4.2013                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Changes  | - The first revision for AQ-F210 IED.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Revision | 1.01                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Date     | 22.11.2013                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Changes  | <ul> <li>Application example for ARON input connection added to chapter 8.0.</li> <li>Application example for trip circuit supervision.</li> <li>Added arc protection module description.</li> <li>Added arc protection description and technical data.</li> </ul> |
| Revision | 1.02                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Date     | 20.1.2015                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

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| Changes  | <ul> <li>Added RTD&amp;mA input module, Double LC 100Mb Ethernet card module and Serial RS232 &amp; serial fiber module hardware descriptions</li> <li>Added system integration text: SPA</li> <li>Order code updated</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Revision | 1.03                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Date     | 23.10.2015                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Changes  | <ul> <li>CPU card digital input setup added</li> <li>Connection example revised</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Revision | 1.04                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Date     | 30.5.2015                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Changes  | - Added PCB and Terminal options to order code table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Revision | 1.05                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Date     | 30.8.2016                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Changes  | - Added password set up guide (previously only in AQtivate user guide)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Revision | 1.06                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Date     | 9.2.2017                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Changes  | <ul> <li>Added Programmable Control Switch and Indicator Object descriptions</li> <li>Order code updated</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Revision | 1.07                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Date     | 12.12.2017                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Changes  | <ul> <li>Measurement value recorder description</li> <li>ZCT connection added to current measurement description</li> <li>Ring-lug CT card option description added</li> <li>Order code revised</li> <li>Non-standard inverse time delay curves added</li> <li>Internal harmonic blocking parameter to I&gt;,I0&gt; functions</li> <li>RTD&amp;mA card description improved</li> </ul> |
| Revision | 1.08                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Date     | 14.8.2018                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Changes  | - Added mA output option card description and ordercode                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Revision | 1.09                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Date     | 18.1.2018                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Changes  | - HMI display technical data added                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

# 2 Abbreviations

- AI Analog input
- AR Auto-recloser
- ASDU Application service data unit
- AVR Automatic voltage regulator
- BCD Binary-coded decimal
- CB Circuit breaker
- CBFP Circuit breaker failure protection
- CLPU Cold load pick-up
- CPU Central processing unit
- CT Current transformer
- CTM Current transformer module
- CTS Current transformer supervision
- DG Distributed generation
- DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
- DI Digital input
- DO Digital output
- DOL Direct-on-line
- DR Disturbance recorder
- DT Definite time
- FF Fundamental frequency
- FFT Fast Fourier transform
- FTP File Transfer Protocol
- GI General interrogation
- HMI Human-machine interface
- HR Holding register
- HV High voltage
- HW Hardware
- IDMT- Inverse definite minimum time
- IED Intelligent electronic device

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- IGBT Insulated-gate bipolar transistor
- I/O Input and output
- IRIG-B Inter-range instruction group, timecode B
- LCD Liquid-crystal display
- LED Light emitting diode
- LV Low voltage
- NC Normally closed
- NO Normally open
- NTP Network Time Protocol
- RMS Root mean square
- RSTP Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol
- RTD Resistance temperature detector
- RTU Remote terminal unit
- SCADA Supervisory control and data acquisition
- SG Setting group
- SOTF Switch-on-to-fault
- SW Software
- THD Total harmonic distortion
- TRMS True root mean square
- VT Voltage transformer
- VTM Voltage transformer module
- VTS Voltage transformer supervision

# 3 General

The AQ-F210 feeder protection IED is a member of the AQ-200 product line. The hardware and software are modular: the hardware modules are assembled and configured according to the application's I/O requirements and the software determines the available functions. This manual describes the specific application of the AQ-F210 feeder protection IED. For other AQ-200 series products please consult their respective device manuals.

AQ-F210 offers a modular feeder protection and control solution for non-directional overcurrent and earth fault protection with automatic reclosing. There are up to four (4) option card slots available for additional I/O or communication cards for more comprehensive monitoring and control applications. AQ-F210 communicates using various protocols including the IEC 61850 substation communication standard.

# 4 IED user interface

## 4.1 Panel structure

The user interface section of an AQ-200 series device is divided into two user interface sections: one for the hardware and the other for the software. You can access the software interface either through the front panel or through the AQtivate freeware software suite.

## 4.1.1 Local panel structure

The front panel of AQ-200 series devices have multiple LEDs, control buttons and a local RJ-45 Ethernet port for configuration. Each unit is also equipped with an RS-485 serial interface and an RJ-45 Ethernet interface on the back of the device. See the image and list below.

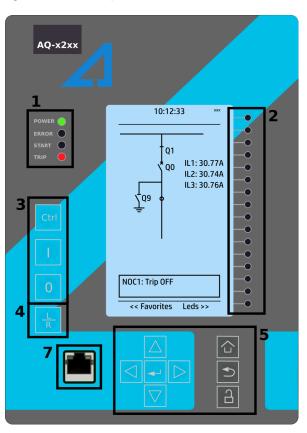


Figure. 4.1.1 - 1. Local panel structure.

- 1. Four (4) default LEDs: "Power", "Error", "Start" (configurable) and "Trip" (configurable).
- 2. Sixteen (16) freely configurable LEDs with programmable legend texts.
- 3. Three (3) object control buttons: Choose the controllable object with the Ctrl button and control the breaker or other object with the I and O buttons.
- 4. The L/R button switches between the local and the remote control modes.
- 5. Eight (8) buttons for IED local programming: the four navigation arrows and the **Enter** button in the middle, as well as the **Home**, the **Back** and the password activation buttons.
- 6. One (1) RJ-45 Ethernet port for IED configuration.

When the unit is powered on, the green "Power" LED is lit. When the red "Error" LED is lit, the device has an internal (hardware or software) error that affects the operation of the unit. The activation of the yellow "Start" LED and the red "Trip" LED are based on the setting the user has put in place in the software.

The sixteen freely configurable LEDs are located on the right side of the display. Their activation and color (green or yellow) are based on the settings the user has put in place in the software.

Holding the I (object control) button down for five seconds brings up the button test menu. It displays all the physical buttons on the front panel. Pressing any of the listed buttons marks them as tested. When all buttons are marked as having been tested, the device will return back to the default view.

## 4.2 Mimic and main menu

## 4.2.1 Basic configuration

The user interface is divided into seven (7) quick displays: "Mimic", "LEDs", "Events", "Clock", "Measurement", "Favorites" and "Fault register". The default quick display (as presented in the image below) is the mimic view; you can move through these menus by pressing the left and right arrow buttons. Please note that the available quick display carousel view might be different if you have changed the view with AQtivate's Carousel Designer tool.

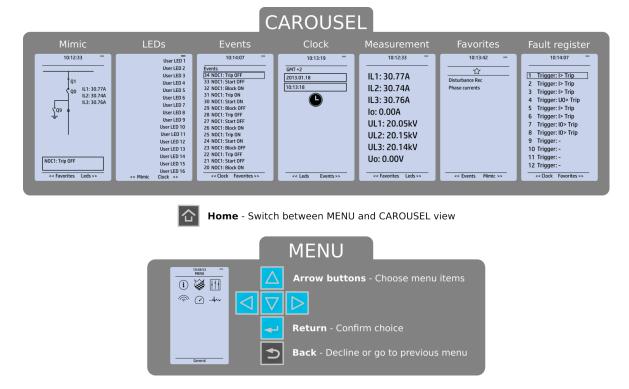


Figure. 4.2.1 - 2. Basic navigation (general).

The Home button switches between the quick display carousel and the main display with the six (6) main configuration menus (*General, Protection, Control, Communication, Measurements* and *Monitoring*). Note that the available menus vary depending on the device type. You can select one of the menus by using the four navigation arrows and pressing Enter in the middle. The Back button takes you back one step. If you hold it down for three seconds, it takes you back to the main menu. You can also use it to reset the alarm LEDs you have set. The password activation button (with the padlock icon ) takes you to the password menu where you can enter the passwords for the various user levels (User, Operator, Configurator, and Super-user).

## 4.2.2 Navigation in the main configuration menus

All the settings in this device have been divided into the following six (6) main configuration menus:

- General
- Protection

- Control
- Communication
- Measurement
- Monitoring.

They are presented in the image below. The available menus vary according to the device type.

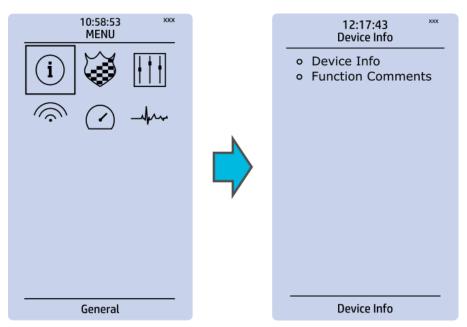
Figure. 4.2.2 - 3. Main configuration menus.



## 4.3 General menu

The *General* main menu is divided into two submenus: the *Device info* tab presents the information of the device, while the *Function comments* tab allows you to view all comments you have added to the functions.





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## Device info

Figure. 4.3 - 5. Device info.

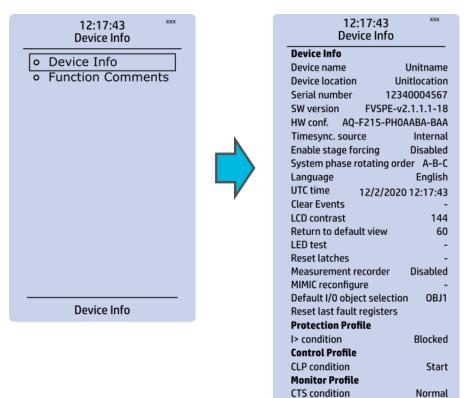


Table. 4.3 - 3. Parameters and indications in the *General* menu.

| Name                           | Range                                                             | Step | Default      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Device name                    | -                                                                 | -    | Unitname     | The file name uses these fields when loading the .aqs                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| Device location                | -                                                                 | -    | Unitlocation | configuration file from the AQ-200 unit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| Serial number                  | -                                                                 | -    | -            | Displays the unit's unique serial number. The serial<br>number is also printed on the sticker located on the side<br>of the unit.                                                                                                                                             |  |
| Firmware version               | -                                                                 | -    | -            | Displays the software version (firmware) used by the unit. Upgradable by the user if a newer version is available.                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Hardware configuration         | -                                                                 | -    | -            | Displays the hardware configuration of the unit. The hardware configuration is also printed on the sticker located on the side of the unit.                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Time<br>synchronization source | 0: Internal<br>1: External NTP<br>2: External Serial<br>3: IRIG-B | -    | 0: Internal  | If an external clock time synchronization source is<br>available, the type is defined with this parameter. In<br>the internal mode there is no external Timesync source.<br>IRIG-B requires a serial fiber communication option<br>card.                                      |  |
| Enable stage forcing           | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                                         | -    | 0: Disabled  | When this parameter is enabled it is possible for the user<br>to force the protection, control and monitoring functions<br>to different statuses like START and TRIP. This is done in<br>the function's <i>Info</i> page with the <i>Force status</i><br><i>to</i> parameter. |  |
| System phase rotating order    | 0: A-B-C<br>1: A-C-B                                              | -    | 0: A-B-C     | Allows the user to switch the expected order in which<br>the phase measurements are wired to the unit.                                                                                                                                                                        |  |

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| Name                                   | Range                                                                                                                           | Step | Default     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Language                               | 0: User defined<br>1: English<br>2: Finnish<br>3: Swedish<br>4: Spanish<br>5: French<br>6: German<br>7: Russian<br>8: Ukrainian | _    | 1: English  | Changes the language of the parameter descriptions in<br>the HMI. If the language has been set to "Other" in the<br>settings of the AQtivate setting tool, AQtivate follows the<br>value set into this parameter. |
| UTC time                               | -                                                                                                                               | -    | -           | Displays the UTC time used by the unit without time zone corrections.                                                                                                                                             |
| Clear events                           | 0: -<br>1: Clear                                                                                                                | -    | 0: -        | Clears the event history recorded in the AQ-200 device.                                                                                                                                                           |
| LCD Contrast                           | 0255                                                                                                                            | 1    | 120         | Changes the contrast of the LCD display.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Return to default view                 | 03600 s                                                                                                                         | 10 s | 0 s         | If the user navigates to a menu and gives no input after<br>a period of time defined with this parameter, the unit<br>automatically returns to the default view. If set to 0 s, this<br>feature is not in use.    |
| LED test                               | 0: -<br>1: Activated                                                                                                            | -    | 0: -        | When activated, all LEDs are lit up. LEDs with multiple possible colors blink each color.                                                                                                                         |
| Reset latches                          | 0: -<br>1: Reset                                                                                                                | -    | 0: -        | Resets the latched signals in the logic and the matrix.<br>When a reset command is given, the parameter<br>automatically returns back to "-".                                                                     |
| Measurement recorder                   | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                                                                                                       | -    | 0: Disabled | Enables the measurement recorder tool, further configured in <i>Tools</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Misc</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Measurement recorder</i> .                                                                   |
| Reconfigure mimic                      | 0: -<br>1: Reconfigure                                                                                                          | -    | 0: -        | Reloads the mimic to the unit.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Reset last fault registers             | -                                                                                                                               | -    | -           | Activation of input selected here resets the values in<br>"Fault registers" view in carousel.                                                                                                                     |
| Protection/Control/<br>Monitor profile | -                                                                                                                               | -    | -           | Displays the status of all enabled functions.                                                                                                                                                                     |

## **Function comments**

Function comments displays notes of each function that has been activated in the Protection, Control and Monitoring menu. Function notes can be edited by the user.

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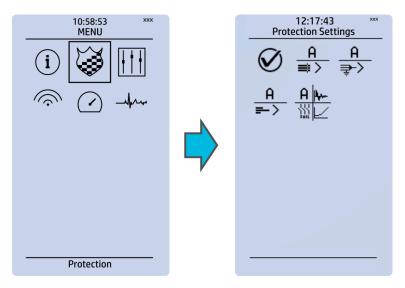


| <ul> <li>12:17:43 Device Info</li> <li>O Device Info</li> <li>Function Comments</li> </ul> |   | 12:17:4<br>Function com<br>Function Comments<br>I> Notes<br>I>>> Notes<br>I>>> Notes<br>Idir> Notes<br>Idir>> Notes<br>Idir>>> Notes |                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <br>Device Info                                                                            | r | IO>>> Notes<br>IO>>>> Notes<br>IOdir> Notes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Comments<br>Comments<br>Comments |

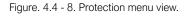
## 4.4 Protection menu

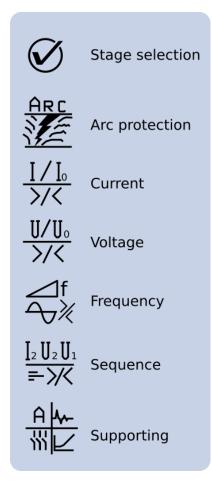
## General

Figure. 4.4 - 7. Protection menu structure



The *Protection* main menu includes the *Stage activation* submenu as well as the submenus for all the various protection functions, categorized under the following modules: "Arc protection", "Current", "Voltage", "Frequency", "Sequence" and "Supporting" (see the image below). The available functions depend on the device type in use.

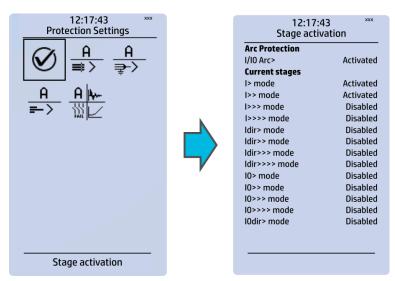




## Stage activation

You can activate the various protection stages in the *Stage activation* submenu (see the images below). Each protection stage and supporting function is disabled by default. When you activate one of the stages, its activated menu appears in the stage-specific submenu. For example, the I> (overcurrent) protection stage can be found in the "Current" module, whereas the U< (undervoltage) protection stage can be found in the "Voltage" module.

Figure. 4.4 - 9. Submenus for Stage activation.



## Example of a protection stage and its use

Once a protection stage has been activated in the *Stage activation* submenu, you can open its own submenu. In the image series below, the user has activated three current stages. The user accesses the list of activated current stages through the "Current" module, and selects the I> stage for further inspection.

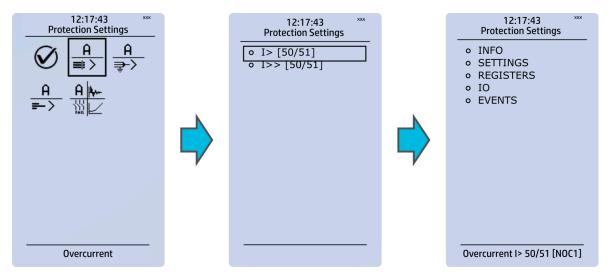


Figure. 4.4 - 10. Accessing the submenu of an individual activated stage.

Each protection stage and supporting function has five sections in their stage submenus: "Info", "Settings", 'Registers", "I/O" and "Events".

| Figure. | 44 | - 11 | Info   |
|---------|----|------|--------|
| riguic. |    |      | millo. |

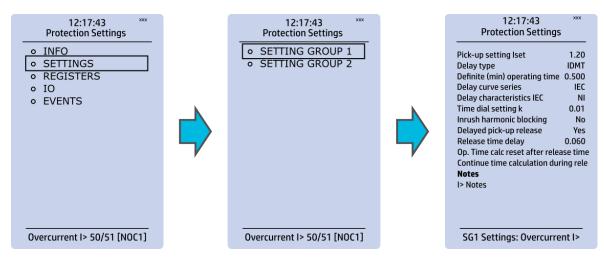
| 12:17:43                    | ХХХ             |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| I> [50/51] mode             | Activated       |  |  |  |
| I> condition                | Normal          |  |  |  |
| I> Phases condition         | Normal          |  |  |  |
| Expected operating time     | 0.500           |  |  |  |
| Time remaining to trip      | 0.500           |  |  |  |
| Imeas/Iset at the momen     | t 0.90          |  |  |  |
| Measured magnitude          | RMS             |  |  |  |
| Characteristics graphs      |                 |  |  |  |
| Oper<br>Oper                | rating time     |  |  |  |
| Ū\ Curre                    | Current pick-up |  |  |  |
| Statistics                  |                 |  |  |  |
| I> starts                   | 1               |  |  |  |
| l> trips                    | 1               |  |  |  |
| I> blocks                   | 2               |  |  |  |
| Clear statistics            | -               |  |  |  |
| Measurements                |                 |  |  |  |
| Select                      | Primary A       |  |  |  |
| Pha.curr.IL1                | 19.54           |  |  |  |
| Pha.curr.IL2                | 19.54           |  |  |  |
| Pha.curr.IL3                | 19.54           |  |  |  |
| Active Settings             |                 |  |  |  |
| Settings now in use         |                 |  |  |  |
| Active setting group        | SG1             |  |  |  |
| Pick-up setting lset        | 1.20            |  |  |  |
| Delay type                  | DT              |  |  |  |
| Definite operating time de  | •               |  |  |  |
| Delayed Pick-up release     | Yes             |  |  |  |
| Release Time delay          | 0.060           |  |  |  |
| Op. Time calc reset after r |                 |  |  |  |
| Continue time calculation   | during rel      |  |  |  |

The "Info" section offers many details concerning the function and its status:

- Function condition: indicates the stage's condition which can be Normal, Start, Trip, or Blocked.
- Expected operating time: Expected time delay from detecting a fault to tripping the breaker. This value can vary during a fault if an inverse curve time delay (IDMT) is used.
- Time remaining to trip: When a fault is detected this value counts down towards zero. When zero is reached, the function will trip.
- Imeas/Iset at the moment: Displays the ratio between the measured value and the pick-up level.
- Measured magnitude: In some functions it is possible to choose the monitored magnitude between Peak-to-peak, TRMS, or RMS (the default is RMS; the available magnitudes depend on the function).
- Characteristics graphs: opens graphs related to the protection function.
- Statistics: indicates the number of function starts, trips and blocks (can be cleared through "Clear statistics" → "Clear").
- Measurements: displays the measurements carried out by the function.
- Active settings: displays the setting group that is currently in use and its settings (other setting groups can be set in the "Settings" section).

While the function is activated and disabled in the *Stage activation* submenu, you can disable the function through the "Info" section ("Function mode" at the top of the section).

Figure. 4.4 - 12. Settings.



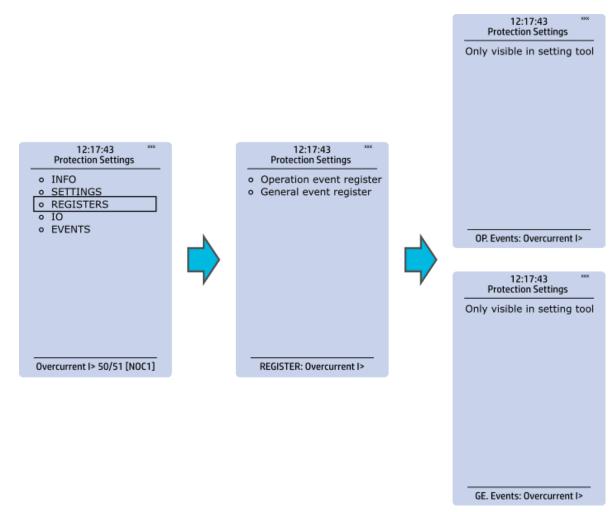
The stage settings vary depending on which protection function they are a part of. By default only one setting group of the eight available setting groups is activated. You can enable more groups in the *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Setting groups* menu, although they are set here in the "Settings" section.

Most protection functions follow the same structure:

- Pick-up setting: Defines the fault magnitude. Most functions pick-up value is in relation to the current transformer or voltage transformer nominal, but some functions use kW, ohm, Hz and other units. Voltage and current transformers nominal values can be set at *Measurement* → *Transformers*.
- Delay type and operating time delay settings are described in detail in chapter *General* properties of a protection function.

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Figure. 4.4 - 13. Registers.



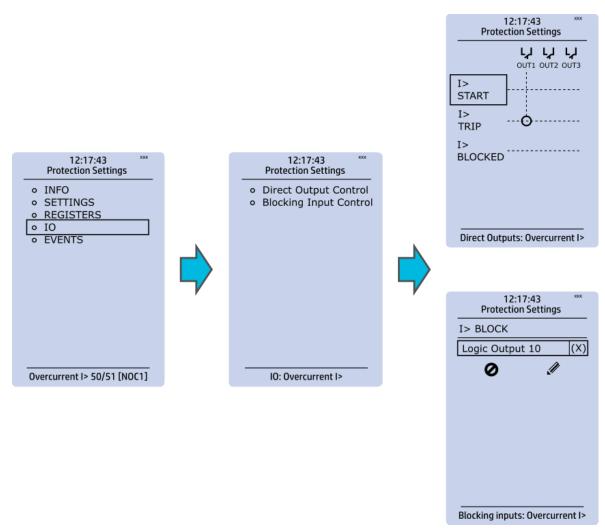
Register menu content is not available in the HMI. It can only be accessed with AQtivate setting tool. Stored in the "Registers" section you can find both "Operation event register" and "General event register".

"Operation event register" stores the function's specific fault data. There are twelve (12) registers, and each of them includes data like the pre-fault value, the fault value, the time stamp and the active group during the trigger. Data included in the register depend on the protection function. You can clear the the operation register by choosing "Clear registers"  $\rightarrow$  "Clear".

"General event register" stores the event generated by the stage. These general event registers cannot be cleared.

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Figure. 4.4 - 14. I/O.



The "I/O" section is divided into two subsections: "Direct output control" and "Blocking input control".

In "Direct output control" you can connect the stage's signals to physical outputs, either to an output relay or an LED (START or TRIP LEDs or one of the 16 user configurable LEDs). If the stage is blocked internally (DI or another signal), you can configure an output to indicate the stage that is blocked. A connection to an output can be either latched ("|x|") or non-latched ("x").

"Blocking input control" allows you to block stages. The blocking can be done by using any of the following:

- digital inputs
- logical inputs or outputs
- the START, TRIP or BLOCKED information of another protection stage
- object status information.

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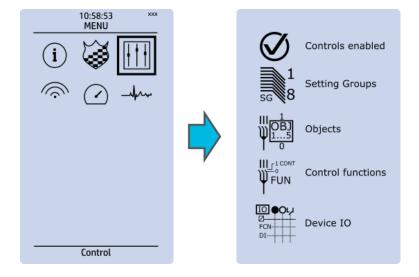
Figure. 4.4 - 15. Events.



You can mask on and mask off the protection stage related events in "Event mask". By default events are masked off. You can activate the desired events by masking them ("x"). Remember to save your maskings by confirming the changes with the check mark icon. If you want to cancel the changes, select the strike-through circle to do so. Only masked events are recorded to event history (which can be accessed in the "Events" view in the user view section).

## 4.5 Control menu

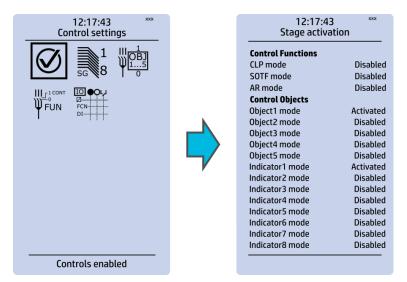
Main menu



The *Control* main menu includes submenus (see the image above) for enabling the various control functions and objects (*Controls enabled*), for enabling and controlling the setting groups (*Setting groups*), for configuring the objects (*Objects*), for setting the various control functions (*Control functions*), and for configuring the inputs and outputs (*Device I/O*). The available control functions depend on the model of the device in use.

## Controls enabled

Figure. 4.5 - 16. Controls enabled submenu.

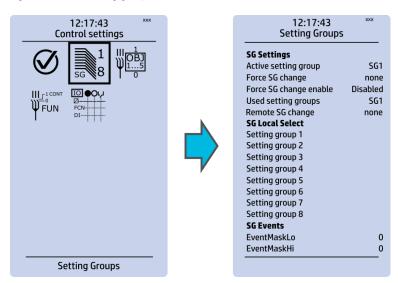


You can activate the selected control functions in the *Controls enabled* submenu. By default all the control functions are disabled. All activated functions can be viewed in the *Control functions* submenu (see the section "Control functions" below for more information).

In this submenu you can also activate and disable controllable objects. As with control functions, all objects are disabled by default. All activated objects can be viewed in the *Objects* submenu (see the section "Objects" below for more information).

#### Setting groups

Figure. 4.5 - 17. Setting groups submenu.



The *Setting groups* submenu displays all the information related to setting group changing, such as the following:

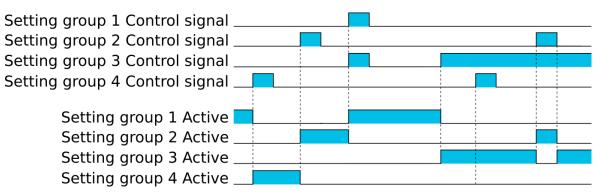
- Active setting group: displays the current active setting group (SG1...SG8).
- Force setting group change: this setting allows the activation of a setting group at will (please note that Force SG change enable must be "Enabled").
- Used setting groups: this setting allows the activation of setting groups SG1...SG8 (only one group is active by default).

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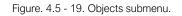
- SG local select: selects the local control for the different setting groups (can use digital inputs, logical inputs or outputs, RTDs, object status information as well as stage starts, trips or blocks).
- **Remote setting group change**: When enabled it is possible to change the setting group manually through SCADA.
- SG events: event masking for setting groups (masks are OFF by default; please note that only masked events are recorded into the event history).

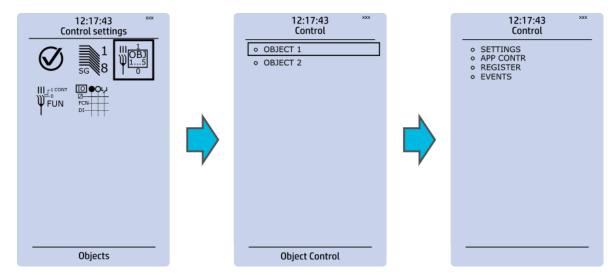
Setting group 1 (SG1) has the highest priority, while Setting group 8 (SG8) has the lowest priority. Setting groups can be controlled with pulses or with both pulses and static signals (see the image below).

Figure. 4.5 - 18. Example of setting group (SG) changing.



Objects





Each activated object is visible in the *Objects* submenu. By default all objects are disabled unless specifically activated in the *Controls*  $\rightarrow$  *Controls* enabled submenu. Each active object has four sections in their submenus: "Settings", "Application control" ("App contr"), "Registers" and "Events". These are described in further detail below.

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#### Figure. 4.5 - 20. Settings section.

| 12:17:43                                     | 12:17:43                                                |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Control                                      | Control                                                 |
| SETTINGS                                     | <b>Object Set and Status</b>                            |
| APP CONTR                                    | Local/Remote status Remo                                |
| <ul> <li>REGISTER</li> <li>EVENTS</li> </ul> | Object Name Object                                      |
| 0 EVENTS                                     | Object Type Circuit break                               |
|                                              | Object Breaker Status Clos                              |
|                                              | Object Withdraw Status Intermedia                       |
|                                              | Additional Status Information                           |
|                                              | Use Synchrocheck Not in u                               |
|                                              | Use Object Ready Not in u                               |
|                                              | Open requests                                           |
|                                              | Close requests                                          |
|                                              | Open requests failed                                    |
|                                              | Close requests failed                                   |
|                                              | Clear statistics                                        |
|                                              | IO<br>Object1 Open laget                                |
|                                              | Object1 Open Input<br>Object1 Close Input               |
|                                              | Withdrawable Object In                                  |
|                                              | Withdrawable Object III                                 |
|                                              | Object1 Ready Input                                     |
|                                              | Synchrocheck permission                                 |
|                                              | Object1 Open Signal                                     |
|                                              | Object1 Close Signal                                    |
|                                              | Operation Settings                                      |
|                                              | Breaker traverse time 0                                 |
|                                              | Max close command pulse length C                        |
|                                              | Max open command pulse length C                         |
|                                              | Control termination timeout                             |
|                                              | Final trip pulse length (0 continuo 0                   |
|                                              | Control settings (Application)                          |
|                                              | Object 1 application close<br>Object 1 application open |
|                                              | Control settings (DI)                                   |
|                                              | Access level for MIMIC control Confi                    |
|                                              | Object1 LOCAL Open control input                        |
|                                              | Object1 LOCAL Close control input                       |
|                                              | Object1 REMOTE Open control input                       |
|                                              | Object1 REMOTE Close control inpu                       |
|                                              |                                                         |
|                                              |                                                         |

#### OBJECT SET AND STATUS

- Local/Remote status: control access may be set to Local or Remote (Local by default; please note that when local control is enabled, the object cannot be controlled through the bus and vice versa).
- Object name: the name of the object (objects are named "ObjectX" by default).
- Object type: selects the type of the object from Grounding disconnector, Motor-controlled disconnector, Circuit breaker and Withdrawable circuit breaker (Circuit breaker by default).
- Object x status: the status can be Bad, Closed, Open and Intermittent. The status "Intermittent" is the phase between "Open" and "Closed" where both status inputs are 0. The status "Bad" occurs when both status inputs of the object/cart are 1.
- Additional status information: gives feedback from the object on whether the opening and closing are allowed or blocked, whether the object is ready, and whether the synchronization status is ok.
- Use synchrocheck and Use Object ready: closing the object is forbidden when the sides are not synchronized or when the object is not ready to be closed.
- Open requests and Close requests: displays the statistics, i.e. the number of Open and Close requests.
- Open requests failed and Close requests failed: displays the statistics of Open and Close request failures. A request is considered to have failed when the object does not change its status as a result of that request.
- Clear statistics: statistics can be cleared by choosing "Clear statistics" and then "Clear".

<u>I/O</u>

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- An object has both **Open input** and **Close input** signals which are used for indicating the status of the breaker on the HMI and in SCADA. Status can be indicated by any of the following: digital inputs, logical inputs or outputs.
- A withdrawable object has both In and Out inputs. The status can be indicated by any of the following: digital inputs, logical inputs or outputs.
- Both Object ready and Synchrocheck permission have status inputs. If either one is used, the input(s) must be active for the device to be able to give the "Object Close" command.
- Object open and Object close signals define which digital output is controlled.

## **OPERATION SETTINGS**

- Breaker traverse time: determines how long a gap there can be between a status change from "Open" to "Closed" before an intermittent status is reported by the function.
- Max close/open command pulse length: defines the maximum length of "Open" and "Close" commands. If the status has changed before the maximum pulse length has elapsed, the pulse is cut short.
- Control termination timeout: If the status of the object does not change during the set time, an "Open/Close request failed" event is recorded.
- After the set delay, if the controlled object does not respond accordingly, the procedure is terminated and a fail message is issued.

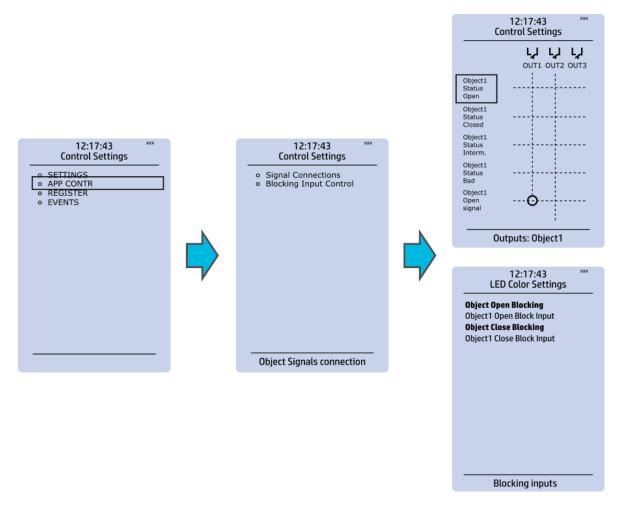
## CONTROL SETTINGS (APPLICATION)

• Object application close and Object application open: a signal set to these points can be used to open and close the object. Controlling the object through this point does not follow the local/remote status of the device.

#### CONTROL SETTINGS (DI)

- Access level for MIMIC control: determines the access level required to control the MIMIC (each level has its own password). By default, the access level is set to "Configurator".
- You can use digital inputs to control the object locally or remotely. Remote controlling via the bus is configured on the protocol level.





You can connect object statuses directly to specific physical outputs in the "Signal connections" subsection (*Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Application control*). A status can be connected to output relays, as well as to user-configurable LEDs. A connection to an output can be either latched ("|x|") or non-latched ("x").

Object blocking is done in the "Blocking input control" subsection. It can be done by any of the following: digital inputs, logical inputs or outputs, object status information as well as stage starts, trips or blocks.

Figure. 4.5 - 22. Registers section.

| 12:17:43<br>Control Settings                   | xxx | 12:17:43 XXX<br>Control Settings |
|------------------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|
| SETTINGS     APP CONTR     REGISTER     EVENTS |     | Only visible in setting tool     |
|                                                |     |                                  |
|                                                |     |                                  |
|                                                | _   | OP. Events: Object1              |

The "Registers" section stores the function's specific fault data. There are twelve (12) registers, and each of them includes data such as opening and closing times, command types and request failures. The data included in the register depend on the protection function. You can clear the the operation register by choosing "Clear registers"  $\rightarrow$  "Clear".

Please note that the content of the Registers section is not available in the HMI. It can only be accessed via the AQtivate setting tool.

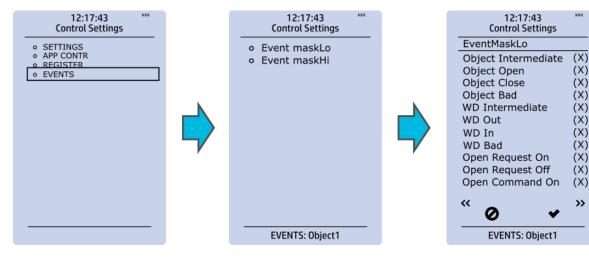


Figure. 4.5 - 23. Events section.

You can mask on and mask off events related to an object's stage in "Event mask". By default all events are masked off. You can activate the desired events by masking them ("x"). Please remember to save your maskings by confirming the changes with the check mark icon. If you want to cancel the changes, select the strike-through circle to do so. Only masked events are recorded to the event history (which can be accessed in the "Events" view in the user view section).

## **Control functions**

Once a control function has been activated in the Controls  $\rightarrow$  Controls enabled submenu, its own submenu can be opened. In the image series below, the user has activated three control functions. The user accesses the list of activated control stages through the "Control functions" module, and selects the control function for further inspection.

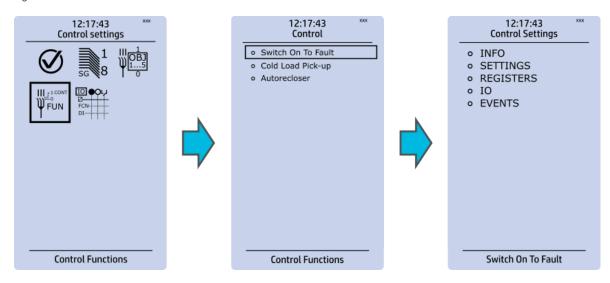


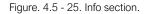
Figure. 4.5 - 24. Control functions submenu.

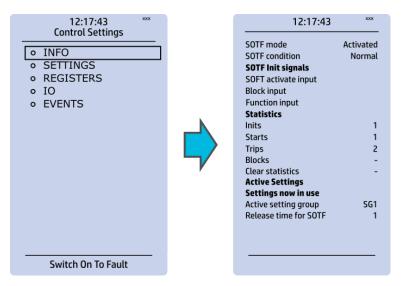
xxx

(X)

**>>** 

Each control function that has been activated is listed in the *Control functions* submenu (see the middle image above). This submenu includes the following sections: "Info", "Settings", "Registers", "I/O" and "Events". The text below describes these in further detail.





The "Info" section offers many details concerning the function and its status:

- Function condition: indicates the stage's condition which can be Normal, Start, Trip, or Blocked.
- Measured magnitude: In some functions it is possible to choose the monitored magnitude between Peak-to-peak, TRMS, or RMS (the default is RMS; the available magnitudes depend on the function).
- Statistics: indicates the number of function starts, trips and blocks (can be cleared through "Clear statistics" → "Clear").
- Measurements: displays the measurements carried out by the function.
- Active settings: displays the setting group that is currently in use and its settings (other setting groups can be set in the "Settings" section).

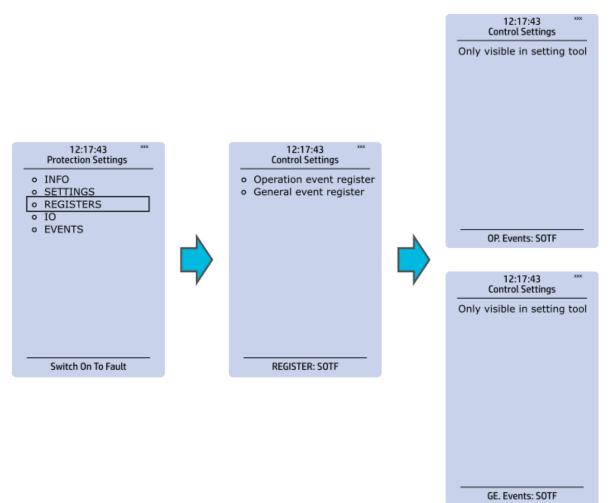
While the function is activated and disabled in the *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Controls enabled* submenu, you can disable the function through the "Info" section (the [function name] mode at the top of the section).

Figure. 4.5 - 26. Settings section.

| 12:17:43     xxx       Control Settings        • INFO        • SETTINGS        • REGISTERS        • IO        • EVENTS |   | 12:17:43 ***<br>Protection Settings<br>• SETTING GROUP 1<br>• SETTING GROUP 2 | 12:17:43<br>Release time for SOTF | <sup>ххх</sup><br>1 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
|                                                                                                                        | • |                                                                               |                                   |                     |
| Switch On To Fault                                                                                                     |   | Switch On To Fault                                                            |                                   |                     |

The stage settings vary depending on which control function they are a part of. By default only one setting group of the eight available setting groups is activated. You can enable more groups in the *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Setting groups* menu, although they are set here in the "Settings" section.

Figure. 4.5 - 27. Registers section.



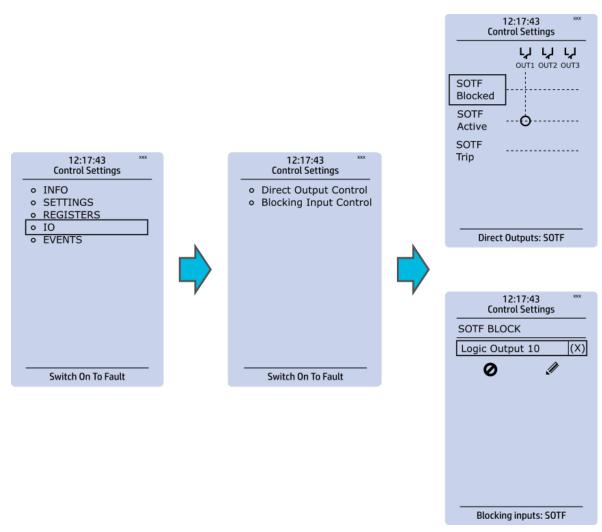
Please note that the content of the "Registers" section is not available in the HMI. It can only be accessed via the AQtivate setting tool. Stored in the "Registers" section you can find both "Operation event register" and "General event register".

"Operation event register" stores the function's specific operation data. There are twelve (12) registers, and each of them includes data like the pre-fault value, the fault value, the time stamp and the active group during the trigger. Data included in the register depend on the control function. You can clear the the operation register by choosing "Clear registers"  $\rightarrow$  "Clear".

"General event register" stores the event generated by the stage. These general event registers cannot be cleared.

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Figure. 4.5 - 28. I/O section.



The "I/O" section is divided into two subsections: "Direct output control" and "Blocking input control".

In "Direct output control" you can connect the stage's signals to physical outputs, either to an output relay or an LED (START or TRIP LEDs or one of the 16 user configurable LEDs). If the stage is blocked internally (by a digital input or another signal), you can configure an output to indicate the stage that is blocked. A connection to an output can be either latched ("|x|") or non-latched ("x").

"Blocking input control" allows you to block stages. The blocking can be done by using any of the following:

- digital inputs.
- logical inputs or outputs.
- the START, TRIP or BLOCKED information of another protection stage.
- object status information.

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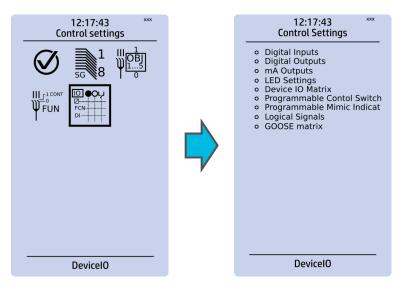
#### Figure. 4.5 - 29. Events section.



You can mask on and mask off events related to an object's stage in "Event mask". By default all events are masked off. You can activate the desired events by masking them ("x"). Please remember to save your maskings by confirming the changes with the check mark icon. If you want to cancel the changes, select the strike-through circle to do so. Only masked events are recorded to the event history (which can be accessed in the "Events" view in the user view section).

#### Device I/O

Figure. 4.5 - 30. Device I/O submenu.

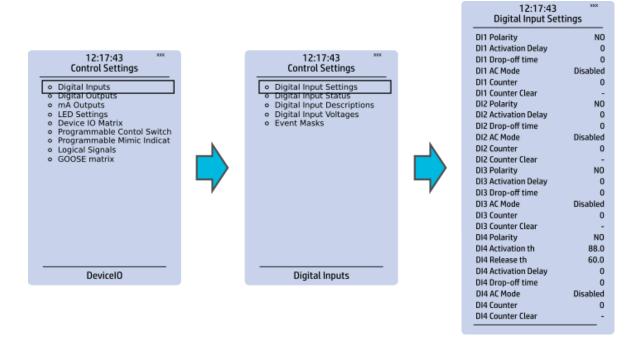


The *Device I/O* submenu is divided into the following nine sections: "Digital inputs", "Digital outputs", "mA Outputs", "LED settings", "Device I/O matrix", "Programmable control switch", "Programmable Mimic Indicator", "Logic signals" and "GOOSE matrix". Please note that digital inputs, logic outputs, protection stage status signals (START, TRIP, BLOCKED, etc.) as well as object status signals can be connected to an output relay or to LEDs in the "Device I/O matrix" section.

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#### Figure. 4.5 - 31. Digital input section.

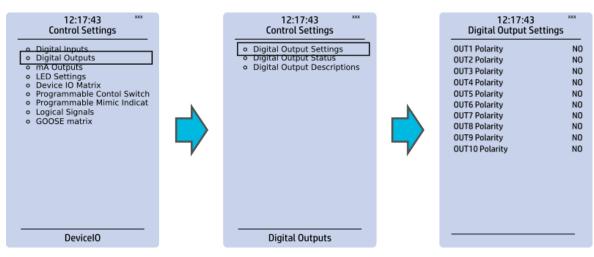


All settings related to digital inputs can be found in the "Digital inputs" section.

The "Digital inputs settings" subsection includes various settings for the inputs: the polarity selection determines whether the input is Normal Open (NO) or Normal Closed (NC) as well as the activation threshold voltage (16...200 V AC/DC, step 0.1 V) and release threshold voltage (10...200 V AC/DC, step 0.1 V) for each available input. There is also a setting to determine the wanted activation and release delay (0...1800 s, step 1 ms). Digital input activation and release threshold follow the measured peak value. The activation time of an input is 5...10 ms. The release time with DC is 5...10 ms, while with AC it is less than 25 ms. The first three digital inputs don't have activation and release threshold voltage settings as these have already been defined when the unit was ordered.

Digital input statuses can be checked from the corresponding subsection ("Digital input status"). The "Digital input descriptions" subsection displays the texts the user has written for each digital input. In the "Event masks" subsection you can determine which events are masked –and therefore recorded into the event history– and which are not.





All settings related to digital outputs can be found in the "Digital outputs" section.

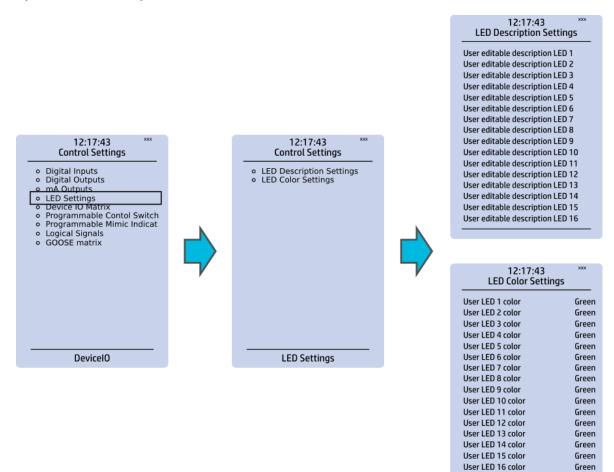
The "Digital outputs settings" subsection lets you select the polarity for each output; they can be either Normal Open (NO) or Normal Closed (NC). The default polarity is Normal Open. The operational delay of an output contact is approximately 5 ms. You can view the digital output statuses in the corresponding subsection ("Digital output status"). The "Digital output descriptions" subsection allows you to configure the description text for each output. All name changes affect the matrices as well as input–output selection lists.

#### NOTE!



An NC signal goes to the default position (NO) if the device loses the auxiliary voltage or if the system is fully reset. However, an NC signal does not open during voltage or during System full reset. An NC output signal does not open during a Communication or Protection reset.

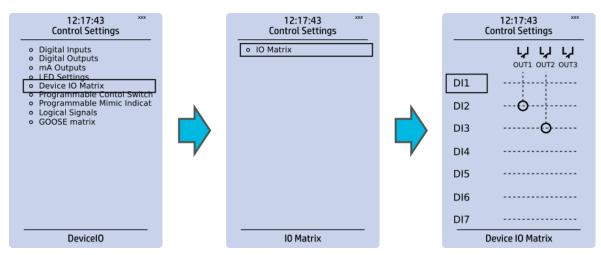
Figure. 4.5 - 33. LED settings section.



The "LED settings" section allows you to modify the individual label text attached to an LED ("LED description settings"); that label is visible in the LED quick displays and the matrices. You can also modify the color of the LED ("LED color settings") between green and yellow; by default all LEDs are green.

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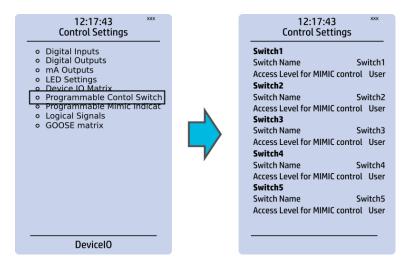




Through the "Device I/O matrix" section you can connect digital inputs, logical outputs, protection stage status signals (START, TRIP, BLOCKED, etc.), object status signals and many other binary signals to output relays, or to LEDs configured by the used. A connection can be latched ("|x|") or non-latched ("x"). Please note that a non-latched output is deactivated immediately when the triggering signal is disabled, while a latched signal stays active until the triggering signal deactivates and the latched function is manually cleared.

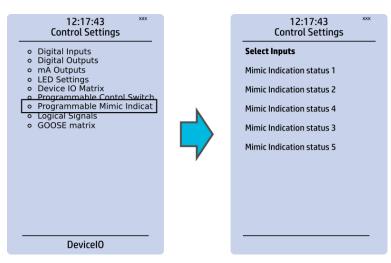
You can clear latched signals by entering the mimic display and the pressing the **Back** button on the panel.

Figure. 4.5 - 35. Programmable control switch section.

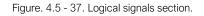


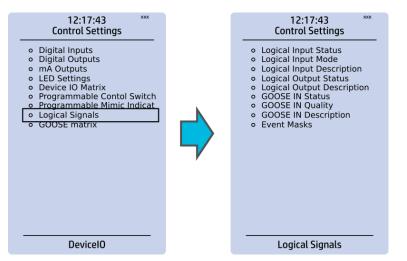
Programmable control switches (PCSs) are switches that can be used to control signals while in the mimic view. These signals can be used in a variety of situations, such as for controlling the logic program, for function blocking, etc. You can name each switch and set the access level to determine who can control the switch.





Programmable mimic indicators can be placed into the mimic to display a text based on the status of a given binary signal (digital input, logical signal, status of function start/tripped/blocked signals etc.). When configuring the mimic with the AQtivate setting tool, it is possible to set a text to be shown when an input signal is ON and a separate text for when the signal is OFF.





All AQ-200 series units have three different types of logical signals:

- 32 logical input signal status bits; the status of a bit is either 0 or 1.
- 32 logical output signal status bits; the status of a bit is either 0 or 1.
- 64 GOOSE input signal status bits; the status of a bit is either 0 or 1.
- 64 quality bits for GOOSE input signals; the status of a bit is either 0 or 1.

Logical input signals can be used when building a logic with the AQtivate setting tool. The status of a logical input signal can be changed either from the mimic or through SCADA. By default logical inputs use "Hold" mode in which the status changes from 0 to 1 and from 1 to 0 only through user input. The mode of each input can be changed to "Pulse" in which a logical input's status changes from 0 to 1 through user input and then immediately back to 0.

Logical output signals can be used as the end result of a logic that has been built in the AQtivate setting tool. The end result can then be connected to a digital output or a LED in the matrix, block functions and much more.

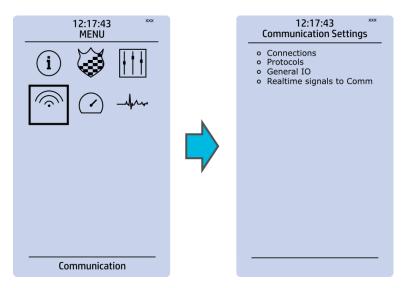
GOOSE inputs are mainly used for controlling purposes and in conjunction with the IEC 61850 communication protocol. There are 64 GOOSE inputs signal status bits, and their status can be either 0 or 1. "GOOSE IN quality" checks the quality of a GOOSE input message. There are 64 GOOSE input quality signals, and their status can be either 0 ("Good" or "Valid") or 1 ("Bad" or "Invalid"). Logical outputs can be used when building a programmable logic. Activating a logic gate does not create an event but when a logical output is connected to a logic gate it is possible to create an event from the gate's activation. All logical inputs and outputs have both ON and OFF events, and they can be masked on when necessary (they are masked off by default).

#### NOTE!

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Please refer to the "System integration" chapter for a more detailed description of the use of logical signals.

## 4.6 Communication menu



The Communication main menu includes four submenus: Connections, Protocols, General IO and Realtime signals to Comm. All devices can be configured through the Ethernet connection in the back panel with the AQtivate setting tool software. Connecting to the AQtivate software requires knowing the IP address of your device (can be found in the Communication  $\rightarrow$  Connections submenu). As a standard, the devices support the following communication protocols: NTP, IEC 61850, Modbus/TCP, Modbus/RTU, IEC 103, IEC 101/104, SPA, DNP3 and Modbus/IO.

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## Connections

Figure. 4.6 - 38. View of the Connections submenu.

| 12:17:43 XXX<br>Communication Settings<br>• Connections<br>• Protocols<br>• General IO<br>• Realtime signals to Comm | 12<br>Communic<br>Ethernet<br>IP address<br>Netmask<br>Gateway<br>MAC-Address<br>Serial COM1<br>Bitrate<br>Databits<br>Parity<br>Stopbits<br>Protocol<br>Serial COM2<br>Serial COM3 | 255.2<br>11 | 10.0.0.1<br>255.255.0<br>0.0.0.254 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                      | Communica                                                                                                                                                                           | ation Inter | faces                              |

The *Connections* submenu offers the following bits of information and settings:

#### **ETHERNET**

This section defines the IP settings for the ethernet port in the back panel of the unit.

- IP address: the IP address of the device which can be set by the user (the default IP address depends on the device).
- Network: the network subnet mask is entered here.
- Gateway: the gateway is configured only when communicating with the devices in a separate subnet.
- MAC-Address: Unique MAC address of the device. Not configurable by user.

#### SERIAL COM

This section defines the basic settings of RS-485 port in the back panel of the unit.

- Bitrate: displays the bitrate of the RS-485 serial communication interface (9600 bps as standard, although can be changed to 19 200 bps or 38 400 bps if an external device supports the faster speed).
- Databits, Parity and Stopbits: these can be set according the connected external devices.
- Protocol: by default the device does not have any serial protocol activated, although IEC 103, Modbus I/O and Modbus/RTU can be used for communication.

## NOTE!

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When communicating with a device through a front Ethernet port connection, the IP address is always 192.168.66.9.

#### SERIAL COM1 & COM2

SERIAL COM1 and SERIAL COM2 are reserved for serial communication option cards. They have the same settings as RS-485 port.

#### Protocols

Figure. 4.6 - 39. View of the Protocols submenu.

| 12:17:43 ***<br>Communication Settings                                | 12:17:43 ***<br>Communication Settings                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Connections     Protocols     General IO     Realtime signals to Comm | <ul> <li>NTP</li> <li>IEC61850/GOOSE</li> <li>ModbusTCP</li> <li>ModbusRTU</li> <li>IEC103</li> <li>IEC101/104</li> <li>SPA</li> <li>DNP3</li> <li>ModbusIO</li> </ul> |
|                                                                       | Protocols                                                                                                                                                              |

The *Protocols* submenu offers access to the various communication protocol configuration menus. Some of the communication protocols use serial communication and some use Ethernet communication. Serial communication protocols can be used either with the RS-485 port that is always equipped in AQ-200 series units or with serial communication option card. Ethernet communication protocols can be used either with the RJ-45 port in the back of the unit or with an ethernet communication option card.

The communication protocols are:

- NTP: this protocol is used for time synchronization over Ethernet, and can be used simultaneously with the ethernet based communication protocols.
- IEC 61850: Ethernet based communication protocol.
- Modbus/TCP: Ethernet communication protocol.
- Modbus/RTU: Serial communication protocol.
- IEC103: Serial communication protocol.
- IEC101/104: The standards IEC 60870-5-101 and IEC 60870-5-104 are closely related. On the physical layer the IEC 101 protocol uses serial communication whereas the IEC 104 protocol uses Ethernet communication.
- SPA: Serial communication protocol.
- DNP3: Supports serial and Ethernet communication.
- ModbusIO: Used for connecting external devices like ADAM RTD measurement units.

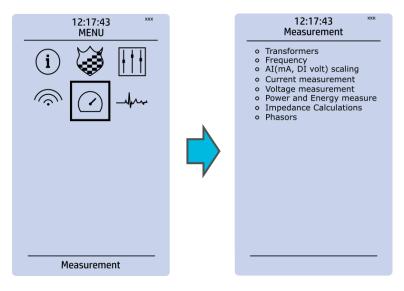
#### NOTE!

Please refer to the "System integration" chapter for a more detailed text on the various communication options.

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## 4.7 Measurement menu

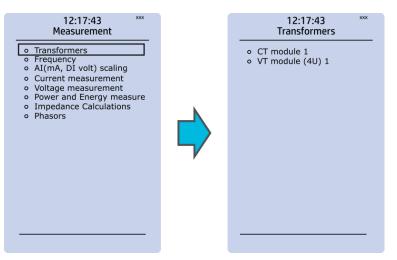
Figure. 4.7 - 40. Measurement section.



The *Measurement* menu includes the following submenus: *Transformers*, *Frequency*, *Current measurement*, *Voltage measurement*, *Power and energy measurement*, *Impedance calculations*, and *Phasors*. The available measurement submenus depends on the type of IED in use. The ratio used by the current and voltage transformers is defined in the *Transformers* submenu, while the system nominal frequency is specified in the *Frequency* submenu. Other submenus are mainly for monitoring purposes.

### Transformers

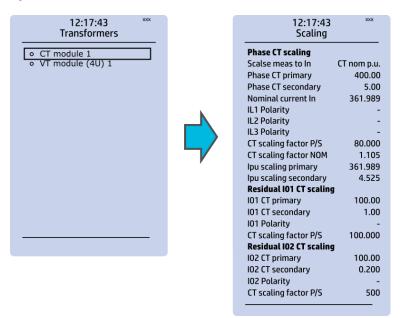




Transformers menu is used for setting up the measurement settings of available current transformer modules or voltage transformer modules. Some unit types have more than one CT or VT module. Some unit types like AQ-S214 do not have current or voltage transformers at all.

## CT module

Figure. 4.7 - 42. CT module section.



The three main sections ("Phase CT scaling", "Residual I01 CT scaling" and "Residual I02 CT scaling") determine the ratio of the used transformers. Additionally, the nominal values are also determined in the *CT module* submenu. Sometimes a mistake in the wiring can cause the polarity to be changed; in such cases, you can invert the polarity of each phase current individually. The *CT module* submenu also displays additional information such as CT scaling factors and per-unit scaling factors.

#### Frequency

Figure. 4.7 - 43. Frequency submenu.

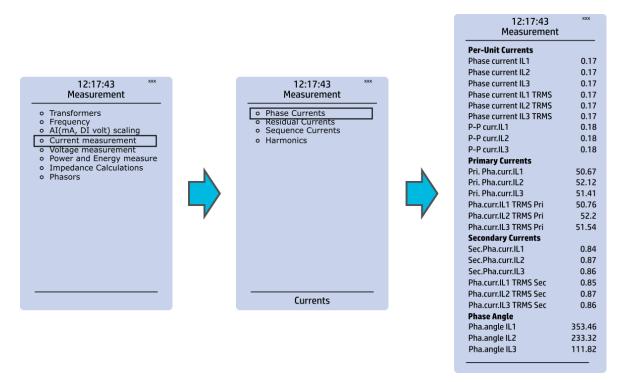
| <ul> <li>Transformers</li> <li>Frequency</li> <li>AI(mA, DI volt) scaling</li> <li>Current measurement</li> <li>Voltage measurement</li> <li>Power and Energy measure</li> <li>Impedance Calculations</li> <li>Phasors</li> </ul> | 12:17:43 ×××<br>Measurement                                                                                                                                                                |   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <ul> <li>Frequency</li> <li>AI(mA, DI volt) scaling</li> <li>Current measurement</li> <li>Voltage measurement</li> <li>Power and Energy measure</li> <li>Impedance Calculations</li> </ul> | 5 |

| 12:17<br>Scali      |                  |
|---------------------|------------------|
| Freq. Settings      |                  |
| Sampling mode       | Fixed            |
| System nominal fr   | equency 50.000   |
| Track.sys.f         | 50.106           |
| Sampl.f.used        | 50.000           |
| f Ref1              | VT1U1            |
| f Ref2              | VT1U2            |
| f Ref3              | CT1IL3           |
| f.tr qual           | Ref 1&2 Track    |
| f.meas in use       | Ref1             |
| Start behavior      | St Track direct  |
| Start smpl with     | Use track f      |
| Use nom freq until  | 0.100            |
| Tr f CHA            | 50.054           |
| Tr f CHB            | 50.054           |
| Tr f CHC            | 0.000            |
| Alg f Fast          | 50.054           |
| Alg f avg           | 50.055           |
| Freq. Measuremen    | nt               |
| Sys.meas.frqs       | One f measured   |
| f atm. Protections  | (when not 50.054 |
| f atm. Display (whe | en not me 50.054 |
| f meas from         | Track Ref 1      |

Frequency measurements use the fixed sampling mode as the default, and "System nominal frequency" should be set to the desired level. When "Sampling mode" is set to "Tracking", the device uses the measured frequency value as the system nominal frequency. There are three frequency reference channels: f Ref1, fRef2 and fRef3. With these parameters it is possible to set up three voltage or current channels to be used for frequency sampling. Parameter "f.meas in use" indicates which of the three channels are used for sampling if any.

#### Current measurement

Figure. 4.7 - 44. Current measurement submenu.



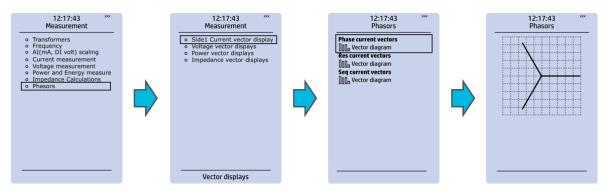
*Current measurement* submenu includes various individual measurements for each phase or phase-to-phase measurement.

The *Current measurement* submenu has been divided into four sections: "Phase currents", "Residual currents", "Sequence currents", and "Harmonics".

- "Phase currents" and "Residual currents" have been further divided into four subsections ("Per-unit currents", "Primary currents", "Secondary currents" and "Phase angle"), and they display the RMS, TRMS and peak-to-peak values, amplitude and power THD values as well as the angle of each measured component.
- "Sequence currents" has also been further divided into the four above-mentioned sections, and it calculates the positive, negative and neutral sequence currents.
- "Harmonics" displays current harmonics up to the 31<sup>st</sup> harmonic for the three phase current (IL1, IL2, IL3) as well as the two residual currents (I01, I02); each component can be displayed as absolute or percentage values, and as primary or secondary amperages or in per-unit values.

#### Phasors

Figure. 4.7 - 45. Phasors submenu.

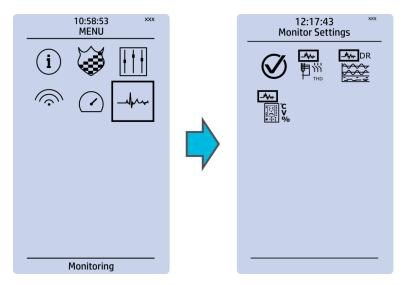


The *Phasors* submenu holds the vector displays for voltages and currents, as well as the various calculated components the IED may have (e.g. power, impedance). Phasors are helpful when solving incorrect wiring issues.

## 4.8 Monitoring menu

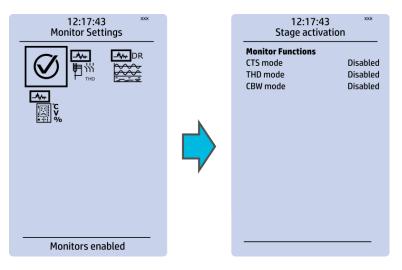
The *Monitoring* main menu includes submenus (see the image below) for enabling the various monitoring functions (*Monitors enabled*), setting the various monitoring functions (*Monitor functions*), controlling the disturbance recorder (*Disturbance REC*) and accessing the device diagnostics (*Device diagnostics*). The available monitoring functions depend on the type of the device in use.





## Monitors enabled

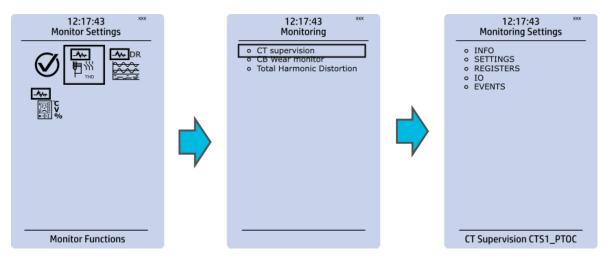
Figure. 4.8 - 47. Monitors enabled submenu.



You can activate the selected monitor functions in the *Monitors enabled* submenu. By default all the control functions are disabled. All activated functions can be viewed in the *Monitor functions* submenu (see the section "Monitor functions" below for more information).

### Monitor functions

Figure. 4.8 - 48. Monitor function view.



Configuring monitor functions is very similar to configuring protection and control stages. They, too, have the five sections that display information ("Info"), set the parameters ("Settings"), show the inputs and outputs ("I/O") and present the events and registers ("Events" and "Registers").

#### Disturbance recorder

Figure. 4.8 - 49. Disturbance recorder settings.

| 12:17:43 ×××     |   | 12:17:43                   | ххх       |
|------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------|
| Monitor Settings |   | Disturbance record         | ler       |
|                  |   | Recorder Control           |           |
|                  |   | Recorder enabled           | Enabled   |
|                  |   | Recorder status Recor      | der ready |
|                  |   | Clear record               | 0         |
| -4/              |   | Manual trigger             | -         |
| 200              |   | Clear all records          | -         |
|                  |   | Clear newest record        | -         |
|                  |   | Clear oldest record        | -         |
|                  |   | Max amount of recordings   | 70        |
|                  |   | Max length of recording    | 406.068   |
|                  | , | Max location of pretrigger | 5         |
|                  |   | Recordings in memory       | 12        |
|                  |   | Recorder Trigger Set       |           |
|                  |   | Recorder Trigger           |           |
|                  |   | Recorder Settings          |           |
|                  |   | Recording length           | 5         |
|                  |   | Recording mode             | FIFO      |
| Disturbance REC  |   | Analog channel samples     | 64        |
|                  |   | Digital channel samples    | 5         |
|                  |   | Pretriggering time         | 2         |
|                  |   | Analog Recording CH1       | IL1       |
|                  |   | Analog Recording CH2       | IL2       |
|                  |   | Analog Recording CH3       | IL3       |
|                  |   | •                          |           |
|                  |   | :                          |           |
|                  |   | Analog Recording CH18      | none      |
|                  |   | Analog Recording CH19      | none      |
|                  |   | Analog Recording CH20      | none      |
|                  |   | Rec.Digital Channels       | one       |
|                  |   | Rec.Digital Chamilets      |           |

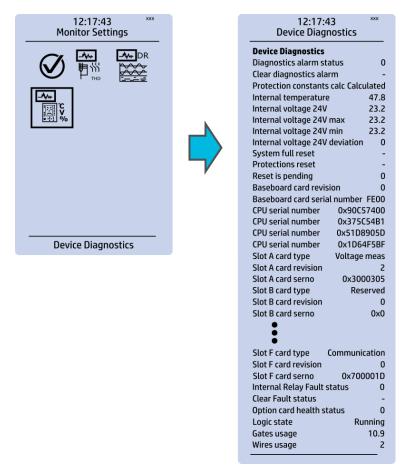
The Disturbance recorder submenu has the following settings:

- "Recorder enabled" enables or disables the recorder.
- "Recorder status" indicates the status of the recorder.
- "Clear record" records the chosen record in the memory.
- "Manual trigger" triggers the recorder when set to "Clear". Goes back to "-" when afterwards.
- "Clear all records", "Clear newest record" and "Clear oldest record" allows the clearing of all, the latest, or the oldest recording.
- "Max. amount of recordings" displays the maximum number of recordings; depends on the number of channels, the sample rate and the legnth of the file.
- "Max. length of recording" displays the maximum length of a single recording; depends on the number of chosen channels and the sample rate.
- "Recordings in memory" displays the number of recordings currently in the disturbance recorder's memory.
- "Recorder trigger" shows which signals or other states has been selected to trigger the
  recording (digital input, logical input or output, signals of a stage, object position, etc.); by
  default nothing triggers the recorder.
- "Recording length" displays the length of a single recording and can be set between 0.1...1800 seconds.
- "Recording mode" can be selected to replace the oldest recording ("FIFO") or to keep the old recordings ("FILO").
- "Analog channel samples" determines the sample rate of analog channels, and it can be selected to be 8/16/32/62 samples per cycle.
- "Digital channel samples" displays the sample rate in a digital channel; this is a fixed 5 ms.
- "Pretriggering time" can be selected between 0.1...15.0 s.
- The IED can record up to 20 (20) analog channels that can be selected from the twenty (20) available channels. Every measured current or voltage signal can be selected to be recorded.

- Enabling "Auto. get recordings" allows the device to automatically upload recordings to the designated FTP folder (which, in turn, allows any FTP client to read the recordings from the IED's memory).
- "Rec. digital channels" is a long list of the possible digital channels that can be recorded (including primary and secondary amplitudes and currents, calculated signals, TRMS values, sequence components, inputs and outputs, etc.).

#### **Device diagnostics**

Figure. 4.8 - 50. Device diagnostics submenu.



The *Device Diagnostics* submenu gives a detailed feedback of the device's current condition. It also shows whether option cards have been installed correctly without problems. If you see something out of the ordinary in the *Device diagnostics* submenu and cannot reset it, please contact the closest representative of the manufacturer or the manufacturer of the device itself.

## 4.9 Configuring user levels and their passwords

As a factory default, no user level is locked with a password in an IED. In order to activate the different user levels, click the Lock button in the device's HMI and set the desired passwords for the different user levels.



## NOTE!

Passwords can only be set locally in an HMI.

A number of stars are displayed in the upper right corner of the HMI; these indicate the current user level. The different user levels and their star indicators are as follows (also, see the image below for the HMI view):

- Super user (\*\*\*)
- Configurator (\*\*)
- Operator (\*)
- User ( )

| USER<br>OPERATOR<br>CONFIGURATOR<br>SUPER USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER<br>USER | OPERATOR<br>CONFIGURATOR<br>SUPER USER<br>↓<br>↓<br>↓ |   | 10:14:07    | xxx |
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| CONFIGURATOR 🔂 🖞<br>SUPER USER 🔁 🖞                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | CONFIGURATOR 🔒 🖞<br>SUPER USER 🔒 🖞                    |   |             | a ! |
| <b>*</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>*</b>                                              | C | ONFIGURATOR |     |
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| SUPER USER<br>121089<br>100000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 121089 <b></b>                                        |   |             |     |
| 121089                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 121089 <b>•</b><br>100000 <b>•</b>                    |   |             |     |
| 121089                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 121089 <b>•</b><br>100000 <b>•</b>                    |   |             |     |
| 121089                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 121089 <b>•</b><br>100000 <b>•</b>                    |   |             |     |

You can set a new password for a user level by selecting the key icon next to the user level's name. After this you can lock the user level by pressing the **Return** key while the lock is selected. If you need to change the password, you can select the key icon again and give a new password. Please note that in order to do this the user level whose password is being changed must be unlocked.

As mentioned above, the access level of the different user levels is indicated by the number of stars. The required access level to change a parameter is indicated with a star (\*) symbol if such is required. As a general rule the access levels are divided as follows:

- User: Can view any menus and settings but cannot change any settings, nor operate breakers or other equipment.
- *Operator:* Can view any menus and settings but cannot change any settings BUT can operate breakers and other equipment.

- *Configurator:* Can change most settings such as basic protection pick-up levels or time delays, breaker control functions, signal descriptions etc. and can operate breakers and other equipment.
- Super user: Can change any setting and can operate breakers and other equipment.

## NOTE!



Any user level with a password automatically locks itself after half an hour (30 minutes) of inactivity.

# **5** Functions

# 5.1 Functions included in AQ-F210

The AQ-F210 feeder protection relay includes the following functions as well as the number of stages in those functions.

| Table. 5.1 - 4 | . Protection | functions | of AQ-F210. |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
|----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|

| Name (number<br>of stages) | IEC                           | ANSI         | Description                                                                                  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NOC (4)                    | ><br> >><br> >>><br> >>>>     | 50/51        | Non-directional overcurrent protection                                                       |
| NEF (4)                    | 10><br>10>><br>10>>><br>10>>> | 50N/51N      | Non-directional earth fault protection                                                       |
| CUB (4)                    | 12><br>12>><br>12>>><br>12>>> | 46/46R/46L   | Negative sequence overcurrent/<br>phase current reversal/<br>current unbalance protection    |
| HOC (4)                    | lh><br>lh>><br>lh>>><br>lh>>> | 50H/51H/68H  | Harmonic overcurrent protection                                                              |
| CBFP (1)                   | CBFP                          | 50BF/52BF    | Circuit breaker failure protection                                                           |
| REF (1)                    | I0d>                          | 87N          | Low-impedance or high-impedance restricted earth fault/<br>cable end differential protection |
| TOLF (1)                   | TF>                           | 49F          | Line thermal overload protection                                                             |
| PGS (1)                    | PGx>/<                        | 99           | Programmable stage                                                                           |
| ARC (1)                    | IArc>/I0Arc>                  | 50Arc/50NArc | Arc fault protection (optional)                                                              |

Table. 5.1 - 5. Control functions of AQ-F210.

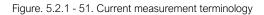
| Name      | IEC               | ANSI | Description                   |
|-----------|-------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| SGS       | -                 | -    | Setting group selection       |
| OBJ       |                   |      | Object control and monitoring |
| OBJ       | -                 | -    | (5 objects available)         |
| CIN       |                   |      | Indicator object monitoring   |
|           | -                 | -    | (5 indicators available)      |
| CLPU      | CLPU              | -    | Cold load pick-up             |
| SOTF      | SOTF              | -    | Switch-on-to-fault            |
| AR        | $0 \rightarrow 1$ | 79   | Auto-recloser                 |
| PCS       | -                 | -    | Programmable control switch   |
| mA output | -                 | -    | Milliampere output control    |

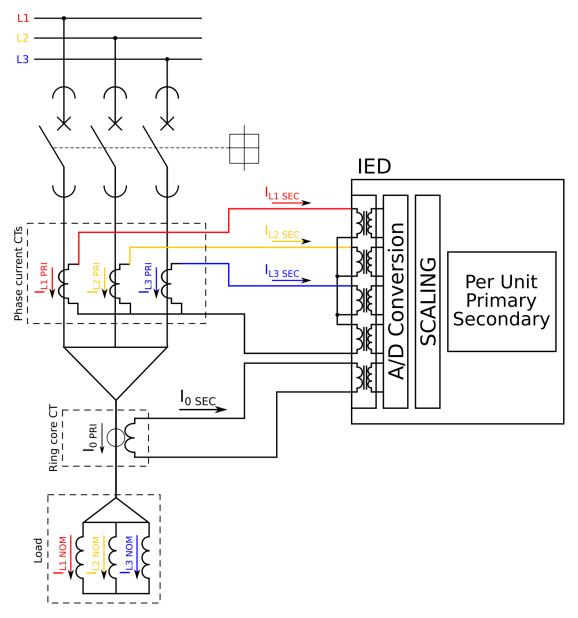
| Name | IEC | ANSI | Description                     |
|------|-----|------|---------------------------------|
| CTS  | -   | -    | Current transformer supervision |
| DR   | -   | -    | Disturbance recorder            |
| CBW  | -   | -    | Circuit breaker wear monitor    |
| THD  | -   | -    | Total harmonic distortion       |
| MR   | -   | -    | Measurement recorder            |
| VREC | -   | -    | Measurement value recorder      |

# 5.2 Measurements

## 5.2.1 Current measurement and scaling

The current measurement module (CT module, or CTM) is used for measuring the currents from current transformers. The measured values are processed into the measurement database and they are used by measurement and protection functions. It is essential to understand the concept of current measurements to be able to get correct measurements.





**PRI:** The primary current, i.e. the current which flows in the primary circuit and through the primary side of the current transformer.

SEC: The secondary current, i.e. the current which the current transformer transforms according to its ratios. This current is measured by the device.

NOM: The nominal primary current of the protected object.

For the measurements to be correct the user needs to ensure that the measurement signals are connected to the correct inputs, that the current direction is connected to the correct polarity, and that the scaling is set according to the nominal values of the current transformer.

The device calculates the scaling factors based on the set values of the CT primary, the CT secondary and the nominal current settings. The device measures the secondary current, the current output from the current transformer installed into application's primary circuit. The rated primary and secondary currents of the CT need to be set for the device to "know" the primary and per-unit values. With motors and other specific electrical apparatus protections, the motor's nominal current should be set for the values to be in per unit with regards to the apparatus nominal instead of the CT nominal. This is not always mandatory as some devices still require manual calculations for the correct settings; however, setting the motors nominal current makes motor protection much easier and more straightforward. In modern protection devices this scaling calculation is done internally after the current transformer's primary current, secondary current and motor nominal current are set.

Normally, the primary current ratings for phase current transformers are 10 A, 12.5 A, 15 A, 20 A, 25 A, 30 A, 40 A, 50 A, 60 A and 75 A as well as their decimal multiples, while the secondary current ratings are 1 A and 5 A. Other, non-standard ratings can be directly connected as the scaling settings are flexible and have large ranges. For example, the ring core current transformer ratings may vary. Ring core current transformers are commonly used for sensitive earth fault protection and their rated secondary current may be as low as 0.2 A in some cases.

The following chapter is an example on how to set the scaling of the current measurements for the selected current transformer and system load.

## Example of CT scaling

The following figure presents how CTs are connected to the device's measurement inputs. It also shows example CT ratings and nominal current of the load.

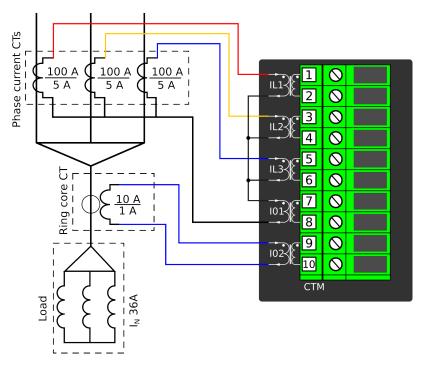


Figure. 5.2.1 - 52. Connections.

The following table presents the initial data of the connection.

Table. 5.2.1 - 7. Initial data.

| Phase current CT    | Ring core CT in Input I02 | Load (nominal) |
|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| - CT primary: 100 A | - IOCT primary: 10 A      | 36 A           |
| - CT secondary: 5 A | - I0CT secondary: 1 A     | 30 A           |

```
AQ-F210
```

```
the phase currents are connected to the I01 residual via a Holmgren connection
the starpoint of the phase current CT's secondary current is towards the line
```

#### Phase CT scaling

Next, to scale the current to per-unit values, we have to select whether the basis of the phase CT scaling is the protected object's nominal current or the CT primary value.

If the CT values are chosen to be the basis for the per-unit scaling, the option "CT nom. p.u." is selected for the "Scale meas to In" setting (see the image below).

| -                    |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
|                      | CT nom p.u.             |
|                      | 100 A                   |
|                      | 1.00025000.000 [0.001]  |
|                      |                         |
|                      | 0.20010.000 [0.001]     |
|                      | -                       |
|                      | -                       |
|                      | -                       |
| T scaling factor P/S |                         |
|                      | 0.001100000.000 [0.001] |
| ou scaling primary   | 100                     |
|                      | 0.001100000.000 [0.001] |
| ou scaling secondary |                         |
|                      | 0.001100000.000 [0.001] |

Figure. 5.2.1 - 53. Setting the phase current transformer scalings to CT nominal.

Once the setting have been sent to the device, device calculates the scaling factors and displays them for the user. The "CT scaling factor P/S" describes the ratio between the primary current and the secondary current. The per-unit scaling factors ("Ipu scaling") for both primary and secondary values are also displayed (in this case they are the set primary and secondary currents of the CT).

If the protected object's nominal current is chosen to be the basis for the per-unit scaling, the option "Object in p.u." is selected for the "Scale meas to In" setting (see the image below).

| -                     |                                  |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
|                       | Object In p.u. 💌                 |
| Phase CT primary      |                                  |
|                       | 1.00025000.000 [0.001]           |
| Phase CT secondary    | 5 A<br>0.20010.000 [0.001]       |
| Nominal current In    | 36 A                             |
|                       | 1.00025000.000 [0.001]           |
|                       | -                                |
|                       | -                                |
| IL3 Polarity          | -                                |
|                       |                                  |
|                       | 0.001100000.000 [0.001]          |
|                       | 2.778<br>0.001100000.000 [0.001] |
|                       |                                  |
|                       | 36<br>0.001100000.000 [0.001]    |
| lpu scaling secondary | 1.8                              |
|                       | 0.001100000.000 [0.001]          |

Figure. 5.2.1 - 54. Setting the phase current transformer scalings to the protected object's nominal current.

Once the measurement scaling is tied to the protected object's nominal current, the user must set the appropriate input for the "Nominal current In" setting. One can now see the differences between the two scaling options (CT nominal vs. object nominal). The "CT scaling factor P/S" is the direct ratio between the set CT current values, and the "CT scaling factor NOM" is now the ratio between the set CT primary and the nominal current. The "Ipu scaling primary" is now equal to the set nominal current, and the "Ipu scaling secondary" is the ratio between the nominal current and the "CT scaling factor P/S".

#### Residual 10 CT scaling

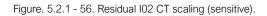
Next, we set the residual IO CT scalings according to how the phase current CTs and the ring core CT are connected to the module (see the Connections image at the beginning of this chapter).

The phase current CTs are connected to the module via a Holmgren (summing) connection, which requires the use of coarse residual current measurement settings: the "I01 CT" settings are set according to the phase current CTs' ratings (100/5 A).

Figure. 5.2.1 - 55. Residual I01 CT scaling (coarse).

| 101 CT primary         100 A           101 CT secondary         5 A           0.1000 10 00000 [0.00001]         5           101 Polarity         -           CT scaling factor PIS         20           0.001_100000 000 [0.0001]         20 | Residual I01 CT scaling |   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| 0 10000 10 00000 [0 0000]<br>101 Polarity<br>CT scaling factor PIS 20                                                                                                                                                                        |                         |   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                         |   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                         | - |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                         |   |

The ring core CT is connected to the CTM directly, which requires the use of sensitive residual current measurement settings: the "I02 CT" settings are set according to the ring core CT's ratings (10/1 A).



| - |                                      |
|---|--------------------------------------|
|   | 10 A<br>0.2000025000.00000 [0.00001] |
|   | A<br>0.0010010.00000 [0.00001]       |
|   | -                                    |
|   | 100<br>0.001.100000.000 [0.001]      |

#### Displaying the scaling

Depending on whether the scaling was done based on the CT primary values or the protected object's nominal current, the measurements are displayed slightly differently. The first of the two images shows how the measurements are displayed when the CT primary values are the basis for the scaling; the second shows them when the protected object's nominal current is the basis for the scaling.



|                                     | Analog      | Outputs                    | ;                         |                  |                   |            |                            |                                    |           |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Set Mode                            | Dire        | ect                        | $\sim$                    |                  |                   |            |                            |                                    |           |
| V L1-E                              | 0,000 V     | 0,00 *                     | 50,000 Hz                 |                  |                   |            |                            |                                    |           |
| V L2-E                              | 0,000 V -12 | 20,00 °                    | 50,000 Hz                 |                  |                   |            |                            |                                    |           |
| V L3-E                              | 0,000 V 12  | 20,00 °                    | 50,000 Hz                 |                  |                   |            |                            |                                    |           |
| 1.11                                | 5,000 A     | 0,00 °                     | 50,000 Hz                 |                  |                   |            |                            |                                    |           |
| I L2                                | 5,000 A -12 | 20,00 °                    | 50,000 Hz                 |                  |                   |            |                            |                                    |           |
| I L3                                | 5,000 A 12  | 20,00 °                    | 50,000 Hz                 |                  |                   |            |                            |                                    |           |
| Primary C                           |             | 20,00                      |                           | Secondary        | Currents          |            | Per-Unit C                 | Currents                           |           |
|                                     |             |                            |                           | Secondary        | Currents          |            | Per-Unit (                 | Currents                           |           |
|                                     | urrents     |                            | 99.98 4                   |                  |                   | 5 A        | Per-Unit (<br>Pha.curr.IL1 |                                    | 1 xtn     |
| Primary Cu                          |             |                            | 99.98 4                   |                  |                   | 5 A        |                            | Currents<br>0.000.1250.000 [0.001] | 1 xin     |
| Primary Cu                          | urrents     | 000.00 [0.a                | 99.98 A<br>21]<br>99.93 A | Sec.Pha.curr.IL1 | 0.00.300.00[0.01] | 5 A        |                            | 0.000. 1250.000 [0.001]            | 0.999 xin |
| Primary Cu<br>-<br>Pri.Pha.curr.IL1 | urrents     | 000.00 [0.a                | 99.98 A<br>21]<br>99.93 A | Sec.Pha.curr.IL1 |                   | 5 A        | Pha.curr.IL1               |                                    | 0.999 xin |
| Primary Cu<br>-<br>Pri.Pha.curr.IL1 | o 00. 10000 | 000.00 [0.0<br>000.00 [0.0 | 99.98 A<br>21]<br>99.93 A | Sec.Pha.curr.IL1 | 0.00.300.00[0.01] | 5 A<br>5 A | Pha.curr.IL1               | 0.000.1250.000 (0.001)             | 0.999 xin |

Figure. 5.2.1 - 58. Scalings display (based on the protected object's nominal current).

|          | Analog Outputs |           |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Set Mode | Direct         |           |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | 0,000 V        | 0,00 °    | 50,000 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| V L2-E   | 0,000 V        | -120,00 ° | 50,000 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| V L3-E   | 0,000 V        | 120,00 °  | 50,000 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | 1,800 A        | 0,00 °    | 50,000 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I L2     | 1,800 A        | -120,00 ° | 50,000 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I L3     | 1,800 A        | 120,00 °  | 50,000 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |

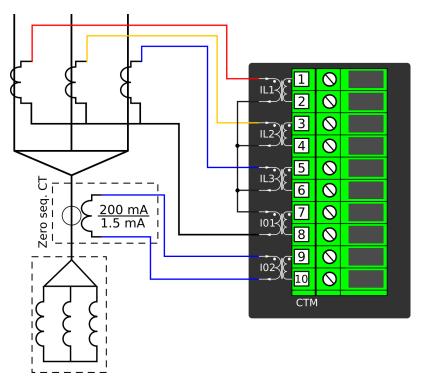
| Primary Cur      | rrents                |         | Secondary C      | urrents           |       | Per-Unit C   | Currents              |           |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|-------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Pri.Pha.curr.IL1 | 0.00.100000.00 [0.01] | 35.98 A | Sec.Pha.curr.IL1 | 0.00300.00 [0.01] | 1.8 A |              | 0.0001250.000 (0.001) | 0.999 xin |
| Pri.Pha.curr.IL2 | 0.00100000.00 [0.01]  | 35.96 A |                  | 0.00300.00 [0.01] | 1.8 A | Pha.curr.IL2 | 0.0001250.000 [0.001] | 0.999 xin |
| Pri.Pha.curr.IL3 | 0.00.100000.00[0.01]  | 35.98 A | Sec.Pha.curr.IL3 | 0.00300.00 [0.01] | 1.8 A | Pha.curr.IL3 | 0.0001250.000 [0.001] | 1 xin     |

As the images above show, the scaling selection does not affect how primary and secondary currents are displayed (as actual values). The only effect is that the per-unit system in the device is scaled either to the CT nominal or to the object nominal, making the settings input straightforward.

## Example of zero sequence CT scaling

Zero sequence CT scaling (ZCT scaling) is done when a zero sequence CT instead of a ring core CT is part of the measurement connection. In such a case the zero sequence CT should be connected to the I02 channel which has lower CT scaling ranges (see the image below).





## Troubleshooting

When the measured current values differ from the expected current values, the following table offers possible solutions for the problems.

#### NOTE!



If you work with energized CTs, extreme caution needs to be taken when checking the connections! An opened CT secondary circuit may generate dangerously high voltages. A "buzzing" sound from the connector can indicate an open circuit.

| Problem                                                                                    | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The measured current<br>amplitude in all phases<br>does not match the<br>injected current. | The scaling settings may be wrong, check that the settings match with the connected current transformer ( <i>Measurement</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Transformers</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Phase CT scaling</i> ). Also check that the "Scale meas. to In" is set accordingly. If possible, check the actual CTs and their ratings as there may have been a need to change the original plan. |
| The measured current<br>amplitude does not<br>match one of the<br>measured phases./        | Check the wiring connections between the injection device or the CTs and the device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| The calculated I0 is<br>measured even though<br>it should not.                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

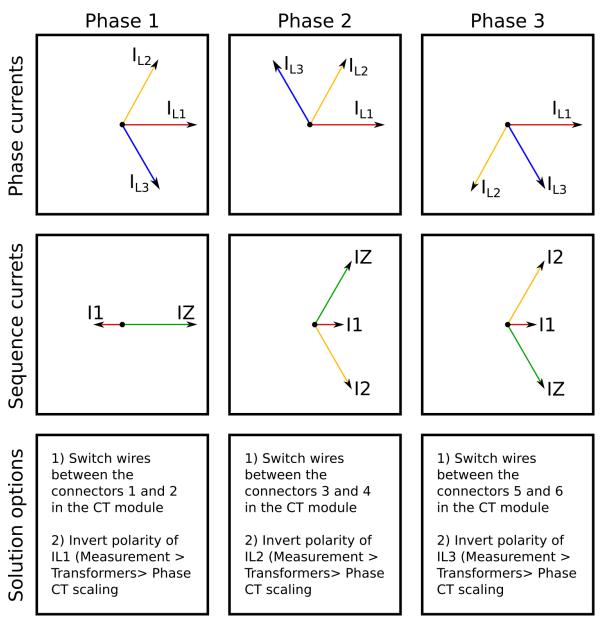
#### AQ-F210

Version: 2.08

| Problem                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The measured current<br>amplitudes are OK but<br>the angles are strange./<br>The phase unbalance<br>protection trips<br>immediately after<br>activation./<br>The earth fault<br>protection trips<br>immediately after<br>activation. | The phase currents are connected to the measurement module but the order or polarity of one or all phases is incorrect. In device settings, go to <i>Measurement</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Phasors</i> and check the "Phase current vectors" diagram. When all connections are correct, the diagram (symmetric feeding) should look like this:<br>$I_{L2}$ See the following tables for the most common problems with phase polarity and network rotation (mixed phases). |

The following image presents the most common problems with phase polarity. Problems with phase polarity are easy to find because the vector diagram points towards the opposite polarity when a phase has been incorrectly connected.



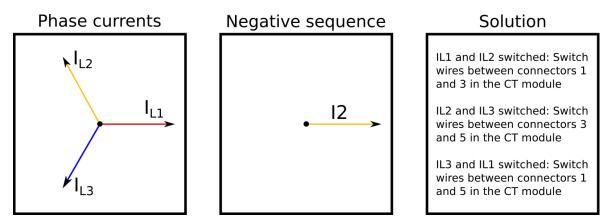


The following image presents the most common problems with network rotation (mix phases). These problems can be difficult to find because the measurement result is always the same in the device. If two phases are mixed together, the network rotation always follows the pattern IL1-IL3-IL2 and the measured negative sequence current is therefore always 1.00 (in. p.u.).

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Figure. 5.2.1 - 61. Common network rotation (mixed phases) problems.



## Settings

Table. 5.2.1 - 8. Settings of the Phase CT scaling.

| Name                          | Unit | Range                                     | Step  | Default              | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Scale<br>measurement to<br>In | -    | 0: CT<br>nom p.u.<br>1: Object<br>In p.u. | -     | 0: CT<br>nom<br>p.u. | The selection of the reference used in the device's per-unit system scaling. Either the set phase current CT primary or the protected object's nominal current.                                                                                                   |
| Phase CT<br>primary           | А    | 125000                                    | 0.001 | 100                  | The rated primary current of the current transformer.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Phase CT<br>secondary         | А    | 0.210                                     | 0.001 | 5                    | The rated secondary current of the current transformer.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Nominal current               | A    | 125000                                    | 0.001 | 100                  | The nominal current of the protected object. This setting is only visible if the option "Object In p.u." has been selected in the "Scale measurement to In" setting.                                                                                              |
| IL1 Polarity                  | -    | 0: -<br>1: Invert                         | -     | 0: -                 | The selection of the first current measurement channel's (IL1) polarity (direction). The default setting is for the positive current to flow from connector 1 to connector 2, with the secondary currents' starpoint pointing towards the line.                   |
| IL2 Polarity                  | -    | 0: -<br>1: Invert                         | -     | 0: -                 | The selection of the second current measurement channel's (IL2) polarity (direction). The default setting is for the positive current to flow from connector 3 to connector 4, with the secondary currents' starpoint pointing towards the line.                  |
| IL3 Polarity                  | -    | 0: -<br>1: Invert                         | -     | 0: -                 | The selection of the third current measurement channel's (IL3) polarity (direction). The default setting is for the positive current to flow from connector 5 to connector 6, with the secondary currents' starpoint pointing towards the line.                   |
| CT scaling<br>factor P/S      | -    | -                                         | -     | -                    | A feedback value; the calculated scaling factor that is the ratio<br>between the primary current and the secondary current.                                                                                                                                       |
| CT scaling<br>factor NOM      | -    | -                                         | -     | -                    | A feedback value; the calculated scaling factor that is the ratio<br>between the set primary current and the set nominal current. This<br>parameter is only visible if the option "Object In p.u." has been<br>selected in the "Scale measurement to In" setting. |
| lpu scaling<br>primary        | -    | -                                         | -     | -                    | A feedback value; the scaling factor for the primary current's per-<br>unit value.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| lpu scaling<br>secondary      | -    | -                                         | -     | -                    | A feedback value; the scaling factor for the secondary current's per-<br>unit value.                                                                                                                                                                              |

Default Name Range Step Description 101 CT 100 A 0.2...25000 0.00001 The rated primary current of the current transformer. primary 101 CT 1 A 0.1...10.000 0.00001 The rated secondary current of the current transformer. secondary The selection of the coarse residual measurement channel's (I01) 101 0: -0: polarity (direction). The default setting is for the positive current to Polarity 1: Invert flow from connector 7 to connector 8. СТ A feedback value; the calculated scaling factor that is the ratio scaling factor P/S between the primary current and the secondary current.

| Table. 5.2.1 - 9. Se | ettings of the Residual I01 | CT scaling. |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|

Table. 5.2.1 - 10. Settings of the Residual I02 CT scaling.

| Name                        | Unit | Range             | Step    | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------------|---------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I02 CT<br>primary           | A    | 0.225000          | 0.00001 | 100     | The rated primary current of the current transformer.                                                                                                                               |
| I02 CT<br>secondary         | А    | 0.00110           | 0.00001 | 0.2     | The rated secondary current of the current transformer.                                                                                                                             |
| 102<br>Polarity             | -    | 0: -<br>1: Invert | -       | 0: -    | The selection of the sensitive residual measurement channel's (I02) polarity (direction). The default setting is for the positive current to flow from connector 9 to connector 10. |
| CT<br>scaling<br>factor P/S | -    | -                 | -       | -       | A feedback value; the calculated scaling factor that is the ratio<br>between the primary current and the secondary current.                                                         |

#### **Measurements**

The following measurements are available in the measured current channels.

Table. 5.2.1 - 11. Per-unit phase current measurements.

| Name                                                  | Unit | Range         | Step  | Description                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------|---------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Phase current<br>ILx<br>("Pha.curr.ILx")              | × In | 0.0001250.000 | 0.001 | The RMS current measurement (in p.u.) from each of the phase current channels.                                           |
| Phase current<br>ILx TRMS<br>("Pha.curr.ILx<br>TRMS") | × In | 0.001250.00   | 0.01  | The TRMS current (inc. harmonics up to 31 <sup>st</sup> ) measurement (in p.u.) from each of the phase current channels. |
| Peak-to-peak<br>current ILx<br>("P-P curr.ILx")       | × In | 0.00500.00    | 0.01  | The peak-to-peak current measurement (in p.u.) from each of the phase current channels.                                  |

| Table. 5.2.1 - | - 12. Primary | / phase | current measurements. |
|----------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|
|----------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|

| Name                                                              | Unit | Range          | Step | Description                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Primary phase<br>current ILx<br>("Pri.Pha.curr.ILx")              | A    | 0.001000000.00 | 0.01 | The primary RMS current measurement from each of the phase current channels.                                           |
| Primary phase<br>current ILx TRMS<br>("Pha.curr.ILx<br>TRMS Pri") | A    | 0.001000000.00 | 0.01 | The primary TRMS current (inc. harmonics up to 31 <sup>st</sup> ) measurement from each of the phase current channels. |

Table. 5.2.1 - 13. Secondary phase current measurements.

| Name                                                                | Unit | Range      | Step | Description                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secondary phase<br>current ILx<br>("Sec.Pha.curr.ILx")              | A    | 0.00300.00 | 0.01 | The primary RMS current measurement from each of the phase current channels.                                           |
| Secondary phase<br>current ILx TRMS<br>("Pha.curr.ILx TRMS<br>Sec") | A    | 0.00300.00 | 0.01 | The primary TRMS current (inc. harmonics up to 31 <sup>st</sup> ) measurement from each of the phase current channels. |

Table. 5.2.1 - 14. Phase angle measurements.

| Name                                 | Unit | Range      | Step | Description                                                              |
|--------------------------------------|------|------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Phase angle ILx<br>("Pha.angle ILx") | deg  | 0.00360.00 | 0.01 | The phase angle measurement from each of the three phase current inputs. |

Table. 5.2.1 - 15. Per-unit residual current measurements.

| Name                                               | Unit | Range       | Step | Description                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------|------|-------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Residual current I0x<br>("Res.curr.I0x")           | × In | 0.001250.00 | 0.01 | The RMS current measurement (in p.u.) from the residual current channel I01 or I02.                                           |
| Calculated I0                                      | × In | 0.001250.00 | 0.01 | The RMS current measurement (in p.u.) from the calculated I0 current channel.                                                 |
| Phase current<br>I0x TRMS<br>("Res.curr.I0x TRMS") | × In | 0.001250.00 | 0.01 | The TRMS current (inc. harmonics up to 31 <sup>st</sup> ) measurement (in p.u.) from the residual current channel I01 or I02. |
| Peak-to-peak current<br>I0x<br>("P-P curr.I0x")    | × In | 0.00500.00  | 0.01 | The peak-to-peak current measurement (in p.u.) from the residual current channel I01 or I02.                                  |

Table. 5.2.1 - 16. Primary residual current measurements.

| Name                                                                 | Unit | Range          | Step | Description                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Primary residual<br>current I0x<br>("Pri.Res.curr.I0x")              | A    | 0.001000000.00 | 0.01 | The primary RMS current measurement from the residual current channel I01 or I02.                                           |
| Primary calculated<br>I0<br>("Pri.calc.I0")                          | A    | 0.001000000.00 | 0.01 | The primary RMS current measurement from the calculated current channel I0.                                                 |
| Primary residual<br>current I0x TRMS<br>("Res.curr.I0x TRMS<br>Pri") | A    | 0.001000000.00 | 0.01 | The TRMS current (inc. harmonics up to 31 <sup>st</sup> ) measurement from the primary residual current channel I01 or I02. |

Table. 5.2.1 - 17. Secondary residual current measurements.

| Name                                                      | Unit | Range      | Step | Description                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------|------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secondary residual<br>current I0x<br>("Sec.Res.curr.I0x") | A    | 0.00300.00 | 0.01 | The secondary RMS current measurement from the residual current channel I01 or I02. |
| Secondary<br>calculated I0<br>("Sec.calc.I0")             | A    | 0.00300.00 | 0.01 | The secondary RMS current measurement from the calculated current channel I0.       |

| Name                                                                  | Unit | Range      | Step | Description                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secondary residual<br>current I0x TRMS<br>(Res.curr.I0x TRMS<br>Sec") | A    | 0.00300.00 | 0.01 | The secondary TRMS current (inc. harmonics up to 31 <sup>st</sup> ) measurement from the secondary residual current channel I01 or I02. |

Table. 5.2.1 - 18. Residual phase angle measurements.

| Name                                                    | Unit | Range      | Step | Description                                                               |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------|------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Residual current angle<br>I0x<br>("Res.curr.angle I0x") | deg  | 0.00360.00 | 0.01 | The residual current angle measurement from the I01 or I02 current input. |
| calc.10 Pha.angle                                       | deg  | 0.00360.00 | 0.01 | The calculated residual current angle measurement.                        |

Table. 5.2.1 - 19. Per-unit sequence current measurements.

| Name                      | Unit | Range       | Step | Description                                                              |  |
|---------------------------|------|-------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Positive sequence current | ×In  | 0.001250.00 | 0.01 | The measurement (in p.u.) from the calculated positive sequence current. |  |
| Negative sequence current | × In | 0.001250.00 | 0.01 | The measurement (in p.u.) from the calculated negative sequence current. |  |
| Zero sequence current     | × In | 0.001250.00 | 0.01 | The measurement (in p.u.) from the calculated zero sequence current.     |  |

Table. 5.2.1 - 20. Primary sequence current measurements.

| Name                                                                       | Unit | Range          | Step | Description                                                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Primary positive sequence<br>current<br>("Pri.Positivesequence<br>curr.")  | A    | 0.001000000.00 | 0.01 | The primary measurement from the calculated positive sequence current. |
| Primary negative sequence<br>current<br>("Pri.Negative sequence<br>curr.") | A    | 0.001000000.00 | 0.01 | The primary measurement from the calculated negative sequence current. |
| Primary zero sequence<br>current<br>("Pri.Zero sequence curr.")            | A    | 0.001000000.00 | 0.01 | The primary measurement from the calculated zero sequence current.     |

Table. 5.2.1 - 21. Secondary sequence current measurements.

| Name                                                                         | Unit | Range      | Step | Description                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secondary positive sequence<br>current<br>("Sec.Positive sequence<br>curr.") | A    | 0.00300.00 | 0.01 | The secondary measurement from the calculated positive sequence current. |
| Secondary negative sequence<br>current<br>("Sec.Negative sequence<br>curr")  | A    | 0.00300.00 | 0.01 | The secondary measurement from the calculated negative sequence current. |
| Secondary zero sequence<br>current<br>("Sec.Zero sequence curr.")            | A    | 0.00300.00 | 0.01 | The secondary measurement from the calculated zero sequence current.     |

Table. 5.2.1 - 22. Sequence phase angle measurements.

| Name                                                                | Unit | Range      | Step | Description                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------|------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Positive sequence current angle<br>("Positive sequence curr.angle") | deg  | 0.00360.00 | 0.01 | The calculated positive sequence current angle. |
| Negative sequence current angle<br>("Negative sequence curr.angle") | deg  | 0.00360.00 | 0.01 | The calculated negative sequence current angle. |
| Zero sequence current angle<br>("Zero sequence curr.angle")         | deg  | 0.00360.00 | 0.01 | The calculated zero sequence current angle.     |

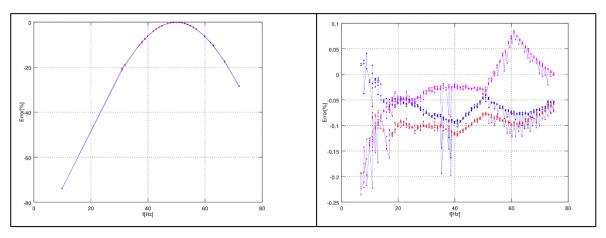
Table. 5.2.1 - 23. Harmonic current measurements.

| Name                                                         |   | Range                                         | Step  | Description                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Harmonics<br>calculation values<br>("Harm Abs.or<br>Perc.")  | - | 0: Percent<br>1: Absolute                     | -     | Defines whether the harmonics are calculated as percentage or absolute values.                                     |
| Harmonics display                                            | - | 0: Per unit<br>1: Primary A<br>2: Secondary A | -     | Defines how the harmonics are displayed: in p.u values, as primary current values, or as secondary current values. |
| Maximum harmonics<br>value<br>("Ixx maximum<br>harmonic")    | A | 0.00100000.00                                 | 0.01  | Displays the maximum harmonics value of the selected current input<br>ILx or I0x.                                  |
| Fundamental<br>frequency<br>("Ixx fundamental")              | A | 0.00100000.00                                 | 0.01  | Displays the current value of the fundamental frequency (RMS) from the selected current input ILx or I0x.          |
| Ixx harmonics<br>(2 <sup>nd</sup> 31 <sup>st</sup> harmonic) | А | 0.00100000.00                                 | 0.01  | Displays the selected harmonic from the current input ILx or I0x.                                                  |
| Ixx Amplitude THD                                            | % | 0.000100.000                                  | 0.001 | Amplitude ratio THD voltage. Recognized by IEC.                                                                    |
| Ixx Power THD                                                | % | 0.000100.000                                  | 0.001 | Power ratio THD voltage. Recognized by the IEEE.                                                                   |

## 5.2.2 Frequency tracking and scaling

Measurement sampling can be set to the frequency tracking mode or to the fixed userdefined frequency sampling mode. The benefit of frequency tracking is that the measurements are within a pre-defined accuracy range even when the fundamental frequency of the power system changes.

Table. 5.2.2 - 24. Frequency tracking effect (FF changes from 6 Hz to 75 Hz).



|                                        | The measurement error with frequency tracking when the frequency changes. The constant current is 5 A, the frequency sweep is from 6 Hz to 75 Hz. |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| frequency sweep is from 6 Hz to 75 Hz. | frequency sweep is from 6 Hz to 75 Hz.                                                                                                            |
|                                        | when the frequency changes. The constant current is 5 A, the                                                                                      |

As the figures above show, the sampling frequency has a major effect on the device's measurement accuracy. If the sampling is not tracked to the system frequency, for example a 10 Hz difference between the measured and the set system frequency can give a measurement error of over 5 %. The figures also show that when the frequency is tracked and the sampling is adjusted according to the detected system frequency, the measurement accuracy has an approximate error of 0.1...- 0.2 % error in the whole frequency range.

AQ -200 series devices have a measurement accuracy that is independent of the system frequency. This has been achieved by adjusting the sample rate of the measurement channels according to the measured system frequency; this way the FFT calculation always has a whole power cycle in the buffer. The measurement accuracy is further improved by Arcteq's patented calibration algorithms that calibrate the analog channels against eight (8) system frequency points for both magnitude and angle. This frequency-dependent correction compensates the frequency dependencies in the used, non-linear measurement hardware and improves the measurement accuracy significantly. Combined, these two methods give an accurate measurement result that is independent of the system frequency.

### Troubleshooting

When the measured current, voltage or frequency values differ from the expected values, the following table offers possible solutions for the problems.

| Problem                                                                                                                            | Check / Resolution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The measured current or<br>voltage amplitude is lower<br>than it should be./<br>The values are<br>"jumping" and are not<br>stable. | The set system frequency may be wrong. Please check that the frequency settings match the local system frequency, or change the measurement mode to "Tracking" ( <i>Measurement</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Frequency</i> $\rightarrow$ "Smpl mode") so the device adjusts the frequency itself. |
| The frequency readings are wrong.                                                                                                  | In Tracking mode the device may interpret the frequency incorrectly if no current is injected into the CT (or voltage into the VT). Please check the frequency measurement settings ( <i>Measurement</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Frequency</i> ).                                                |

## Settings

Table. 5.2.2 - 25. Settings of the frequency tracking.

| Name                            | Range                                                     | Step    | Default   | Description                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sampling<br>mode                | 0: Fixed<br>1: Tracking                                   | -       | 0: Fixed  | Defines which measurement sampling mode is in use: the fixed user-defined frequency, or the tracked system frequency. |
| System<br>nominal<br>frequency  | 7.00075.000Hz                                             | 0.001Hz | 50Hz      | The user-defined system nominal frequency that is used when the "Sampling mode" setting has been set to "Fixed".      |
| Tracked<br>system<br>frequency  | 0.00075.000Hz                                             | 0.001Hz | -         | Displays the rough measured system frequency.                                                                         |
| Sampling<br>frequency in<br>use | 0.00075.000Hz                                             | 0.001Hz | -         | Displays the tracking frequency that is in use at that moment.                                                        |
| Frequency<br>reference 1        | 0: None<br>1: CT1IL1<br>2: CT2IL1<br>3: VT1U1<br>4: VT2U1 | -       | 1: CT1IL1 | The first reference source for frequency tracking.                                                                    |

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| Name                               | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Step    | Default                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Frequency<br>reference 2           | 0: None<br>1: CT1IL2<br>2: CT2IL2<br>3: VT1U2<br>4: VT2U2                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -       | 1: CT1IL2                           | The second reference source for frequency tracking.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Frequency<br>reference 3           | 0: None<br>1: CT1IL3<br>2: CT2IL3<br>3: VT1U3<br>4: VT2U3                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -       | 1: CT1IL3                           | The third reference source for frequency tracking.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Frequency<br>tracking<br>quality   | 0: No trackable<br>channels<br>1: Reference 1<br>trackable<br>2: Reference 2<br>trackable<br>3: References 1 &<br>2 trackable<br>4: Reference 3<br>trackable<br>5: Reference 1 &<br>3 trackable<br>6: References 2 &<br>3 trackable<br>7: All references<br>trackable | -       | -                                   | Defines the frequency tracker quality. If the measured current<br>(or voltage) amplitude is below the threshold, the channel<br>tracking quality is 0 and cannot be used for frequency tracking.<br>If all channels' magnitudes are below the threshold, there are<br>no trackable channels. |
| Frequency<br>measurement<br>in use | 0: No track ch<br>1: Ref1<br>2: Ref2<br>3: Ref3                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | -       | -                                   | Indicates which reference is used at the moment for frequency tracking.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Start behavior                     | 0: Start tracking<br>immediately<br>1: First nominal or<br>tracked                                                                                                                                                                                                    | -       | 0: Start<br>tracking<br>immediately | Defines the how the tracking starts. Tracking can start<br>immediately, or there can be a set delay time between the<br>receiving of the first trackable channel and the start of the<br>tracking.                                                                                           |
| Start sampling with                | 0: Use track<br>frequency<br>1: Use nom<br>frequency                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | -       | 0: Use<br>track<br>frequency        | Defines the start of the sampling. Sampling can begin with<br>a previously tracked frequency, or with a user-set nominal<br>frequency.                                                                                                                                                       |
| Use nominal<br>frequency<br>until  | 01800.000s                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.005s  | 0.100s                              | Defines how long the nominal frequency is used after the tracking has started. This setting is only valid when the "Sampling mode" setting is set to "Tracking" and when the "Start behavior" is set to "First nominal or tracked".                                                          |
| Tracked f<br>channel A             | 0.00075.000Hz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.001Hz | -                                   | Displays the rough value of the tracked frequency in Channel A.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Tracked f<br>channel B             | 0.00075.000Hz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.001Hz | -                                   | Displays the rough value of the tracked frequency in Channel B.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Tracked f<br>channel C             | 0.00075.000Hz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.001Hz | -                                   | Displays the rough value of the tracked frequency in Channel C.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Alg f fast                         | 0.00075.000Hz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.001Hz | -                                   | Frequency measurement built from tracked frequencies and U4 voltage channel samples.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Alg f avg                          | 0.00075.000Hz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.001Hz | -                                   | Averaged frequency measurement built from tracked frequencies and U4 voltage channel samples.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| System<br>measured<br>frequency    | 0: One f<br>measured<br>1: Two f<br>measured<br>2: Three f<br>measured                                                                                                                                                                                                | -       | -                                   | Displays the amount of frequencies that are measured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

| Name                     | Range                                                                                                                                                                         | Step     | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| f.atm.<br>Protections    | 0.00075.000Hz                                                                                                                                                                 | 0.001Hz  | -       | Frequency measurement value used by protection functions.<br>When frequency is not measurable this value returns to value<br>set to "System nominal frequency" parameter. |
| f.atm. Display           | 0.00075.000Hz                                                                                                                                                                 | 0.001Hz  | -       | Frequency measurement value used in display. When frequency is not measurable this value is "0 Hz".                                                                       |
| f<br>measurement<br>from | 0: Not<br>measurable<br>1: Avg Ref 1<br>2: Avg Ref 2<br>3: Avg Ref 3<br>4: Track Ref 1<br>5: Track Ref 1<br>5: Track Ref 3<br>7: Fast Ref 1<br>8: Fast Ref 2<br>9: Fast Ref 3 | -        | -       | Displays which reference is used for frequency measurement.                                                                                                               |
| SS1.meas.frqs            | 0.00075.000Hz                                                                                                                                                                 | 0.001Hz  |         | Displays frequency used by "system set" channel 1 and 2.                                                                                                                  |
| SS2.meas.frqs            | 0.0007 3.000112                                                                                                                                                               | 0.001112 |         | Displays requercy used by system set channel 1 and 2.                                                                                                                     |
| SS1f<br>meas.from        | 0: Not<br>measurable<br>1: Fast Ref U3<br>2: Fast Ref U4                                                                                                                      | -        | -       | Displays which voltage channel frequency reference is used by "system set" voltage channel.                                                                               |
| SS2f<br>meas.from        | 0: Not<br>measurable<br>1: Fast Ref U4                                                                                                                                        | -        | -       | Displays if U4 channel frequency reference is measurable or not when the channel has been set to "system set" mode.                                                       |

# 5.3 General menu

The *General* menu consists of basic settings and indications of the device. Additionally, the all activated functions and their status are displayed in the *Protection*, *Control* and *Monitor* profiles.

| Name                           | Range                                                                   | Default      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Device name                    | -                                                                       | Unitname     | The file name uses these fields when loading the .aqs configuration file                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Device location                | -                                                                       | Unitlocation | from the AQ-200 unit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Time<br>synchronization source | 0: Internal<br>1: External<br>NTP<br>2: External<br>Serial<br>3: IRIG-B | 0: Internal  | If an external clock time synchronization source is available, the type is defined with this parameter. In the internal mode there is no external Timesync source. IRIG-B requires a serial fiber communication option card.                               |
| Enable stage forcing           | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                                               | 0: Disabled  | When this parameter is enabled it is possible for the user to force the protection, control and monitoring functions to different statuses like START and TRIP. This is done in the function's <i>Info</i> page with the <i>Force status to</i> parameter. |
| System phase rotating order    | 0: A-B-C<br>1: A-C-B                                                    | 0: A-B-C     | Allows the user to switch the expected order in which the phase measurements are wired to the unit.                                                                                                                                                        |

Table. 5.3 - 26. Parameters and indications in the General menu.

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| Name                   | Range                                                                                                                                 | Default     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Language               | 0: User<br>defined<br>1: English<br>2: Finnish<br>3: Swedish<br>4: Spanish<br>5: French<br>6: German<br>7: Russian<br>8:<br>Ukrainian | 1: English  | Changes the language of the parameter descriptions in the HMI. If the language has been set to "Other" in the settings of the AQtivate setting tool, AQtivate follows the value set into this parameter. |
| Clear events           | 0: -<br>1: Clear                                                                                                                      | 0: -        | Clears the event history recorded in the AQ-200 device.                                                                                                                                                  |
| LCD Contrast           | 0255                                                                                                                                  | 120         | Changes the contrast of the LCD display.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Return to default view | 03600s                                                                                                                                | Os          | If the user navigates to a menu and gives no input after a period of time defined with this parameter, the unit automatically returns to the default view. If set to 0 s, this feature is not in use.    |
| LED test               | 0: -<br>1: Activated                                                                                                                  | 0: -        | When activated, all LEDs are lit up. LEDs with multiple possible colors blink each color.                                                                                                                |
| Reset latches          | 0: -<br>1: Reset                                                                                                                      | 0: -        | Resets the latched signals in the logic and the matrix. When a reset command is given, the parameter automatically returns back to "-".                                                                  |
| Measurement recorder   | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                                                                                                             | 0: Disabled | Enables the measurement recorder tool, further configured in $Tools \rightarrow Misc \rightarrow Measurement$ recorder.                                                                                  |
| Reconfigure mimic      | 0: -<br>1:<br>Reconfigure                                                                                                             | 0: -        | Reloads the mimic to the unit.                                                                                                                                                                           |

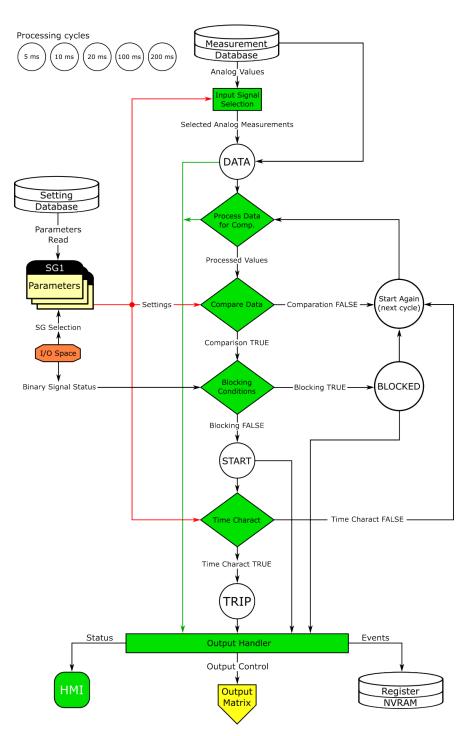
Table. 5.3 - 27. The *General* menu read-only parameters

| Name                   | Description                                          |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Serial number          | The unique serial number identification of the unit. |
| Firmware version       | The firmware software version of the unit.           |
| Hardware configuration | The order code identification of the unit.           |
| UTC time               | The UTC time value which the device's clock uses.    |

# 5.4 Protection functions

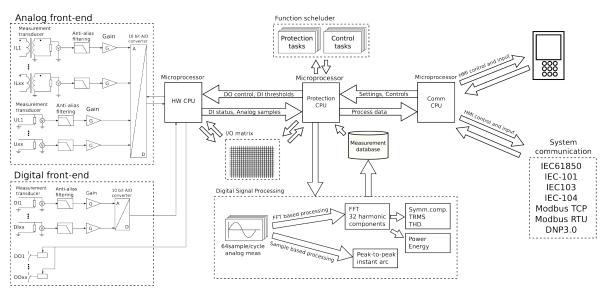
## 5.4.1 General properties of a protection function

The following flowchart describes the basic structure of any protection function. The basic structure is composed of analog measurement values being compared to the pick-up values and operating time characteristics.



The protection function is run in a completely digital environment with a protection CPU microprocessor which also processes the analog signals transformed into the digital form.

Figure. 5.4.1 - 62. Principle diagram of the protection relay platform.

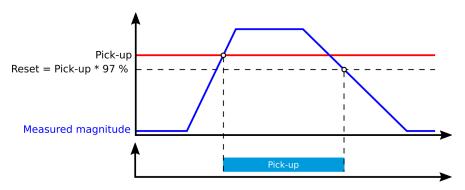


In the following chapters the common functionalities of protection functions are described. If a protection function deviates from this basic structure, the difference is described in the corresponding chapter of the manual.

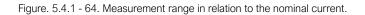
#### Pick-up

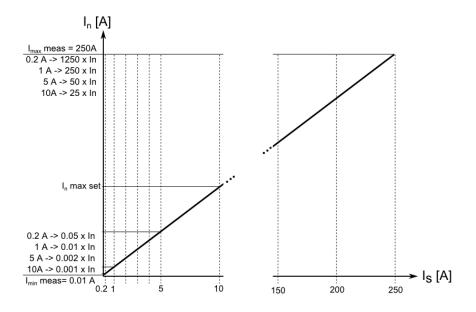
The  $X_{set}$  parameter defines the pick-up level of the function, and this in turn defines the maximum or minimum allowed measured magnitude (in per unit, absolute or percentage value) before the function takes action. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the pick-up parameter set by the user and the measured magnitude ( $X_m$ ). The reset ratio of 97 % is built into the function and is always relative to the  $X_{set}$  value. If a function's pick-up characteristics vary from this description, they are defined in the function section in the manual.

Figure. 5.4.1 - 63. Pick up and reset.



The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if a blocking condition is not active.





The  $I_n$  magnitude refers to the user set nominal current which can range from 0.2...10 A, typically 0.2 A, 1A or 5 A. With its own current measurement card, the IED will measure secondary currents from 0.001 A up to 250 A. To this relation the pick-up setting in secondary amperes will vary.

# Function blocking

The blocking signals are checked in the beginning of each program cycle. A blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix for the function dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function will not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and the release time characteristics are processed similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the device's common and global testing mode is activated.

The variables users can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the IED minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

## Operating time characteristics for trip and reset

The operating timers' behavior during a function can be set for trip signal and for the release of the function in case the pick-up element is reset before the trip time has been reached. There are three basic operating modes available for the function:

- Instant operation: activates the trip signal with no additional time delay simultaneously with the start signal.
- Definite time operation (DT): activates the trip signal after a user-defined time delay regardless of the measured current as long as the current is above or below the *X*<sub>set</sub> value and thus the pick-up element is active (independent time characteristics).

 Inverse definite minimum time (IDMT): activates the trip signal after a time which is in relation to the set pick-up value X<sub>set</sub> and the measured value X<sub>m</sub> (dependent time characteristics).

Both IEC and IEEE/ANSI standard characteristics as well as user settable parameters are available for the IDMT operation. Please note that in the IDMT mode *Definite (Min)* operating time delay is also determines the minimum time for protection tripping (see the figure below). If this function is not desired the parameter should be set to 0 seconds.

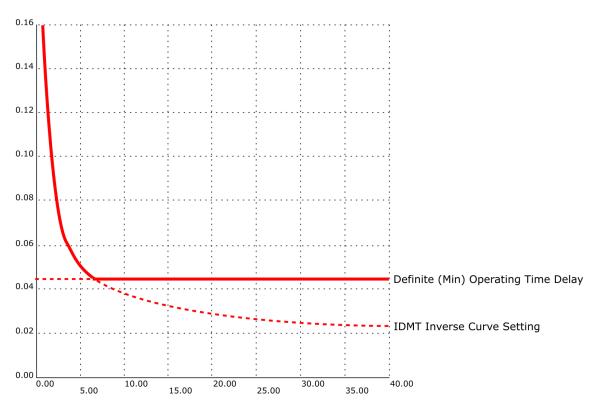


Figure. 5.4.1 - 65. Operating time delay: Definite (Min) and the minimum for tripping.

Table. 5.4.1 - 28. Operating time characteristics setting parameters (general).

| Name                                      | Range             | Step   | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Delay type                                | 0: DT<br>1: IDMT  | -      | 0: DT   | Selects the delay type for the time counter. The selection is made between dependent (IDMT) and independent (DT) characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Definite (min)<br>operating time<br>delay | 0.0001800.000s    | 0.005s | 0.040s  | <ul> <li>When the "Delay type" parameter is set to "DT", this parameter acts as the expected operating time for the protection function.</li> <li>When set to 0 s, the stage operates instantaneously without any additional delay. When the parameter is set to 0.0051800 s, the stage operates as independent delayed.</li> <li>When the "Delay type" parameter has been set to "IDMT", this parameter can be used to determine the minimum operating time for the protection function. Example of this is presented in the figure above.</li> </ul> |
| Delay curve<br>series                     | 0: IEC<br>1: IEEE | -      | 0: IEC  | Selects whether the delay curve series for an IDMT operation<br>follows either IEC or IEEE/ANSI standard defined characteristics.<br>This setting is active and visible when the "Delay type" parameter is<br>set to "IDMT".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

| Name                             | Range                                                                                                       | Step   | Default       | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                  |                                                                                                             |        |               | Selects the IEC standard delay characteristics.<br>The options include the following: Normally Inverse ("NI"),                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Delay<br>characteristics<br>IEC  | 0: NI<br>1: EI<br>2: VI<br>3: LTI<br>4: Param                                                               | -      | 0: NI         | Extremely Inverse ("EI"), Very Inverse ("VI") and Long Time Inverse ("LTI") characteristics. Additionally, the "Param" option allows the tuning of the constants A and B which then allows the setting of characteristics following the same formula as the IEC curves mentioned here.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                  |                                                                                                             |        |               | This setting is active and visible when the "Delay type" parameter is set to "IDMT" and the "Delay curve series" parameter is set to "IEC".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                                  |                                                                                                             |        |               | Selects the IEEE and ANSI standard delay characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Delay<br>characteristics<br>IEEE | 0: ANSI NI<br>1: ANSI VI<br>2: ANSI EI<br>3: ANSI LTI<br>4: IEEE MI<br>5: IEEE VI<br>6: IEEE EI<br>7: Param | -      | 0: ANSI<br>NI | The options for ANSI include the following: Normal Inverse ("ANSI NI"), Very Inverse ("ANSI VI"), Extremely inverse ("ANSI EI"), Long time inverse ("ANSI LTI") characteristics. IEEE: Moderately Inverse ("IEEE MI"), Very Inverse ("IEEE VI"), Extremely Inverse ("IEEE EI") characteristics. Additionally, the "Param" option allows the tuning of the constants A, B and C which then allows the setting of characteristics following the same formula as the IEEE curves mentioned here. |
|                                  |                                                                                                             |        |               | This setting is active and visible when the "Delay type" parameter is set to "IDMT" and the "Delay curve series" parameter is set to "IEEE".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Time dial                        |                                                                                                             |        |               | Defines the time dial/multiplier setting for IDMT characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| setting k                        | 0.0125.00s                                                                                                  | 0.01s  | 0.05s         | This setting is active and visible when the "Delay type" parameter is set to "IDMT".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                  |                                                                                                             |        |               | Defines the Constant A for IEC/IEEE characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| A                                | 0.0000250.0000                                                                                              | 0.0001 | 0.0860        | This setting is active and visible when the "Delay type" parameter is set to "IDMT" and the "Delay characteristic" parameter is set to "Param".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                  |                                                                                                             |        |               | Defines the Constant B for IEC/IEEE characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| В                                | 0.00005.0000                                                                                                | 0.0001 | 0.1850        | This setting is active and visible when the "Delay type" parameter is set to "IDMT" and the "Delay characteristic" parameter is set to "Param".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                  |                                                                                                             |        |               | Defines the Constant C for IEEE characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| С                                | 0.0000250.0000                                                                                              | 0.0001 | 0.0200        | This setting is active and visible when the "Delay type" parameter is set to "IDMT" and the "Delay characteristic" parameter is set to "Param".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

Figure. 5.4.1 - 66. Inverse operating time formulas for IEC and IEEE standards.

| IEC                                                               |            |      | IEEE                                                                  | /ANSI                              |                  |            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| $t = \frac{kA}{\left(\frac{I_m}{I_{set}}\right)^B}$               | -1         |      | $t = k \left( \frac{I_m}{\left( \frac{I_m}{I_{set}} \right)} \right)$ | $\left(\frac{A}{C}\right)^{c} - 1$ | B                |            |
| t = Operating delay (s)                                           |            |      | t = Operating delay (s)                                               |                                    |                  |            |
| k = Time dial setting                                             |            |      | <i>k</i> = Time dial setting                                          |                                    |                  |            |
| <i>I<sub>m</sub></i> = Measured maximum cur                       | rent       |      | <i>I<sub>m</sub></i> = Measured maximum                               | current                            |                  |            |
| I <sub>set</sub> = Pick-up setting                                |            |      | I <sub>set</sub> = Pick-up setting                                    |                                    |                  |            |
| A = Operating characteristics                                     | constant   |      | A = Operating characteri                                              | stics cons                         | stant            |            |
| B = Operating characteristics                                     |            |      | B = Operating characteri                                              |                                    |                  |            |
|                                                                   |            |      | <i>C</i> = Operating characteri                                       |                                    | tant             |            |
| Standard delays IEC constant                                      |            |      | Standard delays ANSI co                                               |                                    | _                |            |
| Туре                                                              | <u>A</u>   | B    | Туре                                                                  | A                                  | B                | C          |
| Normally Inverse ( <i>NI</i> )<br>Extremely Inverse ( <i>EI</i> ) | 0,14<br>80 | 0,02 | Normally Inverse ( <i>NI</i> )<br>Very Inverse ( <i>VI</i> )          | 8,934<br>3,922                     | 0,1797<br>0.0982 | 2,094<br>2 |
| Very Inverse (VI)                                                 | 13,5       | 1    | Extremely Inverse (EI)                                                | 5,64                               | 0.02434          | 2          |
| Long Time Inverse ( <i>LTI</i> )                                  | 120        | 1    | Long Time Inverse (LTI)                                               | 5,614                              | 2,186            | 1          |
|                                                                   |            | -    | Standard delays IEEE con                                              | ,                                  | B                | C          |
|                                                                   |            |      | Moderately Inverse ( <i>MI</i> )                                      | 0,0515                             | 0.114            | 0,02       |
|                                                                   |            |      | Very Inverse (VI)                                                     | 19,61                              | 0,491            | 2          |
|                                                                   |            |      | Extremely Inverse ( <i>EI</i> )                                       | 28,2                               | 0,1217           | 2          |
|                                                                   |            |      |                                                                       |                                    |                  |            |

# Non-standard delay characteristics

In addition to the previously mentioned delay characteristics, some functions also have delay characteristics that deviate from the IEC or IEEE standards. These functions are the following:

- overcurrent stages
- residual overcurrent stages
- directional overcurrent stages
- directional residual overcurrent stages.

The setting parameters and their ranges are documented in the chapters of the respective function blocks.

Table. 5.4.1 - 29. Inverse operating time formulas for nonstandard characteristics.

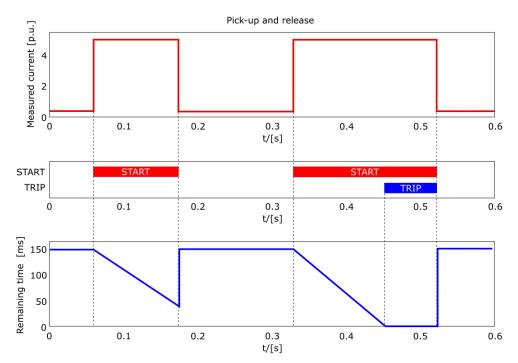
| RI-type                                             | RD-type                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Used to get time grading with mechanical relays     | Mostly used in earth fault protection which grants selective tripping even in non-<br>directional protection |
| $t = \frac{k}{0.339 - 0.236 * \frac{I_{set}}{I_m}}$ | $t = 5.8 - 1.35 * \ln\left(\frac{I_m}{k * I_{set}}\right)$                                                   |
| t = Operating delay (s)                             | t = Operating delay (s)                                                                                      |
| <i>k</i> = Time dial setting                        | <i>k</i> = Time dial setting                                                                                 |
| Im = Measured maximum current                       | I <sub>m</sub> = Measured maximum current                                                                    |
| <i>I<sub>set</sub></i> = Pick-up setting            | Iset = Pick-up setting                                                                                       |

| Name                                                         | Range           | Step   | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Delayed<br>pick-up<br>release                                | 0: No<br>1: Yes | -      | 1: Yes  | Resetting characteristics selection (either time-delayed or instant) after<br>the pick-up element is released. If activated, the START signal is reset<br>after a set release time delay.                                                                                                |
| Release<br>time delay                                        | 0.000150.000s   | 0.005s | 0.06s   | Resetting time. The time allowed between pick-ups if the pick-up has not<br>led into a trip operation.<br>If the "Delayed pick-up release" setting is active, the START signal is held<br>on for the duration of the timer.                                                              |
| Op.Time<br>calculation<br>reset after<br>release<br>time     | 0: No<br>1: Yes | -      | 1: Yes  | Operating timer resetting characteristics selection. When active, the operating time counter is reset after a set release time if the pick-up element is not activated during this time. When disabled, the operating time counter is reset directly after the pick-up element is reset. |
| Continue<br>time<br>calculation<br>during<br>release<br>time | 0: No<br>1: Yes | -      | 0: No   | Time calculation characteristics selection. If activated, the operating time counter continues until a set release time even if the pick-up element is reset.                                                                                                                            |

| T-1-1- 5 4 4 00    | 0.1111.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0. |               | dense in the second sector designs |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| Table: 5.4.1 - 30. | Setting parameters                      | s for reset ' | time characteristics.              |
|                    |                                         |               |                                    |

The behavior of the stages with different release time configurations are presented in the figures below.

Figure. 5.4.1 - 67. No delayed pick-up release.



#### Delayed pick-up release: Disabled

Figure. 5.4.1 - 68. Delayed pick-up release, delay counter is reset at signal drop-off.

#### Delayed pick-up release: Enabled Op.time calc reset after release time: Disabled Continue time calculation during release time: Disabled

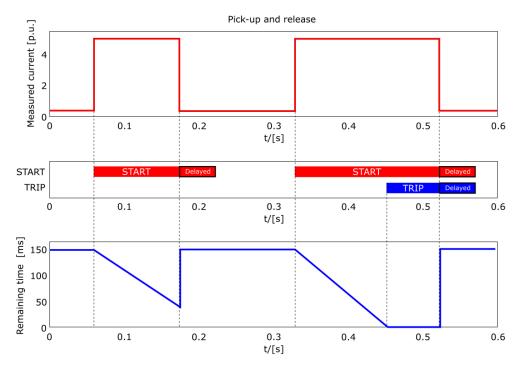
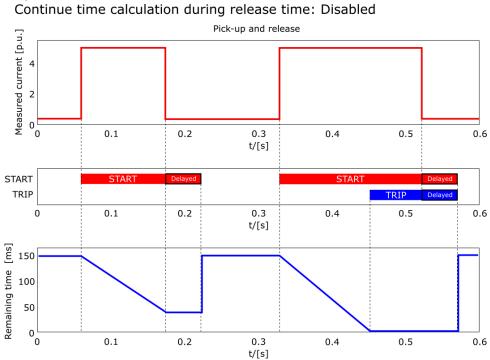
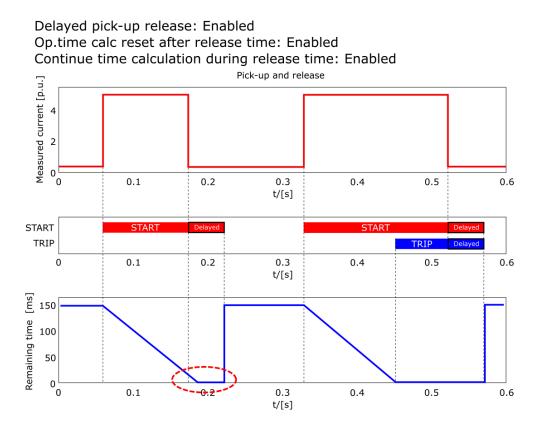


Figure. 5.4.1 - 69. Delayed pick-up release, delay counter value is held during the release time.



Delayed pick-up release: Enabled Op.time calc reset after release time: Enabled Continue time calculation during release time: Disabled Figure. 5.4.1 - 70. Delayed pick-up release, delay counter value is decreasing during the release time.



The resetting characteristics can be set according to the application. The default setting is delayed 60 ms and the time calculation is held during the release time.

When using the release delay option where the operating time counter is calculating the operating time during the release time, the function will not trip if the input signal is not activated again during the release time counting.

## Stage forcing

It is possible to test the logic, event processing and the operation of the relay's protection system by controlling the state of the protection functions manually without injecting any current into the device with stage forcing. To enable *Stage forcing* set the *Enable stage forcing* to ENABLED in the *General* menu. After this it is possible to control the status of a protection function (Normal, Start, Trip, Blocked etc.) in the *Info* page of the function.

## NOTE!



When *Stage forcing* is enabled protection functions will also change state through user input. Injected currents/voltages also affect the behavior of the device. Regardless, it is recommended to disable *Stage Forcing* after testing has ended.

# 5.4.2 Non-directional overcurrent protection (I>; 50/51)

The non-directional overcurrent function is used for instant and time-delayed overcurrent and shortcircuit protection. The number of stages in the function depends on the relay model. The operating decisions are based on phase current magnitude, constantly measured by the function. The available phase current magnitudes are equal to RMS values, to TRMS values (including harmonics up to 32<sup>nd</sup>),

or to peak-to-peak values. The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The non-directional overcurrent function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

The function can operate on instant or time-delayed mode. In time-delayed mode the operation can be selected between definite time (DT) mode and inverse definite minimum time (IDMT) mode. The IDMT operation supports both IEC and ANSI standard time delays as well as custom parameters. The function includes CT saturation checking which allows the function to start and operate accurately during CT saturation.

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude selection
- input magnitude processing
- saturation check
- threshold comparator
- block signal check
- time delay characteristics
- · output processing.

The basic design of the protection function is the three-pole operation.

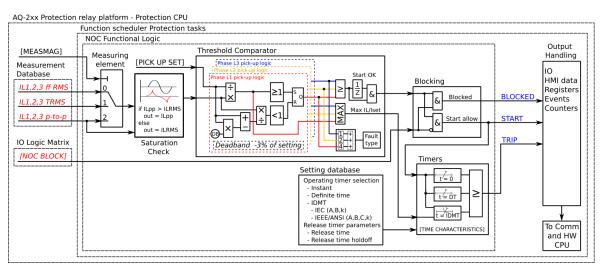
The inputs for the function are the following:

- operating mode selections
- setting parameters
- · digital inputs and logic signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are START, TRIP and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the three (3) output signals. In the instant operating mode the function outputs START and TRIP events simultaneously with an equivalent time stamp. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the START, TRIP and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the non-directional overcurrent function.

Figure. 5.4.2 - 71. Simplified function block diagram of the I> function.



#### Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values. However, when the peak-to-peak mode is selected for the function's "Measured magnitude" setting, the values are taken directly from the samples. The user can select the monitored magnitude to be equal either to RMS values, to TRMS values from the whole harmonic specter of 32 components, or to peak-to-peak values. A -20ms averaged value of the selected magnitude is used for pre-fault data registering.

Table. 5.4.2 - 31. Measurement inputs of the I> function.

| Signal  | Description                                      | Time base |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IL1RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L1 (A) current          | 5ms       |
| IL2RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L2 (B) current          | 5ms       |
| IL3RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L3 (C) current          | 5ms       |
| IL1TRMS | TRMS measurement of phase L1 (A) current         | 5ms       |
| IL2TRMS | TRMS measurement of phase L2 (B) current         | 5ms       |
| IL3TRMS | TRMS measurement of phase L3 (C) current         | 5ms       |
| IL1PP   | Peak-to-peak measurement of phase L1 (A) current | 5ms       |
| IL2PP   | Peak-to-peak measurement of phase L2 (B) current | 5ms       |
| IL3PP   | Peak-to-peak measurement of phase L3 (C) current | 5ms       |

The selection of the used AI channel is made with a setting parameter. In all possible input channel variations the pre-fault condition is presented with a 20 ms averaged history value from -20 ms from START or TRIP event.

## General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

| Name                          | Range                        | Default        | Description                                                                                    |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Setting control from comm bus | 1:<br>Disabled<br>2: Allowed | 1:<br>Disabled | Activating this parameter allows changing the pick-up level of the protection stage via SCADA. |

Table. 5.4.2 - 32. General settings of the function.

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| Name               | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Default      | Description                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I> force status to | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3: Blocked<br>4: Start A<br>5: Start B<br>6: Start C<br>7: Trip A<br>8: Trip B<br>9: Trip C<br>10: Start<br>AB<br>11: Start<br>BC<br>12: Start<br>CA<br>13: Start<br>ABC<br>14: Trip<br>BC<br>16: Trip<br>CA<br>17: Trip<br>ABC | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu. |
| Measured magnitude | 1: RMS<br>2: TRMS<br>3: Peak-<br>to-peak                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1: RMS       | Defines which available measured magnitude is used by the function.                                                          |

#### Pick-up

The *I*<sub>set</sub> setting parameter controls the pick-up of the I> function. This defines the maximum allowed measured current before action from the function. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the *I*<sub>set</sub> and the measured magnitude (*I*<sub>m</sub>) for each of the three phases. The reset ratio of 97 % is built into the function and is always relative to the *I*<sub>set</sub> value. The setting value is common for all measured phases, and when the *I*<sub>m</sub> exceeds the *I*<sub>set</sub> value (in single, dual or all phases) it triggers the pick-up operation of the function.

Table. 5.4.2 - 33. Pick-up settings.

| Name             | Description     | Range                    | Step    | Default             |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------|---------------------|
| I <sub>set</sub> | Pick-up setting | 0.1050.00×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.01×In | 1.20×I <sub>n</sub> |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

#### Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Name                                                    | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Step   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| l><br>condition                                         | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3: Blocked                                                                                                                                                                        | -      | Displays status of the protection function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| I> phases condition                                     | 0: Normal<br>1: Start A<br>2: Start B<br>3: Start C<br>4: Trip A<br>5: Trip B<br>6: Trip C<br>7: Start AB<br>8: Start BC<br>9: Start CA<br>10: Start ABC<br>11: Trip AB<br>12: Trip BC<br>13: Trip CA<br>14: Trip ABC | -      | Displays the status of phases individually.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Expected operating time                                 | -1800.0001800.000s                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 0.005s | Displays the expected operating time when a fault occurs. When IDMT mode<br>is used, the expected operating time depends on the measured highest phase<br>current value. If the measured current changes during a fault, the expected<br>operating time changes accordingly. |
| Time<br>remaining<br>to trip                            | 0.0001800.000s                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 0.005s | When the function has detected a fault and counts down time towards a trip, this displays how much time is left before tripping occurs.                                                                                                                                      |
| I <sub>meas</sub> /I <sub>set</sub><br>at the<br>moment | 0.001250.00                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 0.01   | The ratio between the highest measured phase current and the pick-up value.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

| Table. 5.4.2 - 34. Information displayed by the function. |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------------------------------|

## Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. Additionally, the non-directional overcurrent function includes an internal inrush harmonic blocking option which is applied according to the parameters set by the user. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

Table. 5.4.2 - 35. Internal inrush harmonic blocking settings.

| Name                                                      | Range           | Step       | Default    | Description                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inrush harmonic blocking (internal-<br>only trip)         | 0: No<br>1: Yes | -          | 0: No      | Enables and disables the 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic blocking. |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic blocking limit (lharm/<br>lfund) | 0.1050.00%lfund | 0.01%lfund | 0.01%lfund | Defines the limit of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic blocking. |

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and the release time characteristics are processed similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a-time stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

## Operating time characteristics for trip and reset

This function supports definite time delay (DT) and inverse definite minimum time delay (IDMT). For detailed information on these delay types please refer to the chapter "General properties of a protection function" and its section "Operating time characteristics for trip and reset".

#### Events and registers

The non-directional overcurrent function (abbreviated "NOC" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in START, TRIP and BLOCKED. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both. The function offers four (4) independent stages; the events are segregated for each stage operation.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Event block name | Event names       |
|------------------|-------------------|
| NOC1             | Start ON          |
| NOC1             | Start OFF         |
| NOC1             | Trip ON           |
| NOC1             | Trip OFF          |
| NOC1             | Block ON          |
| NOC1             | Block OFF         |
| NOC1             | Phase A Start ON  |
| NOC1             | Phase A Start OFF |
| NOC1             | Phase B Start ON  |
| NOC1             | Phase B Start OFF |
| NOC1             | Phase C Start ON  |
| NOC1             | Phase C Start OFF |
| NOC1             | Phase A Trip ON   |
| NOC1             | Phase A Trip OFF  |
| NOC1             | Phase B Trip ON   |
| NOC1             | Phase B Trip OFF  |
| NOC1             | Phase C Trip ON   |
| NOC1             | Phase C Trip OFF  |
| NOC2             | Start ON          |
| NOC2             | Start OFF         |
| NOC2             | Trip ON           |
| NOC2             | Trip OFF          |
| NOC2             | Block ON          |
| NOC2             | Block OFF         |

Table. 5.4.2 - 36. Event messages.

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| Event block name | Event names       |
|------------------|-------------------|
| NOC2             | Phase A Start ON  |
| NOC2             | Phase A Start OFF |
| NOC2             | Phase B Start ON  |
| NOC2             | Phase B Start OFF |
| NOC2             | Phase C Start ON  |
| NOC2             | Phase C Start OFF |
| NOC2             | Phase A Trip ON   |
| NOC2             | Phase A Trip OFF  |
| NOC2             | Phase B Trip ON   |
| NOC2             | Phase B Trip OFF  |
| NOC2             | Phase C Trip ON   |
| NOC2             | Phase C Trip OFF  |
| NOC3             | Start ON          |
| NOC3             | Start OFF         |
| NOC3             | Trip ON           |
| NOC3             | Trip OFF          |
| NOC3             | Block ON          |
| NOC3             | Block OFF         |
| NOC3             | Phase A Start ON  |
| NOC3             | Phase A Start OFF |
| NOC3             | Phase B Start ON  |
| NOC3             | Phase B Start OFF |
| NOC3             | Phase C Start ON  |
| NOC3             | Phase C Start OFF |
| NOC3             | Phase A Trip ON   |
| NOC3             | Phase A Trip OFF  |
| NOC3             | Phase B Trip ON   |
| NOC3             | Phase B Trip OFF  |
| NOC3             | Phase C Trip ON   |
| NOC3             | Phase C Trip OFF  |
| NOC4             | Start ON          |
| NOC4             | Start OFF         |
| NOC4             | Trip ON           |
| NOC4             | Trip OFF          |
| NOC4             | Block ON          |
| NOC4             | Block OFF         |
| NOC4             | Phase A Start ON  |
| NOC4             | Phase A Start OFF |

| Event block name | Event names       |
|------------------|-------------------|
| NOC4             | Phase B Start ON  |
| NOC4             | Phase B Start OFF |
| NOC4             | Phase C Start ON  |
| NOC4             | Phase C Start OFF |
| NOC4             | Phase A Trip ON   |
| NOC4             | Phase A Trip OFF  |
| NOC4             | Phase B Trip ON   |
| NOC4             | Phase B Trip OFF  |
| NOC4             | Phase C Trip ON   |
| NOC4             | Phase C Trip OFF  |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers; this information is available for all provided instances separately. The register of the function records the ON event process data for START, TRIP or BLOCKED. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.4.2 - 37. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Fault type   | Pre-trigger<br>current      | Fault<br>current       | Pre-fault<br>current       | Trip time<br>remaining | Used SG                    |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | L1-EL1-L2-L3 | Start/Trip<br>-20ms current | Start/<br>Trip current | Start<br>-200ms<br>current | 0 ms1800s              | Setting group<br>18 active |

# 5.4.3 Non-directional earth fault protection (I0>; 50N/51N)

The non-directional earth fault function is used for instant and time-delayed earth fault protection. The number of stages in the function depend on the device model. The operating characteristics are based on the selected neutral current magnitudes which the function measures constantly. The available analog measurement channels are 101 and 102 (residual current measurement) and 10Calc (residual current calculated from phase current). The user can select these channels to use RMS values, TRMS values (including harmonics up to 32<sup>nd</sup>), or peak-to-peak values. The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The non-directional earth fault function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

The function can operate on instant or time-delayed mode. In the time-delayed mode the operation can be selected for definite time (DT) or for inverse definite minimum time (IDMT); the IDMT operation supports both IEC and ANSI standard time delays as well as custom parameters. The function includes the checking of CT saturation which allows the function to start and operate accurately even during CT saturation.

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude selection
- input magnitude processing
- saturation check
- threshold comparator
- block signal check

- time delay characteristics
- output processing.

The inputs for the function are the following:

- operating mode selections
- setting parameters
- digital inputs and logic signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are START, TRIP and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the three (3) output signals. In the instant operating mode the function outputs START and TRIP events simultaneously with an equivalent time stamp. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the START, TRIP and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the non-directional earth fault function.

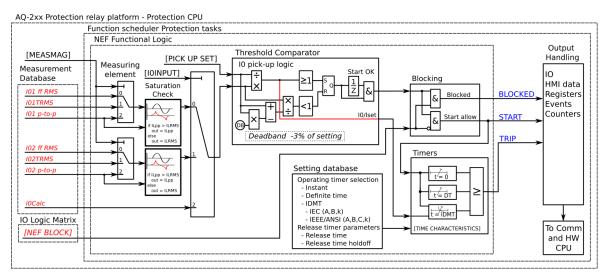


Figure. 5.4.3 - 72. Simplified function block diagram of the IO> fucntion.

## Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values. The user can select the monitored magnitude to be equal either to RMS values, to TRMS values, or to peak-to-peak values. TRMS mode uses values from the whole harmonic spectrum of 32 components. Peak-to-peak mode picks measurement values directly from the samples. A -20 ms averaged value of the selected magnitude is used for pre-fault data registering.

| Signal  | Description                                                                    |      |  |  |  |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| I01RMS  | RMS measurement of coarse residual current measurement input I01               |      |  |  |  |
| I01TRMS | TRMS measurement of coarse residual current measurement input I01 5 ms         |      |  |  |  |
| I01PP   | Peak-to-peak measurement of coarse residual current measurement input I01 5 ms |      |  |  |  |
| I02RMS  | RMS measurement of sensitive residual current measurement input I02 5 ms       |      |  |  |  |
| I02TRMS | TRMS measurement of coarse sensitive current measurement input I02             | 5 ms |  |  |  |

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| Signal | Description                                                                     | Time base |  |  |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| I02PP  | Peak-to-peak measurement of sensitive residual current measurement input I02 5  |           |  |  |
| I0Calc | RMS value of the calculated zero sequence current from the three phase currents | 5 ms      |  |  |

The selection of the used AI channel is made with a setting parameter. In all possible input channel variations the pre-fault condition is presented with a 20 ms averaged history value from -20 ms from a START or TRIP event.

#### General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

| Name                          | Range                                                | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Setting control from comm bus | 1:<br>Disabled<br>2:<br>Allowed                      | 1:<br>Disabled | Activating this parameter permits changing the pick-up level of the protection stage via SCADA.                                                        |
| I0> force status<br>to        | 0:<br>Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3:<br>Blocked | 0:<br>Normal   | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu.                           |
| Measured<br>magnitude         | 1: RMS<br>2: TRMS<br>3: Peak-<br>to-peak             | 1: RMS         | Defines which available measured magnitude is used by the function. This parameter is available when "Input selection" has been set to "I01" or "I02". |
| Input selection               | 1: I01<br>2: I02<br>3:<br>I0Calc                     | 1: 101         | Defines which measured residual current is used by the function.                                                                                       |

Table. 5.4.3 - 39. General settings of the function.

## Pick-up

The  $IO_{set}$  setting parameter controls the the pick-up of the IO> function. This defines the maximum allowed measured current before action from the function. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the  $IO_{set}$  and the measured magnitude ( $I_m$ ) for each of the three phases. The reset ratio of 97 % is built into the function and is always relative to the  $IO_{set}$  value. The setting value is common for all measured phases. When the  $I_m$  exceeds the  $IO_{set}$  value (in single, dual or all phases) it triggers the pick-up operation of the function.

Table. 5.4.3 - 40. Pick-up settings.

| Name              | Description     | Range                            | Step                  | Default               |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| I0 <sub>set</sub> | Pick-up setting | $0.000140.00\times I_{\text{n}}$ | $0.0001 \times I_{n}$ | 1.20 × I <sub>n</sub> |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

# Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Table. | 5.4.3 - | 41.          | Information | displayed | by the | function. |
|--------|---------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| iubic. | 0.4.0   | <b>-</b> 1 • | mormation   | alsplayea | by the | iunotion. |

| Name                                                    | Range                                                                        | Step                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I0><br>condition                                        | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3: Blocked                               | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Displays status of the protection function.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Detected<br>I0 angle                                    | -360.00360.00 deg                                                            | 0.01<br>deg Angle of I0 against reference. If phase voltages are available, positive s<br>voltage angle is used as reference. If voltages are not available, positive<br>sequence current angle is used as reference. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Detected<br>fault type                                  | 0: -<br>1: A-G-R<br>2: B-G-F<br>3: C-G-R<br>4: A-G-F<br>5: B-G-R<br>6: C-G-F | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Displays the detected fault type and direction of previous fault. "A/B/C" stand for one of the three phases. "G" stands for "ground". "F" stands for "forward" direction and "R" stands for "reverse" direction.                                      |
| Expected<br>operating<br>time                           | -1800.0001800.000<br>s                                                       | 0.005<br>s                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Displays the expected operating time when a fault occurs. When IDMT mode is used, the expected operating time depends on the measured current value. If the measured current changes during a fault, the expected operating time changes accordingly. |
| Time<br>remaining<br>to trip                            | 0.0001800.000 s                                                              | 0.005<br>s                                                                                                                                                                                                            | When the function has detected a fault and counts down time towards a trip, this displays how much time is left before tripping occurs.                                                                                                               |
| I <sub>meas</sub> /I <sub>set</sub><br>at the<br>moment | 0.001250.00                                                                  | 0.01                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | The ratio between the measured current and the pick-up value.                                                                                                                                                                                         |

# Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. Additionally, non-directional earth fault protection includes an internal inrush harmonic blocking option which is applied according to the parameters set by the user. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

Table. 5.4.3 - 42. Internal inrush harmonic blocking settings.

| Name                                               | Description                                          | Range           | Step                   | Default                |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Inrush harmonic blocking (internal-only trip)      | 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic blocking enable/<br>disable | 0: No<br>1: Yes | -                      | 0: No                  |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic block limit (Iharm/Ifund) | 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic blocking limit              | 0.1050.00%lfund | 0.01%l <sub>fund</sub> | 0.01%l <sub>fund</sub> |

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and processes the release time characteristics similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

#### Operating time characteristics for trip and reset

This function supports definite time delay (DT) and inverse definite minimum time delay (IDMT). For detailed information on these delay types please refer to the chapter "General properties of a protection function" and its section "Operating time characteristics for trip and reset".

## Events and registers

The non-directional earth fault function (abbreviated "NEF" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in START, TRIP and BLOCKED. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both. The function offers four (4) independent stages; the events are segregated for each stage operation.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Event block name | Event names |
|------------------|-------------|
| NEF1             | Start ON    |
| NEF1             | Start OFF   |
| NEF1             | Trip ON     |
| NEF1             | Trip OFF    |
| NEF1             | Block ON    |
| NEF1             | Block OFF   |
| NEF2             | Start ON    |
| NEF2             | Start OFF   |
| NEF2             | Trip ON     |
| NEF2             | Trip OFF    |
| NEF2             | Block ON    |
| NEF2             | Block OFF   |
| NEF3             | Start ON    |
| NEF3             | Start OFF   |
| NEF3             | Trip ON     |
| NEF3             | Trip OFF    |
| NEF3             | Block ON    |
| NEF3             | Block OFF   |
| NEF4             | Start ON    |
| NEF4             | Start OFF   |
| NEF4             | Trip ON     |
| NEF4             | Trip OFF    |

Table. 5.4.3 - 43. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event names |  |
|------------------|-------------|--|
| NEF4             | Block ON    |  |
| NEF4             | Block OFF   |  |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for START, TRIP or BLOCKED. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.4.3 - 44. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Fault<br>type      | Pre-trigger<br>current       | Fault<br>current      | Pre-fault<br>current    | Trip time<br>remaining | Used SG                       |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | A-G-<br>RC-G-<br>F | Start/trip -20<br>ms current | Start/Trip<br>current | Start -200ms<br>current | 0 ms1800s              | Setting<br>group 18<br>active |

5.4.4 Negative sequence overcurrent/ phase current reversal/ current unbalance protection (I2>; 46/46R/46L)

The current unbalance function is used for instant and time-delayed unbalanced network protection and for detecting broken conductors. The number of stages in the function depends on the relay model. The operating decisions are based on negative and positive sequence current magnitudes which the function constantly measures. In the broken conductor mode (I2/I1) the minimum allowed loading current is also monitored in the phase current magnitudes.

There are two possible operating modes available: the I2 mode monitors the negative sequence current, while the I2/I1 mode monitors the ratio between the negative sequence current and the positive sequence current. The relay calculates the symmetrical component magnitudes in use from the phase current inputs  $I_{L1}$ ,  $I_{L2}$  and  $I_{L3}$ . The zero sequence current is also recorded into the registers as well as the angles of the positive, negative and zero sequence currents in order to better verify any fault cases. The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The current unbalance function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

The function can operate on instant or time-delayed mode. In time-delayed mode the operation can be selected between definite time (DT) or inverse definite minimum time (IDMT). The IDMT operation supports both IEC and ANSI standard time delays as well as custom parameters.

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude selelction
- input magnitude processing
- threshold comparator
- block signal check
- time delay characteristics
- output processing.

The inputs for the function are the following:

- operating mode selections
- setting parameters
- digital inputs and logic signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are START, TRIP and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the three (3) output signals. In instant operating mode the function outputs START and TRIP events simultaneously with an equivalent time stamp. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the START, TRIP and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the current unbalance function.

AQ-2xx Protection relay platform - Protection CPU Function scheduler Protection tasks CUB Functional Logic Output Handling [MEASMAG] Threshold Comparator [PICK UP SET] 2 & 12/ -up lo IO [PICK UP PERI1 SET] Start OK HMI data Measurement X Blocking Database ≟ |⊾ Registers Events Blocked 8 Counters l/lse ₀ × START & Deadband -3% of setting TRI 1 MINSET] ≥1 IL1 ff RMS Timers IL2 ff RMS × Setting database IL3 ff RM Operating timer selectio - Instant - Definite time t=0 IO Logic Matrix - IDMT t dT - IDMT - IEC (A,B,k) - IEEE/ANSI (A,B,C,k) elease timer paramete - Release time - Release time holdoff [CUB BLOCK] t = IDMT To Comm and HW ME CHARACTI CPU

Figure. 5.4.4 - 73. Simplified function block diagram of the I2> function.

#### Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values and always uses calculated positive and negative sequence currents. In the broken conductor mode (I2/I1) the function also uses the RMS values of all phase currents to check the minimum current. Zero sequence and component sequence angles are used for fault registering and for fault analysis processing. A -20 ms averaged value of the selected magnitude is used for pre-fault data registering.

| Signal | Description                                  | Time base |  |
|--------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| 11     | Positive sequence current magnitude          | 5 ms      |  |
| 12     | Negative sequence current magnitude          | 5 ms      |  |
| IZ     | Zero sequence current magnitude              | 5 ms      |  |
| I1 ANG | Positive sequence current angle 5 ms         |           |  |
| I2 ANG | Negative sequence current angle         5 ms |           |  |
| IZ ANG | Zero sequence current angle 5 ms             |           |  |
| IL1RMS | Phase L1 (A) measured RMS current            | 5 ms      |  |
| IL2RMS | Phase L2 (B) measured RMS current            | 5 ms      |  |
| IL3RMS | Phase L3 (C) measured RMS current            | 5 ms      |  |

Table. 5.4.4 - 45. Measurement inputs of the I2> function.

#### General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

| Table. 5.4.4 - 46. General settings of the function. |  |
|------------------------------------------------------|--|
|------------------------------------------------------|--|

| Name                   | Range                                                | Default      | Description                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I2> force<br>status to | 0:<br>Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3:<br>Blocked | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu.                                           |
| Measured magnitude     | 1: I2pu<br>2: I2/I1                                  | 1: I2pu      | Defines whether the ratio between the positive and the negative sequence currents are supervised or whether only the negative sequence is used in detecting unbalance. |

## Pick-up

The setting parameters  $I_{2set}$  and  $I_2/I_{1set}$  control the the pick-up of the I2> function. They define the maximum allowed measured negative sequence current or the negative/positive sequence current ratio before action from the function. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the  $I_{set}$  and the measured magnitude ( $I_m$ ). The reset ratio of 97 % is built into the function and is always relative to the  $I_{sset}$  value. The reset ratio is the same for both modes.

Table. 5.4.4 - 47. Pick-up settings.

| Name     | Description                    | Range        | Step                | Default |
|----------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------|
| l2set    | Pick-up setting for I2 mode.   | 0.0140.00×In | 0.01×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.2×In  |
| I2/I1set | Pick-up setting for I2/I1 mode | 1200%        | 0.01%               | 20%     |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

## Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Table. 5.4.4 - 48. | Information disp | played by the function. |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|

| Name          | Range                                          | Step | Description                                     |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------------------|
| I2> condition | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3: Blocked | -    | Displays the status of the protection function. |

## Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and processes the release time characteristics similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

## Operating time characteristics for trip and reset

The operating timers' behavior during a function can be set for TRIP signal and also for the release of the function in case the pick-up element is reset before the trip time has been reached. There are three basic operating modes available for the function:

- Instant operation: gives the TRIP signal with no additional time delay simultaneously with the start signal.
- Definite time operation (DT): gives the TRIP signal after a user-defined time delay regardless
  of the measured current as long as the current is above or below the *iset* value and thus the
  pick-up element is active (independent time characteristics).
- Inverse definite minimum time (IDMT): gives the TRIP signal after a time which is in relation to the set pick-up value *l<sub>set</sub>* and the measured current *l<sub>m</sub>* (dependent time characteristics).

Both IEC and IEEE/ANSI standard characteristics as well as user settable parameters are available for the IDMT operation.

Unique to the current unbalance protection is the availability of the "Curve2" delay which follows the formula below:

$$t = \frac{k}{I_{2meas}^2 - I_{set}^2}$$

- *t* = Operating time
- *I<sub>2meas</sub>* = Calculated negative sequence
- *k* = Constant k value (user settable delay multiplier)
- *I<sub>set</sub>*= Pick-up setting of the function

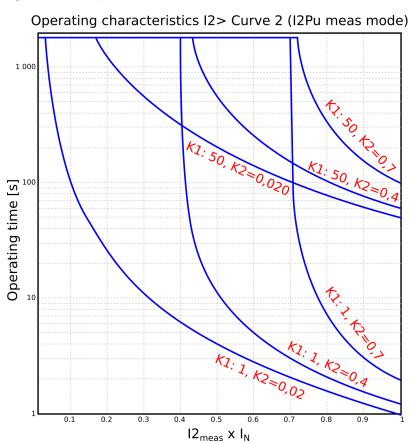


Figure. 5.4.4 - 74. Operation characteristics curve for I2> Curve2.

For a more detailed description on the time characteristics and their setting parameters, please refer to the "General properties of a protection function" chapter and its "Operating time characteristics for trip and reset" section.

The user can reset characteristics through the application. The default setting is a 60 ms delay; the time calculation is held during the release time.

In the release delay option the operating time counter calculates the operating time during the release. When using this option the function does not trip if the input signal is not re-activated while the release time count is on-going.

#### Events and registers

The current unbalance function (abbreviated "CUB" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in START, TRIP, and BLOCKED. The user can select the status ON or OFF for messages in the main event buffer. The function offers four (4) independent stages; the events are segregated for each stage operation.

The triggering event of the function (START, TRIP or BLOCKED) is recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

|      | Event block name | Event names |
|------|------------------|-------------|
| CUB1 |                  | Start ON    |
| CUB1 |                  | Start OFF   |
| CUB1 |                  | Trip ON     |

| Table. 5.4.4 - 49. Event messages. |
|------------------------------------|
|------------------------------------|

| Event block name | Event names |
|------------------|-------------|
| CUB1             | Trip OFF    |
| CUB1             | Block ON    |
| CUB1             | Block OFF   |
| CUB2             | Start ON    |
| CUB2             | Start OFF   |
| CUB2             | Trip ON     |
| CUB2             | Trip OFF    |
| CUB2             | Block ON    |
| CUB2             | Block OFF   |
| CUB3             | Start ON    |
| CUB3             | Start OFF   |
| CUB3             | Trip ON     |
| CUB3             | Trip OFF    |
| CUB3             | Block ON    |
| CUB3             | Block OFF   |
| CUB4             | Start ON    |
| CUB4             | Start OFF   |
| CUB4             | Trip ON     |
| CUB4             | Trip OFF    |
| CUB4             | Block ON    |
| CUB4             | Block OFF   |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for START, TRIP or BLOCKED. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.4.4 - 50. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Pre-trigger<br>current      | Fault<br>current      | Pre-fault<br>current    | Fault<br>currents           | Trip time<br>remaining | Used SG                       |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | Start/Trip<br>-20ms current | Start/Trip<br>current | Start -200ms<br>current | I1, I2, IZ mag.<br>and ang. | 0 ms1800s              | Setting<br>group 18<br>active |

## 5.4.5 Harmonic overcurrent protection (Ih>; 50H/51H/68H)

The harmonic overcurrent function is used for non-directional instant and time-delayed overcurrent detection and clearing. The number of stages in the function depends on the relay model. The function constantly measures the selected harmonic component of the selected measurement channels, the value being either absolute value or relative to the RMS value. The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The non-directional harmonic overcurrent function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

The function can operate on instant or time-delayed mode. Either START or TRIP signal can be used when the instant mode is selected to block other protection stages. In time-delayed mode the operation can be selected between definite time (DT) mode and inverse definite minimum time (IDMT) mode. The START signal can be used to block other stages; if the situation lasts longer, the TRIP signal can be used on other actions as time-delayed. The IDMT operation supports both IEC and ANSI standard time delays as well as custom parameters.

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude selection
- input magnitude processing
- saturation check
- threshold comparator
- block signal check
- time delay characteristics
- output processing.

The basic design of the protection function is the three-pole operation.

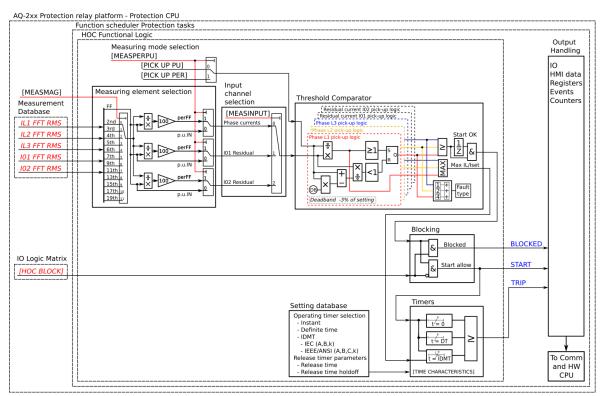
The inputs of the function are the following:

- operating mode selections
- setting parameters
- digital inputs and logic signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are START, TRIP and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the three (3) output signals. In the instant operating mode the function outputs START and TRIP events simultaneously with an equivalent time stamp. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the START, TRIP and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the non-directional harmonic overcurrent function.





#### Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values from phase or residual currents. Each measurement input of the function block uses RMS values and harmonic components of the selected current input. The user can select the monitored magnitude to be equal to the per-unit RMS values of the harmonic component, or to the harmonic component percentage content compared to the RMS values. A -20 ms averaged value of the selected magnitude is used for pre-fault data registering.

Table. 5.4.5 - 51. Measurement inputs of the Ih> function.

| Signal | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Time base |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IL1FFT | The magnitudes (RMS) of phase L1 (A) current components:<br>- Fundamental<br>- 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic<br>- 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic<br>- 4 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 6 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 7 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 9 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 11 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 13 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic. | 5 ms      |

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| Signal | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Time base |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IL2FFT | The magnitudes (RMS) of phase L2 (B) current components:<br>- Fundamental<br>- 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic<br>- 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic<br>- 4 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 6 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 7 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 9 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 11 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 13 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic.             | 5 ms      |
| IL3FFT | The magnitudes (RMS) of phase L3 (C) current components:<br>- Fundamental<br>- 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic<br>- 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic<br>- 4 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 6 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 7 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 9 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 11 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 13 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic.             | 5 ms      |
| I01FFT | The magnitudes (RMS) of residual I0 <sub>1</sub> current components:<br>- Fundamental<br>- 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic<br>- 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic<br>- 4 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 6 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 7 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 9 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 11 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 13 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic<br>- 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic. | 5 ms      |

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| Signal | Description                                              | Time base |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
|        | The magnitudes (RMS) of residual I02 current components: |           |
|        | - Fundamental                                            |           |
|        | - 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic                               |           |
|        | - 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic                               |           |
|        | - 4 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                               |           |
|        | - 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                               |           |
| I02FFT | - 6 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                               | 5 ms      |
|        | - 7 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                               |           |
|        | - 9 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                               |           |
|        | - 11 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                              |           |
|        | - 13 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                              |           |
|        | - 15 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                              |           |
|        | - 17 <sup>th</sup> harmonic                              |           |
|        | - 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic.                             |           |

The selection of the used AI channel, the monitored harmonic, and the monitoring type (per unit or percentage of fundamental frequency) are made with setting parameters. In all possible input channel variations the pre-fault condition is presented with a 20 ms averaged history value from -20 ms from START or TRIP event.

#### General settings

The function can be set to monitor the ratio between the measured harmonic and either the measured fundamental component or the per unit value of the harmonic current. The user must select the correct measurement input.

Table. 5.4.5 - 52. Operating mode selection settings.

| Name                   | Range                                                | Default      | Description                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| lh> force<br>status to | 0:<br>Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3:<br>Blocked | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu. |

| Name                  | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Default                     | Description                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Harmonic<br>selection | 2 <sup>nd</sup><br>harmonic<br>3 <sup>rd</sup><br>harmonic<br>4 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>5 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>7 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>11 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>13 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>13 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>13 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>13 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>13 <sup>th</sup><br>harmonic<br>13 <sup>th</sup> | 2 <sup>nd</sup><br>harmonic | Selection of the monitored harmonic component.                                                                                    |
| Per unit or relative  | × I <sub>n</sub><br>Ih/IL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | × I <sub>n</sub>            | Selection of the monitored harmonic mode. Either directly per unit $x I_n$ or in relation to the fundamental frequency magnitude. |
| Measurement<br>input  | IL1/IL2/<br>IL3<br>I01<br>I02                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | IL1/IL2/<br>IL3             | Selection of the measurement input (either phase current or residual current).                                                    |

Each function stage provides these same settings. Multiple stages of the function can be set to operate independently of each other.

## Pick-up

The setting parameter  $Ih_{set}$  per unit or Ih/IL (depending on the selected operating mode) controls the pick-up of the Ih> function. This defines the maximum allowed measured current before action from the function. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the  $Ih_{set}$  per unitor Ih/IL and the measured magnitude ( $I_m$ ) for each of the three phases. The reset ratio of 97 % is built into the function and is always relative to the  $Ih_{set}$  per unit or Ih/ILvalue. The setting value is common for all measured phases, and when the  $I_m$  exceeds the  $I_{set}$  value (in single, dual or all phases) it triggers the pick-up operation of the function.

Table. 5.4.5 - 53. Pick-up settings.

| Name                 | Range                   | Step                | Default | Description                                |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------|
| Ih <sub>set</sub> pu | 0.052.00×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.01×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.20×In | Pick-up setting<br>(per unit monitoring)   |
| lh/IL                | 5.00200.00%             | 0.01%               | 20.00%  | Pick-up setting<br>(percentage monitoring) |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

## Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Table. 5.4.5 - 54. | Information | displayed | by the | function  |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| 10010. 0.4.0 04.   | mormation   | uispiaycu | by the | runction. |

| Name                          | Range                                          | Step                                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| lh><br>condition              | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3: Blocked | -                                    | Displays the status of the protection function.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |  |  |
| Ih meas/<br>Ih set<br>now     | 0.00100000.001 <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>set</sub>  | 0.011 <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>set</sub> | The ratio between the monitored residual current and the pick-up value.                                                                                                                                                                               |  |  |  |
| Expected<br>operating<br>time | 0.0001800.000s                                 | 0.005s                               | Displays the expected operating time when a fault occurs. When IDMT mode is used, the expected operating time depends on the measured voltage value. If the measured voltage changes during a fault, the expected operating time changes accordingly. |  |  |  |
| Time<br>remaining<br>to trip  | -1800.0001800.000s                             | 0.005s                               | When the function has detected a fault and counts down time towards a trip, this displays how much time is left before tripping occurs.                                                                                                               |  |  |  |

# Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and the release time characteristics are processed similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

## Operating time characteristics for trip and reset

This function supports definite time delay (DT) and inverse definite minimum time delay (IDMT). For detailed information on these delay types please refer to the chapter "General properties of a protection function" and its section "Operating time characteristics for trip and reset".

## Events and registers

The harmonic overcurrent function (abbreviated "HOC" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in START, TRIP and BLOCKED. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both. The function offers four (4) independent stages; the events are segregated for each stage operation.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

Table. 5.4.5 - 55. Event description.

| Event block name | Event names |
|------------------|-------------|
| HOC1             | Start ON    |
| HOC1             | Start OFF   |
| HOC1             | Trip ON     |
| HOC1             | Trip OFF    |
| HOC1             | Block ON    |
| HOC1             | Block OFF   |
| HOC2             | Start ON    |
| HOC2             | Start OFF   |
| HOC2             | Trip ON     |
| HOC2             | Trip OFF    |
| HOC2             | Block ON    |
| HOC2             | Block OFF   |
| НОСЗ             | Start ON    |
| носз             | Start OFF   |
| носз             | Trip ON     |
| носз             | Trip OFF    |
| носз             | Block ON    |
| НОСЗ             | Block OFF   |
| HOC4             | Start ON    |
| HOC4             | Start OFF   |
| HOC4             | Trip ON     |
| HOC4             | Trip OFF    |
| HOC4             | Block ON    |
| HOC4             | Block OFF   |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for START, TRIP or BLOCKED. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.4.5 - 56. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Fault type   | Pre-trigger<br>current      | Fault<br>current      | Pre-fault<br>current       | Trip time<br>remaining | Used SG                       |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | L1-GL1-L2-L3 | Start/Trip<br>-20ms current | Start/Trip<br>current | Start<br>-200ms<br>current | 0 ms1800s              | Setting<br>group 18<br>active |

# 5.4.6 Circuit breaker failure protection (CBFP; 50BF/52BF)

The circuit breaker failure protection function is used for monitoring the circuit breaker operation after it has received a TRIP signal. The function can also be used to retrip a failing breaker; if the retrip fails, an incomer breaker can be tripped by using the function's CBFP output. The retrip functionality can be disabled if the breaker does not have two trip coils.

The function can be triggered by the following:

- overcurrent (phase and residual)
- digital output monitor
- digital signal
- any combination of the above-mentioned triggers.

In the current-dependent mode the function constantly measures phase current magnitudes and the selected residual current. In the signal-dependent mode any of the device's binary signals (trips, starts, logical signals etc.) can be used to trigger the function. In the digital output-dependent mode the function monitors the status of the selected output relay control signal. The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The circuit breaker failure protection function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source. Additionally, the function's operating mode can be changed via setting group selection.

The operational logic consists of the following:

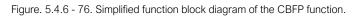
- input magnitude processing
- input magnitude selection
- threshold comparator
- block signal check
- time delay characteristics
- output processing.

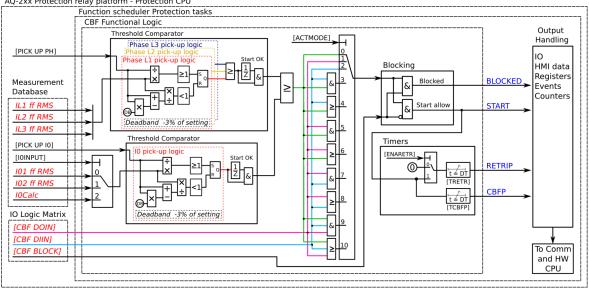
The inputs of the function are the following:

- operating mode selections
- setting parameters
- digital input signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are CBFP START, RETRIP, CBFP ACT and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the two (2) output signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counters for RETRIP, CBFP, CBFP START and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the circuit breaker failure protection function.





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## Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values. It always uses the RMS magnitude of the current measurement input. The user can select I01, I02 or the calculated I0 for the residual current measurement. A -20 ms averaged value of the selected magnitude is used for pre-fault data registering.

| Table, 5.4.6 - 57. | Measurement inputs    | of the CBFP function. |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 10010. 0. 1.0 01.  | inououronnonic inputo |                       |

| Signal | Description                                                   | Time base |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IL1RMS | RMS measurement of phase L1 (A) current                       | 5ms       |
| IL2RMS | RMS measurement of phase L2 (B) current                       | 5ms       |
| IL3RMS | RMS measurement of phase L3 (C) current 5ms                   |           |
| I01RMS | RMS measurement of residual input I01 5ms                     |           |
| I02RMS | RMS measurement of residual input I02 5ms                     |           |
| I0Calc | Calculated residual current from the phase current inputs 5ms |           |
| DOIN   | Monitors digital output relay status                          | 5ms       |
| DIIN   | Monitors digital input status 5ms                             |           |

The selection of the used AI channel is made with a setting parameter. In all possible input channel variations the pre-fault condition is presented with a 20 ms averaged history value from -20 ms from START or TRIP event.

## General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

Table. 5.4.6 - 58. CBFP monitoring signal definitions.

| Name                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Signal<br>in<br>monitor | Defines which TRIP events of the used protection functions trigger the CBFP countdown. For the CBFP function to monitor the signals selected here, the "Operation mode selection" parameter must be set to a mode that includes signals (e.g. "Signals only", "Signals or DO", "Current and signals and DO").          |  |  |  |
| Trip<br>monitor         | Defines which output relay of the used protection functions trigger the CBFP countdown. For the CBFP function to monitor the output relays selected here, the "Operation mode selection" parameter must be set to a mode that includes digital outputs (e.g. "DO only", "Current and DO", "Current or signals or DO"). |  |  |  |

#### Table. 5.4.6 - 59. General settings of the function.

| Name                    | Range                                                                   | Default      | Description                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CBFP force<br>status to | 0:<br>Normal<br>1: Start<br>2:<br>ReTrip<br>3:<br>CBFP<br>4:<br>Blocked | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu. |

#### Pick-up

The setting parameters  $I_{set}$  and  $IO_{set}$  control the pick-up and the activation of the current-dependent CBFP function. They define the minimum allowed measured current before action from the function. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the  $I_{set}$  or the  $IO_{set}$  and the measured magnitude ( $I_m$ ) for each of the three phases and the selected residual current input. The reset ratio of 97 % is built into the function and is always relative to the  $I_{set}$  value. The setting value is common for all measured phases. When the  $I_m$  exceeds the  $I_{set}$  value (in single, dual or all phases) it triggers the pick-up operation of the function.

Table. 5.4.6 - 60. Operating mode and input signals selection.

| Name    | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Step | Default               | Description                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10Input | 0: Not in use<br>1: I01<br>2: I02<br>3: I0Calc                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -    | 0: Not<br>in use      | Selects the residual current monitoring source, which can be either from the two separate residual measurements (I01 and I02) or from the phase current's calculated residual current. |
| Actmode | 0: Current<br>only<br>1: DO only<br>2: Signals<br>only<br>3: Current<br>and DO<br>4: Current or<br>DO<br>5: Current<br>and signals<br>6: Current or<br>signals<br>7: Signals<br>and DO<br>8: Signals or<br>DO<br>9: Current or<br>DO or<br>signals<br>10: Current<br>and DO and<br>Signals | -    | 0:<br>Current<br>only | Selects the operating mode. The mode can be dependent on current measurement, binary signal status, output relay status ("DO"), or a combination of the three.                         |

#### Table. 5.4.6 - 61. Pick-up settings.

| Name              | Range                      | Step                 | Default              | Description                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I <sub>set</sub>  | 0.0140.00×I <sub>n</sub>   | 0.01×I <sub>n</sub>  | 0.20×I <sub>n</sub>  | The pick-up threshold for the phase current measurement. This setting limit defines the upper limit for the phase current pick-up element.    |
| 10 <sub>set</sub> | 0.00540.000×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.001×I <sub>n</sub> | 1.200×I <sub>n</sub> | The pick-up threshold for the residual current measurement. This setting limit defines the upper limit for the phase current pick-up element. |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active. There is no delay between the activation of the monitored signal and the activation of the pick-up when using binary signals.

#### Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Table  | 546-  | 62  | Information | displayed | by the | function   |
|--------|-------|-----|-------------|-----------|--------|------------|
| iubic. | 0.4.0 | 02. | mormation   | alsplayea | by the | fullotion. |

| Name           | Range                                                          | Description                                 |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| CBFP condition | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: ReTrip<br>3: CBFP On<br>4: Blocked | Displays status of the protection function. |

## Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and processes the release time characteristics similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

## Operating time characteristics

The operating timers' behavior during a function can be set depending on the application. The same pick-up signal starts both timers. When retrip is used the time grading should be set as follows: the sum of specific times (i.e. the retrip time, the expected operating time, and the pick-up conditions' release time) is shorter the set CBFP time. This way, when retripping another breaker coil clears the fault, any unnecessary function triggers are avoided.

The following table presents the setting parameters for the function's operating time characteristics.

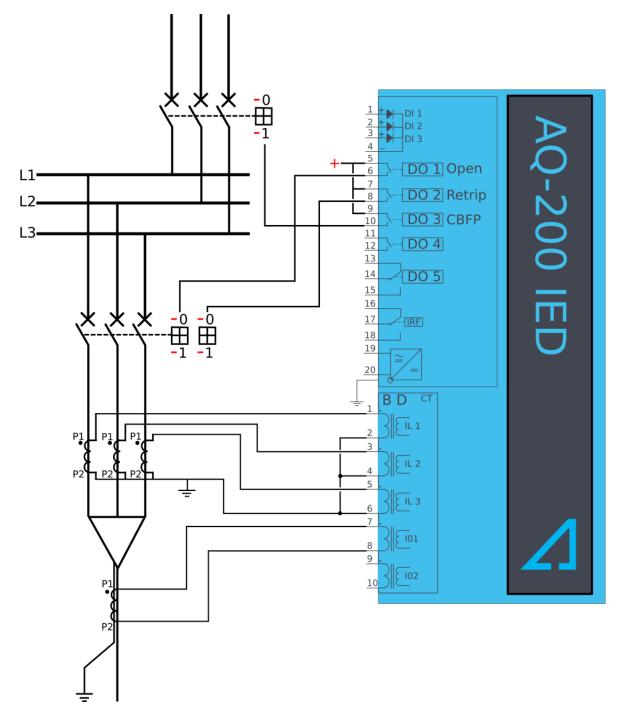
Table. 5.4.6 - 63. Setting parameters for operating time characteristics.

| Name                    | Range           | Step   | Default | Description                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Retrip                  | 0: No<br>1: Yes | -      | 1: Yes  | Retrip enabled or disabled. When the retrip is disabled, the output will not be visible and the TRetr setting parameter will not be available. |
| Retrip<br>time<br>delay | 0.0001800.000s  | 0.005s | 0.100s  | Retrip start the timer. This setting defines how long the starting condition has to last before a RETRIP signal is activated.                  |
| CBFP                    | 0.0001800.000s  | 0.005s | 0.200s  | CBFP starts the timer. This setting defines how long the starting condition has to last before the CBFP signal is activated.                   |

The following figures present some typical cases of the CBFP function.

# Trip, Retrip and CBFP in the device configuration

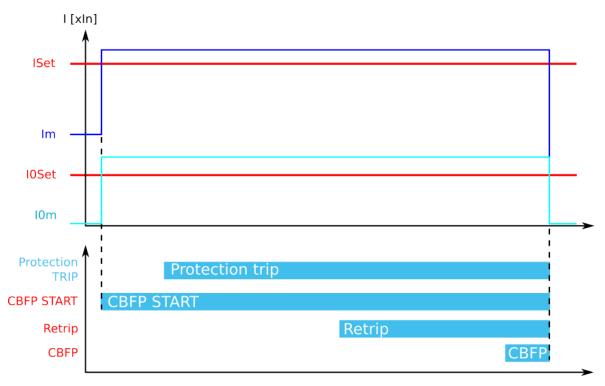
Figure. 5.4.6 - 77. Wiring diagram when Trip, Retrip and CBFP are configured to the device.



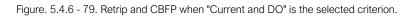
The retrip functionality can be used in applications whose circuit breaker has a retrip or a redundant trip coil available. The TRIP signal is normally wired to the breaker's trip coil from the device's trip output. The retrip is wired from its own device output contact in parallel with the circuit breaker's redundant trip coil. The CBFP signal is normally wired from its device output contact to the incomer breaker. Below are a few operational cases regarding the various applications.

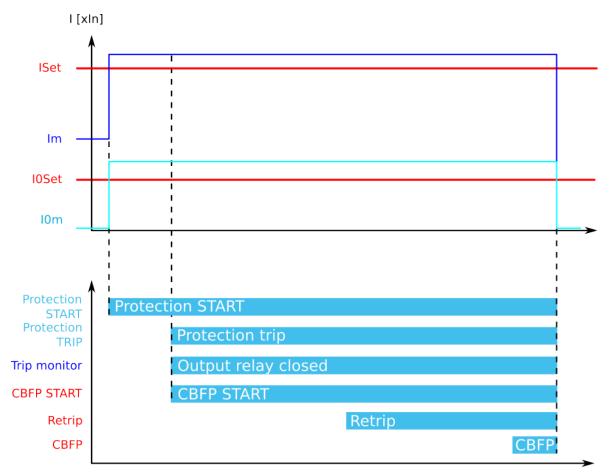
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Figure. 5.4.6 - 78. Retrip and CBFP when "Current" is the selected criterion.

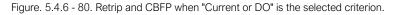


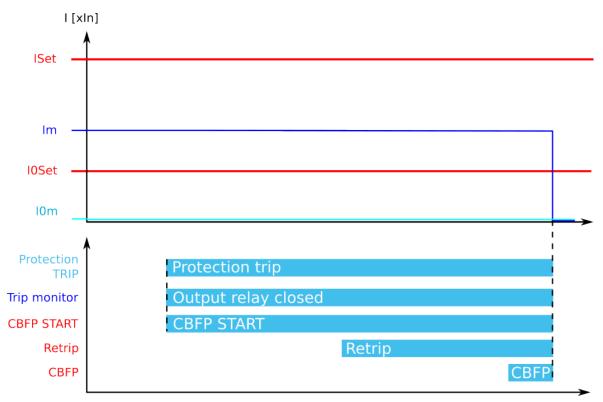
When the current threshold setting of  $I_{set}$  and/or  $I_{set}$  is exceeded, the current-based protection is activated and the counters for RETRIP and CBFP start calculating the set operating time. The tripping of the primary protection stage is not monitored in this configuration. Therefore, if the current is not reduced below the setting limit, a RETRIP signal is sent to the redundant trip coil. If the current is not reduced within the set time limit, the function also sends a CBFP signal to the incomer breaker. If the primary protection function clears the fault, both counters (RETRIP and CBFP) are reset as soon as the measured current is below the threshold settings.





When the current threshold setting of *I<sub>set</sub>* and/or *I0<sub>set</sub>* is exceeded, the current-based protection is activated. At the same time, the counters for RETRIP and CBFP are halted until the monitored output contact is controlled (that is, until the primary protection operates). When the tripping signal reaches the primary protection stage, the RETRIP and CBFP counters start calculating the set operating time. The tripping of the primary protection stage is constantly monitored in this configuration. If the current is not reduced below the setting limit or the primary stage tripping signal is not reset, a RETRIP signal is sent to the redundant trip coil. If the retripping fails and the current is not reduced below the setting limit or the primary protection function clears the fault, both counters (RETRIP and CBFP) are reset as soon as the measured current is below the threshold settings or the tripping signal is reset. This configuration allows the CBFP to be controlled with current-based functions alone, and other function trips can be excluded from the CBFP functionality.

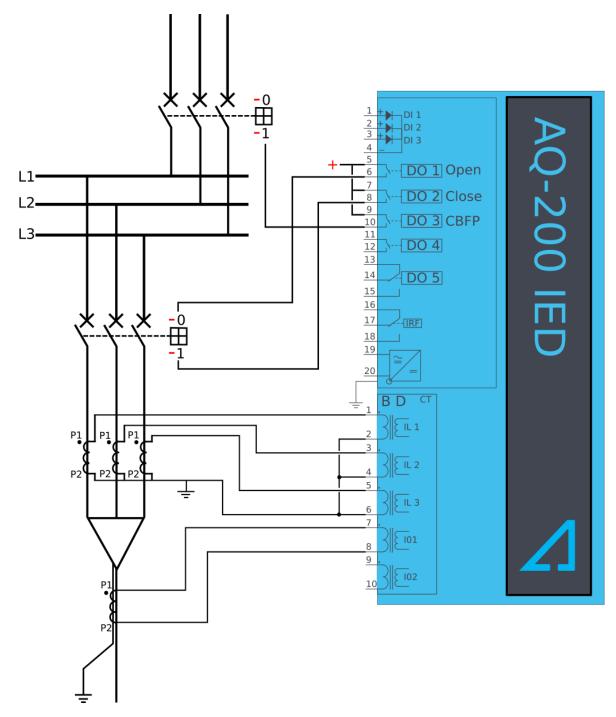




When the current threshold setting of *I<sub>set</sub>* and/or *I0<sub>set</sub>* is exceeded, or the TRIP signal reaches the primary protection stage, the function starts counting down towards the RETRIP and CBFP signals. The tripping of the primary protection stage is constantly monitored in this configuration regardless of the current's status. The pick-up of the CBFP is active unless the current is reduced below the setting limit and the primary stage tripping signal is reset. If either of these conditions is met (i.e. the current is above the limit or the signal is active) for the duration of the set RETRIP time delay, a RETRIP signal is sent to the redundant trip coil. If either of the conditions is active for the duration of the set CBFP time delay, a CBFP signal is sent to the incomer breaker. If the primary protection function clears the fault, both counters (RETRIP and CBFP) are reset as soon as the measured current is below the threshold settings and the tripping signal is reset. This configuration allows the CBFP to be controlled with current-based functions alone, with added security from current monitoring. Other function trips can also be included in the CBFP functionality.

# Trip and CBFP in the device configuration

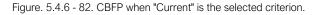
Figure. 5.4.6 - 81. Wiring diagram when Trip and CBFP are configured to the device.

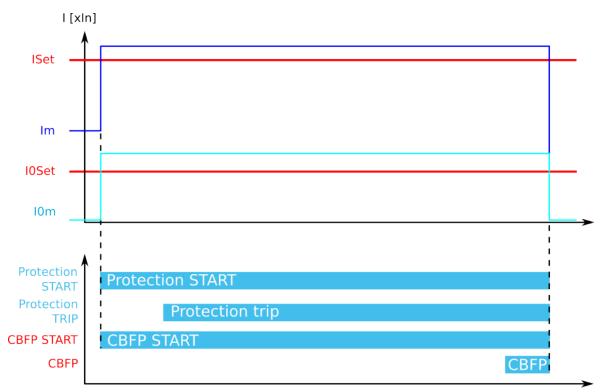


Probably the most common application is when the device's trip output controls the circuit breaker trip coil, while one dedicated CBFP contact controls the CBFP function. Below are a few operational cases regarding the various applications and settings of the CBFP function.

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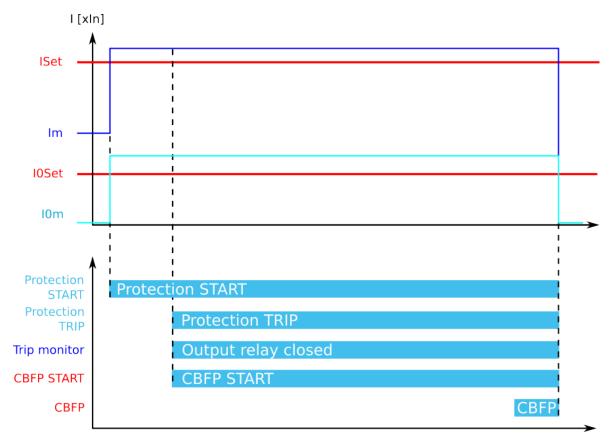
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When the current threshold setting of *l<sub>set</sub>* and/or *l0<sub>set</sub>* is exceeded, the current-based protection is activated and the counter for CBFP starts calculating the set operating time. The tripping of the primary protection stage is not monitored in this configuration. Therefore, if the current is not reduced below the setting limit, a CBFP signal is sent to the incomer breaker. If the primary protection function clears the fault, the counter for CBFP resets as soon as the measured current is below the threshold settings.

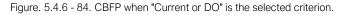


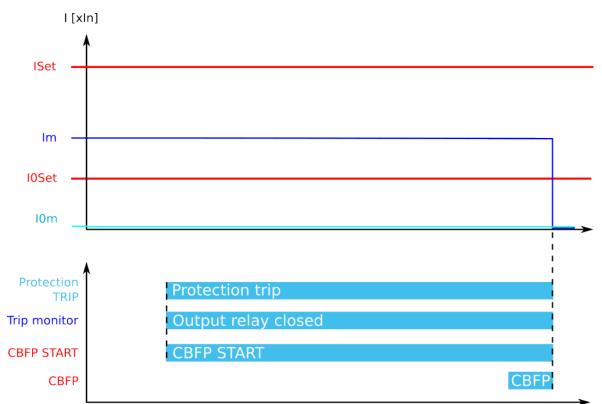


When the current threshold setting of *I<sub>set</sub>* and/or *IO<sub>set</sub>* is exceeded, the current-based protection is activated. At the same time, the counter for CBFP is halted until the monitored output contact is controlled (that is, until the primary protection operates). When the tripping signal reaches the primary protection stage, the CBFP counter starts calculating the set operating time. The tripping of the primary protection stage is constantly monitored in this configuration. If the current is not reduced below the setting limit or the primary stage tripping signal is not reset, a CBFP signal is sent to the incomer breaker. The time delay counter for CBFP is reset as soon as the measured current is below the threshold settings or the tripping signal is reset. This configuration allows the CBFP to be controlled by current-based functions alone, and other function trips can be excluded from the CBFP functionality.

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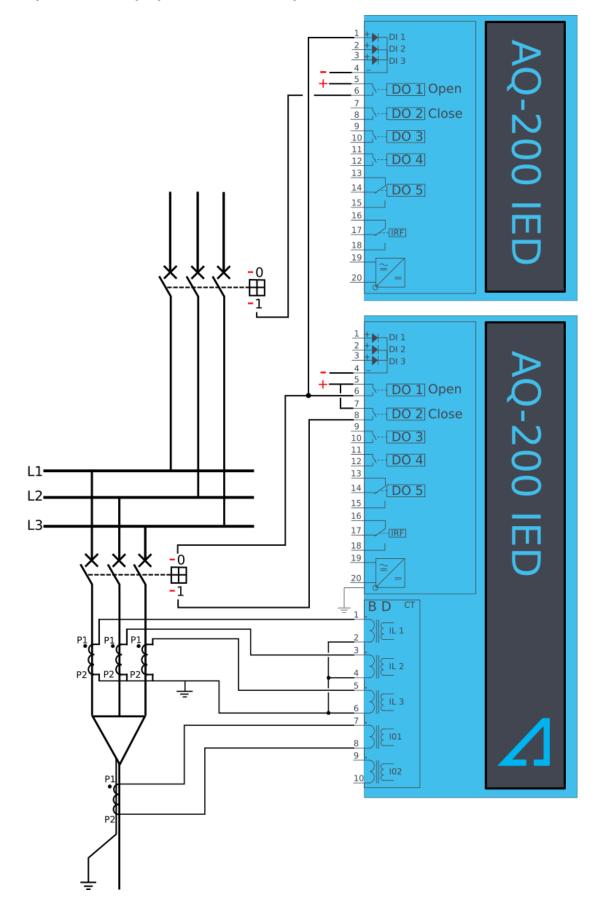




When the current threshold setting of *I<sub>set</sub>* and/or *IO<sub>set</sub>* is exceeded, or the TRIP signal reaches the primary protection stage, the function starts counting down towards the CBFP signal. The tripping of the primary protection stage is constantly monitored in this configuration regardless of the current's status. The pick-up of the CBFP is active unless the current is reduced below the setting limit and the primary stage tripping signal is reset. If either of these conditions is met (i.e. the current is above the limit or the signal is active) for the duration of the set CBFP time delay, a CBFP signal is sent to the incomer breaker. The time delay counter for CBFP is reset as soon as the measured current is below the threshold settings and the tripping signal is reset. This configuration allows the CBFP to be controlled by current-based functions alone, with added security from current monitoring. Other function trips can also be included to the CBFP functionality.

Device configuration as a dedicated CBFP unit

Figure. 5.4.6 - 85. Wiring diagram when the device is configured as a dedicated CBFP unit.



Some applications require a dedicated circuit breaker protection unit. When the CBFP function is configured to operate with a digital input signal, it can be used in these applications. When a device is used for this purpose, the tripping signal is wired to the device's digital input and the device's own TRIP signal is used only for the CBFP purpose. In this application's incomer the RETRIP and CBFP signals are also available with different sets of requirements. The RETRIP signal can be used for tripping the section's feeder breaker and the CBFP signal for tripping the incomer. The following example does not use retripping and the CBFP signal is used as the incomer trip from the outgoing breaker trip signal. The TRIP signal can also be transported between different devices by using GOOSE messages.

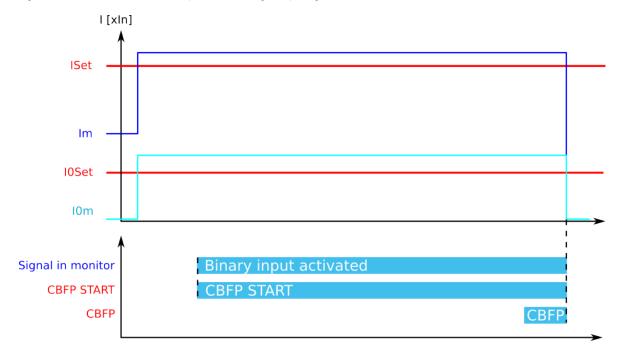


Figure. 5.4.6 - 86. Dedicated CBFP operation from digital input signal.

In this mode the CBFP operates only from a digital input signal. Both current and output relay monitoring can be used. The counter for the CBFP signal begins when the digital input is activated. If the counter is active until the CBFP counter is used, the device issues a CBFP command to the incomer breaker. In this application the device tripping signals from all outgoing feeders can be connected to one, dedicated CBFP device which operates either on current-based protection or on all possible faults' CBFP protection.

#### Events and registers

The circuit breaker failure protection function (abbreviated "CBF" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in RETRIP, in CBFP-activated and CBFP-blocked signals, as well as in internal pick-up comparators. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Event block name | Event names |
|------------------|-------------|
| CBF1             | Start ON    |
| CBF1             | Start OFF   |
| CBF1             | Retrip ON   |
| CBF1             | Retrip OFF  |

Table. 5.4.6 - 64. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event names       |
|------------------|-------------------|
| CBF1             | CBFP ON           |
| CBF1             | CBFP OFF          |
| CBF1             | Block ON          |
| CBF1             | Block OFF         |
| CBF1             | DO monitor ON     |
| CBF1             | DO monitor OFF    |
| CBF1             | Signal ON         |
| CBF1             | Signal OFF        |
| CBF1             | Phase current ON  |
| CBF1             | Phase current OFF |
| CBF1             | Res current ON    |
| CBF1             | Res current OFF   |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for ACTIVATED, BLOCKED, etc. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.4.6 - 65. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Max<br>phase<br>current     | Residual current                                      | Time to RETR                        | Time to CBFP                      | Used SG                       |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | Highest<br>phase<br>current | I01, I02 channel or<br>calculated residual<br>current | Time remaining to retrip activation | Time remaining to CBFP activation | Setting<br>group 18<br>active |

# 5.4.7 Low-impedance or high-impedance restricted earth fault/ cable end differential protection (I0d>; 87N)

The low-impedance or high-impedance restricted earth fault function is used for residual differential current measurement for transformers. This function can also be used as the cable end differential function. The operating principle is low-impedance differential protection with bias characteristics the user can set. A differential current is calculated with the sum of the phase currents and the selected residual current input. In cable end differential mode the function provides natural measurement unbalance compensation for higher operating sensitivity in monitoring cable end faults.

The restricted earth fault function constantly monitors phase currents and selected residual current instant values as well as calculated bias current and differential current magnitudes.

The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source. The operating mode of the function can be changed via setting group selection.

The operational logic consists of the following:

• input magnitude selection

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- input magnitude processing
- differential characteristic comparator
- block signal check
- output processing.

The inputs for the function are the following:

- setting parameters
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are TRIP and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the two (2) output signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the REF, TRIP and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the restricted earth fault function.

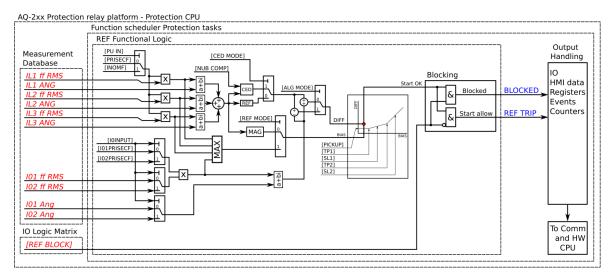


Figure. 5.4.7 - 87. Simplified function block diagram of the I0d> function.

#### Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values. It uses the RMS magnitude of the current measurement inputs. Both calculated residual currents and measured residual currents are always used. The user can select inputs I01 or I02 for residual current measurement.

Please note that when the function is in cable end differential mode, the difference is only calculated when the measured I0 current is available.

Table. 5.4.7 - 66. Measurement inputs of the I0d> function.

| Signal  | Description                             | Time base |
|---------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|
| IL1RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L1 (A) current | 5ms       |
| IL2RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L2 (B) current | 5ms       |
| IL3RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L3 (C) current | 5ms       |
| I01RMS  | RMS measurement of residual input I01   | 5ms       |
| I02RMS  | RMS measurement of residual input I02   | 5ms       |
| IL1Ang  | Angle of phase L1 (A) current           | 5ms       |
| IL2 Ang | Angle of phase L2 (B) current           | 5ms       |

| Signal  | Description                   | Time base |
|---------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| IL3 Ang | Angle of phase L3 (C) current | 5ms       |
| I01 Ang | Angle of residual input I01   | 5ms       |
| I02 Ang | Angle of residual input I02   | 5ms       |

The selection of the used AI channel is made with a setting parameter.

# General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

Table. 5.4.7 - 67. General settings.

| Name                                                         | Range                                    | Default      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I0d> force status to                                         | 0:<br>Normal<br>1: Trip<br>2:<br>Blocked | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu.                                                                                                                                           |
| Restricted earth fault<br>(REF) or Cable End<br>Differential | 0: REF<br>1: CED                         | 0: REF       | Selection of the operating characteristics. If REF is selected, the function operates with normal accuracies. If CED is selected, the natural unbalance created by the phase current CT:s can be compensated for more sensitive operation. The default setting is REF. |
| Compenstate natural unbalance                                | 0:-<br>1:<br>Comp                        | -            | When activated while the line is energized, the currently present calculated residual current is compensated to 0. This compensation only has an effect in the CED mode.                                                                                               |

# Operating characteristics

The current-dependent pick-up and activation of the function are controlled by setting parameters, which define the current calculating method used as well as the operating characteristics.

|        |       | ~~    | B1 1              |
|--------|-------|-------|-------------------|
| lable. | 5.4.7 | - 68. | Pick-up settings. |

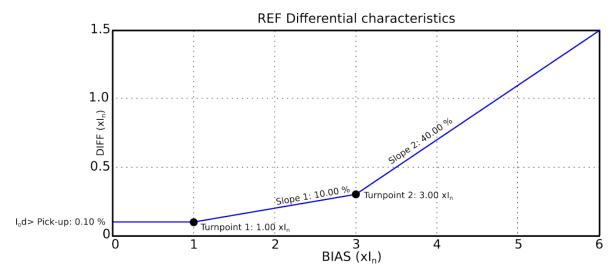
| Name                           | Range                                                                             | Step                | Default                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10 Input                       | 0: I01<br>1: I02                                                                  | -                   | 0: 101                    | Selection of the used residual current measurement input.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| I0<br>Direction                | 0: Add<br>1: Subtract                                                             | -                   | 0: Add                    | Differential current calculation mode. This matches the directions of the calculated and measured residual currents to the application. The default setting (0: Add) means that I0Calc + I01 or I0Calc + I02 in a through fault yields no differential current.             |
| Bias<br>current<br>calculation | 0: Residual<br>current (3I0 +<br>I0Calc)/2<br>1: Maximum<br>(Phase and I0<br>max) | -                   | 0:<br>Residual<br>current | Selection of the bias current calculation. Differential characteristics<br>biasing can use either the calculated residual current averages or the<br>maximum of all measured currents. The residual current mode is more<br>sensitive while the maximum current is coarser. |
| I0d> pick-<br>up               | 0.0150.00%<br>(of I <sub>n</sub> )                                                | 0.01%               | 10%                       | Setting for basic sensitivity of the differential characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Turnpoint<br>1                 | 0.0150.00×I <sub>n</sub>                                                          | 0.01×I <sub>n</sub> | 1.00×I <sub>n</sub>       | Setting for first turn point in the bias axe of the differential characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Slope 1                        | 0.01150.00%                                                                       | 0.01%               | 10.00%                    | Setting for the first slope of the differential characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Turnpoint<br>2                 | 0.0150.00×I <sub>n</sub>                                                          | 0.01×I <sub>n</sub> | 3.00×I <sub>n</sub>       | Setting for second turn point in the bias axe of the differential characteristics.                                                                                                                                                                                          |

| Name    | Range       | Step  | Default | Description                                                       |
|---------|-------------|-------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Slope 2 | 0.01250.00% | 0.01% | 40.00%  | Setting for the second slope of the differential characteristics. |

The pick-up settings can be selected via setting groups. The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the TRIP signal generation of the function. The TRIP signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

The following figure presents the differential characteristics with default settings.

Figure. 5.4.7 - 88. Differential characteristics for the I0d> function with default settings.



The equations for the differential characteristics are the following:

Figure. 5.4.7 - 89. Differential current (the calculation is based on user-selected inputs and direction).

 $I_{Diff+I01} = (\overline{IL1} + \overline{IL2} + \overline{IL3}) + \overline{I01}$  $I_{Diff-I01} = (\overline{IL1} + \overline{IL2} + \overline{IL3}) - \overline{I01}$  $I_{Diff+I02} = (\overline{IL1} + \overline{IL2} + \overline{IL3}) + \overline{I02}$  $I_{Diff-I02} = (\overline{IL1} + \overline{IL2} + \overline{IL3}) - \overline{I02}$ 

Figure. 5.4.7 - 90. Bias current (the calculation is based on the user-selected mode).

$$I_{Bias\ average\ I01} = \frac{\left|\overline{IL1} + \overline{IL2} + \overline{IL3}\right| + \left|\overline{I01}\right|}{2}$$
$$I_{Bias\ average\ I02} = \frac{\left|\overline{IL1} + \overline{IL2} + \overline{IL3}\right| + \left|\overline{I02}\right|}{2}$$
$$I_{Bias\ max\ I01} = MAX(\left|IL1\right|, \left|IL2\right|, \left|IL3\right|, \left|I01\right|)$$
$$I_{Bias\ max\ I01} = MAX(\left|IL1\right|, \left|IL2\right|, \left|IL3\right|, \left|I02\right|)$$

Figure. 5.4.7 - 91. Characteristics settings.

$$Diff_{bias < TP1} = I0_{d > pick-up}$$
$$Diff_{biasTP1...TP2} = SL1 \times (Ix - TP1) + I0_{d > pick-up}$$
$$Diff_{bias>TP2} = SL2 \times (Ix - TP2) + SL1 \times (TP2 - TP1) + I0_{d > pick-up}$$

# Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

Table. 5.4.7 - 69. Information displayed by the function.

| Name           | Range                              | Description                                     |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| 10d> condition | 0: Normal<br>1: Trip<br>2: Blocked | Displays the status of the protection function. |

# Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a TRIP signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the TRIP function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and processes the release time characteristics similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

The following figures present some typical applications for this function.

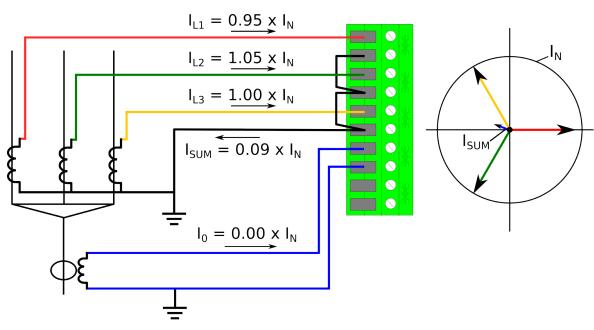
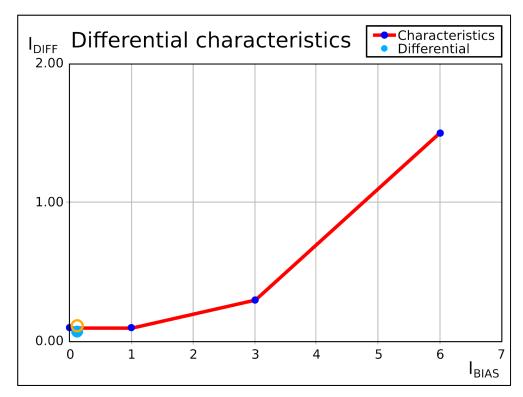
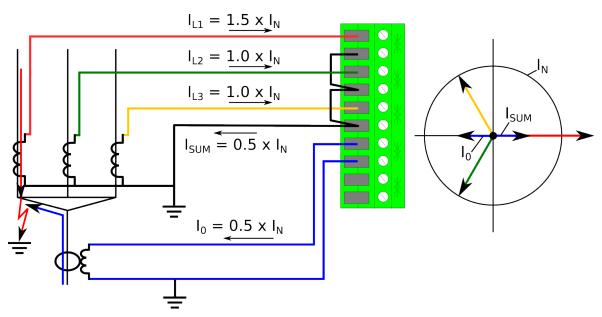


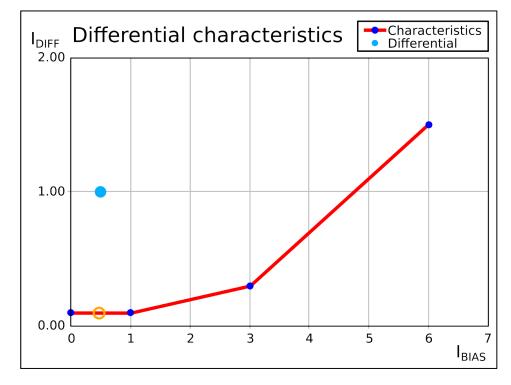
Figure. 5.4.7 - 92. Cable end differential with natural unbalance in the phase current measurement.



When calculating residual current from the phase currents, the natural unbalance can be around 10 % while the used CTs are still within the promised 5P class (which is probably the most common CT accuracy class). When the current natural unbalance is compensated in this situation, the differential settings may be set to be more sensitive and the natural unbalance does not, therefore, affect the calculation.



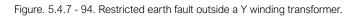


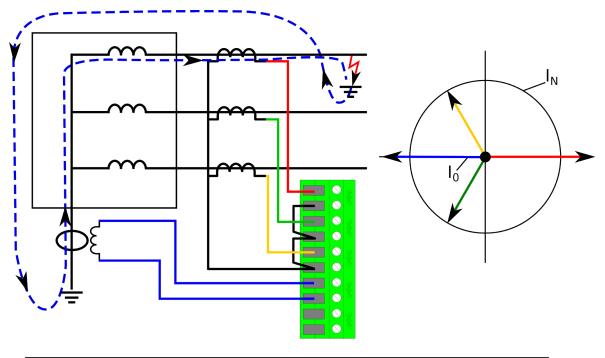


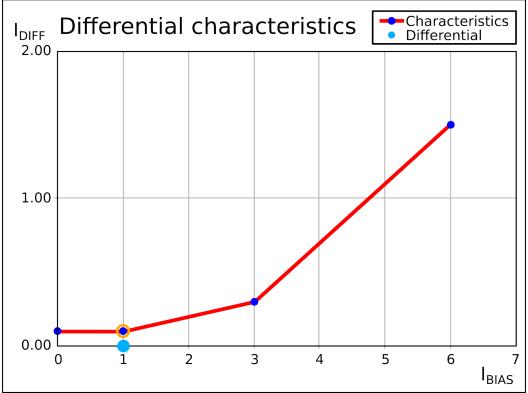
If a starting fault occurs in the cable end, the CED mode catches the difference between the ingoing and the outgoing residual currents. The resulting signal can be used for alarming or tripping purposes for the feeder with the failing cable end. The user can freely change both the settings and the sensitivity of the algorithm.

Restricted earth fault protection is usually used in the Y winding of a power transformer. This function is needed to prevent the main differential protection from being tripped by faults occurring outside the protection area; in some cases, the function has to be disabled or its sensitivity limited to catch earth faults inside the protection area. For this purpose, the restricted earth fault function is stable since it only monitors the side it is wired to, and compares the calculated and measured residual currents. During an outside earth fault the circulating residual current in the faulty phase winding does not cause a trip because the comparison of the measured starpoint current and the calculated residual current differential is close to zero.

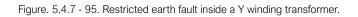


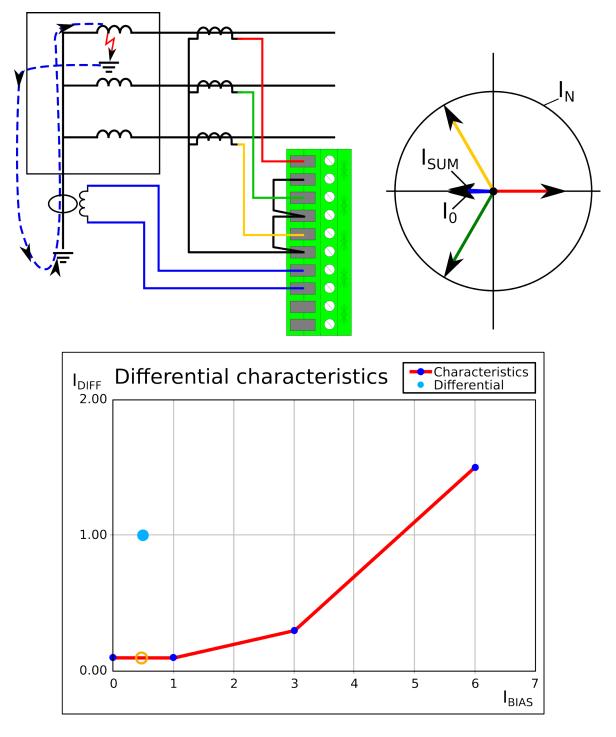






If the fault is located inside of the transformer and thus inside of the protection area, the function catches the fault with high sensitivity. Since the measured residual current now flows in the opposite direction than in the outside fault situation, the measured differential current is high.





# Events and registers

The restricted earth fault function (abbreviated "REF" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in TRIP-activated and BLOCKED signals. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

Table. 5.4.7 - 70. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event names          |
|------------------|----------------------|
| REF1             | 10d> (87N) Trip ON   |
| REF1             | I0d> (87N) Trip OFF  |
| REF1             | I0d> (87N) Block ON  |
| REF1             | I0d> (87N) Block OFF |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for ACTIVATED, BLOCKED, etc. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

| Table. 5.4.7 - 71. | Register content. |
|--------------------|-------------------|
|                    |                   |

| Date and time              | Event         | Trigger<br>currents                                   | Maximum trigger currents                                       | Residual currents | Used SG                    |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | Biascurrent<br>Diffcurrent<br>Characteristics<br>diff | Biascurrent max<br>Diffcurrent max<br>Characteristics diff max | I0Calc<br>I0 meas | Setting group 18<br>active |

# 5.4.8 Line thermal overload protection (TF>; 49F)

The line thermal overload function is used for the thermal capacity monitoring and protection of cables and overhead lines. This function can also be used for any single time constant application like inductor chokes, certain types of transformers and any other static units which do not have active cooling apart from the cables and overhead lines.

The function constantly monitors the instant values of phase TRMS currents (including harmonics up to 31<sup>st</sup>) and calculates the set thermal replica status in 5 ms cycles. The function includes a total memory function of the load current conditions according to IEC 60255-8.

The function is based on a thermal replica which represents the protected object's or cable's thermal loading in relation to the current going through the object. The thermal replica includes the calculated thermal capacity that the "memory" uses; it is an integral function which tells this function apart from a normal overcurrent function and its operating principle for overload protection applications.

The thermal image for the function is calculated according to the equation described below:

$$\theta_{t\%} = \left( \left( \theta_{t-1} - \left( \frac{I_{max}}{I_n \times k_{SF} \times k_{amb}} \right)^2 \times e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} \right) + \left( \frac{I_{max}}{I_n \times k_{SF} \times k_{amb}} \right)^2 \right) \times 100\%$$

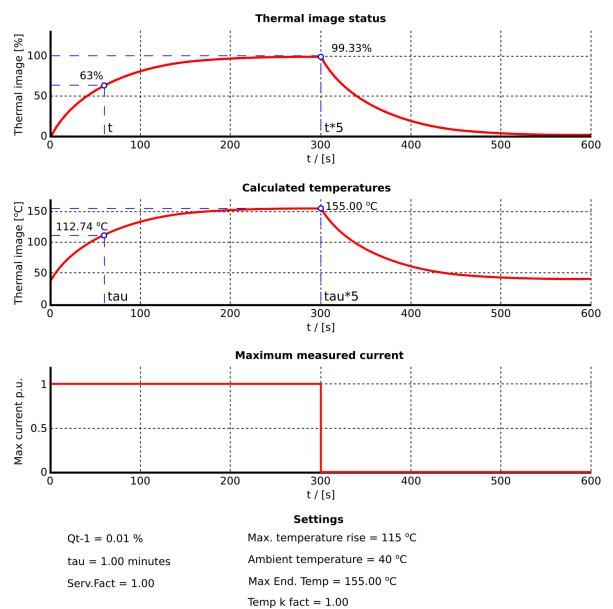
Where:

- $\theta_{t\%}$  = Thermal image status in percentages of the maximum thermal capacity available
- $\theta_{t-1}$  = Thermal image status in a previous calculation cycle (the memory of the function)
- Imax = Measured maximum of the three TRMS phase currents
- $I_n$  = Current for the 100 % thermal capacity to be used (the pick-up current in p.u.,  $t_{max}$  achieved in  $\tau x 5$ )
- k<sub>SF</sub> = Loading factor (service factor), the maximum allowed load current in p.u., dependent on the protected object or the cable/line installation
- k<sub>amb</sub> = Temperature correction factor, either from a linear approximation or from a settable ten-point thermal capacity curve

- e = Euler's number
- t = Calculation time step in seconds (0.005 s)
- τ = Thermal time constant of the protected object (in minutes)

The basic operating principle of the thermal replica is based on the nominal temperature rise, which is achieved when the protected object is loaded with a nominal load in a nominal ambient temperature. When the object is loaded with a nominal load for a time equal to its heating constant tau ( $\tau$ ), 63% of the nominal thermal capacity is used. When the loading continues until five times this given constant, the used thermal capacity approaches 100 % indefinitely but never exceeds it. With a single time constant model the cooling of the object follows this same behavior, the reverse of the heating when the current feeding is zero.





The described behavior is based on the assumption that the monitored object (whether a cable, a line or an electrical device) has a homogenous body which generates and dissipates heat with a rate proportional to the temperature rise caused by the current squared. This is usually the case with cables and other objects while the heat dissipation of overhead lines is dependent on the weather conditions. Weather conditions considering the prevailing conditions in the thermal replica are compensated with the ambient temperature coefficient which is constantly calculated and changing when using RTD sensor for the measurement. When the ambient temperature of the protected object is stable it can be set manually (e.g. underground cables).

The ambient temperature compensation takes into account the set minimum and maximum temperatures and the load capacity of the protected object as well as the measured or set ambient temperature. The calculated coefficient is a linear correction factor, as the following formula shows:

$$t_{amb} < t_{min} = k_{min}$$

$$t_{amb} < t_{ref} = \left(\frac{1 - k_{min}}{t_{ref} - t_{min}} \times (t_{amb} - t_{min})\right) + k_{min}$$

$$t_{amb} > t_{ref} = \left(\frac{k_{max} - 1}{t_{max} - t_{ref}} \times (t_{amb} - t_{ref})\right) + 1.0$$

 $t_{amb} > t_{max} = k_{max}$ 

Where:

- t<sub>amb</sub> = Measured (or set) ambient temperature (can be set in ℃ or in ℱ)
- $t_{max}$  = Maximum temperature (can be set in  $\mathcal{C}$  or in  $\mathcal{F}$ ) for the protected object
- k<sub>max</sub> = Ambient temperature correction factor for the maximum temperature
- $t_{min}$  = Minimum temperature (can be set in  $\mathcal{C}$  or in  $\mathcal{F}$ ) for the protected object
- k<sub>min</sub> = Ambient temperature correction factor for the minimum temperature
- t<sub>ref</sub> = Ambient temperature reference (can be set in °C or in °F, the temperature in which the manufacturer's temperature presumptions apply, the temperature correction factor is 1.0)

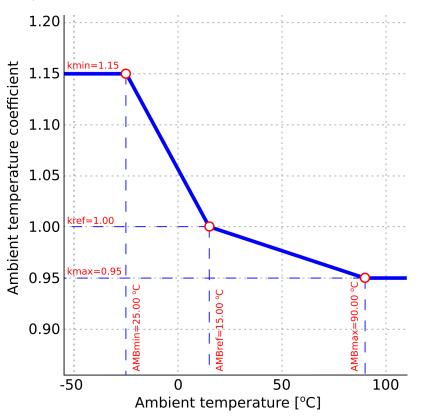


Figure. 5.4.8 - 97. Ambient temperature coefficient calculation (a three-point linear approximation and a settable correction curve).

As can be seen in the diagram above, the ambient temperature coefficient is relative to the nominal temperature reference. By default the temperature reference is +15 °C (underground cables) which gives the correction factor value of 1.00 for the thermal replica.

A settable thermal capacity curve uses the linear interpolation for ambient temperature correction with a maximum of ten (10) pairs of temperature–correction factor pairs.

Figure. 5.4.8 - 98. Example of the relationship between ground temperature and correction factor.

| Condu | uctor tempe | rature |      |      |      | Grour | nd temperat | ure, C° |      |      |      |      |
|-------|-------------|--------|------|------|------|-------|-------------|---------|------|------|------|------|
|       | C°          | -5     | 0    | 5    | 10   | 15    | 20          | 25      | 30   | 35   | 40   | 45   |
|       | 90          | 1.13   | 1.10 | 1.06 | 1.03 | 1.00  | 0.96        | 0.93    | 0.89 | 0.86 | 0.82 | 0.77 |

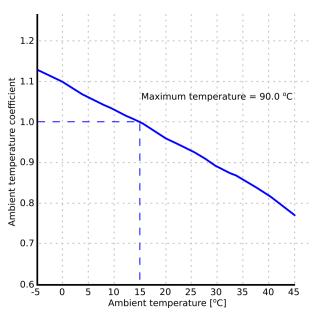
The temperature coefficient may be informed in a similar manner to the figure above in a datasheet provided by the manufacturer.

| rotection Settings INFO SETTINGS REGISTERS IG Ambient lin or curve |                                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ambient lin or curve                                               |                                    |
|                                                                    | Set Curve 💌 ***                    |
| Amb.Temp.ref1                                                      | 0 deg                              |
| Amb.Temp.k1                                                        | 1.1 xIn                            |
| Amb.Temp.ref2                                                      | 5 deg                              |
| Amb.Temp.k2                                                        | 1.06 xIn ***                       |
| Add curvepoint 3                                                   | Used 💌 👯                           |
| Amb.Temp.ref3                                                      | 10 deg **                          |
| Amb.Temp.k3                                                        | 1.03 xIn ***                       |
| Add curvepoint 4                                                   | Used •*                            |
| Amb.Temp.ref4                                                      | 15 deg **                          |
| Amb.Temp.k4                                                        | 1 xIn **                           |
|                                                                    |                                    |
| Amb.Temp.ref4                                                      | 15 deg ***<br>-60.0500.0 [1.0] *** |

Figure. 5.4.8 - 99. Settings of the function's ambient temperature coefficient curve.

The temperature and correction factor pairs are set to the function's settable curve.





The correction curve for ambient temperature is shown in the figure above. The reference temperature for underground cables is usually +15  $^{\circ}$ C which gives a correction factor of 1.00 (in this case also the nominal temerature). The curve does not need to use as all the available points. The minimum setting is two pairs, resulting in a straight line.

For cables the ambient temperature correction is just one correction factor. The ksF correction factor is used for non-changing corrections; its calculation is explained later in this manual. Calculating correction factors for a cable or overhead installation requires the consulting of the datasheet for the technical specifications of the used cable. This information is usually provided by the cable manufacturer. For example, cable data may be presented as in the figures below (an example from a Prysmian Group cable datasheet) which show the cable's temperature characteristics and voltage ratings (1st image) with different installations and copper or aluminum conductors (2nd and 3rd image).

Figure. 5.4.8 - 101. Example of a high-voltage cable datasheet.

| Sample Constructions<br>Rated voltages<br>$U_0/U = 38/66 kV$<br>$U_m = 72.5 kV$<br>$U_p = 325 kV$<br>Rated temperatures<br>• Maximum permissible temp. of<br>conductor in continuous use 90°C<br>• Maximum permissible temp. of<br>conductor in short-circuit 250°C | Single          | e cor | e, XL | PE-i | 6/66<br>nsula<br>er cal | ted  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|------|-------------------------|------|
| (for durations up to 5 sec.)<br>Standard IEC 60840                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | mm <sup>2</sup> | 300   | 500   | 800  | 1200                    | 1600 |

#### Continuous current-carrying capacities

| Conductor | Cables<br>laid | Conductor<br>temperature | Laying<br>formation | Screen<br>circuit |     |      |      |      |      |      |
|-----------|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
|           |                |                          | Flat                | Open              | А   | 43 5 | 575  | 750  | 910  | 1040 |
|           |                | 65°C                     |                     | Closed            | Α   | 415  | 525  | 640  | 710  | 750  |
|           | In             |                          | Trefoil             | Open              | Α   | 415  | 545  | 700  | 830  | 930  |
|           | ground         |                          |                     | Closed            | Α   | 410  | 535  | 680  | 790  | 87(  |
|           | of 15°C        |                          | Flat                | Open              | Α   | 515  | 680  | 890  | 1080 | 123  |
| Aluminium |                | 90°C                     |                     | Closed            | Α   | 490  | 625  | 770  | 860  | 920  |
|           |                |                          | Trefoil             | Open              | Α   | 490  | 645  | 830  | 990  | 1110 |
|           |                |                          |                     | Closed            | Α   | 48 5 | 635  | 805  | 945  | 104  |
|           |                |                          | Flat                | Open              | Α   | 685  | 930  | 1265 | 1555 | 181  |
|           | In air         | 90°C                     |                     | Closed            | Α   | 660  | 865  | 1105 | 1270 | 1390 |
| of 25°C   |                | Trefoil                  | Open                | Α                 | 605 | 820  | 1095 | 1335 | 153  |      |
|           |                |                          |                     | Closed            | Α   | 600  | 810  | 1085 | 1320 | 151  |
|           |                |                          | Flat                | Open              | Α   | 560  | 730  | 940  | 1200 | 139  |
|           |                | 65°C                     |                     | Closed            | Α   | 520  | 635  | 740  | 820  | 85   |
|           | In             |                          | Trefoil             | Open              | Α   | 535  | 685  | 860  | 1095 | 124  |
|           | ground         |                          |                     | Closed            | Α   | 525  | 670  | 820  | 1005 | 110  |
|           | of 15°C        |                          | Flat                | Open              | Α   | 660  | 865  | 1115 | 1415 | 164  |
| Copper    |                | 90°C                     |                     | Closed            | Α   | 620  | 765  | 900  | 1005 | 105  |
|           |                |                          | Trefoil             | Open              | Α   | 630  | 815  | 1025 | 1305 | 148  |
|           |                |                          |                     | Closed            | Α   | 620  | 795  | 980  | 1205 | 133  |
|           |                |                          | Flat                | Open              | Α   | 880  | 1185 | 1585 | 2040 | 242  |
|           | In air         | 90°C                     |                     | Closed            | Α   | 830  | 1065 | 1305 | 1505 | 162  |
|           | of 25°C        |                          | Trefoil             | Open              | Α   | 775  | 1035 | 1355 | 1765 | 206  |
|           |                |                          |                     | Closed            | A   | 770  | 1025 | 1340 | 1685 | 194  |

| Maximum permissible short-circuit currents for short-circuit duration of one second |    |      |      |       |       |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Aluminium conductor                                                                 | kA | 28.3 | 47.2 | 75.6  | 113.4 | 151.2 |
| Copper conductor                                                                    | kA | 42.8 | 71.4 | 114.2 | 171.4 | 228.5 |

The datasheet shows the currents which in a combination with a specific installation and a specific construction method achieve a specific conductor temperature in give standard conditions (e.g. a copper conductor reaches a temperature of 90 °C when, for example, it has a continuous current-carrying capacity of 815 A, an open screen circuit, and is laid in a trefoil formation in soil whose temperature is 15 °C).

The most important parameters for setting a working thermal image are the cable's current and the installation place. In addition to the above-mentioned current-carrying capacity table, the manufacturer should also provide data to allow for fine-tuning the thermal image. Equally important to the ampere–temperature values are the presumptive conditions under which the given continuous current-carrying capacity values can be expected to apply. The following figure is an example of these general presumption as presented in a Prysmian Group cable datasheet.

| Eiguro $5/10$ 100 Con    | oral procumptions of high voltage ephlos  |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| FIGULE, 0.4.0 - 102, GEL | eral presumptions of high-voltage cables. |
|                          |                                           |

| Continuous<br>current-<br>carrying<br>capacity | A separate group of three single core cab<br>be continuously loaded according to the t<br>on pages 8 to 14 if the presumptions belo<br>fulfilled. Correction factors for other instal<br>are given in tables 1-7.<br>The current-carrying capacities are calcul<br>accordance with the IEC Publication 6028<br>under the presumptions given below. | ables<br>w are<br>lations<br>ated in |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|                                                | Presumptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                      |
|                                                | One three-phase group of single core ca                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ables                                |
|                                                | Maximum permissible temperature of in                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                      |
|                                                | conductor in continuous use:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                      |
|                                                | XLPE insulated cables 90°C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                      |
|                                                | Ambient air temperature 25°C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                      |
|                                                | • Ground temperature 15°C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                      |
|                                                | • Depth of laying of cables 1.0 m                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                      |
|                                                | Distance between single core cables:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                      |
|                                                | <ul> <li>in case of flat formation = one cable d</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                      |
|                                                | <ul> <li>in case of trefoil formation = cables to<br/>each other</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ucning                               |
|                                                | Thermal resistivity of soil 1.0 K m/W                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                      |
|                                                | <ul> <li>Cable in air = heat dissipation condition</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 5                                    |
|                                                | same as if cables in free air.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -                                    |
|                                                | • Open screen circuit in single core cable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                      |
|                                                | group = circuit of metal sheaths, concer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | tric                                 |
|                                                | conductors or metallic screens connected                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | d                                    |
|                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                      |

to each other and earthed at one point only = screens bonded at a single point. In addition, screen circuit is considered open when cross-bonded at equal interval.

 Closed screen circuit in single core cable group = circuit of metal sheaths, concentric conductors or metallic screens connected to each other at both ends of the group and earthed at least at one end = screens bonded at both ends.

XLPE-insulated cables buried directly in ground XLPE-insulated cables can continuously be loaded to a conductor temperature of 90°C. In underground installations, if a cable in the ground is continuously operated at this highest rated conductor temperature, the thermal resistivity of the soil surrounding the cable may in the course of time increase from its original value as a result of the drying-out processes. As a consequence, the conductor temperature may greatly exceed the highest rated value.

Using single-point bonding or cross-bonding instead of both-end bonding results in considerable increase in current carrying capacity.

If the installation conditions vary from the presumed conditions manufacturers may give additional information on how to correct the the current-carrying capacity to match the changed conditions. Below is an example of the correction factors provided a manufacturer (Prysmian) for correcting the current-carrying capacity.

Figure. 5.4.8 - 103. Example of correction factors for the current-carrying capacity as given by a manufacturer.

| factors for the current-                                                                  | The following table<br>be applied to the cu<br>installation conditio<br>above.                                                                             | urrent-c                                 | arrying ca                                       | pacity wh                                        | en es<br>ns ca                              | timateo<br>rrying (                                 | d by multip<br>capacity v                                       | olying th<br>alue by                     | tions can t<br>ne continu<br>the corre<br>ables 1-7.             | ous cu<br>ction f                  | rrent                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Table 1.                                                                                  | Spacing between                                                                                                                                            |                                          |                                                  |                                                  | bers of gro                                 | oups of sir                                         | igle core cable                                                 | es beside (                              |                                                                  |                                    |                                        |
|                                                                                           | groups of cables, mm<br>0 (touching)<br>70<br>250<br>The values apply to groups<br>without or with spacing bet                                             |                                          |                                                  |                                                  | 0.1<br>0.1<br>0.1<br>r flat forma           |                                                     | 5<br>0.58<br>0.64<br>0.72                                       | 6<br>0.55<br>0.60<br>0.69                | 8<br>0.50<br>0.56<br>0.66                                        |                                    | 10<br>0.46<br>0.53<br>0.64             |
| Table 2.<br>Correction<br>factors for<br>different<br>thermal<br>resistivities<br>of soil | Thermal resistivity of soil<br>Correction factor<br>Examples of thermal resist<br>• dry sand (moisture conter<br>• dry gravel and clay                     | tivities of :                            | 0.7<br>1.10<br>soil:<br>3.0 K<br>1.5 K           |                                                  | • 56<br>• 56                                | 92<br>emi-dry gr<br>emi-dry ar                      | 1.5<br>0.85<br>avel and sand<br>id moist grave<br>and sand (moi | 1                                        | 2.5<br>0.69<br>content 10%                                       | 1.0                                | 3.0<br>0.63<br>( m/W<br>( m/W<br>( m/W |
| Table 3.<br>Correction<br>factors for<br>different<br>installation<br>depths in ground    | Depth of laying, m<br>Rating factor                                                                                                                        |                                          | 0.                                               | 50-0.70<br>1.05                                  | 0.71-0.<br>1.02                             |                                                     | 0.91-1.10                                                       | 1.                                       | 11-1.30<br>0.97                                                  | 1.31-<br>0.9                       |                                        |
| Table 4.<br>Correction<br>factors for<br>different ground<br>temperatures                 | Conductor temperature<br><u>C°</u> -<br><u>90</u> 1.<br>80 1.<br>70 1.<br>65 1.                                                                            | 13 1.<br>14 1.<br>17 1.                  | 10 1.06<br>11 1.07                               | 10<br>1.03<br>1.04<br>1.04<br>1.05               | Grour<br>15<br>1.00<br>1.00<br>1.00<br>1.00 | nd temper<br>20<br>0.96<br>0.96<br>0.95<br>0.95     | ature, C°<br>25<br>0.93<br>0.92<br>0.90<br>0.89                 | 30<br>0.89<br>0.88<br>0.85<br>0.84       | 35<br>0.86<br>0.83<br>0.80<br>0.77                               | 40<br>0.82<br>0.78<br>0.73<br>0.71 | 4<br>0.7<br>0.6<br>0.6                 |
| Table 5.<br>Correction<br>factors for<br>different cables<br>in unfilled<br>plastic pipes | Spacing between<br>the tubes, mm<br>0 (touching)<br>70<br>250<br>For parallel ducts with a gi<br>with the cables equally loa<br>on pages 8 to 14 for cable | ded the cur<br>s buried dir              | rent-carrying                                    | capacity indic                                   | 0.<br>0.<br>0.<br>and Th<br>ated aft        | 4<br>.60<br>.65<br>.70<br>e reductio<br>ter cable p |                                                                 | 6<br>0.55<br>0.60<br>0.65<br>arrying cap | 8<br>0.55<br>0.65<br>0.65<br>bacity can be a<br>terial thermally | ;<br>voided if                     | 10<br>0.50<br>0.65<br>the pi           |
|                                                                                           | by correction factors given                                                                                                                                | 1 above.                                 |                                                  |                                                  | lft                                         | factors in                                          | table 5 are us                                                  | ed, factors                              | s in table 1 are                                                 | e not app                          | licable                                |
| Table 6.<br>Correction                                                                    | Conductor temperature                                                                                                                                      |                                          | 0 15                                             | 20                                               |                                             |                                                     | temperature,                                                    |                                          | 45                                                               | 50                                 | _                                      |
| factors for<br>different ambient<br>air temperatures                                      | C°<br>90<br>80<br>70<br>65                                                                                                                                 | 1.<br>1.<br>1.                           | 0 15<br>12 1.08<br>14 1.09<br>18 1.12<br>20 1.14 | 1.06                                             | 25<br>1.00<br>1.00<br>1.00<br>1.00          | 30<br>0.95<br>0.95<br>0.93<br>0.93                  | 35<br>0.90<br>0.89<br>0.86<br>0.85                              | 40<br>0.85<br>0.84<br>0.79<br>0.77       | 45<br>0.80<br>0.77<br>0.71<br>0.68                               | 50<br>0.74<br>0.69<br>0.62<br>0.57 | 5<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>0.0                 |
| Table 7.<br>Correction<br>factors for                                                     | Type of laying                                                                                                                                             |                                          | Spacing = Or                                     | n flat formatione cable diamond<br>m the wall no | eter (d).                                   | 20 mm.                                              |                                                                 | vo cable di                              | ormation<br>iameters (2d).<br>I not less than                    | 20 mm.                             |                                        |
| different groups<br>of three single<br>core cables<br>laid in the air                     | Number of groups<br>On floor                                                                                                                               |                                          | 1 2<br>Correction<br>0.92 0.89                   |                                                  |                                             | 1<br>0 0                                            | 1 2<br>Correction<br>0.95 0.90                                  | factor                                   |                                                                  |                                    |                                        |
| This applies<br>only when<br>the cable<br>temperature<br>does not<br>affect the           | On metal trays<br>(restricted air<br>circulation)                                                                                                          | Number<br>of trays<br>1<br>2<br>3<br>6   | 0.92 0.89<br>0.87 0.84<br>0.84 0.82<br>0.82 0.80 | 0.88<br>0.83<br>0.81                             |                                             | 0.3 m<br>0.3 m                                      | 0.95 0.90<br>0.90 0.85<br>0.88 0.83<br>0.86 0.81                | 0.88                                     |                                                                  |                                    | m                                      |
| ambient air<br>temperature.                                                               | On metal ladders                                                                                                                                           | Number<br>of ladders<br>1<br>2<br>3<br>6 | 1.00 0.97<br>0.97 0.94<br>0.96 0.93<br>0.94 0.91 | 0.93<br>0.92                                     |                                             |                                                     | 1.00 0.98<br>1.00 0.95<br>1.00 0.94<br>1.00 0.93                | 0.96<br>0.93<br>0.92                     |                                                                  |                                    | m                                      |

| Arrangements where reduction<br>of current is not necessary        | The cooling of cables in<br>by increased spacing wi<br>the losses in metallic sc<br>will increase reducing th<br>capacity. Each case mus<br>separately. | ill get better while<br>creens and sheaths<br>he current-carrying |                                              |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|
| Systems placed on top<br>of each other<br>On structures or on wall | 1 2 3<br>Correction factor<br>0.94 0.91 0.89                                                                                                            |                                                                   | 1 2 3<br>Correction factor<br>0.89 0.86 0.84 |  |

To demonstrate the importance of the ksF (service factor, current-carrying capacity), let us calculate a cable installation with the correct k factor but without setting it to correct value.

First we read the initial data for the setup of the thermal image:

A 66 kV copper cable with a cross-section of 500 mm<sup>2</sup> is installed into ground. Its 1 s permissible short-circuit current is 71.4 kA and its insulation is XLPE. The cable's screen circuit is open and the laying formation is flat. Its current-carrying capacity is 575 A in 65 °C and 680 A in 90 °C. The reference temperature for ground installation is 15 °C.

Let us calculate an estimation of the time constant  $\tau$  based on the known one-second short-circuit current related to  $I_n$ . If the manufacturer has not provided the time constant, it can be estimated from the maximum permissable short-circuit current (usually a one second value). The function uses this same method to estimate the heating time constant.

$$\tau_{cable} = \frac{1 \text{ s}}{60 \text{ s}} \times \left(\frac{l_{1 \text{ s}}}{l_n}\right)^2 = \frac{1 \text{ s}}{60 \text{ s}} \times \left(\frac{71 \text{ 400 A}}{680 \text{ A}}\right)^2 = 183.75 \text{ min}$$

The rest of the settings are in the initial data text above:

- I<sub>n</sub> = 680 A
- T<sub>max</sub> = 90℃
- T<sub>amb</sub> = 15 ℃
- T<sub>ref</sub> = 15 ℃
- k<sub>SF</sub> = 1.0.

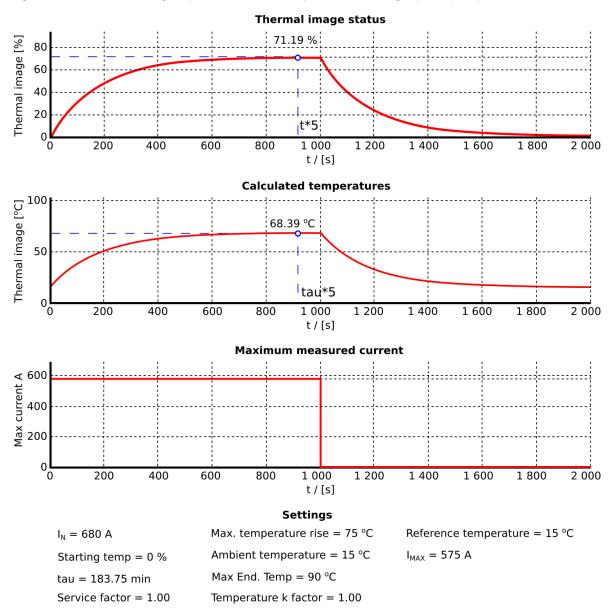
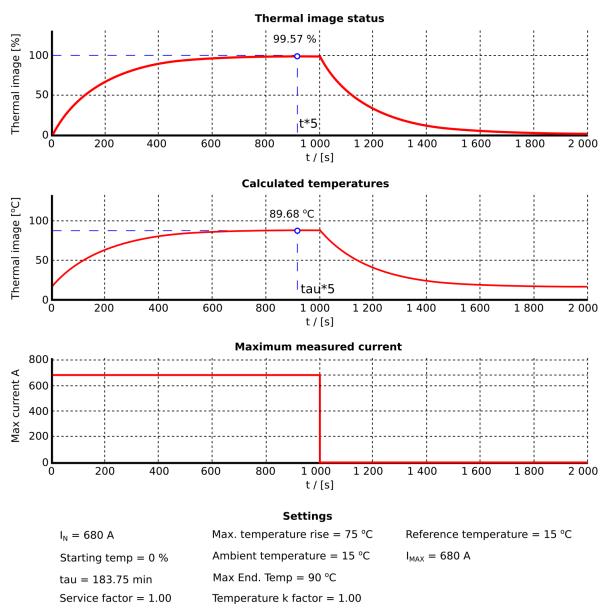


Figure. 5.4.8 - 104. Thermal image response with nominal load (installation according to presumptions).

As the results show, the end temperature of  $68.39 \,^{\circ}$  is reached when the cable is loaded with a stable current for time equalling five times the time constant  $\tau$ . This uses approximately 71 % of the thermal capacity. According to the datasheet, this current should set the temperature around 65  $^{\circ}$ C; therefore, the model overprotects by three degrees.





The maximum allowed load results in the end temperature of 89.68  $^{\circ}$ C which means that 99.57  $^{\circ}$  of the thermal capacity is used. This result matches the expectations of the thermal image perfectly. The user can now securely set the cable's overheating alarm.

When comparing the result to the fully-tuned model in the application, let us include all of the installation correction factors to the image.

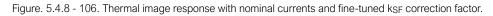
A 66 kV copper cable with a cross-section of 500 mm<sup>2</sup> is installed *with no adjacent cables (k=1)* into a *ground consisting of dry gravel and clay (k=0.85)* and *into the depth of 1.5 meters (k=0.95)*. The cable's 1 s permissible short-circuit current is 71.4 kA and its insulation is XLPE. The cable's screen circuit is open and the laying formation is flat. Its current-carrying capacity is 575 A in 65 °C and 680 A in 90 °C. The reference temperature for ground installation is 15 °C. The cable's thermal time constant is 183.8 min.

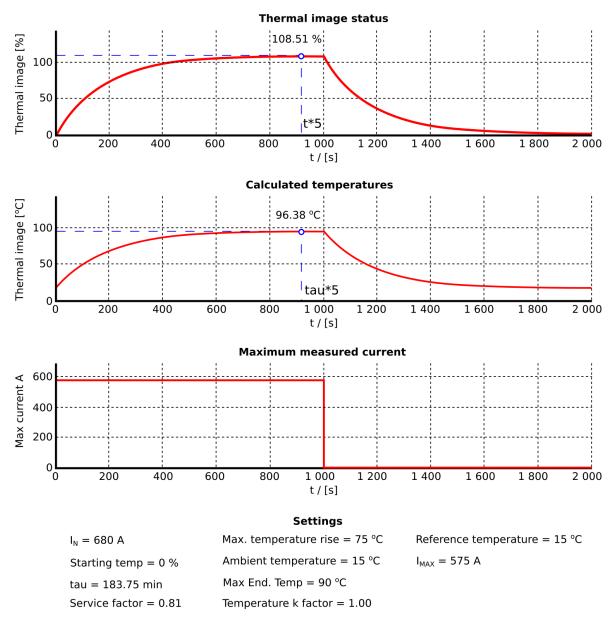
From this initial data one can calculate the k<sub>SF</sub> correction factor according to the following formula (k factor related information in italics):

$$k_{SF} = 1 \times 0.85 \times 0.95 = 0.81$$

Therefore, the settings are as follows:

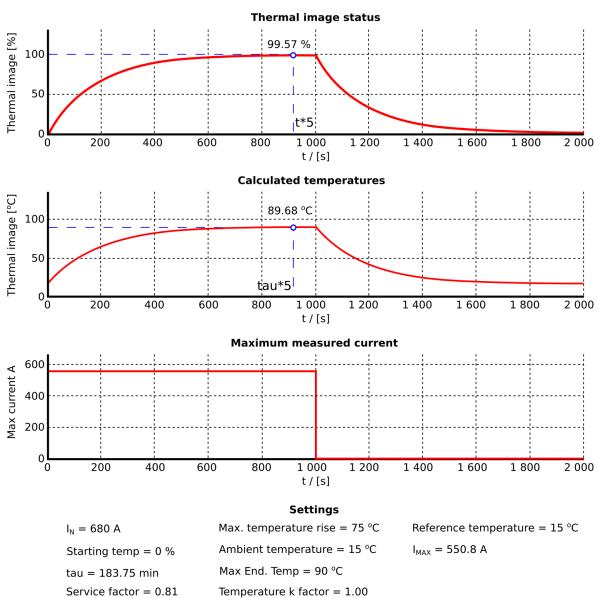
- I<sub>n</sub> = 680 A
- T<sub>max</sub> = 90 ℃
- T<sub>amb</sub> = 15 ℃
- T<sub>ref</sub> = 15 ℃
- τ = 183.8 min
- k<sub>SF</sub> = 0.81.





When trying to load the cable with the nominal current one can see the actual current-carrying capacity of the cable is much lower than in the presumptive conditions. A normal loading current can now warm up the cable too much and threaten its withstandability. If the  $k_{SF}$  had not been set, the thermal image would show a temperature of appr. 68 °C instead of the real temperature of 96 °C.





When the installation conditions vary from the presumptive conditions, the cable's current-carrying capacity can be reduced so that the temperature of 90  $^{\circ}$ C is achieved with a 550 A current instead of the 680 A current given in the initial data.

# Estimating trip time

#### Calculated effective nominal current:

 $I_N = k_{SF} \times tamb_{fact} \times I_{Nom}$ 

Where:

- I<sub>N</sub> = calculated effective nominal current
- ksF = the service factor
- kamb = the ambient temperature factor
- INom = the nominal current of the protected device

#### Calculated end heating:

 $\theta_{End} = (I_{meas}/I_N)^2$ 

#### Where:

- Imeas = the measured current
- I<sub>N</sub> = the calculated effective nominal current

#### Calculated time constant:

T=e(-0.005[s]×(Tc[min]×60)[s])

#### Where:

- e = Euler's number
- $\tau_c$  = the time constant set by the user
- 0.005s is the program cycle time

#### Calculated active thermal status:

 $\theta_{Calc} = ((\theta_{-1} - \theta_{End}) \times \tau) + \theta_{End}$ 

Where:

- $\theta_{-1}$  = previous cycle calculation result (integrating function needs the memory to operate)
- $\theta_{End}$  = the calculated end heating (dependent on the measured current)
- $\tau$  = the calculated time constant

The tripping time can be calculated based on these previous calculations according to the following formula (the result in seconds). With this base information the tripping time can be calculated with the formula above (in seconds) when replacing the  $\theta_{Calc}$  with the value of the thermal level which from the tripping time is wanted to be calculated (in per-unit value).

$$t_{est. trip} = l_{n} \left( \frac{I_{meas}^{2} - \left(k_{fact} \times tamb_{fact} \times \sqrt{\theta_{Calc}} \times I_{n}\right)^{2}}{\left(I_{meas}^{2} - I_{n}^{2}\right)} \right) \times \tau \times 60$$

#### Function inputs and outputs

The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The outputs of the function are the TRIP and BLOCKED signals. The overvoltage function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source. Additionally, the function's operating mode can be changed via the setting group selection.

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude processing
- thermal replica
- block signal check
- output processing.

The inputs for the function are the following:

- setting parameters
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's output signals can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the two (2) output signal. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the TRIP, ALARM 1, ALARM 2, INHIBIT and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the line thermal overload protection function.

Figure. 5.4.8 - 108. Simplified function block diagram of the TF> function.

| AQ-2xx Protection | relay platform - Protection CPU                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     |                              |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Measurement r     | Function scheduler Protection tasks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                     |                              |
| Database          | TOLF Functional Logic                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                     |                              |
|                   | THERMAL REPLICA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     | Output                       |
| IL1 ff TRMS       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     | Handling                     |
| IL2 ff TRMS       | $\rightarrow$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>IEASUREMENTS</b> | MEAS IO                      |
| IL3 ff TRMS       | $\theta_{\rm Cb} = \left( \left( \theta_{t-1} - \left( \frac{i_{MAX}}{I_N \times k_{\rm SF} \times \frac{i_{\rm max} - f_{\rm amb}}{I_{\rm max} - h^{\rm OC}} \right) \times e^{\frac{-1}{7}} \right) + \left( \frac{i_{MAX}}{I_N \times k_{\rm SF} \times \frac{i_{\rm max} - f_{\rm amb}}{I_{\rm max} - 40^{\rm OC}} \right) \times 100\%$ |                     | HMI data<br>ALARM1 Registers |
|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     | Events                       |
| AMB T RTD         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | t%                  | ALARM2 Counters              |
| L                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | - 11 - 1            |                              |
|                   | COMPARATOR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | -                   |                              |
|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     |                              |
|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     |                              |
|                   | (ENA_ALARM2)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                     |                              |
|                   | Blocking                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                     | TRIP >                       |
|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     |                              |
|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     |                              |
| IO Logic Matrix   | TRIPTIME Start OK                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | DELAY               | To Comm                      |
| [TOLF BLOCK]      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | ⊣┣╋╋┙╽              | and                          |
| L                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                     | HW CPU                       |
|                   | L                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ;                   | نــــــا نــــــا            |

#### Measured input

The function block uses analog phase current measurement values. The function block uses TRMS values from the whole harmonic specter of 32 components.

Table. 5.4.8 - 72. Measurement inputs of the TF> function.

| Signal   | Description                                        | Time base |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IL1 TRMS | TRMS measurement of phase L1 (A) current           | 5ms       |
| IL2 TRMS | TRMS measurement of phase L2 (B) current           | 5ms       |
| IL3 TRMS | TRMS measurement of phase L3 (C) current           | 5ms       |
| RTD      | Temperature measurement for the ambient correction | 5ms       |

Table. 5.4.8 - 73. General settings (not selectable under setting groups)

|  | Name     | Range                             | Default        | Description                                                                                               |
|--|----------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | TF> mode | 0:<br>Disabled<br>1:<br>Activated | 0:<br>Disabled | The selection of the function is activated or disabled in the configuration. By default it is not in use. |

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| Name                   | Range                                                                                                          | Default      | Description                                                                                                                      |  |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| TF> force<br>status to | 0:<br>Normal<br>1:<br>Blocked<br>2:<br>Alarm1<br>On<br>3:<br>Alarm2<br>On<br>4: Inhibit<br>On<br>5: Trip<br>On | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu.     |  |
| Temp C or<br>F deg     | 0: C<br>1: F                                                                                                   | 0: C         | The selection of whether the temperature values of the thermal image and RTD compensation are shown in Celsius or in Fahrenheit. |  |

Table. 5.4.8 - 74. Settings for thermal replica.

| Name                                                  | Range                    | Step                | Default                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IN thermal<br>cap<br>current                          | 0.1040.00xl <sub>n</sub> | 0.01xl <sub>n</sub> | 1.00xl <sub>n</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | The current for the 100 % thermal capacity to be used (the pick-up current in p.u., with $t_{max}$ achieved in time $\tau \times 5$ ).                                                                                                                       |
| Set or<br>Estimate<br>tau (t<br>const)                | 0: Set<br>1: Estimate    | -                   | 0: Set The selection of the time constant setting. If "Set" is selected, the Tau (t const) setting is available and the time constant to be used can be set there. If "Estimate" is selected, the cable's initial data parameters are visible. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Tau (t<br>const)                                      | 0.1500.0min              | 0.1min              | 10.0min                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | The time constant setting. This time constant is used for heating and cooling of the protected object. This setting is visible if the "Set" is selected for the "Set or Estimate tau" setting.                                                               |
| Max.<br>perm.<br>OC.<br>current<br>(norm<br>**ik**1s) | 11 000<br>000A           | 1A                  | 75 000A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | The maximum-rated short-circuit current of the protected object<br>(cable). Usually this value is presented as a one second value. This<br>setting is visible if "Estimate" is selected for the "Set or Estimate tau"<br>setting.                            |
| Max. OC.<br>time<br>(norm 1 s)                        | 0.15s                    | 0.1s                | 1.0s                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | The time of the maximum-rated short-circuit current of the protected object (usually 1 s). This setting is visible if "Estimate" is selected for the "Set or Estimate tau" setting.                                                                          |
| Nominal<br>current                                    | 11 000<br>000A           | 1A                  | 700AThe rated nominal current in the primary value of the protected ob<br>under nominal-rated conditions. This setting is visible if "Estimate"<br>selected for the "Set or Estimate tau" setting.                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Estimated<br>tau                                      | 01800min                 | 0.005min            | 191.3min<br>(from<br>defaults)                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | The estimated result which is used for the thermal replica's time constant. After the previous three required parameters are set the IED will calculate this value. This setting is visible if "Estimate" is selected for the "Set or Estimate tau" setting. |
| ksF<br>(service<br>factor)                            | 0.015.00                 | 0.01                | 1.00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | The service factor which corrects the value of the maximum allowed current according to installation and other conditions varying from the presumptive conditions.                                                                                           |
| Cold reset<br>default<br>theta                        | 0.0150.0%                | 0.1%                | 60.0%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | The thermal image status in the restart of the function/ IED. The value is given in percentages of the used thermal capacity of the protected object. It is also possible to reset the thermal element.                                                      |
|                                                       |                          |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | This parameter can be used when testing the function to manually set the current thermal cap to any value.                                                                                                                                                   |

| Table  | 548-7     | 5. Environmenta   | l settinas  |
|--------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|
| lable. | 5.4.0 - 7 | J. LINIOIIIIeilla | i settiings |

| Name                                                 | Range                          | Step                | Default              | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Object<br>max.<br>temp. (t <sub>max</sub><br>= 100%) | 0500deg                        | 1deg                | 90deg                | The maximum allowed temperature for the protected object. The default suits for Celsius range and for PEX-insulated cables.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Ambient<br>temp. sel.                                | 0: Manual set<br>1: RTD        | -                   | 0:<br>Manual<br>set  | The selection of whether fixed or measured ambient temperature is used for the thermal image biasing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| Man. amb.<br>temp. set.                              | 0500deg                        | 1deg                | 15deg                | The manual fixed ambient temperature setting for the thermal image biasing. Underground cables usually use 15 °C. This setting is visible if "Manual set" is selected for the "Ambient temp. sel." setting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| RTD amb.<br>temp.<br>read.                           | 0500deg                        | 1deg                | 15deg                | The RTD ambient temperature reading for the thermal image biasing.<br>This setting is visible if "RTD" is selected for the "Ambient temp. sel."<br>setting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Ambient<br>lin. or<br>curve                          | 0: Linear est.<br>1: Set curve | -                   | 0:<br>Linear<br>est. | The selection of how to correct the ambient temperature, either by internally calculated compensation based on end temperatures or by a user-settable curve. The default setting is "0: Linear est." which means the internally calculated correction for ambient temperature.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Temp.<br>reference<br>(t <sub>ref</sub> )            | -60500deg                      | 1deg                | 15deg                | The temperature reference setting. The manufacturer's temperature presumptions apply and the thermal correction factor is 1.00 (rated temperature). For underground cables the set value for this is usually 15 $^{\circ}$ C and for cables in the air it is usually 25 $^{\circ}$ C.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| k <sub>amb</sub> =1.0                                |                                |                     |                      | This setting is visible if "Ambient lin. or curve" is set to "Linear est."                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| Max.<br>ambient<br>temp.                             | 0500deg                        | 1deg                | 45deg                | The maximum ambient temperature setting. If the measured temperature is more than the maximum set temperature, the set correction factor for the maximum temperature is used. This setting is visible if "Ambient lin. or curve" is set to "Linear est."                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| k at max.<br>amb.<br>temp.                           | 0.015.00xl <sub>n</sub>        | 0.01xln             | 1.00xl <sub>n</sub>  | The temperature correction factor for the maximum ambient<br>temperature setting. This setting is visible if "Ambient lin. or curve" is se<br>to "Linear est."                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Min.<br>ambient<br>temp.                             | -60500deg                      | 1deg                | 0deg                 | The minimum ambient temperature setting. If the measured temperature<br>is below the minimum set temperature, the set correction factor for<br>minimum temperature is used. This setting is visible if "Ambient lin. or<br>curve" is set to "Linear est."                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| k at min.<br>amb.<br>temp.                           | 0.015.00xl <sub>n</sub>        | 0.01xl <sub>n</sub> | 1.00xl <sub>n</sub>  | The temperature correction factor for the minimum ambient temperatu setting. This setting is visible if "Ambient lin. or curve" is set to "Linear est."                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Amb.<br>temp. ref.<br>110                            | -50.0500.0deg                  | 0.1deg              | 15deg                | The temperature reference points for the user-settable ambient temperature coefficient curve. This setting is visible if "Ambient lin. or curve" is set to "Set curve".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Amb.<br>temp.<br>k1k10                               | 0.015.00                       | 1.00                | 0.01                 | The coefficient value for the temperature reference point. The coefficient and temperature reference points must be set as pairs. This setting is visible if "Ambient lin. or curve" is set to "Set curve".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Add<br>curvepoint<br>310                             | 0: Not used<br>1: Used         | -                   | 0: Not<br>used       | The selection of whether or not the curve temperature/coefficient pa<br>in use. The minimum number to be set for the temperature/coefficier<br>curve is two pairs and the maximum is ten pairs. If the measured<br>temperature is below the set minimum temperature reference or abo<br>the maximum set temperature reference, the used temperature<br>coefficient is the first or last value in the set curve. This setting is visi<br>if "Ambient lin. or curve" is set to "Set curve". |  |

# Operation characteristics

The operating characteristics of the machine thermal overload protection function are completely controlled by the thermal image. The thermal capacity value calculated from the thermal image can set the I/O controls with ALARM 1, ALARM 2, INHIBIT and TRIP signals.

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Table. 5.4.8 - 76. Pick-up settings.

| Name                             | Range                     | Step   | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Enable<br>TF><br>Alarm 1         | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled | -      | 0:<br>Disabled | Enabling/disabling the ALARM 1 signal and the I/O.                                                                                                                                          |  |
| TF><br>Alarm 1<br>level          | 0.0150.0%                 | 0.1%   | 40%            | ALARM 1 activation threshold.                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Enable<br>TF><br>Alarm 2         | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled | -      | 0:<br>Disabled | Enabling/disabling the ALARM 2 signal and the I/O.                                                                                                                                          |  |
| TF><br>Alarm 2<br>level          | 0.0150.0%                 | 0.1%   | 40%            | ALARM 2 activation threshold.                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Enable<br>TF><br>Rest<br>Inhibit | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled | -      | 0:<br>Disabled | bled Enabling/disabling the ALARM 1 signal and the I/O.                                                                                                                                     |  |
| TF><br>Inhibit<br>level          | 0.0150.0%                 | 0.1%   | 80%            | INHIBIT activation threshold.                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Enable<br>TF> Trip               | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled | -      | 0:<br>Disabled | Enabling/disabling the ALARM 1 signal and the I/O.                                                                                                                                          |  |
| TF> Trip<br>level                | 0.0150.0%                 | 0.1%   | 100%           | TRIP activation threshold.                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| TF> Trip<br>delay                | 0.0003600.000s            | 0.005s | 0.000s         | The trip signal's additional delay. This delay delays the trip signal generation by a set time. The default setting is 0.000 s which does not give an added time delay for the trip signal. |  |

The pick-up activation of the function is direct for all other signals except the TRIP signal which also has a blocking check before the signal is generated.

#### Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and processes the release time characteristics similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

# Measurements and indications

The function outputs measured process data from the following magnitudes:

Table. 5.4.8 - 77. General status codes.

| Name                    | Range                                                                                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| TF><br>Condition        | 0: Normal<br>1: Alarm 1<br>ON<br>2: Alarm 2<br>ON<br>3: Inhibit<br>ON<br>4: Trip ON<br>5: Blocked | The function's operating condition at the moment considering binary IO signal status. No outputs are controlled when the status is "Normal".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |  |
| Thermal<br>status       | 0: Light /<br>No load<br>1: High<br>overload<br>2:<br>Overloading<br>3: Load<br>normal            | The function's thermal image status. When the measured current is below 1 % of the nominal current, the status "Light/No load" is shown. When the measured current is below the trip limit, the status "Load normal" is shown. When the measured current is above the pick-up limit but below $2 \times I_n$ , the status "Overloading" is shown. When the measured current is above $2 \times I_n$ , the status "High overload" is shown. |  |  |
| TF><br>Setting<br>alarm | 0: SF<br>setting ok<br>1: Service<br>factor set<br>fault.<br>Override to<br>1.0                   | Indicates if SF setting has been set wrong and the actually used setting is 1.0. Visible only when there is a setting fault.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |  |
| TF><br>Setting<br>alarm | 0: Ambient<br>setting ok<br>1: Ambient<br>t set fault.<br>Override to<br>1.0                      | Indicates if ambient temperature settings have been set wrong and actually used setting is 1.0. Visible only when there is a setting fault.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| TF><br>Setting<br>alarm | 0: Nominal<br>current calc<br>ok<br>1: Nominal<br>current set<br>fault.<br>Override to<br>1.0     | Indicates if nominal current calculation is set wrong and actually used setting is 1.0. Visible only when there is a setting fault.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |  |
| TF><br>Setting<br>alarm | 0: Ambient<br>setting ok<br>1:<br>Inconsistent<br>setting of<br>ambient k                         | Indicates if ambient k setting has been set wrong. Visible only when there is a setting fault.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |  |

Table. 5.4.8 - 78. Measurements.

| Name     | Range                                         | Description/values                                                                               |  |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Currents | 0: Primary A<br>1: Secondary A<br>2: Per unit | The active phase current measurement from IL1 (A), IL2 (B) and IL3 (C) phases in given scalings. |  |

| Name             | Range                     | Description/values                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |  |
|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
|                  | 0: Thermal image<br>calc. | <ul> <li>TF&gt; Trip expect mode: No trip expected/Trip expected</li> <li>TF&gt; Time to 100 % theta: Time to reach the 100 % thermal cap</li> <li>TF&gt; Rreference T curr.: reference/pick-up value (IEQ)</li> <li>TF&gt; Active meas. curr.: the measured maximum TRMS current at a given moment</li> <li>TF&gt; T est. with act. curr.: estimation of the used thermal capacity including the current at a given moment</li> <li>TF&gt; T at a given moment: the thermal capacity used at that moment</li> </ul>                                |  |  |
| Thermal<br>image | 1: Temp. estimates        | <ul> <li>TF&gt; Used k for amb. temp: the ambient correction factor at a givenmoment</li> <li>TF&gt; Max. temp. rise all.: the maximum allowed temperature rise</li> <li>TF&gt; Temp. rise atm: the calculated temperature rise at a given moment</li> <li>TF&gt; Hot spot estimate: the estimated hot spot temperature including the ambient temperature</li> <li>TF&gt; Hot spot max. all.: the maximum allowed temperature for the object</li> </ul>                                                                                             |  |  |
|                  | 2: Timing status          | <ul> <li>TF&gt; Trip delay remaining: the time to reach 100% theta</li> <li>TF&gt; Trip time to rel.: the time to reach theta while staying below the trip limit during cooling</li> <li>TF&gt; Alarm 1 time to rel.: the time to reach theta while staying below the Alarm 1 limit during cooling</li> <li>TF&gt; Alarm 2 time to rel.: the time to reach theta while staying below the Alarm 2 limit during cooling</li> <li>TF&gt; Inhibit time to rel.: the time to reach theta while staying below the Alarm 2 limit during cooling</li> </ul> |  |  |

Table. 5.4.8 - 79. Counters.

| Name                                                                  | Description / values                                                      |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Alarm1 inits                                                          | ne number of times the function has activated the Alarm 1 output          |  |  |  |
| Alarm2 inits                                                          | he number of times the function has activated the Alarm 2 output          |  |  |  |
| Restart inhibits                                                      | The number of times the function has activated the Restart inhibit output |  |  |  |
| Trips                                                                 | The number of times the function has tripped                              |  |  |  |
| Trips Blocked The number of times the function trips has been blocked |                                                                           |  |  |  |

## Events and registers

The line thermal overload protection function (abbreviated "TOLF" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in TRIP and BLOCKED signals. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| T. I. I. | F 4 0   | 00  | E     |           |
|----------|---------|-----|-------|-----------|
| lable.   | 5.4.8 - | 80. | Event | messages. |

| Event block name | Event names |
|------------------|-------------|
| TOLF1            | Alarm1 ON   |
| TOLF1            | Alarm1 OFF  |
| TOLF1            | Alarm2 ON   |
| TOLF1            | Alarm2 OFF  |
| TOLF1            | Inhibit ON  |
| TOLF1            | Inhibit OFF |
| TOLF1            | Trip ON     |
| TOLF1            | Trip OFF    |
| TOLF1            | Block ON    |

| Event block name | Event names |
|------------------|-------------|
| TOLF1            | Block OFF   |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for TRIP or BLOCKED. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.4.8 - 81. Register content.

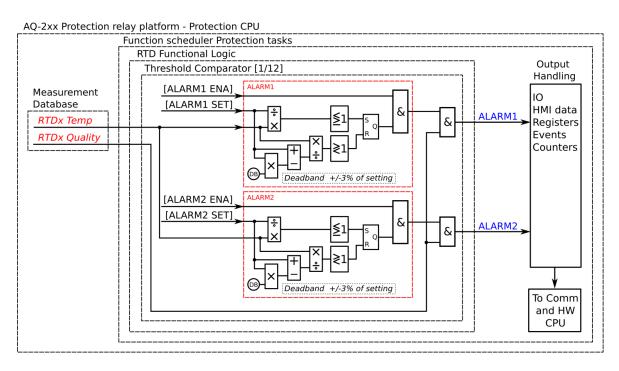
| Name                         | Description             |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Date and time                | dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss |
| Event                        | Event name              |
| Time to reach 100 % theta    | seconds                 |
| Ref. T current               | x In                    |
| Active meas. current         | x In                    |
| T at a given moment          | %                       |
| Max. temp. rise allowed      | degrees                 |
| Temp. rise at a given moment | degrees                 |
| Hot spot estimate            | degrees                 |
| Hot spot maximum allowed     | degrees                 |
| Trip delay rem.              | seconds                 |
| Used SG                      | Setting group 18 active |

# 5.4.9 Resistance temperature detectors (RTD)

Resistance temperature detectors (or RTDs) can be used to measure both temperatures of motors/ generators and ambient temperatures. Typically an RTD is a thermocouple or of type PT100. Up to three (3) separate RTD modules based on an external Modbus are supported; each can hold up to eight (8) measurement elements. Up to two (2) separate RTD option cards are supported by this function. Sixteen (16) individual element monitors can be set for this alarm function, and each of those can be set to alarm two (2) separate alarms from one selected input. The user can set alarms and measurements to be either in degrees Celsius or Fahrenheit.

The following figure shows the principal structure of the resistance temperature detection function.

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Setting up an RTD measurement, the user first needs to set the measurement module to scan the wanted RTD elements. A multitude of Modbus-based modules are supported. Communication requires bitrate, databits, parity, stopbits and Modbus I/O protocol to be set; this is done at *Communication*  $\rightarrow$  *Connections*. Once communication is set, the wanted channels are selected at *Communication*  $\rightarrow$  *Protocols*  $\rightarrow$  *ModbusIO*. Then the user selects the measurement module from the three (3) available modules (A, B and C), as well as the poll address. Additionally, both the module type and the polled channels need to be set. When using a thermocouple module, the thermo element type also needs to be set for each of the measurement channels. Once these settings are done the RTDs are ready for other functions.

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Figure. 5.4.9 - 109. RTD alarm setup.

| GeneratorModule       |                      |                  |  |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|
| T> [RTD1]             |                      |                  |  |
| INFO IO EVENTS        |                      |                  |  |
| RTD Settings          |                      |                  |  |
| RTD Sensor 1 settings |                      |                  |  |
| 51 enable             | Yes                  | <b>T</b>         |  |
| 51 Module             | ExtModuleA           | -                |  |
| 51 Channel            | Ch0                  | -                |  |
| 51 Deg C / Deg F      | Dea C                | -                |  |
| 51 Measurement(P)     | -200.02000.0 [0.1]   | 0 deg            |  |
| 51 Sensor             | Invalid Open Circuit | -                |  |
| 51 Enable Alarm1      | Enable               | -                |  |
| 51 Alarm1 > / <       | >                    | -                |  |
| S1 Alarm1             | -200.02000.0 [0.1]   | 0 deg            |  |
| 51 Enable Alarm2      | Enable               | -                |  |
| 51 Alarm2 > / <       | <                    | •                |  |
| 51 Alarm2             | -200.02000.0 [0.1]   | 0 <sub>deg</sub> |  |
|                       |                      |                  |  |

Function can be set to monitor the measurement data from previously set RTD channels. A single channel can be set to have several alarms if the user sets the channel to multiple sensor inputs. In each sensor setting the user can select the monitored module and channel, as well as the monitoring and alarm setting units (°C or °F). The alarms can be enabled, given a setting value (in degrees), and be set to trigger either above or below the setting value. There are sixteen (16) available sensor inputs in the function. An active alarm requires a valid channel measurement. It can be invalid if communication is not working or if a sensor is broken.

#### Settings

Table. 5.4.9 - 82. Function settings for Channel x (Sx).

| Name         | Range           | Step | Default | Description                                                      |
|--------------|-----------------|------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| S1S16 enable | 0: No<br>1: Yes | -    | 0: No   | Enables/disables the selecion of sensor measurements and alarms. |

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| Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Range                                                                                 | Step                                                    | Default                                                                                                                                                     | Description                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| S1S16 module                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 0: InternalRTD1<br>1: InternalRTD2<br>2: ExtModuleA<br>3: ExtModuleB<br>4: ExtModuleC | -                                                       | 0:<br>InternalRTD1                                                                                                                                          | Selects the measurement module. Internal RTD modules are option cards installed to the relay. External modules are Modbus based external devices.                       |
| S1S16 channel<br>S1S16 chan |                                                                                       | Selects the measurement channel in the selected module. |                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                         |
| S1S16 Deg C/Dec F                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 0: Deg C<br>1: Deg F                                                                  | -                                                       | 0: Deg C                                                                                                                                                    | Selects the measurement temperature scale (Celsius or Fahrenheit).                                                                                                      |
| S1S16 Measurement                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -                                                                                     | -                                                       | -                                                                                                                                                           | Displays the measurement value in the selected temperature scale.                                                                                                       |
| S1S16 Sensor                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 5. OK<br>1. Investid sensor reading has any problems, the sensor                      |                                                         | Displays the measured sensor's data validity. If the sensor reading has any problems, the sensor data is set to "Invalid" and the alarms are not activated. |                                                                                                                                                                         |
| S1S16 Enable alarm<br>1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                       |                                                         | Enables/disables the selection of Alarm 1 for the measurement channel x.                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                         |
| S1S16 Alarm1 >/<                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0: ><br>1: <                                                                          | -                                                       | 0: >                                                                                                                                                        | Selects whether the alarm activates when<br>measurement is above or below the pick-up setting<br>value.                                                                 |
| S1S16 Alarm1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | -101.02000.0deg                                                                       | 0.1deg                                                  | 0.0deg                                                                                                                                                      | Sets the pick-up value for Alarm 1. The alarm is activated if the measurement goes above or below this setting mode (depends on the selected mode in "Sx Alarm1 >/<").  |
| S1S16 sensor                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 0: Ok<br>1: Invalid                                                                   | -                                                       | -                                                                                                                                                           | Displays the measured sensor's data validity. If the sensor reading has any problems, the sensor data is set to "Invalid" and the alarms are not activated.             |
| S1S16 Enable alarm<br>2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable                                                               | -                                                       | 0: Disable                                                                                                                                                  | Enables/disables the selection of Alarm 2 for the measurement channel x.                                                                                                |
| S1S16 Alarm2 >/<                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0: ><br>1: <                                                                          | -                                                       | 0: >                                                                                                                                                        | Selects whether the measurement is above or below the setting value.                                                                                                    |
| S1S16 Alarm2 -101.02000.0deg                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                       | 0.1deg                                                  | 0.0deg                                                                                                                                                      | Sets the value for Alarm 2. The alarm is activated if<br>the measurement goes above or below this setting<br>mode (depends on the selected mode in "Sx<br>Alarm2 >/<"). |

When the RTDs have been set, the values can be read to SCADA (or some other control system). The alarms can also be used for direct output control as well as in logics.

#### **Events**

The resistance temperature detector function (abbreviated "RTD" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in ALARM and MEAS INVALID. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both. The function offers sixteen (16) independent stages; the events are segregated for each stage operation.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values. The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers.

#### Table. 5.4.9 - 83. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event names   |
|------------------|---------------|
| RTD1             | S1 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S1 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S1 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S1 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S2 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S2 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S2 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S2 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S3 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S3 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S3 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S3 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S4 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S4 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S4 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S4 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S5 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S5 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S5 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S5 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S6 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S6 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S6 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S6 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S7 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S7 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S7 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S7 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S8 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S8 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S8 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S8 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S9 Alarm1 ON  |
| RTD1             | S9 Alarm1 OFF |
| RTD1             | S9 Alarm2 ON  |
| RTD1             | S9 Alarm2 OFF |
| RTD1             | S10 Alarm1 ON |

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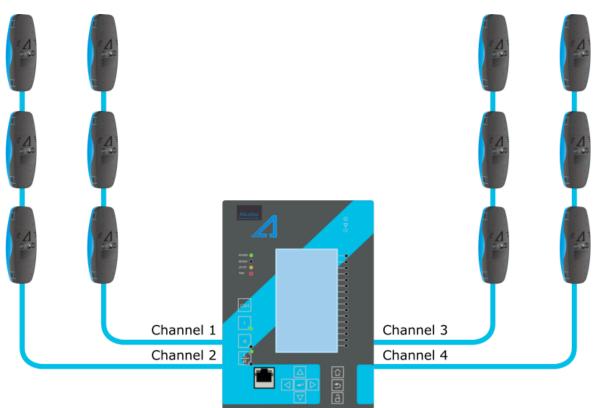
| Event block name | Event names     |
|------------------|-----------------|
| RTD1             | S10 Alarm1 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S10 Alarm2 ON   |
| RTD1             | S10 Alarm2 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S11 Alarm1 ON   |
| RTD1             | S11 Alarm1 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S11 Alarm2 ON   |
| RTD1             | S11 Alarm2 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S12 Alarm1 ON   |
| RTD1             | S12 Alarm1 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S12 Alarm2 ON   |
| RTD1             | S12 Alarm2 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S13 Alarm1 ON   |
| RTD1             | S13 Alarm1 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S13 Alarm2 ON   |
| RTD1             | S13 Alarm2 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S14 Alarm1 ON   |
| RTD1             | S14 Alarm1 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S14 Alarm2 ON   |
| RTD1             | S14 Alarm2 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S15 Alarm1 ON   |
| RTD1             | S15 Alarm1 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S15 Alarm2 ON   |
| RTD1             | S15 Alarm2 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S16 Alarm1 ON   |
| RTD1             | S16 Alarm1 OFF  |
| RTD1             | S16 Alarm2 ON   |
| RTD1             | S16 Alarm2 OFF  |
| RTD2             | S1 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S1 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S2 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S2 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S3 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S3 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S4 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S4 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S5 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S5 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S6 Meas Ok      |

| Event block name | Event names      |
|------------------|------------------|
| RTD2             | S6 Meas Invalid  |
| RTD2             | S7 Meas Ok       |
| RTD2             | S7 Meas Invalid  |
| RTD2             | S8 Meas Ok       |
| RTD2             | S8 Meas Invalid  |
| RTD2             | S9 Meas Ok       |
| RTD2             | S9 Meas Invalid  |
| RTD2             | S10 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S10 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S11 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S11 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S12 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S12 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S13 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S13 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S14 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S14 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S15 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S15 Meas Invalid |
| RTD2             | S16 Meas Ok      |
| RTD2             | S16 Meas Invalid |

# 5.4.10 Arc fault protection (IArc>/I0Arc>; 50Arc/50NArc)

Arc faults occur for a multitude of reasons: e.g. insulation failure, incorrect operation of the protected device, corrosion, overvoltage, dirt, moisture, incorrect wiring, or even because of aging caused by electric load. It is important to detect the arc as fast as possible in order to minimize its effects. Using arc sensors to detect arc faults is much faster than merely measuring currents and voltages. In busbar protection IEDs with normal protection can be too slow to disconnect arcs within a safe time frame. For example, it may be necessary to delay operation time for hundreds of milliseconds when setting up an overcurrent protection relay to control the feeder breakers to achieve selectivity. This delay can be avoided by using arc protection. The arc protection card has a high-speed output to trip signals faster as well as to extend the speed of arc protection.





The arc protection card has four (4) sensor channels, and up to three (3) arc point sensors can be connected to each channel. The sensor channels support Arcteq AQ-01 (light sensing) and AQ-02 (pressure and light sensing) units. Optionally, the protection function can also be applied with a phase current or a residual current condition: the function trips only if the light and overcurrent conditions are met.

The outputs of the function are the following:

- Light In
- Pressure In
- Arc binary input signal status
- Zone trip
- Zone blocked
- Sensor fault signals.

The arc protection function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

Table. 5.4.10 - 84. Output signals of the IArc>/I0Arc> function.

| Outputs                                                                                          | Activation condition                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Channel 1 Light In<br>Channel 2 Light In<br>Channel 3 Light In<br>Channel 4 Light In             | The arc protection card's sensor channel detects light.    |
| Channel 1 Pressure In<br>Channel 2 Pressure In<br>Channel 3 Pressure In<br>Channel 4 Pressure In | The arc protection card's sensor channel detects pressure. |
| ARC Binary input signal                                                                          | The arc protection card's binary input is energized.       |

| Outputs                                                                                                                  | Activation condition                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I/I0 Arc> Ph. curr.<br>START<br>I/I0 Arc> Res. curr.<br>START                                                            | The measured phase current or the residual current is over the set limit.                                                   |
| I/I0 Arc> Ph. curr.<br>BLOCKED<br>I/I0 Arc> Res. curr.<br>BLOCKED                                                        | The phase current or the residual current measurement is blocked by an input.                                               |
| I/I0 Arc> Zone 1 TRIP<br>I/I0 Arc> Zone 2 TRIP<br>I/I0 Arc> Zone 3 TRIP<br>I/I0 Arc> Zone 4 TRIP                         | All required conditions for tripping the zone are met (light OR light and current).                                         |
| I/I0 Arc> Zone 1<br>BLOCKED<br>I/I0 Arc> Zone 2<br>BLOCKED<br>I/I0 Arc> Zone 3<br>BLOCKED<br>I/I0 Arc> Zone 4<br>BLOCKED | All required conditions for tripping the zone are met (light OR light and current) but the tripping is blocked by an input. |
| I/I0 Arc> S1 Sensor fault<br>I/I0 Arc> S2 Sensor fault<br>I/I0 Arc> S3 Sensor fault<br>I/I0 Arc> S4 Sensor fault         | The detected number of sensors in the channel does not match the settings.                                                  |
| I/I0 Arc> IO unit fault                                                                                                  | The number of connected AQ-100 series units does not match the number of units set in the settings.                         |

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude selection
- input magnitude processing
- threshold comparator
- block signal check
- output processing.

The inputs for the function are the following:

- operating mode selections
- setting parameters
- digital inputs and logic signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

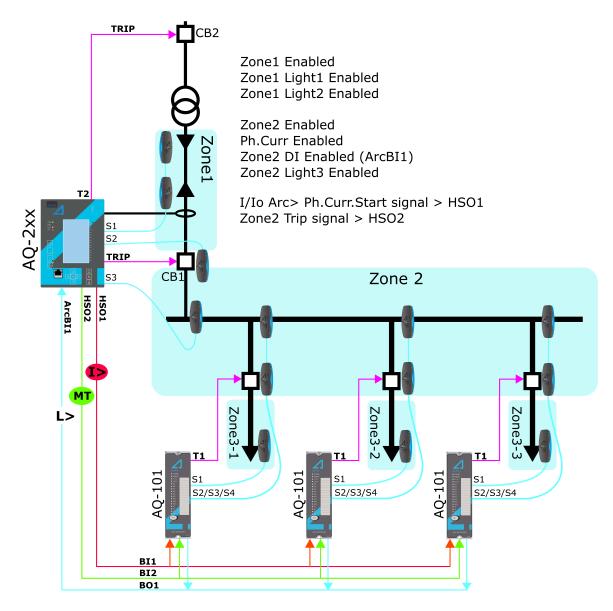
The function's outputs are TRIP, BLOCKED, light sensing etc. signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the 26 output signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also a resettable cumulative counter for the TRIP and BLOCKED events for each zone.

#### Example of scheme setting

The following examples helps the user better understand how the arc protection function is set. In the examples AQ-101 models are used to extend the protection of Zone 2 and to protect each outgoing feeder (Zone 3).

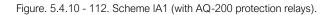
Scheme IA1 is a single-line diagram with AQ-2xx series relays and with AQ-101 arc protection relays. The settings are for an incomer AQ-200 relay.

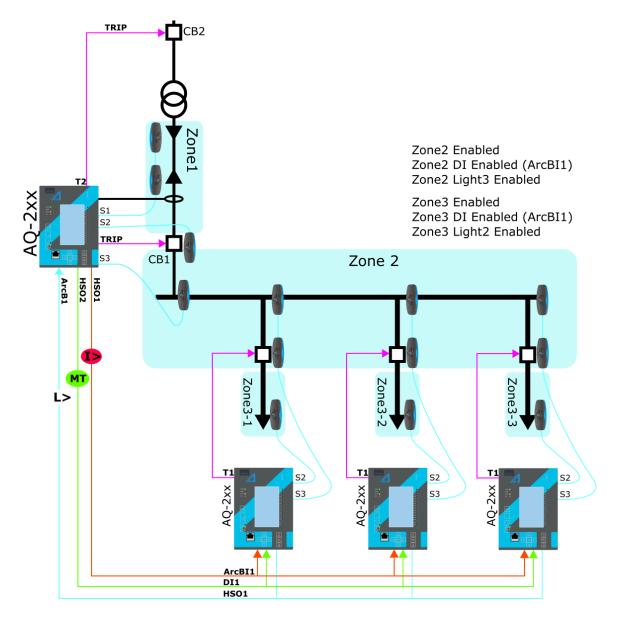
Figure. 5.4.10 - 111. Scheme IA1 (with AQ-101 arc protection relays).



To set the zones for the AQ-2xx models sensor channels start by enabling the protected zones (in this case, Zones 1 and 2). Then define which sensor channels are sensing which zones (in this case, sensor channels S1 and S2 are protecting Zone 1). Enable Light 1 of Zone 1 as well as Light 2 of Zone 2. The sensor channel S3 deals with Zone 2. Enable Light 3 of Zone 2. The high-speed output contacts HSO1 and HSO2 have been set to send overcurrent and master trip signals to the AQ-101 arc protection relays. The AQ-100 series units send out test pulses in specific intervals to check the health of the wiring between the AQ-100 series units. The parameter *I/I0 Arc> Self supervision test pulse* should be activated when connecting the AQ-100 series units to the AQ-200 series arc protection card to prevent the pulses from activating ArcBI1.

The next example is almost like the previous one: it is also a single-line diagram with AQ-2xx series relays. However, this time each outgoing feeder has an AQ-2xx protection relay instead of an AQ-101 arc protection relay.





The settings for the relay supervising the incoming feeder are the same as in the first example. The relays supervising the busbar and the outgoing feeder, however, have a different setting. Both Zones 2 and 3 need to be enabled as there are sensors connected to both Zone 2 and 3 starts. Sensors connected to the channel S3 are in Zone 2. Then enable Light 3 of Zone 2. The sensor connected to the channel S2 is in Zone 3. Then enable Light 2 of Zone 3.

If any of the channels have a pressure sensing sensor, enable it the same way as the regular light sensors. If either phase overcurrent or residual overcurrent is needed for the tripping decision, they can be enabled in the same way as light sensors in the zone. When a current channel is enabled, the measured current needs to be above the set current limit in addition to light sensing.

#### Measured input

Arc protection uses samples based on current measurements. If the required number of samples is found to be above the setting limit, the current condition activates. The arc protection can alternatively use either phase currents or residual currents in the tripping decision.

# General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

| Name                            | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Default      | Description                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I/I0 Arc><br>force<br>status to | 0: Normal<br>1: PH curr<br>blocked<br>2: PH curr<br>Start<br>3: ResCurr<br>Blocked<br>4: ResCurr<br>Start<br>5: Zone 1<br>Trip<br>6: Zone 1<br>Blocked<br>7: Zone 2 Trip<br>8: Zone 2<br>Blocked<br>9: Zone 3 Trip<br>10: Zone 3<br>Blocked<br>11: Zone 4<br>Trip<br>12: Zone 4<br>Blocked | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu.                                            |
| Channel<br>1<br>sensors         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Channel<br>2<br>sensors         | 0: No<br>sensors<br>1: 1 sensor                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1: No        | Defines the number of concern connected to the channel (channels $1/2/2/4$ )                                                                                            |
| Channel<br>3<br>sensors         | 2: 2 sensors<br>3: 3 sensors                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | sensors      | Defines the number of sensors connected to the channel (channels 1/2/3/4).                                                                                              |
| Channel<br>4<br>sensors         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Channel<br>1 sensor<br>status   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Channel<br>2 sensor<br>status   | 0: Sensors<br>OK                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |              | Displays the status of the sensor channel. If the number of sensors connected to the abandu data nature with the set "Channel $1/2/2/4$ sensors" setting this parameter |
| Channel<br>3 sensor<br>status   | 1:<br>Configuration<br>fault state                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | -            | channel does not match with the set "Channel 1/2/3/4 sensors" setting, this parameter will go to the "Configuration fault" state.                                       |
| Channel<br>4 sensor<br>status   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |                                                                                                                                                                         |

# Pick-up

The pick-up of each zone of the larc>/I0arc> function is controlled by one of the following: the phase current pick-up setting, the residual current pick-up setting, or the sensor channels. The pick-up setting depends on which of these are activated in the zone.

#### Table. 5.4.10 - 86. Enabled Zone pick-up settings.

| Name                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Range                                          | Step                      | Default                  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Phase<br>current<br>pick-up           | The phase current measurement's pick-up value (in p.u.).                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.0540.00<br>x I <sub>n</sub>                  | 0.01<br>x I <sub>n</sub>  | 1.2 x I <sub>n</sub>     |
| I0 input<br>selection                 | Selects the residual current channel (I01 or I02).                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0: None<br>1: I01<br>2: I02                    | -                         | 0: None                  |
| Res.current<br>pick-up                | The residual current measurement's pick-up value (in p.u.).                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0.0540.00<br>x I <sub>0n</sub>                 | 0.01<br>x l <sub>0n</sub> | 1.2 x<br>I <sub>0n</sub> |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Enabled               | Enables the chosen zone. Up to 4 zones can be enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                           | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Ph. curr.<br>Enabled  | The phase overcurrent allows the zone to trip when light is detected.                                                                                                                                                                            | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Res. curr.<br>Enabled | The residual overcurrent allows the zone to trip when light is detected.                                                                                                                                                                         | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Light 1<br>Enabled    | Light detected in sensor channel 1 trips the zone.                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Light 2<br>Enabled    | Light detected in sensor channel 2 trips the zone.                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Light 3<br>Enabled    | Light detected in sensor channel 3 trips the zone.                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Light 4<br>Enabled    | Light detected in sensor channel 4 trips the zone.                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Pres. 1<br>Enabled    | Pressure detected in sensor channel 1 trips the zone.                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Pres. 2<br>Enabled    | Pressure detected in sensor channel 2 trips the zone.                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Pres. 3<br>Enabled    | Pressure detected in sensor channel 3 trips the zone.                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 Pres. 4<br>Enabled    | Pressure detected in sensor channel 4 trips the zone.                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                      | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |
| Zone1/2/3/<br>4 DI<br>Enabled         | Arc protection option card digital input function selection. "Light In" mode trips the zone when digital input is active. In "Current In" mode digital input must be active at the same time as any of the sensor channels for the zone to trip. | 0: Disabled<br>1: Light In<br>2: Current<br>In | -                         | 0:<br>Disabled           |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the TRIP signal generation of the function. The TRIP signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

# Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Name                | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Description                                 |  |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|
| I/I0 Arc> condition | 0: Z1 Trip<br>1: Z1 Blocked<br>2: Z2 Trip<br>3: Z2 Blocked<br>4: Z3 Trip<br>5: Z3 Blocked<br>6: Z4 Trip<br>7:Z4 Blocked                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Displays status of the protection function. |  |
| Sensor status       | 0: Ph Curr Blocked<br>1: Ph Curr Start<br>2: Res Curr Blocked<br>3: Res Curr Start<br>4: Channel1 Light<br>5: Channel1 Pressure<br>6: Channel2 Light<br>7: Channel2 Pressure<br>8: Channel3 Light<br>9: Channel3 Pressure<br>10: Channel4 Ligh<br>t11: Channel4 Pressure<br>12: Digital input<br>13: I/I0 Arc> Sensor 1 Fault<br>14: I/I0 Arc> Sensor 2 Fault<br>15: I/I0 Arc> Sensor 3 Fault<br>16: I/I0 Arc> I/O-unit Fault | Displays the general status of sensors.     |  |

#### Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a TRIP signal is generated.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

#### Events and registers

The arc fault protection function (abbreviated "ARC" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in START, TRIP, and BLOCKED. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

Table. 5.4.10 - 88. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event names    |  |  |
|------------------|----------------|--|--|
| ARC1             | Zone 1 Trip ON |  |  |

| Event block name | Event names                  |  |  |
|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| ARC1             | Zone 1 Trip OFF              |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 1 Block ON              |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 1 Block OFF             |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 2 Trip ON               |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 2 Trip OFF              |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 2 Block ON              |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 2 Block OFF             |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 3 Trip ON               |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 3 Trip OFF              |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 3 Block ON              |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 3 Block OFF             |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 4 Trip ON               |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 4 Trip OFF              |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 4 Block ON              |  |  |
| ARC1             | Zone 4 Block OFF             |  |  |
| ARC1             | Phase current Blocked ON     |  |  |
| ARC1             | Phase current Blocked OFF    |  |  |
| ARC1             | Phase current Start ON       |  |  |
| ARC1             | Phase current Start OFF      |  |  |
| ARC1             | Residual current Blocked ON  |  |  |
| ARC1             | Residual current Blocked OFF |  |  |
| ARC1             | Residual current Start ON    |  |  |
| ARC1             | Residual current Start OFF   |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 1 Light ON           |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 1 Light OFF          |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 1 Pressure ON        |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 1 Pressure OFF       |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 2 Light ON           |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 2 Light OFF          |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 2 Pressure ON        |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 2 Pressure OFF       |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 3 Light ON           |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 3 Light OFF          |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 3 Pressure ON        |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 3 Pressure OFF       |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 4 Light ON           |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 4 Light OFF          |  |  |
| ARC1             | Channel 4 Pressure ON        |  |  |

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| Event block name | Event names                  |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| ARC1             | Channel 4 Pressure OFF       |
| ARC1             | DI Signal ON                 |
| ARC1             | DI Signal OFF                |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> Sensor 1 Fault ON  |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> Sensor 1 Fault OFF |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> Sensor 2 Fault ON  |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> Sensor 2 Fault OFF |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> Sensor 3 Fault ON  |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> Sensor 3 Fault OFF |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> Sensor 4 Fault ON  |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> Sensor 4 Fault OFF |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> I/O-unit Fault ON  |
| ARC1             | I/I0 Arc> I/O-unit Fault OFF |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.4.10 - 89. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Phase A current | Phase B current | Phase C current | Residual current | Active<br>sensors | Used SG                    |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | Trip current    | Trip current    | Trip current    | Trip current     | 14                | Setting group<br>18 active |

# 5.5 Control functions

#### 5.5.1 Common signals

Common signals function has all protection function start and trip signals internally connected to Common START and TRIP output signals. When any of the activated protection functions generate a START or a TRIP signal, Common signals function will also generate the same signal.

The function's outputs are START and TRIP signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the two (2) output signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the START and TRIP events.

#### General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

| Name                   | Range                               | Default      | Description                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Common force status to | 0:<br>Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu. |

Common signals function has all START and TRIP signals of protection functions internally connected to Common START and TRIP output signals. But it is also possible to assign extra signals to activate Common START and TRIP.

| Table. 5.5.1 - 91 | . Common signals extra inputs. |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
|-------------------|--------------------------------|

| Name               | Description                                                                                                                                                   |  |  |  |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Common<br>Start In | Assign extra signals to activate common START signal. Please note that all protection function START signals are already assigned internally to Common START. |  |  |  |
| Common<br>Trip In  | Assign extra signals to activate common TRIP signal. Please note that all protection function TRIP signals are already assigned internally to Common TRIP.    |  |  |  |

#### Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

Table. 5.5.1 - 92. Information displayed by the function.

| Name                     | Range                            | Step | Description                      |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|
| Common signals condition | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip | -    | Displays status of the function. |

#### Function blocking

Common signals function itself doesn't have blocking input signals. Blocking of tripping should be done in each protection function settings.

#### Events and registers

The common signals function (abbreviated "GNSIG" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in START and TRIP. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

Table. 5.5.1 - 93. Event messages.

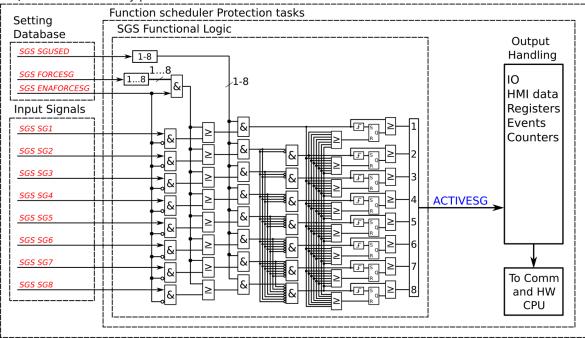
| Event block name | Event names      |
|------------------|------------------|
| GNSIG            | Common Start ON  |
| GNSIG            | Common Start OFF |
| GNSIG            | Common Trip ON   |
| GNSIG            | Common Trip OFF  |

#### 5.5.2 Setting group selection

All relay types support up to eight (8) separate setting groups. The Setting group selection function block controls the availability and selection of the setting groups. By default, only Setting group 1 (SG1) is active and therefore the selection logic is idle. When more than one setting group is enabled, the setting group selector logic takes control of the setting group activations based on the logic and conditions the user has programmed.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the setting group selection function.

Figure. 5.5.2 - 113. Simplified function block diagram of the setting group selection function.



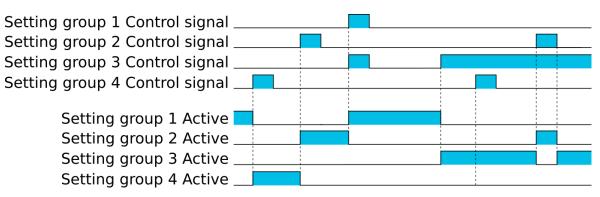
AQ-2xx Protection relay platform - Protection CPU

Setting group selection can be applied to each of the setting groups individually by activating one of the various internal logic inputs and connected digital inputs. The user can also force any of the setting groups on when the "Force SG change" setting is enabled by giving the wanted quantity of setting groups as a number in the communication bus or in the local HMI, or by selecting the wanted setting group from *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Setting groups*. When the forcing parameter is enabled, the automatic control of the local device is overridden and the full control of the setting groups is given to the user until the "Force SG change" is disabled again.

Setting groups can be controlled either by pulses or by signal levels. The setting group controller block gives setting groups priority values for situations when more than one setting group is controlled at the same time: the request from a higher-priority setting group is taken into use.

Setting groups follow a hierarchy in which setting group 1 has the highest priority, setting group 2 has second highest priority etc. If a static activation signal is given for two setting groups, the setting group with higher priority will be active. If setting groups are controlled by pulses, the setting group activated by pulse will stay active until another setting groups receives and activation signal.

Figure. 5.5.2 - 114. Example sequences of group changing (control with pulse only, or with both pulses and static signals).



# Settings and signals

The settings of the setting group control function include the active setting group selection, the forced setting group selection, the enabling (or disabling) of the forced change, the selection of the number of active setting groups in the application, as well as the selection of the setting group changed remotely. If the setting group is forced to change, the corresponding setting group must be enabled and the force change must be enabled. Then, the setting group can be set from communications or from HMI to any available group. If the setting group control is applied with static signals right after the "Force SG" parameter is released, the application takes control of the setting group selection.

| Table. 5.5.2 - 94. | Settings of the setting | g group selection function. |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 10010101012 011    | ootanigo of ano ootani  | g group colocation function |

| Name                              | Range                                                                                                    | Step | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Active setting group              |                                                                                                          |      | SG1            | Displays which setting group is active.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Force setting<br>group            | 0: None<br>1: SG1<br>2: SG2<br>3: SG3<br>4: SG4<br>5: SG5<br>6: SG6<br>7: SG7<br>8: SG8                  | -    | 0: None        | The selection of the overriding setting group. After "Force SG change" is<br>enabled, any of the configured setting groups in the relay can be overriden.<br>This control is always based on the pulse operating mode. It also requires that<br>the selected setting group is specifically controlled to ON after "Force SG" is<br>disabled. If there are no other controls, the last set setting group remains<br>active. |
| Force setting group change        | 0:<br>Disabled<br>1:<br>Enabled                                                                          | -    | 0:<br>Disabled | The selection of whether the setting group forcing is enabled or disabled. This setting has to be active before the setting group can be changed remotely or from a local HMI. This parameter overrides the local control of the setting groups and it remains on until the user disables it.                                                                                                                              |
| Used setting<br>groups            | 0: SG1<br>1:<br>SG12<br>2:<br>SG13<br>3:<br>SG14<br>4:<br>SG15<br>5:<br>SG16<br>6:<br>SG17<br>7:<br>SG18 | -    | 0: SG1         | The selection of the activated setting groups in the application. Newly-enabled setting groups use default parameter values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Remote<br>setting<br>group change | 0: None<br>1: SG1<br>2: SG2<br>3: SG3<br>4: SG4<br>5: SG5<br>6: SG6<br>7: SG7<br>8: SG8                  | -    | 0: None        | This parameter can be controlled through SCADA to change the setting group<br>remotely. Please note that if a higher priority setting group is being controlled by<br>a signal, a lower priority setting group cannot be activated with this parameter.                                                                                                                                                                    |

Table. 5.5.2 - 95. Signals of the setting group selection function.

| Name                  | Range                            | Step | Default          | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Setting<br>group<br>1 | 0: Not<br>active<br>1:<br>Active | -    | 0: Not<br>active | The selection of Setting group 1 ("SG1"). Has the highest priority input in setting group control. Can be controlled with pulses or static signals. If static signal control is applied, no other SG requests will be processed. |

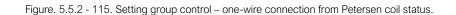
| Name                  | Range                            | Step | Default          | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Setting<br>group<br>2 | 0: Not<br>active<br>1:<br>Active | -    | 0: Not<br>active | The selection of Setting group 2 ("SG2"). Has the second highest priority input in setting group control. Can be controlled with pulses or static signals. If static signal control is applied, no requests with a lower priority than SG1 will be processed.                          |
| Setting<br>group<br>3 | 0: Not<br>active<br>1:<br>Active | -    | 0: Not<br>active | The selection of Setting group 3 ("SG3"). Has the third highest priority input in setting group control. Can be controlled with pulses or static signals. If static signal control is applied, no requests with a lower priority than SG1 and SG2 will be processed.                   |
| Setting<br>group<br>4 | 0: Not<br>active<br>1:<br>Active | -    | 0: Not<br>active | The selection of Setting group 4 ("SG4"). Has the fourth highest priority input in setting group control. Can be controlled with pulses or static signals. If static signal control is applied, no requests with a lower priority than SG1, SG2 and SG3 will be processed.             |
| Setting<br>group<br>5 | 0: Not<br>active<br>1:<br>Active | -    | 0: Not<br>active | The selection of Setting group 5 ("SG5"). Has the fourth lowest priority input in setting group control. Can be controlled with pulses or static signals. If static signal control is applied, SG6, SG7 and SG8 requests will not be processed.                                        |
| Setting<br>group<br>6 | 0:Not<br>active<br>1:Active      | -    | 0:Not<br>active  | The selection of Setting group 6 ("SG6"). Has the third lowest priority input in setting group control. Can be controlled with pulses or static signals. If static signal control is applied, SG7 and SG8 requests will not be processed.                                              |
| Setting<br>group<br>7 | 0: Not<br>active<br>1:<br>Active | -    | 0: Not<br>active | The selection of Setting group 7 ("SG7"). Has the second lowest priority input in setting group control. Can be controlled with pulses or static signals. If static signal control is applied, only SG8 requests will not be processed.                                                |
| Setting<br>group<br>8 | 0: Not<br>active<br>1:<br>Active | -    | 0: Not<br>active | The selection of Setting group 8 ("SG8"). Has the lowest priority input in setting group control. Can be controlled with pulses or static signals. If static signal control is applied, all other SG requests will be processed regardless of the signal status of this setting group. |

Example applications for setting group control

This chapter presents some of the most common applications for setting group changing requirements.

A Petersen coil compensated network usually uses directional sensitive earth fault protection. The user needs to control its characteristics between varmetric and wattmetric; the selection is based on whether the Petersen coil is connected when the network is compensated, or whether it is open when the network is unearthed.

Relay Relay DI Logic SGS Input SGS Output LogicOut1 Used Setting groups (SG1, SG2) GS\_SG2 1<u>10 VDC</u> LogicOut2 Λ Setting SG1 Group Logic SGS\_SG6 110 VDC + Relay Relay DI Logic SGS Input SGS Output LogicOut1 Used Setting groups (SG1, SG2) GS SG1 110 VDC LogicOut2 GS\_SG3 Setting SG2 Group Logic SG6 + SGS\_SG8 110 VDC



Depending on the application's requirements, the setting group control can be applied either with a one-wire connection or with a two-wire connection by monitoring the state of the Petersen coil connection.

When the connection is done with one wire, the setting group change logic can be applied as shown in the figure above. The status of the Petersen coil controls whether Setting group 1 is active. If the coil is disconnected, Setting group 2 is active. This way, if the wire is broken for some reason, the setting group is always controlled to SG2.

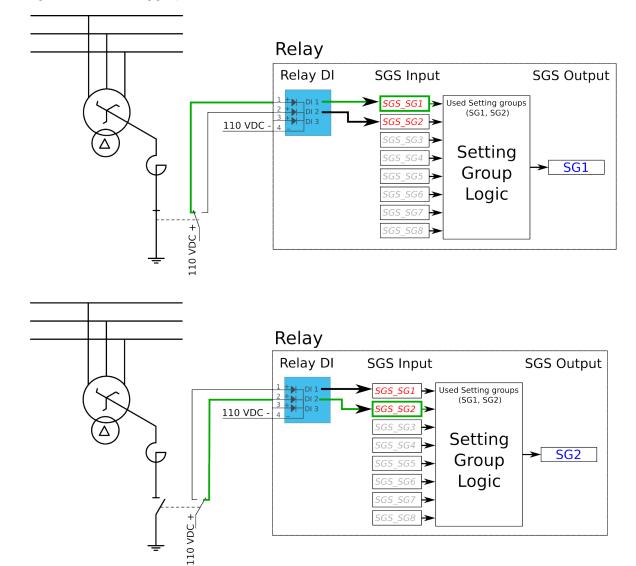


Figure. 5.5.2 - 116. Setting group control – two-wire connection from Petersen coil status.

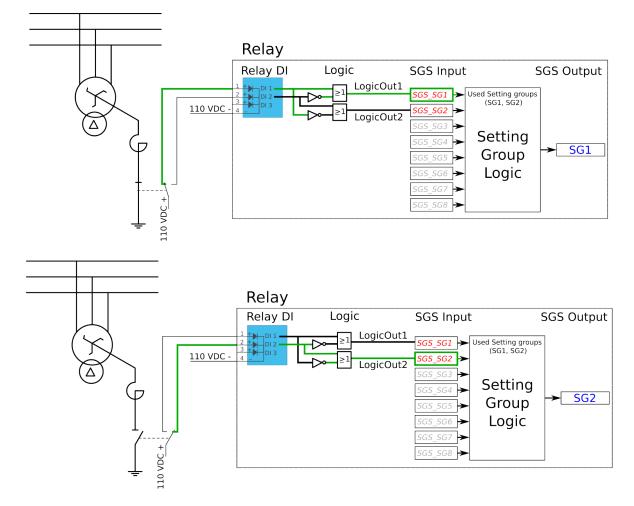


Figure. 5.5.2 - 117. Setting group control – two-wire connection from Petersen coil status with additional logic.

The images above depict a two-wire connection from the Petersen coil: the two images at the top show a direct connection, while the two images on the bottom include additional logic. With a two-wire connection the state of the Petersen coil can be monitored more securely. The additional logic ensures that a single wire loss will not affect the correct setting group selection.

The application-controlled setting group change can also be applied entirely from the relay's internal logics. For example, the setting group change can be based on the cold load pick-up function (see the image below).

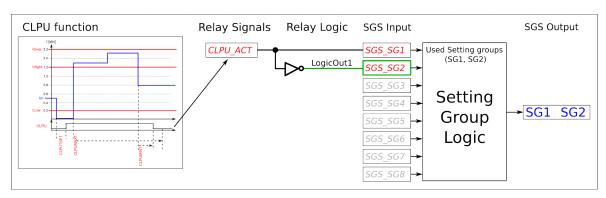
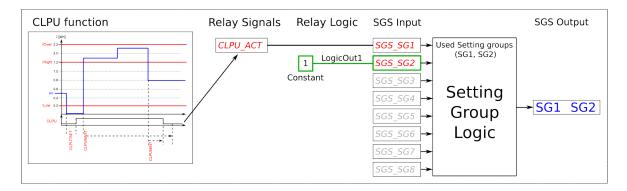


Figure. 5.5.2 - 118. Entirely application-controlled setting group change with the cold load pick-up function.



In these examples the cold load pick-up function's output is used for the automatic setting group change. Similarly to this application, any combination of the signals available in the relay's database can be programmed to be used in the setting group selection logic.

As all these examples show, setting group selection with application control has to be built fully before they can be used for setting group control. The setting group does not change back to SG1 unless it is controlled back to SG1 by this application; this explains the inverted signal NOT as well as the use of logics in setting group control. One could also have SG2 be the primary SG, while the ON signal would be controlled by the higher priority SG1; this way the setting group would automatically return to SG2 after the automatic control is over.

#### **Events**

The setting group selection function block (abbreviated "SGS" in event block names) generates events from its controlling status, its applied input signals, enabling and disabling of setting groups, as well as unsuccessful control changes. The function does not have a register.

| Event block name | Event names  |
|------------------|--------------|
| SGS              | SG2 Enabled  |
| SGS              | SG2 Disabled |
| SGS              | SG3 Enabled  |
| SGS              | SG3 Disabled |
| SGS              | SG4 Enabled  |
| SGS              | SG4 Disabled |
| SGS              | SG5 Enabled  |
| SGS              | SG5 Disabled |

Table. 5.5.2 - 96. Event messages.

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| Event block name | Event names                             |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| SGS              | SG6 Enabled                             |
| SGS              | SG6 Disabled                            |
| SGS              | SG7 Enabled                             |
| SGS              | SG7 Disabled                            |
| SGS              | SG8 Enabled                             |
| SGS              | SG8 Disabled                            |
| SGS              | SG1 Request ON                          |
| SGS              | SG1 Request OFF                         |
| SGS              | SG2 Request ON                          |
| SGS              | SG2 Request OFF                         |
| SGS              | SG3 Request ON                          |
| SGS              | SG3 Request OFF                         |
| SGS              | SG4 Request ON                          |
| SGS              | SG4 Request OFF                         |
| SGS              | SG5 Request ON                          |
| SGS              | SG5 Request OFF                         |
| SGS              | SG6 Request ON                          |
| SGS              | SG6 Request OFF                         |
| SGS              | SG7 Request ON                          |
| SGS              | SG7 Request OFF                         |
| SGS              | SG8 Request ON                          |
| SGS              | SG8 Request OFF                         |
| SGS              | Remote Change SG Request ON             |
| SGS              | Remote Change SG Request OFF            |
| SGS              | Local Change SG Request ON              |
| SGS              | Local Change SG Request OFF             |
| SGS              | Force Change SG ON                      |
| SGS              | Force Change SG OFF                     |
| SGS              | SG Request Fail Not configured SG ON    |
| SGS              | SG Request Fail Not configured SG OFF   |
| SGS              | Force Request Fail Force ON             |
| SGS              | Force Request Fail Force OFF            |
| SGS              | SG Req. Fail Lower priority Request ON  |
| SGS              | SG Req. Fail Lower priority Request OFF |
| SGS              | SG1 Active ON                           |
| SGS              | SG1 Active OFF                          |
| SGS              | SG2 Active ON                           |
| SGS              | SG2 Active OFF                          |

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| Event block name | Event names    |
|------------------|----------------|
| SGS              | SG3 Active ON  |
| SGS              | SG3 Active OFF |
| SGS              | SG4 Active ON  |
| SGS              | SG4 Active OFF |
| SGS              | SG5 Active ON  |
| SGS              | SG5 Active OFF |
| SGS              | SG6 Active ON  |
| SGS              | SG6 Active OFF |
| SGS              | SG7 Active ON  |
| SGS              | SG7 Active OFF |
| SGS              | SG8 Active ON  |
| SGS              | SG8 Active OFF |

#### 5.5.3 Object control and monitoring

The object control and monitoring function takes care of both for circuit breakers and disconnectors. The monitoring and controlling are based on the statuses of the relay's configured digital inputs and outputs. The number of controllable and monitored objects in each relay depends on the device type and amount of digital inputs. One controllable object requires a minimum of two (2) output contacts. The status monitoring of one monitored object usually requires two (2) digital inputs. Alternatively, object status monitoring can be performed with a single digital input: the input's active state and its zero state (switched to 1 with a NOT gate in the Logic editor).

An object can be controlled manually or automatically. Manual control can be done by local control, or by remote control. Local manual control can be done by relays front panel (HMI) or by external push buttons connected to relays digital inputs. Manual remote control can be done through one of the various communication protocols available (Modbus, IEC101/103/104 etc.). The function supports the modes "Direct control" and "Select before execute" while controlled remotely. Automatic controlling can be done with functions like auto-reclosing function (ANSI 79).

Object control consists of the following:

- control logic
- control monitor
- output handler.

The main outputs of the function are the OBJECT OPEN and OBJECT CLOSE control signals. Additionally, the function reports the monitored object's status and applied operations. The setting parameters are static inputs for the function, which can only be changed by the user in the function's setup phase.

The inputs for the function are the following:

- digital input status indications (the OPEN and CLOSE status signals)
- blockings (if applicable)
- the OBJECT READY and SYNCHROCHECK monitor signals (if applicable).
- Withdrawable cart IN and OUT status signals (if applicable).

The function generates general time stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the two (2) output signals as well as several operational event signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for OPEN, CLOSE, OPEN FAILED, and CLOSE FAILED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the object control and monitoring function.

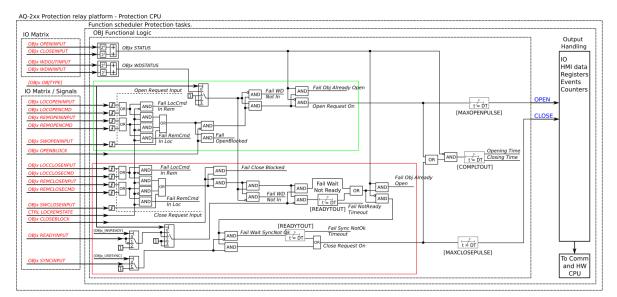


Figure. 5.5.3 - 119. Simplified function block diagram of the object control and monitoring function.

# Settings

The following parameters help the user to define the object. The operation of the function varies based on these settings and the selected object type. The selected object type determines how much control is needed and which setting parameters are required to meet those needs.

Table. 5.5.3 - 97. Object settings and status parameters.

| Name                   | Range                 | Default      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Local/Remote<br>status | 0: Local<br>1: Remote | 1:<br>Remote | Displays the status of the relay's "local/remote" switch. Local controls cannot<br>override the open and close commands while device is in "Remote" status. The<br>remote controls cannot override the open and close commands while device is<br>in "Local" status. |

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| Name                                | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Default                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Object status<br>force to           | 0: Normal<br>1: Openreq On<br>2: Closereq On<br>3: Opensignal<br>On<br>4: Closesignal<br>On<br>5: WaitNoRdy<br>On<br>6: WaitNoSnc<br>On<br>7: NotrdyFail<br>On<br>8: NosyncFail<br>On<br>9: Opentout On<br>10: Clotout On<br>11:<br>OpenreqUSR<br>On<br>12: CloreqUSR<br>On | 0:<br>Normal             | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Object name                         | -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Objectx                  | The user-set name of the object, at maximum 32 characters long.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Object type                         | 0: Withdrawable<br>circuit breaker<br>1: Circuit<br>breaker<br>2: Disconnector<br>(MC)<br>3: Disconnector<br>(GND)                                                                                                                                                          | 1:<br>Circuit<br>breaker | The selection of the object type. This selection defines the number of required digital inputs for the monitored object. This affects the symbol displayed in the HMI and the monitoring of the circuit breaker. It also affects whether the withdrawable cart is in/out status is monitored. See the next table ("Object types") for a more detailed look at which functionalities each of the object types have. |
| Objectx<br>Breaker<br>status        | 0: Intermediate<br>1: Open<br>2: Closed<br>3: Bad                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | _                        | Displays the status of breaker. Intermediate is displayed when neither of the status signals (open or close) are active. Bad status is displayed when both status signals (open and close) are active.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Objectx<br>Withdraw<br>status       | 0:<br>WDIntermediate<br>1: WDCartOut<br>2: WDCart In<br>3: WDBad<br>4: Not in use                                                                                                                                                                                           | -                        | Displays the status of circuit breaker cart. WDIntermediate is displayed when<br>neither of the status signals (in or out) are active. WDBad status is displayed<br>when both status signals (in and out) are active. If the selected object type is not<br>set to "Withdrawable circuit breaker", this setting displays the "No in use" option.                                                                   |
| Additional<br>status<br>information | 0: Open<br>Blocked<br>1: Open<br>Allowed<br>2: Close<br>Blocked<br>3: Close<br>Allowed<br>4: Object Ready<br>5: Object Not<br>Ready<br>6: Sync Ok<br>7: Sync Not Ok                                                                                                         | -                        | Displays additional information about the status of the object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Use<br>Synchrocheck                 | 0: Not in use<br>1:<br>Synchrocheck<br>in use                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0: Not<br>in use         | Selects whether the "Synchrocheck" condition is in use for the circuit breaker<br>close command. If "In use" is selected the input chosen to "Sync.check status in"<br>has to be active to be able to close circuit breaker.<br>Synchrocheck status can be either an internal signal generated by<br>synchrocheck function or digital input activation with an external synchrocheck<br>device.                    |
| Use Object<br>ready                 | 0: Ready High<br>1: Ready Low<br>2: Not in use                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 2: Not<br>in use         | Selects whether the "Object ready" condition is in use for the circuit breaker close command. If in use the signal connected to "Object ready status In" has to be high or low to be able to close the breaker (depending on "Ready High or Low" selection).                                                                                                                                                       |

| Name                        | Range               | Default | Description                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Open<br>requests            | 02 <sup>32</sup> –1 | -       | Displays the number of successful "Open" requests.                                                                         |
| Close<br>requests           | 02 <sup>32</sup> –1 | -       | Displays the number of successful "Close" requests.                                                                        |
| Open<br>requests<br>failed  | 02 <sup>32</sup> –1 | -       | Displays the number of failed "Open" requests.                                                                             |
| Close<br>requests<br>failed | 02 <sup>32</sup> –1 | -       | Displays the number of failed "Close" requests.                                                                            |
| Clear<br>statistics         | 0: -<br>1: Clear    | 0: -    | Clears the request statistics, setting them back to zero (0). Automatically returns to "-" after the clearing is finished. |

Table. 5.5.3 - 98. Object types.

| Name                            | Functionalities                                                                                                                                                                         | Description                                                                |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Withdrawable circuit<br>breaker | Breaker cart position<br>Circuit breaker position<br>Circuit breaker control<br>Object ready check before closing<br>breaker<br>Synchrochecking before closing<br>breaker<br>Interlocks | The monitor and control configuration of the withdrawable circuit breaker. |
| Circuit breaker                 | Position indication<br>Control<br>Object ready check before closing<br>breaker<br>Synchrochecking before closing<br>breaker<br>Interlocks                                               | The monitor and control configuration of the circuit breaker.              |
| Disconnector (MC)               | Position indication<br>Control                                                                                                                                                          | The position monitoring and control of the disconnector.                   |
| Disconnector (GND)              | Position indication                                                                                                                                                                     | The position indication of the earth switch.                               |

Table. 5.5.3 - 99. I/O.

| Signal                                                | Range                                                                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Objectx Open input<br>("Objectx Open Status<br>In")   | Digital input or<br>other logical<br>signal selected<br>by the user<br>(SWx) | A link to a physical digital input. The monitored object's OPEN status. "1" refers to the active open state of the monitored object. If IEC 61850 is enabled, GOOSE signals can be used for status indication.                                          |
| Objectx Close input<br>("Objectx Close Status<br>In") |                                                                              | A link to a physical digital input. The monitored object's CLOSE status.<br>"1" refers to the active close state of the monitored object. If IEC 61850 is<br>enabled, GOOSE signals can be used for status indication.                                  |
| WD Object In<br>("Withdrw.CartIn.Status<br>In")       |                                                                              | A link to a physical digital input. The monitored withdrawable object's position<br>is IN. "1" means that the withdrawable object cart is in. If IEC 61850 is<br>enabled, GOOSE signals can be used for status indication.                              |
| WD Object Out<br>("Withdrw.CartOut.Status<br>In")     |                                                                              | A link to a physical digital input. The monitored withdrawable object's position<br>is OUT. "1" means that the withdrawable object cart is pulled out. If IEC 61850<br>is enabled, GOOSE signals can be used for status indication.                     |
| Object Ready<br>(Objectx Ready status<br>In")         |                                                                              | A link to a physical digital input. Indicates that status of the monitored object.<br>"1" means that the object is ready and the spring is charged for a close<br>command. If IEC 61850 is enabled, GOOSE signals can be used for status<br>indication. |
| Syncrocheck permission<br>("Sync.Check status In")    |                                                                              | A link to a physical digital input or a synchrocheck function. "1" means that the synchrocheck conditions are met and the object can be closed. If IEC 61850 is enabled, GOOSE signals can be used for status indication.                               |

| Signal                                                | Range    | Description                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Objectx Open command<br>("Objectx Open<br>Command")   | OUT1OUTx | The physical "Open" command pulse to the device's output relay.  |
| Objectx Close command<br>("Objectx Close<br>Command") |          | The physical "Close" command pulse to the device's output relay. |

Table. 5.5.3 - 100. Operation settings.

| Name                                           | Range           | Step      | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Breaker<br>traverse<br>time                    | 0.02500.00<br>s | 0.02<br>s | 0.2 s   | Determines the maximum time between open and close statuses when the breaker switches. If this set time is exceeded and both open and closed status inputs are active, the status "Bad" is activated in the "Objectx Breaker status" setting. If neither of the status inputs are active after this delay, the status "Intermediate" is activated. |  |
| Maximum<br>Close<br>command<br>pulse<br>length | 0.02500.00<br>s | 0.02<br>s | 0.2 s   | Determines the maximum length for a Close pulse from the output relay to the controlled object. If the object operates faster than this set time, the control pulse is reset and a status change is detected.                                                                                                                                      |  |
| Maximum<br>Open<br>command<br>pulse<br>length  | 0.02500.00<br>s | 0.02<br>s | 0.2 s   | Determines the maximum length for a Open pulse from the output relay to the controlled object. If the object operates faster than this set time, the control pulse is reset and a status change is detected.                                                                                                                                       |  |
| Control<br>termination<br>timeout              | 0.02500.00<br>s | 0.02<br>s | 10 s    | Determines the control pulse termination timeout. If the object has not<br>changed it status in this given time the function will issue error event and the<br>control is ended. This parameter is common for both open and close<br>commands.                                                                                                     |  |
| Final trip<br>pulse<br>length                  | 0.00500.00<br>s | 0.02<br>s | 0.2 s   | Determines the length of the final trip pulse length. When the object has executed the final trip, this signal activates. If set to 0 s, the signal is continuous. If auto-recloser function controls the object, "final trip" signal is activated only when there are no automatic reclosings expected after opening the breaker.                 |  |

Table. 5.5.3 - 101. Control settings (DI and Application).

| Signal                                   | Range                                                      | Description                                                                                          |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Access level for MIMIC control           | 0: User<br>1: Operator<br>2: Configurator<br>3: Super user | Defines what level of access is required for MIMIC control. The default is the "Configurator" level. |
| Objectx LOCAL<br>Close control input     |                                                            | The local Close command from a physical digital input (e.g. a push button).                          |
| Objectx LOCAL<br>Open control input      |                                                            | The local Open command from a physical digital input (e.g. a push button).                           |
| Objectx<br>REMOTE Close control<br>input | Digital input or other logical signal                      | The remote Close command from a physical digital input (e.g. RTU).                                   |
| Objectx REMOTE<br>Open control input     | selected by the user                                       | The remote Open command from a physical digital input (e.g. RTU).                                    |
| Objectx Application<br>Close             |                                                            | The Close command from the application. Can be any logical signal.                                   |
| Objectx Application<br>Open              |                                                            | The Close command from the application. Can be any logical signal.                                   |

# Blocking and interlocking

The interlocking and blocking conditions can be set for each controllable object, with Open and Close set separately. Blocking and interlocking can be based on any of the following: other object statuses, a software function or a digital input.

The image below presents an example of an interlock application, where the closed earthing switch interlocks the circuit breaker close command.

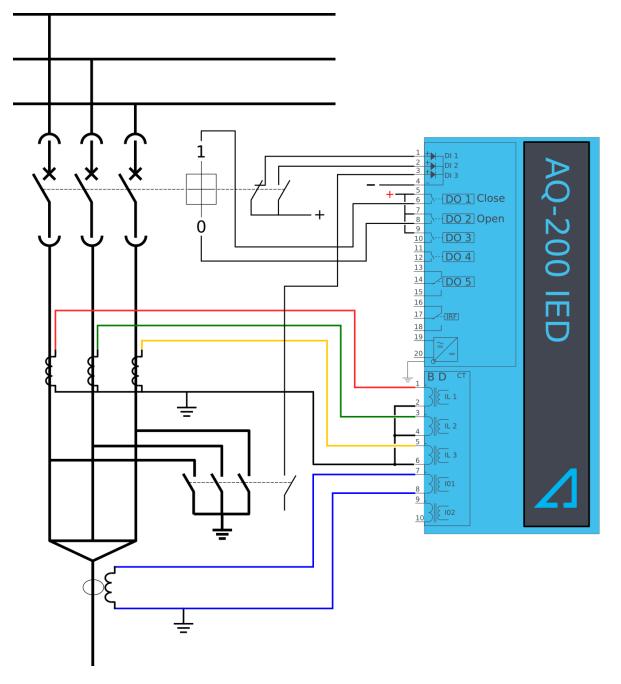


Figure. 5.5.3 - 120. Example of an interlock application.

In order for the blocking signal to be received on time, it has to reach the function 5 ms before the control command.

# Events and registers

The object control and monitoring function (abbreviated "OBJ" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in monitored signals as well as control command fails and operations. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Event block name | Description                       |  |  |  |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Object Intermediate               |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Object Open                       |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Object Close                      |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Object Bad                        |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | WD Intermediate                   |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | WD Out                            |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | WD in                             |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | WD Bad                            |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Open Request On                   |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Open Request Off                  |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Open Command On                   |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Open Command Off                  |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Close Request On                  |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Close Request Off                 |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Close Command On                  |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Close Command Off                 |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Open Blocked On                   |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Open Blocked Off                  |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Close Blocked On                  |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Close Blocked Off                 |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Object Ready                      |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Object Not Ready                  |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Sync Ok                           |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Sync Not Ok                       |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Open Command Fail                 |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Close Command Fail                |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Final trip On                     |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Final trip Off                    |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Contact Abrasion Alarm On         |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Contact Abrasion Alarm Off        |  |  |  |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Switch Operating Time Exceeded On |  |  |  |

Table. 5.5.3 - 102. Event messages of the OBJ function instances 1 - 5.

| Event block name | Description                        |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| OBJ1OBJ5         | Switch Operating Time Exceeded Off |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | XCBR Loc On                        |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | XCBR Loc Off                       |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | XSWI Loc On                        |
| OBJ1OBJ5         | XSWI LOC Off                       |

#### Table. 5.5.3 - 103. Register content.

| Name                         | Description                                                                                                |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Date and time                | dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss                                                                                    |
| Event                        | Event name                                                                                                 |
| Recorded Object opening time | Time difference between the object receiving an "Open" command and the object receiving the "Open" status. |
| Recorded Object closing time | Time difference between the object receiving a "Close" command and object receiving the "Closed" status.   |
| Object status                | The status of the object.                                                                                  |
| WD status                    | The status of the withdrawable circuit breaker.                                                            |
| Open fail                    | The cause of an "Open" command's failure.                                                                  |
| Close fail                   | The cause of a "Close" command's failure.                                                                  |
| Open command                 | The source of an "Open" command.                                                                           |
| Close command                | The source of an "Open" command.                                                                           |
| General status               | The general status of the function.                                                                        |

# 5.5.4 Indicator object monitoring

The indicator object monitoring function takes care of the status monitoring of disconnectors. The function's sole purpose is indication and does not therefore have any control functionality. To control circuit breakers and/or disconnectors, please use the Object control and monitoring function. The monitoring is based on the statuses of the configured relay's digital inputs. The number of monitored indicators in a relay depends on the device type and available inputs. The status monitoring of one monitored object usually requires two (2) digital inputs. Alternatively, object status monitoring can be performed with a single digital input: the input's active state and its zero state (switched to 1 with a NOT gate in the Logic editor).

The outputs of the function are the monitored indicator statuses (Open, Close, Intermediate and Bad). The setting parameters are static inputs for the function, which can only be changed by the use in the function's setup phase.

The inputs of the function are the binary status indications. The function generates general time stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the following signals: OPEN, CLOSE, BAD and INTERMEDIATE event signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms.

## Settings

Function uses available hardware and software digital signal statuses. These input signals are also setting parameters for the function.

#### Table. 5.5.4 - 104. Indicator status.

| Name                                                      | Range                                                | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Indicator<br>name<br>("Ind. Name")                        | -                                                    | IndX    | The user-set name of the object, at maximum 32 characters long.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| IndicatorX<br>Object status<br>("Ind.X Object<br>Status") | 0:<br>Intermediate<br>1: Open<br>2: Closed<br>3: Bad | -       | Displays the status of the indicator object. Intermediate status is displayed when<br>neither of the status conditions (open or close) are active. Bad status is displayed<br>when both of the status conditions (open and close) are active. |

#### Table. 5.5.4 - 105. Indicator I/O.

| Signal                                                             | Range                                                                     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IndicatorX<br>Open<br>input<br>("Ind.X<br>Open<br>Status<br>In")   | Digital input or other<br>logical signal selected<br>by the user<br>(SWx) | A link to a physical digital input. The monitored indicator's OPEN status. "1" refers to the active "Open" state of the monitored indicator. If IEC 61850 is enabled, GOOSE signals can be used for status indication.   |
| IndicatorX<br>Close<br>input<br>("Ind.X<br>Close<br>Status<br>In") | Digital input or other<br>logical signal selected<br>by the user<br>(SWx) | A link to a physical digital input. The monitored indicator's CLOSE status. "1" refers to the active "Close" state of the monitored indicator. If IEC 61850 is enabled, GOOSE signals can be used for status indication. |

# **Events**

The indicator object monitoring function (abbreviated "CIN" in event block names) generates events from the status changes in the monitored signals, including the continuous status indications. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

| Table. 5.5.4 - 106. Event messages | (instances 1 – 5). |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|
|------------------------------------|--------------------|

| Event block name | Event names  |
|------------------|--------------|
| CIN1             | Intermediate |
| CIN1             | Open         |
| CIN1             | Close        |
| CIN1             | Bad          |
| CIN2             | Intermediate |
| CIN2             | Open         |
| CIN2             | Close        |
| CIN2             | Bad          |
| CIN3             | Intermediate |
| CIN3             | Open         |
| CIN3             | Close        |
| CIN3             | Bad          |
| CIN4             | Intermediate |
| CIN4             | Open         |

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| Event block name | Event names  |
|------------------|--------------|
| CIN4             | Close        |
| CIN4             | Bad          |
| CIN5             | Intermediate |
| CIN5             | Open         |
| CIN5             | Close        |
| CIN5             | Bad          |

# 5.5.5 Auto-recloser (79)

Auto-reclosing means a coordinated de-energization and re-energization of overhead lines (both transmission and distribution). Its purpose is to clear transient and semi-permanent fault causes from the line and automatically restore the supply to the line. These types of faults account for approximately 80...95 % of all faults found in transmission and distribution networks. The majority of these fault types can be cleared with high-speed auto-reclosing, while the rest can be cleared with delayed auto-reclosing by de-energizing the faulty line for a longer period of time.

Only a minority of overhead line faults are of the permanent type which require maintenance or repair in the actual fault location. This type of fault include lightning striking the line, a tree branch touching the line, an arc caused by animals, and a short-circuit caused by some other object touching the line. If the fault is permanent (e.g. a broken insulator or a fallen tree leaning on the overhead line), the autorecloser cannot clear the fault and the faulty feeder is locked and prevented from closing until the cause of the fault is repaired in the actual fault location. Also, when a fault cannot be cleared by autoreclosing the line, any close-distance short-circuits should avoid initiating the auto-recloser because that would only cause unnecessary stress for the lines and the circuit breakers. Similar situations also rise in mixed networks since cable network faults cannot be cleared with the auto-recloser. The function must therefore be aware of the fault location before applying the auto-recloser to the faulty line.

## Auto-recloser as application

The main principle of the auto-recloser is to de-energize the faulty line and the fault location so the cause of the fault can drop out from the line. When the line is energized and an object either touches the line or drops onto the line, the current starts to flow through the object either to the ground or between the phases. This causes the surrounding air to heat and ionize, and it starts to operate as a conductor between the energized phase(s) and the ground causing an arc to ignite.

When the breaker is opened (either by an auto-recloser command or by a protection function), the voltage in the line goes to zero. This extinguishes the arc and lets the fault-causing object to drop from the line, thus clearing the cause of the fault. Auto-reclosing closes the breaker after a set time (called 'dead time' during which the line is not energized) and the supply is restored to the line. If the fault is not cleared by the first auto-recloser cycle (called 'shot'), more shots can be applied to the line. Alternatively, the function can be set to initiate the final trip, locking the feeder closing. The decision between a single-shot and a multi-shot auto-recloser depends on the following: protection type, switchgear, circuit breaker, stability requirements, network type, consumer loads as well as local utility knowledge and network practices.

The user can select whether there is a set time delay (called 'arcing time') between shots to burn the fault-causing object from the line, or whether normal protection operating times are applied. When a fault is not present when the breaker is closed but reappears soons after (called 'discrimination time' and 'reclaim time'), the auto-recloser function can either arm another shot or give the final trip command and the feeder becomes locked. The user can select the preferred method in the function's settings.

It is difficult to define a typical auto-recloser scheme because the above-mentioned parameters (and thus the main parameters of a scheme) vary greatly in distribution and transmission networks. This is why there are no universally applicable answers from the number of shots and the duration of the dead times to which protection functions should trigger the auto-recloser.

The minimum times for the "Dead time" setting is mostly dependent on the voltage level of the protected network: the air needs enough time to de-ionize before the circuit breaker is opened. For medium-voltage networks (20...75 kV) a 200 ms dead time should be sufficient. High-voltage networks require a longer dead time: a 110 kV network needs 300 ms and a 400 kV network needs 400...500 ms. This minimum time is not, however, less straightforward than this as it is affected by other parameters as well (such as conductor spacing, wind speed, fault type, fault duration, etc.). The main purpose of the "Dead time" setting is to give enough time for the air surrounding the fault location to return to its isolating state before the line is re-energized and therefore prevent the arc from reignite due to the heated and ionized air. The circuit breaker's open-close-open cycle capacity is another restricting factor for the minimum "Dead time" setting in low-voltage networks. In high-voltage networks, the time de-ionizing requires puts additional limitations on the minimum "Dead time" setting.

The user can build different schemes for evolving faults (such as transient earth faults that become multi-phase short-circuits or overcurrent faults) by changing the priorities and behaviors requests have. The auto-recloser function has five (5) independent priority requests for reclosing: REQ1 has the highest priority and REQ5 the lowest. The function also has one (1) critical request which halts the reclosing in any position when the request is received.

### Auto-recloser scheme in radial networks

A typical medium-voltage overhead network is usually radial in structure. This does not cause any additional requirements for the auto-recloser scheme apart from the above-mentioned limitations from the required air de-ionization time and the capacity of the circuit breaker. Also, a typical medium-voltage overhead line consists only of consumers and has no power generation; thus, the main objective of the structure is to provide a stable and continuous supply of electricity.

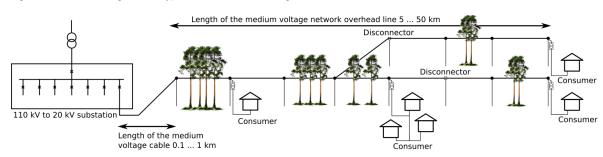


Figure. 5.5.5 - 121. Diagram of a typical radial medium-voltage network in rural areas.

Usually, a radially built medium-voltage network in rural areas consists of a short cable connection from the substation to the overhead line, followed by a relatively long overhead line that normally ends with the consumer. The consumer (residence, farm, etc.) can connect to basically any point in the overhead line with a 20 kV/0.4 kV distribution transformer. The overhead line can have many branches, and it is not uncommon (especially in rural areas) that there are multiple forest areas the line runs through between the consumer connections. In longer lines in sparsely populated areas it is possible to isolate areas of the overhead line by dividing it up with disconnectors (at least in branches).

This type of application normally uses an auto-recloser with two shots (one high-speed and one delayed) which are triggered by earth fault protection or overcurrent protection. Short-circuit protection is used for interlocking the auto-recloser in case a clear short-circuit fault occurs in the line.

| Figure. 5.5.5 - 122. Example of assigning request signals. |
|------------------------------------------------------------|
|------------------------------------------------------------|

| AR Request 1     | I> START    |
|------------------|-------------|
| AR Request 2     | IODir> TRIP |
| AR Request 3     | None        |
| AR Request 4     | None        |
| AR Request 5     | None        |
| Critical request | I>> TRIP    |

Figure. 5.5.5 - 123. Example of shot settings (two requests and two initialized shots).

| <b>REQ 1 Settin</b> | as         |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|---------------------|------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                     | 3-         |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
| · · · · ·           |            |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | AR1 Shot 1 | and chat charter dates         | AD4 Chat Day dTays dalars | AR1 Shot Arc or Discr. | AR1 Shot Action time         | AR1 Shot Reclaim time                                                                                          |
| AR Request          |            | AR1 Shot Starting delay        | AR1 Shot DeadTime delay   | ARL SHOT AFC OF DISCH. |                              | and an and a second |
| I> START            | Enabled 🔻  | 0.5 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | 0.2 s                     | Arcina 🔻               | 0.2 \$                       | 10 s                                                                                                           |
|                     | AR1 Shot 2 | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]          | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]     |                        | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]        | 0.0001800.000 [0.005j                                                                                          |
| Edit                |            | 0 5                            | 120 \$                    |                        | 0.2 5                        | 10 s                                                                                                           |
|                     | Enabled 🔻  | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]          | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]     | Arcina 🔻               | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]        | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]                                                                                          |
|                     | AR1 Shot 3 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | Disabled 🔻 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | AR1 Shot 4 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | Disabled   |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | AR1 Shot 5 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | Disabled   |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     |            |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
| <b>REQ2</b> Setting | IS         |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | 5          |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     |            |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | AR2 Shot 1 | AR2 Shot Starting delay        | AR2 Shot DeadTime delay   | AR2 Shot Arc or Discr. | AR2 Shot Action time         | AR2 Shot Reclaim time                                                                                          |
| AR Request          |            |                                | 0.2 s                     | Anz Shot Arc or Disch. |                              |                                                                                                                |
| I0dir> TRIP         | Enabled 🔻  | 0 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005j   | 0.2 \$                    | Arcina 🔻               | 0 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005j | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]                                                                                          |
| Edit                | AR2 Shot 2 | 0.0001800.000 [0.003]          | 0.0001000.000 [0.003]     |                        | 0.0001800.000 [0.003]        | 0.0001800.000 [0.003]                                                                                          |
| Edit                |            | 0 5                            | 60 s                      |                        | 0 5                          | 10 s                                                                                                           |
|                     | Enabled 🔻  | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]          | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]     | Arcina 🔻               | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]        | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]                                                                                          |
|                     | AR2 Shot 3 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | Disabled 🔻 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | AR2 Shot 4 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | Disabled 🔻 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | AR2 Shot 5 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | Disabled 🔻 |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |
|                     | Disableu   |                                |                           |                        |                              |                                                                                                                |

In this example, earth fault (REQ2) uses its own operating time settings, whereas the time delay for overcurrent (REQ1) comes from the auto-recloser's own settings. Both fault types can initialize both of the shots with different settings. If the fault evolves from earth fault into a multi-phase fault, the auto-recloser uses the AR1 settings for the reclosing. In this example, the dead time between the first and the second shot in REQ1 differs from the dead time in REQ2 because the air needs more time to cool and de-ionize after an overcurrent or a multi-phase fault than it does after an earth fault. If the high-set overcurrent stage activates in any situation, the auto-recloser. A manual reset of the auto-recloser's lock is required before one can attempt to close the breaker. A manual reset can be applied from SCADA or locally from the relay's HMI.

Based on the example above, the following six (6) sections present the principle signaling of the auto-recloser function. These are the auto-recloser sequence variations that can occur with this setup:

- from Trip with two shots (both fail)
- from Trip with two shots (high-speed fails, time-delayed succeeds)
- from Trip with two shots (high-speed succeeds)
- from Start with two shots (both fail)
- from Start with two shots (high-speed fails, time-delayed succeeds)
- from Start with two shots (high-speed succeeds).

The signal status graphs describe the statuses of available requests, the statuses of the autorecloser's internal signals, the statuses of the timers, the breaker controls from the autorecloser function as well as the breaker status signals. The auto-recloser function operates closely with the object control and monitoring function, and all breaker status and monitor signals are forwarded from the selected object to the auto-recloser function. The circuit breaker's "Open" and "Close" signals are also controlled through the dedicated object. When the breaker cannot be closed (because it is not ready or the closing is waiting for a Synchrocheck allowance), the wait state is forwarded to the auto-recloser function to wait for the object's acknowledgement either of a successful closing or of a failure time-out. A similar situation can arise in the circuit breaker's "Open" command, for example, if the command is blocked because of an SF<sub>6</sub> gas leakage. In failure acknowledgement situations the auto-recloser function is always put to a lock-out state with a requirement for resetting once the cause of the lock-out is cleared. Resetting is done by an external input to the function or by closing the breaker.

Auto-recloser sequence from Trip with two shots (both fail).

In this auto-recloser scheme, the TRIP signal from the directional eath fault protection function (I0dir> TRIP) was set up as the operation starter for Request 2 (REQ2). REQ2 has two shots (Shots 1 and 2) enabled with the setting detailed in the image below; the first one is a high-speed shot (0.2 s) that is then followed by a time-delayed shot (60 s).



Figure. 5.5.5 - 124. Settings for I0dir> with two shots.

When the TRIP signal is used to initiate the auto-recloser sequence, no additional starting or discrimination times are needed as the protection stage's own operation takes care of the breaker opening timings directly. Therefore, the auto-recloser function only monitors the status of the directional earth fault stage's tripping before initiating requests and shots.

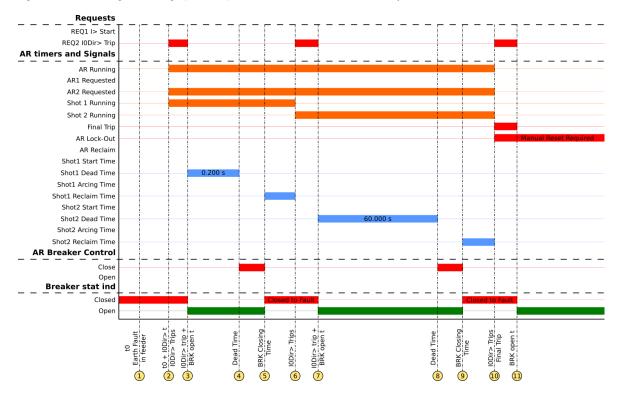


Figure. 5.5.5 - 125. Signal status graph of the permanent earth fault auto-recloser cycle.

- 1. An earth fault is found in the protected line causing the IODir> protection to start calculating the operating time for a trip.
- 2. The I0Dir> trips and gives the "Open" command to the breaker's open coil. The autorecloser function is initiated and the AR Running, AR2 Requested and Shot 1 Running signals are activated.
- The circuit breaker is opened and the I0Dir> TRIP signal is released and simultaneously the REQ2 trip signal for the auto-recloser is released. The recloser starts calculating the Shot1 Dead Time to close the breaker.
- 4. The Shot1 Dead Time (200 ms) is exceeded and the function sends a "Close" request to the object breaker (AR Breaker): the conditions are met and the breaker's "Close" command is sent to the breaker's close coil.
- 5. The circuit breaker is closed towards the fault as it was not cleared by Shot 1 given the nonenergized time. The I0dir> stage picks up and starts calculating the operating time for a trip. A "Close" command is dropped after the breaker's "Closed" indication is received and the auto-recloser function starts calculating Shot1 Reclaim Time.
- 6. The IODir> stage trips a second time and gives the REQ2 request to the function. However, as the function is in the process of calculating the Shot1 Reclaim Time when it receives this request, the function moves on to the next available shot (Shot 2) for the request. The Shot2 Running signal is set to active and the Shot1 Running is terminated.
- The circuit breaker is opened and the I0Dir> TRIP signal is released and simultaneously REQ2 trip signal for auto-recloser is released. The recloser starts calculating the Shot2 Dead Time to close the breaker.
- 8. The Shot2 Dead Time (60 s) is exceeded and the function sends a "Close" request to the object breaker: the conditions are met and the breaker's "Close" command is sent to the breaker's close coil.
- 9. The circuit breaker is closed towards the fault since it was not cleared by Shot 2. The I0dir> stage picks up and starts calculating the operating time for a trip. A "Close" command is dropped after the breaker's "Closed" indication is received and the auto-recloser function starts calculating Shot2 Reclaim Time.

- 10. The IODir> stage trips a third time and gives the REQ2 request to the function. However, as the function is in the process of calculating the Shot2 Reclaim Time when it receives this request, the function tries to move on to the next available shot. Alas, this scheme does not have any more available shots and so the function begins the Final Trip state and drops the AR Running, Shot2 Running and AR2 Requested signals. The function enters the AR Lockout state to prevent any further requests for reclosing.
- 11. The circuit breaker is opened and the I0Dir> TRIP signal is released, and simultaneously the REQ2 trip signal for the auto-recloser is released. The function is now in a steady lock-out state and waits for the user to manually reset and re-initialize the function by closing the breaker.

Auto-recloser sequence from Trip with two shots (high-speed fails, time-delayed succeeds).

This auto-recloser scheme has the same starters and shots as the previous example. The setting and signals are also the same. However, in this example the fault persists the high-speed shot but is cleared by the time-delayed shot.



Figure. 5.5.5 - 126. Settings for IOdir> with two shots.

This type of sequence (i.e. two shots required to clear the fault) represents 10...15 % of all faults that occur in MV overhead line networks.

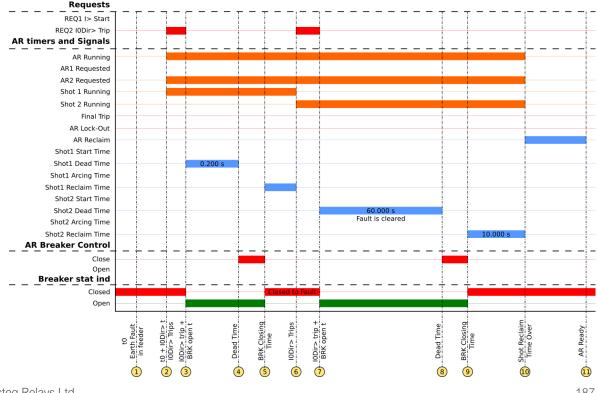


Figure. 5.5.5 - 127. Signal status graph of the semi-permanent earth fault auto-recloser cycle.

- 1. An earth fault is found in the protected line causing the IODir> protection to start calculating the operating time for a trip.
- 2. The I0Dir> trips and gives the "Open" command to the breaker's open coil. The autorecloser function is initiated and the AR Running, AR2 Requested and Shot 1 Running signals are activated.
- The circuit breaker is opened and the I0Dir> TRIP signal is released and simultaneously the REQ2 trip signal for the auto-recloser is released. The recloser starts calculating the Shot1 Dead Time to close the breaker.
- 4. The Shot1 Dead Time (200 ms) is exceeded and the function sends a "Close" request to the object breaker: the conditions are met and the breaker's "Close" command is sent to the breaker's close coil.
- 5. The circuit breaker is closed towards the fault as it was not cleared by Shot 1. The IOdir> stage picks up and starts calculating the operating time for a trip. A "Close" command is dropped after the breaker's "Closed" indication is received and the auto-recloser function starts calculating Shot1 Reclaim Time.
- 6. The IODir> stage trips a second time and gives the REQ2 request to the function. However, as the function is in the process of calculating the Shot1 Reclaim Time when it receives this request, the function moves on to the next available shot (Shot 2) for the request. The Shot2 Running signal is set to active and the Shot1 Running is terminated.
- The circuit breaker is opened and the I0Dir> TRIP signal is released and simultaneously REQ2 trip signal for the auto-recloser is released. The recloser starts calculating the Shot2 Dead Time to close the breaker.
- 8. The fault is cleared during Shot2 Dead Time. After that time (60 s) is exceeded, the function sends a "Close" request to the object breaker: the conditions are met and the breaker's "Close" command is sent to the breaker's close coil.
- 9. The circuit breaker is closed and since the fault has been cleared, no pick-ups are detected. The "Close" command is dropped after the breaker's "Closed" indication is received and the auto-recloser function starts calculating Shot2 Reclaim Time.
- 10. The Shot2 Reclaim Time (10 s) is exceeded, and so the AR Running, Shot 2 Running and AR2 Requested signals are terminated, and the AR Reclaim calculation begins. The difference between auto-reclosing and shot-specific reclaim times is that the function jumps to the next available shot should the fault return. If a fault returns after a successful cycle and the function's AR Reclaim signal is active, the function jumps directly to the Final Trip state and then enters the lock-out state. The user can control this behavior through the function settings. Both reclaim times can be set to 0 s when they are not needed, and the function skips all timers that are set to zero.
- 11. The **AR Reclaim** time is exceeded and the function is set to "Ready" to wait for the next request.

Auto-recloser sequence from Trip with two shots (high-speed succeeds).

This auto-recloser scheme has the same starters and shots as the two previous examples. The setting and signals are also the same. However, in this example the fault is cleared by the high-speed shot.

| REQ2 Settings -<br>- |            |          |                              |                                |                        |                              |                               |
|----------------------|------------|----------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| AR Request           | AR2 Shot 1 |          | AR2 Shot Starting delay      | AR2 Shot DeadTime delay        | AR2 Shot Arc or Discr. | AR2 Shot Action time         | AR2 Shot Reclaim time         |
| I0dir> TRIP          | Enabled    | -        | 0 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | 0.2 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | Arcina 🔻               | 0 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | 10 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] |
|                      | AR2 Shot 2 |          |                              |                                |                        |                              |                               |
|                      | Enabled    | -        | 0 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | 60 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005]  | Arcina                 | 0 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005j | 10 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] |
|                      | AR2 Shot 3 |          | ciccon iccon [cicco]         | ciccon interest [ciccos]       |                        | crocon zoono percep          | erecerize erecej              |
|                      | Disabled   | -        |                              |                                |                        |                              |                               |
|                      | AR2 Shot 4 |          |                              |                                |                        |                              |                               |
|                      | Disabled   | <b>_</b> |                              |                                |                        |                              |                               |
|                      | AR2 Shot 5 |          |                              |                                |                        |                              |                               |
|                      | Disabled   | <b>_</b> |                              |                                |                        |                              |                               |

Figure. 5.5.5 - 128. Settings for I0dir> with two shots.

This type of sequence (i.e. the first shot clears the fault) represents 75...85 % of all faults that occur in MV overhead line networks.

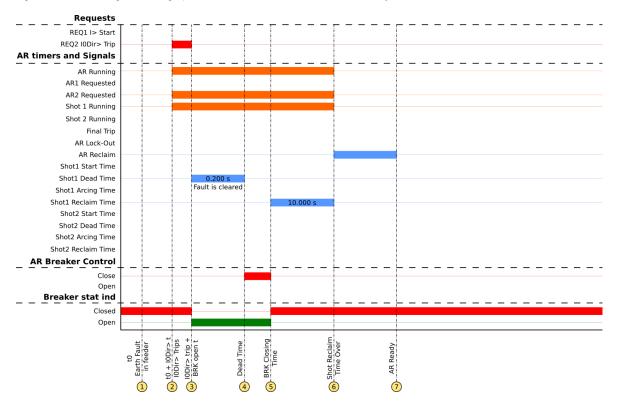


Figure. 5.5.5 - 129. Signal status graph of the transient earth fault auto-recloser cycle.

- 1. An earth fault is found in the protected line causing the IODir> protection to start calculating the operating time for a trip.
- The IODir> trips and gives the "Open" command to the breaker's open coil. The autorecloser function is initiated and the AR Running, AR2 Requested and Shot 1 Running signals are activated.
- The circuit breaker is opened and the I0Dir> TRIP signal is released and simultaneously the REQ2 trip signal for the auto-recloser is released. The recloser starts calculating the Shot1 Dead Time to close the breaker.
- 4. The fault is cleared during Shot1 Dead Time calculation. When that time (200 ms) is exceeded and the function sends a "Close" request to the object breaker: the conditions are met and the breaker's "Close" command is sent to the breaker's close coil.
- 5. The circuit breaker is closed and since the fault was cleared, no pick-ups are detected. The "Close" command is dropped after the breaker's "Closed" indication is received and the auto-recloser function starts calculating Shot1 Reclaim Time.
- 6. The Shot1 Reclaim Time (10 s) is exceeded, and so the AR Running, Shot 2 Running and AR2 Requested signals are terminated, and the AR Reclaim calculation begins. The difference between auto-reclosing and shot-specific reclaim times is that the function jumps to the next available shot should the fault returns. If a fault returns after a successful cycle and the function's AR Reclaim signal is active, the function jumps directly to the Final Trip state and then enters the lock-out state. The user can control this behavior through the function settings. Both reclaim times can be set to 0 s when they are not needed, and the function skips all timers that are set to zero. The user can also set is so that AR Reclaim is not used at all after a successful reclosing cycle.
- 7. The AR Reclaim time is exceeded and the function is set to "Ready" to wait for the next request.

Auto-recloser sequence from Start with two shots (both fail).

In this auto-recloser scheme, the START signal from the non-directional overcurrent protection function (I> START) was set up as the operation starter for Request 1 (REQ1). REQ1 has two shots (Shots 1 and 2) enabled with the setting detailed in the image below; the first one is a high-speed shot (0.2 s) that is then followed by a time-delayed shot (120 s). In this scheme the starting delay time is longer that in REQ2's high-speed shot. The shot action time is also longer in REQ1. If the fault persists after both shots, the time determining how long the breaker stays closed is reduced.



| Q 1 Settings           |                                     |                                                            |                                                            |                        |                                                  |                                                      |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| AR Request<br>I> START | AR1 Shot 1<br>Enabled               | AR1 Shot Starting delay<br>0.5 s<br>0.000 1800.000 [0.005] | AR1 Shot DeadTime delay<br>0.2 s<br>0.000 1800.000 [0.005j | AR1 Shot Arc or Discr. | AR1 Shot Action time 0.2 s 0.0001800.000 [0.005] | AR1 Shot Reclaim tin<br>10<br>0.000 1800.000 [0.005] |
| Edit                   | AR1 Shot 2<br>Enabled<br>AR1 Shot 3 | 0 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005j                               | 120 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005j                             | Arcina                 | 0.2 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005j                   | 10<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005j                          |
|                        | Disabled 💌<br>AR1 Shot 4            |                                                            |                                                            |                        |                                                  |                                                      |
|                        | Disabled  AR1 Shot 5 Disabled       |                                                            |                                                            |                        |                                                  |                                                      |

When the START signal is used to initiate the auto-recloser sequence, the fault duration timings are overseen by the auto-recloser function and thus both the starting time and the arcing time need to be set accordingly. The protection's main operating time settings should be longer than the values set to the auto-recloser function; this way the state changes work properly with this function.

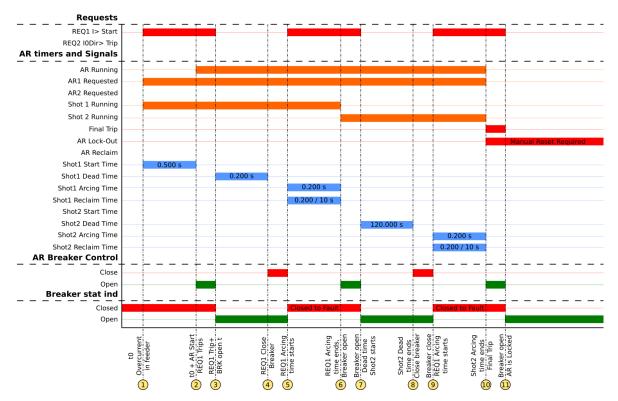


Figure. 5.5.5 - 131. Signal status graph of the permanent overcurrent auto-recloser cycle.

- 1. An overcurrent is found in the protected line causing the I> protection to pick up. This activates the AR1 Requested signal to begin to calculate the Shot1 Start Time. This activates the Shot 1 Running signal even though the auto-recloser function is not yet running.
- 2. The Shot1 Start Time (500 ms) for has elapsed and the auto-recloser function starts running (AR Running). This sends an "Open" command to the breaker.

- The circuit breaker is opened and the I> stage's START signal is released and simultaneously REQ1 trip signal for auto-reclosing is released. The auto-recloser function starts calculating the Shot1 Dead Time to close the breaker.
- 4. The Shot1 Dead Time (200 ms) is exceeded and the auto-recloser function sends a "Close" request to the object breaker: the conditions are met and the breaker's "Close" command is sent to the breaker's close coil.
- 5. The circuit breaker is closed and since fault was not cleared, a new pick-up of I> is detected. A "Close" command is dropped after the breaker's "Closed" indication is received and the auto-recloser function starts calculating the Shot1 Reclaim Time simultaneously with the Shot1 Arcing Time.
- 6. The Shot1 Arcing Time (200 ms) is exceeded which means that the fault is not cleared and the function sends an "Open" command to the breaker. The function deactivates the Shot1 Running signal and instead activates the Shot2 Running signal.
- 7. The circuit breaker opens and the Shot2 Dead Time calculation begins.
- 8. The Shot2 Dead Time (120 s) is exceeded and the auto-recloser function sends a "Close" command to the breaker.
- 9. The circuit breaker is closed towards the fault since it was not cleared by Shot 2. The I> stage picks up and starts calculating the Shot2 Arcing Time for the Final Trip. The "Close" command is dropped after the the breaker's "Closed" indication is received. The auto-recloser function also starts calculating the Shot2 Reclaim Time.
- 10. The Shot2 Arcing Time (200 ms) is exceeded and and the REQ1 request is given to the function. However, as the function is in the process of calculating the Shot2 Reclaim Time when it receives this request, the function tries to move on to the next available shot. Alas, this scheme does not have any more available shots and so the function begins the Final Trip state and drops the AR Running, Shot2 Running and AR1 Requested signals. The function enters the AR Lock-out state to prevent any further requests for reclosing.
- 11. The circuit breaker is opened and the I> function's START signal is released, and simultaneously the REQ1 trip signal for auto-reclosing is released. The function is now in a steady lock-out state and waits for the user to manually reset and re-initialize the function by closing the breaker.

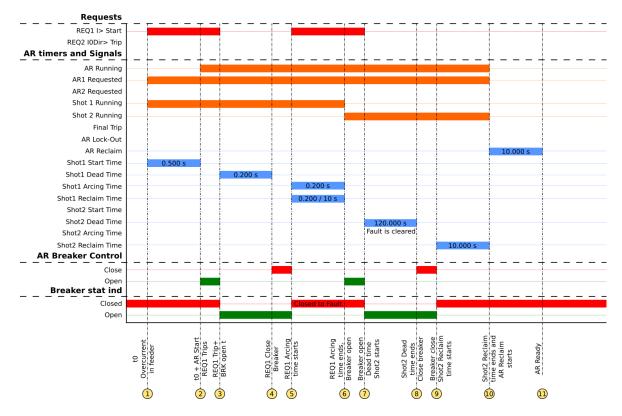
Auto-recloser sequence from Start with two shots (high-speed fails, time-delayed succeeds).

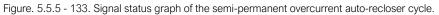
This auto-recloser scheme has the same starters and shots as the previous example. The setting and signals are also the same. However, in this example the fault persists the high-speed shot but is cleared by the time-delayed shot.

| REQ 1 Settings |            |                                |                                |                        |                                |                               |
|----------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u> </u>       |            |                                |                                |                        |                                |                               |
| AR Request     | AR1 Shot 1 | AR1 Shot Starting delay        | AR1 Shot DeadTime delay        | AR1 Shot Arc or Discr. | AR1 Shot Action time           | AR1 Shot Reclaim time         |
| I> START       | Enabled    | 0.5 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | 0.2 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | Arcina 🔻               | 0.2 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | 10 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] |
| Edit           | AR1 Shot 2 | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]          | 0.0001800.000 [0.003]          |                        | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]          | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]         |
|                | Enabled    | 0 s                            | 120 s                          | Arcina                 | 0.2 \$                         | 10s                           |
|                | AR1 Shot 3 | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]          | 0.0001800.000 [0.005j          |                        | 0.0001800.000 [0.005]          | 0.0001800.000 [0.005j         |
|                | Disabled   |                                |                                |                        |                                |                               |
|                | AR1 Shot 4 |                                |                                |                        |                                |                               |
|                | Disabled 🔻 |                                |                                |                        |                                |                               |
|                | AR1 Shot 5 |                                |                                |                        |                                |                               |
|                | Disabled   |                                |                                |                        |                                |                               |

Figure. 5.5.5 - 132. Settings for I> with two shots.

This type of sequence (i.e. two shots required to clear the fault) represents 10...15 % of all faults that occur in MV overhead line networks.





- An overcurrent is found in the protected line causing the I> protection to pick up. This
  activates the AR1 Requested signal to begin to calculate the Shot1 Start Time. This activates
  the Shot 1 Running signal eventhough the auto-recloser function is not yet running.
- 2. The Shot1 Start Time (500 ms) for has elapsed and the auto-recloser function starts running (AR Running). This sends an "Open" command to the breaker.
- The circuit breaker is opened and the I> stage's START signal is released and simultaneously REQ1 trip signal for auto-reclosing is released. The auto-recloser function starts calculating the Shot1 Dead Time to close the breaker.
- 4. The Shot1 Dead Time (200 ms) is exceeded and the auto-recloser function sends a "Close" request to the object breaker: the conditions are met and the breaker's "Close" command is sent to the breaker's close coil.
- 5. The circuit breaker is closed and since fault was not cleared, a new pick-up of I> is detected. A "Close" command is dropped after the breaker's "Closed" indication is received and the auto-recloser function starts calculating the Shot1 Reclaim Time simultaneously with the Shot1 Arcing Time.
- 6. The Shot1 Arcing Time (200 ms) is exceeded which means that the fault is not cleared and the function sends an "Open" command to the breaker. The function deactivates the Shot1 Running signal and instead activates the Shot2 Running signal.
- 7. The circuit breaker opens and the Shot2 Dead Time calculation begins.
- 8. The fault is cleared during the Shot2 Dead Time (120 s). When that time is exceeded, the auto-recloser function sends a "Close" command to the breaker.
- 9. The circuit breaker is closed and since the fault was cleared by Shot 2, no more pick-ups are detected. The "Close" command is dropped after the the breaker's "Closed" indication is received. The auto-recloser function also starts calculating the Shot2 Reclaim Time.

- 10. The Shot2 Reclaim Time (10 s) is exceeded, and so the AR Running, Shot2 Running and AR1 Requested signals are terminated and the AR Reclaim calculation begins. The difference between auto-reclosing and shot-specific reclaim times is that the function jumps to the next available shot should the fault returns. If a fault returns after a successful cycle and the function's AR Reclaim signal is active, the function jumps directly to the Final Trip state and then enters the lock-out state. The user can control this behavior through the function settings. Both reclaim times can be set to 0 s when they are not needed, and the function skips all timers that are set to zero. The user can also set is so that AR Reclaim is not used at all after a successful recloser cycle.
- 11. The AR Reclaim time is exceeded and the function is set to "Ready" to wait for the next request.

Auto-recloser sequence from Start with two shots (high-speed succeeds).

This auto-recloser scheme has the same starters and shots as the two previous examples. The setting and signals are also the same. However, in this example the fault is cleared by the high-speed shot.

| REQ 1 Settings                 |                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                     |                                                                                               |                                  |                                                                                            |                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AR Request<br>I> STARI<br>Edit | ARI Shot 1<br>Enabled •<br>ARI Shot 2<br>Enabled •<br>ARI Shot 3<br>Disabled •<br>ARI Shot 4<br>Disabled •<br>ARI Shot 5<br>Disabled • | ARI Shot Starting delay<br>0.5 \$<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005]<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] | AR1 Shot DeadTime delay<br>0.2 *<br>0.000 1800.000 [0.005]<br>120 *<br>0.000 1800.000 [0.005] | AR1 Shot Arc or Discr.<br>Arcina | AR1 Shot Action time<br>0.2 =<br>0.000 1800.000 [0.005]<br>0.2 =<br>0.000 1800.000 [0.005] | ARI Shot Reclaim time<br>10 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005]<br>10 s<br>0.0001800.000 [0.005] |

Figure. 5.5.5 - 134. Settings for I> with two shots.

This type of sequence (i.e. the first shot clears the fault) represents 75...85 % of all faults that occur in MV overhead line networks.

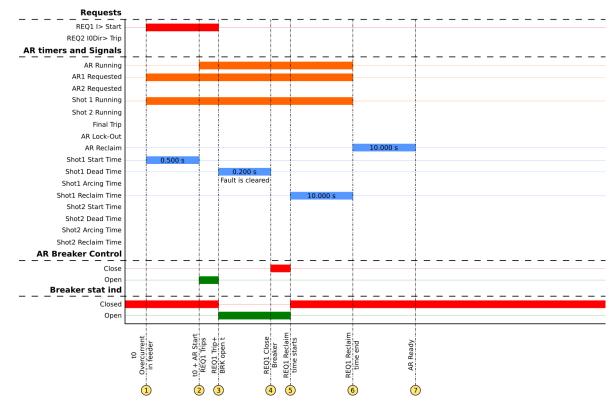


Figure. 5.5.5 - 135. Signal status graph of the transient overcurrent auto-recloser cycle.

- 1. An overcurrent is found in the protected line causing the I> protection to pick up. This activates the AR1 Requested signal to begin to calculate the Shot1 Start Time. This activates the Shot 1 Running signal eventhough the auto-recloser function is not yet running.
- 2. The Shot1 Start Time (500 ms) for has elapsed and the auto-recloser function starts running (AR Running). This sends an "Open" command to the breaker.
- 3. The circuit breaker is opened and the I> stage's START signal is released and simultaneously REQ1 trip signal for auto-reclosing is released. The auto-recloser function starts calculating the Shot1 Dead Time to close the breaker.
- 4. The fault is cleared during the Shot1 Dead Time (200 ms). When this time is exceeded, the auto-recloser function sends a "Close" request to the object breaker: the conditions are met and the breaker's "Close" command is sent to the breaker's close coil.
- 5. The circuit breaker is closed and since the fault was cleared, no pick-ups are detected. A "Close" command is dropped after the breaker's "Closed" indication is received and the auto-recloser function starts calculating the Shot1 Reclaim Time.
- 6. The Shot1 Reclaim Time (10 s) is exceeded, and so the AR Running, AR1 Requested and Shot 1 Running signals are terminated and the AR Reclaim calculation begins. The difference between auto-reclosing and shot-specific reclaim times is that the function jumps to the next available shot should the fault returns. If a fault returns after a successful cycle and the function's AR Reclaim signal is active, the function jumps directly to the Final Trip state and then enters the lock-out state. The user can control this behavior through the function settings. Both reclaim times can be set to 0 s when they are not needed, and the function skips all timers that are set to zero. The user can also set is so that AR Reclaim is not used at all after a successful recloser cycle.
- 7. The **AR Reclaim** time is exceeded and the function is set to "Ready" to wait for the next request.

# Auto-recloser in meshed or ring networks

A typical auto-recloser scheme cannot be applied directly to an overhead line network that has a distributed generation (DG) component; this situation will become more common as renewable power sources become more widespread. Instead, this requires a two-end auto-recloser scheme where the two relays at both ends of the line function in a master–follower operation. The DG power plant must be disconnected from the rest of the network before the breaker's "Close" command is applied; otherwise the plant keeps the fault on during the auto-recloser's dead time and thus fails the reclosing. Additionally, when the main grid is disconnected from the DG power plant, the closing of the breaker is likely to cause phase shifting issues during the dead time.

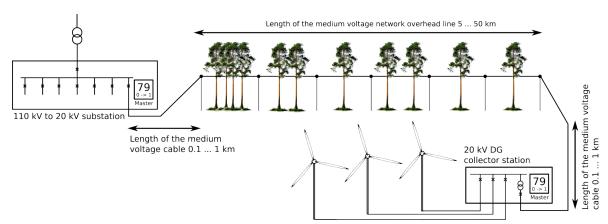


Figure. 5.5.5 - 136. Auto-reclosing with distributed generation in the line.

This operation requires a link between the 110/20 kV substation's master relay and the 20 kV collector substation's follower relay. When the auto-recloser function is initiated, the collector station's breaker is opened and remains open until the auto-recloser sequence is over as there is no reason to close the breaker until the auto-recloser cycle has successfully cleared the fault. When the sequence is successful, the collector substation's breaker is given permission to close after the reclaim time; the breaker should be closed with the Synchrocheck function.

Once the collector substation is disconnected, the previously described basic principles of autoreclosing apply. This method applies to all meshed or ring networks where the same line is fed power from multiple directions. This problem does not exist for typical consumer (radial) networks.

## Arcing time and discrimination time

Generally, after the dead time has elapsed and the breaker is closed by the auto-recloser, this happens: the reclaim time starts calculating and if the process is interrupted by a new reclosing request, the function continues to the next state (the next available shot, or the Final Trip if no more shots are available). However, the user can use the "Shot action time" setting to contol this behavior. The two settings are mutually exclusive: when "Arcing" is selected for a shot, "Discrimination" cannot be selected for the same shot.

The "Arcing" setting is used to control the auto-recloser when the START signal of a stage makes the requests. If the request (e.g. I> START) activates during the reclaim time, an arcing time calculation begins. If the fault persists, the function continues to the next state. If an arcing time calculation begins but stops before the set time has passed, the reclaim calculation continues normally. When that time has elapsed, the auto-recloser function returns either to the general reclaim time or to the Ready mode; the shot is considered successful. The arcing time counter does not reset when the reclaim calculation continues: every time it activates, it continues from where it left off. This means that the time set to the "ARx Shot action time" parameter is a cumulative counter of time allowed before deciding whether a shot is failed or successful.

The auto-recloser is sometimes used in time-coordinated, IDMT-protected networks that have old mechanical relays with current-dependent release times. In these cases the operation of the protection selectivity must be guaranteed by allowing all relay timing devices to completely reset during dead time to maintain the correct time discrimination after reclosing to the fault. Some mechanical IDMT relays can require up to ten seconds (10 s) to reset. When short dead times are required, the relays should reset almost immediately for the current-dependent time grading to operate as expected, and set the discrimination time (instead of the arcing time) to start simultaneously with the reclaim time. If new reclosing requests are made during this discrimination time, the function halts and lets the protection devices operate based on their own settings, and does not interfere with the protection functions' or the breaker's operation. However, this means that the auto-recloser has to be manually reset and the breaker manually closed before further reclosing requests can be made.

## Auto-recloser I/O

The main outputs of the auto-recloser function are the control signals OBJECT OPEN and OBJECT CLOSE. The function also reports the recloser status information which is used in the logics, LED indications, and applied operations.

The inputs of the function are the following:

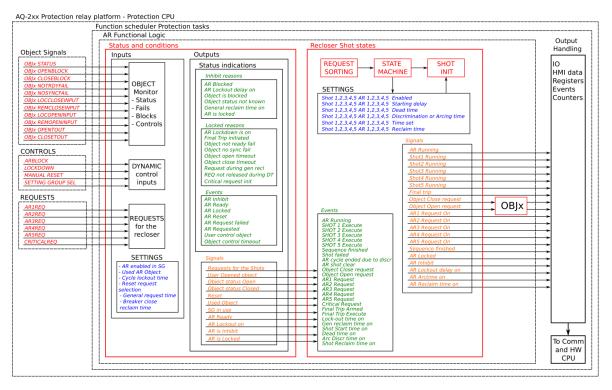
- binary recloser request signals
- blockings
- controlling signals
- the controlled object's monitoring and status signals.

The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the two (2) output signal as well as from several operational event signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also a resettable cumulative counter for each of the applied reclosing events and requests.

The auto-recloser function can be divided into the starter, shot selector state machine, sorter and shot blocks which operate dynamically during the recloser sequences according to the given settings and input signal monitoring. The behavior of the function can be changed even during sequences that are based on programmed reclosing schemes and on active requests.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the auto-recloser function.

Figure. 5.5.5 - 137. Simplified function block diagram of the auto-recloser function.



As the diagram above shows, the auto-recloser function is tied to and dependent on the block status information and configuration of the object control and monitoring function. This is why the controlled object must be configured before the auto-recloser function can be used. In AQ-2xx protection systems the object control block supervises all breaker operations: this means that breaker-related functionalities (e.g. synchrocheck, breaker status monitoring) are not noted separately by the auto-recloser function. If any of these fail during the circuit breaker opening or closing, the object control function reports the event to the auto-recloser function which then takes the corresponding action.

In addition to the previously mentioned cases, the manual control of the breaker (whether open or close during the auto-recloser sequence) also always causes a reset of the auto-recloser. For example, if a breaker is closed manually during dead time towards a fault, the auto-recloser function enters the general reclaim mode and causes a lock-out of the function.

The auto-recloser function gives exhaustive information about its operations and statuses through online indications, events, registered data as well as output signals which can be configured to any output or logical input in the device. If the network configuration is altered during an auto-reclosing sequence, the operation of the auto-recloser function can also be modified accordingly by switching to a setting group that matches the changed network situation.

## Input signals of the auto-recloser function

The required auto-recloser scheme determines how many and which setting parameters are needed. All status changes in the input signals (inc. the requests) always cause recorded events, also in the object's registers and the object's continuous status indications. Events can be enabled or disabled according to the application requirements.

#### Table. 5.5.5 - 107. AR input signals.

| Signal                    | Range                                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AR On/<br>Off             | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | Enables or disables the auto-recloser function with any binary signal selected by the user. The parameter "Use AR On/Off signals" defines whether this input signal is in use or not. |
| AR<br>Manual<br>reset     | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | Allows for the manual resetting of the recloser if locked (e.g. due to Final Trip).                                                                                                   |
| AR<br>Locking             | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | Locks the auto-recloser so that it requires a manual reset before its operation can be set to "Ready".                                                                                |
| AR<br>Critical<br>request | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | Defines the critical request for the function. If this signal is activated, the auto-recloser goes directly to the locked state the moment the request is received.                   |

Table. 5.5.5 - 108. Request signals.

| Signal                       | Range                                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AR<br>Request<br>1<br>(REQ1) | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | The request with the highest priority, it overrides all auto-reclosing requests with lower priorities.<br>When this request signal is activated and other conditions for reclosing are met, a shot is applied.                         |
| AR<br>Request<br>2<br>(REQ2) | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | The request with the second highest priority, it overrides all auto-reclosing requests with lower priorities. When this request signal is activated and other conditions for reclosing are met, a shot is applied.                     |
| AR<br>Request<br>3<br>(REQ3) | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | The request with the third highest priority, it overrides all auto-reclosing requests with lower priorities. When this request signal is activated and other conditions for reclosing are met, a shot is applied.                      |
| AR<br>Request<br>4<br>(REQ4) | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | The request with the fourth highest (and second lowest) priority, it overrides all auto-reclosing requests with lower priorities. When this request signal is activated and other conditions for reclosing are met, a shot is applied. |
| AR<br>Request<br>5<br>(REQ5) | Any binary<br>signal in the<br>device | The request with the lowest priority, it is overridden by all other auto-reclosing requests. When this request signal is activated and other conditions for reclosing are met, a shot is applied.                                      |

# Output signals of the auto-recloser function

The outputs of the function are only indication signals (*Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Control functions*  $\rightarrow$  *Auto-recloser*  $\rightarrow$  *I/O*). The breaker's "Open" and "Close" commands are controlled by the object control and monitoring function.

#### Table. 5.5.5 - 109. AR output signals.

| Signal            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| AR ON<br>AR OFF   | The signal "AR ON" is displayed when the auto-recloser function is enabled. The signal "AR OFF" is displayed if the "Use AR On/Off signals" is set to "Yes" and the input of the AR On/Off is inactive. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR In<br>progress | The signal "AR In progress" is activated and displayed when the function has opened the breaker and is calculating the time towards closing it.                                                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR1 Request<br>ON | The signal "AR1 Request ON" is activated and displayed when the function is executing a shot requested by REQ1. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR2 Request<br>ON | The signal "AR2 Request ON" is activated and displayed when the function is executing a shot requested by REQ2. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as into communication protocols.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Signal                                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| AR3 Request<br>ON                             | The signal "AR3 Request ON" is activated and displayed when the function is executing a shot requested by REQ3. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR4 Request<br>ON                             | The signal "AR4 Request ON" is activated and displayed when the function is executing a shot requested by REQ4. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR5 Request<br>ON                             | The signal "AR5 Request ON" is activated and displayed when the function is executing a shot requested by REQ5. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Running                                    | The signal "AR Running" is activated and displayed when the function is in Running mode. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Shot 1<br>Running                          | The signal "AR Shot 1 Running" is activated and displayed when the function is executing Shot 1. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Shot 2<br>Running                          | The signal "AR Shot 2 Running" is activated and displayed when the function is executing Shot 2. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Shot 3<br>Running                          | The signal "AR Shot 3 Running" is activated and displayed when the function is executing Shot 3. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Shot 4<br>Running                          | The signal "AR Shot 4 Running" is activated and displayed when the function is executing Shot 4. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Shot 5<br>Running                          | The signal "AR Shot 5 Running" is activated and displayed when the function is executing Shot 5. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR<br>Sequence<br>finished                    | The signal "AR Sequence finished" is activated and displayed when the function has closed the breaker after the last shot and is waiting for the Final Trip to occur or for the reclaim time to run out.                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Final Trip                                 | The signal "AR Final Trip" is activated and displayed when the function has executed the Final Trip command.<br>This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Dead<br>time ON                            | The signal "AR Dead time ON" is activated and displayed when the function has opened the breaker and is calculating the time towards closing it.                                                                                                                                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Arcing<br>time ON                          | The signal "AR Arcing time ON" is activated and displayed when the function is calculating the arcing time.<br>This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Reclaim<br>time ON                         | The signal "AR Reclaim time ON" is activated and displayed when the function is calculating the reclaim time.<br>This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as to communication protocols.                                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Ready                                      | The signal "AR Ready" is activated and displayed when the function is ready to execute the auto-reclosing sequence if a fault is detected.                                                                                                                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Lockout<br>after<br>successful<br>sequence | The signal "AR Reclaim time ON" is activated and displayed when the auto-recloser sequence has been successful but a new fault was detected before the lock-out time was depleted. No new sequence will be started while this signal is active, instead the function goes into the locked mode. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR<br>Operation<br>inhibit                    | The signal "AR Operation inhibit" is activated and displayed when the function is in Inhibit mode. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as into communication protocols.                                                                                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR Locked                                     | The signal "AR Locked" is activated and displayed when the function is in Locked mode. This signal can be connected to any relay I/O as well as into communication protocols.                                                                                                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Setting parameters

The auto-recloser function has settings that the user can freely configure. The setting cover all areas of the function so that the user can control the operational details of the function as needed. The function's operation can be static or dynamic depending on the setting group that is in use. The function has both general settings and active settings concerning requests and shots. The general settings control the desired object selection as well as the general behavior of the function in different operating schemes.

| Table. 5.5.5 - 110. | AR Status and | basic settings. |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|

| Setting                     | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AR<br>Mode                  | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0:<br>Disabled | Enables and disables the auto-recloser function in the configuration.                                                                                                                                                          |
| Use AR<br>On/Off<br>signals | 0: Yes<br>1: No                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 1: No          | Selects whether or not the AR ON and AR OFF signals are used. If set to "No" the auto-<br>recloser is always in use. If set to "Yes" binary signal set to "AR ON/OFF" has to be<br>active for the auto-recloser to be enabled. |
| AR<br>Status                | 0: AR is<br>inhibit<br>1: AR is ready<br>2: AR is<br>locked<br>3: AR is<br>running<br>4: AR is not<br>running<br>5: Lock out<br>delay is<br>running<br>6: Reclaim<br>time counting<br>7: Start time<br>counting<br>8: Dead time<br>counting<br>9: Arcing or<br>discr. time<br>counting<br>10: Reclaim<br>time counting<br>10: Reclaim<br>time counting<br>11: AR1<br>Requested<br>12: AR2<br>Requested<br>13: AR3<br>Requested<br>14: AR4<br>Requested<br>14: AR4<br>Requested<br>15: AR5<br>Requested<br>16: Executing<br>Shot1<br>17: Executing<br>Shot3<br>19: Executing<br>Shot5<br>21: Shot<br>Clear |                | When clicked open, displays the status of the function.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Timer<br>active             | 0: -<br>1: AR Lockout<br>2: AR Reset<br>Reclaim<br>3: AR Start<br>Delay<br>4: AR Dead<br>Time<br>5: AR<br>Discrimination<br>6: AR Shot<br>Reclaim                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0: -           | When the function is counting down towards any action, this parameter displays what is the next expected action when the "AR Timer value" reaches zero.                                                                        |
| AR<br>Timer<br>value        | 01800.00s                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0s             | When the function is counting down towards any action, this parameter displays how much time is left until the action is executed. The "Timer active" setting displays what is the action when this timer reaches zero.        |

### Table. 5.5.5 - 111. AR General settings.

| Setting                                                      | Range                                                                   | Step   | Default                    | SG | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Object for<br>AR                                             | 0: Object 1<br>1: Object 2<br>2: Object 3<br>3: Object 4<br>4: Object 5 | -      | 0:<br>Object 1             | 8  | Defines the monitored and/or controlled object, and the<br>monitoring and/or controlling signals issued. This selection can<br>be changed via the device's setting group selection in real<br>time.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| AR Enabled<br>in SG                                          | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                                               | -      | 0:<br>Disabled             | 8  | Enables and disables the auto-recloser in the current setting<br>group. Can be enabled and disabled in each setting group<br>independently. This selection can be changed via the device's<br>setting group selection in real time.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Require<br>manual<br>resetting                               | 0: Required<br>1: Obj Close CMD<br>resets                               | -      | 0:<br>Required             | 8  | Defines the auto-recloser resetting after locking (Final trip,<br>error condition). Resetting can be set to be only done<br>manually with a user defined signal, or it can be reset by a<br>general breaker "Close" command (from any source). This<br>selection can be changed via the device's setting group<br>selection in real time.                                                                                                                                     |
| Successful<br>reclose<br>start general<br>reclaim            | 0: Only shot<br>reclaim<br>1: Shot reclaim<br>and general<br>reclaim    | -      | 0: Only<br>shot<br>reclaim | 8  | Defines whether the auto-recloser runs after a successful<br>reclose (inc. shot reclaim time), or whether it enters the locked<br>state after a request for auto-reclosing is applied. If "Shot<br>reclaim and general reclaim" is selected, this selection defines<br>the minimum time allowed between auto-reclosing cycles<br>without changing the shot-specific reclaim times. This<br>selection can be changed via the device's setting group<br>selection in real time. |
| Lock-out<br>time<br>("Lockout<br>after<br>successful<br>AR") | 0.0001800.000s                                                          | 0.005s | 0.000s                     | 8  | Defines the lock-out time after a successful reclosing. When<br>set to 0.00 s, the recloser goes directly into the "Ready" state<br>after a successful reclosing. If this time is running while a new<br>reclosing request is applied, the auto-recloser opens the<br>breaker and enters the locked state to prevent further<br>reclosing attempts. This selection can be changed via the<br>device's setting group selection in real time.                                   |
| Object close<br>reclaim time                                 | 0.0001800.000s                                                          | 0.005s | 10.000s                    | 8  | Defines the "Close" reclaim time of the object. This time starts<br>when the object is manually closed or when the general<br>reclaim time is selected after a successful auto-reclosing. If an<br>auto-reclosing request is applied during this time, the auto-<br>recloser enters the locked state to prevent further reclosing<br>attempts. This selection can be changed via the device's<br>setting group selection in real time.                                        |

Table. 5.5.5 - 112. Auto-recloser shot settings.

| Setting                       | Range                     | Step   | Default        | SG | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|----------------|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ARx Shot x                    | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled | -      | 0:<br>Disabled | 8  | Enables/disables Shot x for request ARx. If "Disabled", the ARx request skips Shot 1 and moves on to the next enabled shot. If "Enabled", the ARx request executes a shot according to Shot 1 settings. This selection can be changed via the device's setting group selection in real time.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ARx<br>Shot starting<br>delay | 0.0001800.000s            | 0.005s | 0.000s         | 8  | Defines the starting delay of the shot, i.e. the minimum<br>time an ARx request has to be active before openign the<br>breaker and entering the dead time delay counting. This<br>setting is used only when the ARx request comes from the<br>function's START signal. If the function's TRIP request<br>starting delay in not 0.000 s, the auto-recloser is<br>prevented from starting. Whenever the shot is not the first<br>one, this setting should be set to 0.000 s. This selection<br>can be changed via the setting group selection in real<br>time. |

| Setting                        | Range                          | Step    | Default      | SG     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ARx<br>Shot dead<br>time delay | 0.0001800.000s                 | 0.005s  | 0.000s       | 8      | Defines the dead time delay of the shot, i.e. the breaker's<br>"Open" time before the auto-recloser closes the breaker.<br>The time calculation starts from the breaker's "Open"<br>signal. This selection can be changed via the device's<br>setting group selection in real time.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ARx Shot<br>Arc or Discr.      | 0: Arcing<br>1: Discrimination | -       | 0:<br>Arcing | 8      | Determines what happens when a fault persists after a dead time when the breaker is closed. Can be chosen between arcing and discrimination behavior; the selection depends on the application. When "Arcing" time is selected, the auto-recloser keeps the breaker closed until Action time is spent (also with Discrimination time). If a new request received during the Action time calculation, the auto-recloser locks out during the reclaim time. This selection can be changed via the device's setting group selection in real time. |
| ARx Shot<br>action time        | 0.0001800.000s                 | 0.005s  | 0.000s       | 8      | Defines the action time for the shot after dead time and<br>after the breaker is closed, i.e. the maximum arcing time<br>or discrimination time when the reclaim time is running.<br>When set to 0.000 s, the "Arcing" or "Discrimination" time<br>is disabled in the auto-recloser scheme. This setting can<br>be changed via the device's setting group selection in real<br>time.                                                                                                                                                           |
| ARx Shot<br>reclaim time       | 0.0001800.000s                 | 0.0005s | 0.000s       | 0.000s | After the dead time has elapsed and the breaker is closed<br>by the auto-recloser, the reclaim time starts calculating. If<br>the process is interrupted by a new reclosing request, the<br>function continues to the next shot.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

| REQ 1 Settings         Istered 1.         Istered 1.      <                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Figure. 5.5.5 -     | 138. Auto-reciose                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | r snot setting parar    | neters.                 |                        |                      |                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| All short starting with a starting                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>REQ 1 Settin</b> | ngs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| At Report       At Short       At Short <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | -                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| Image: Settings       Add: 3000 Setting for the set of the                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| Instance       ACC 2000 (0.05)       2.000 (0.000)       Instance (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)       2.000 (0.000)<                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         | Arcina                 |                      |                       |
| ARI Short                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Con                 | Enabled 💌                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                         |                         | Arcina 💌               |                      |                       |
| ARL Single Threaded       ARC Short Starting GALY       ARC Short Start Starting GALY       ARC Short Start Starting                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AIL Saids       AIZ Saids Serting Kirk       AIZ Saids Sert                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                     | AR1 Shot 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| REQ2 Settings         Image: Control of the set of th                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                     | AR1 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AFZ Short Scatting Sdar, ACS Short Dead Time delay, AFS Short Are or Disc., AFS Short Action Time, AFS Short Recelum Ti                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request<br>Index 1000       AU Shot Schring delay<br>accur. secondo places <sup>2</sup> AU Shot Accon time:<br>accur. secondo places <sup>2</sup> AU Shot Accon time:<br>AU Shot Accon time:<br>accur. secondo places <sup>2</sup> AU Shot Accon time:<br>AU Shot Accon time:<br>accur. secondo places <sup>2</sup> AU Shot Accon time:<br>AU Shot Accon ti |                     | gs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request       ACS Shot 1       ACS Shot 2 carting delay       ACS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                     | AR2 Shot 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | AR2 Shot Starting delay | AR2 Shot DeadTime delay | AR2 Shot Arc or Discr. | AR2 Shot Action time | AR2 Shot Redaim time  |
| Indiany, Trapy       All Shot 2       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany         Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany         Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany         Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany       Indiany                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                     | Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                         | 0.2 s                   | Arcina                 |                      |                       |
| Idia       Add Setting       Add Setting       Add Setting       Add Setting       Add Setting         REQ3 Settings       Add Setting       Add Setting Setting       Add Setting Setting       Add Setting Setting       Add Setting Seting Set Seting Seting Set Set Set Seting Set Set Set Set Set Seti                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| REQ3 Settings  REQ3 Settings  REQ4 Settings  REQ5 Setting  REQ5 Setting  REQ5 Setting  REQ5 Setting  REQ5 Setti                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Edit                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         | Arcina                 |                      |                       |
| REQ3 Settings                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| REQ3 Settings         Image: AR3 Shot 1         AR3 Shot 5         Image: AR3 Shot 1         AR3 Shot 5         Image: AR3 Shot 1         AR3 Shot 5         Image: AR3 Shot 1         AR3 Shot 5         Image: Im                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                     | Disabled 🔻                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request       AR3 Short 1       AR3 Short Starting delay       AR3 Short Arc or Disc.       AR3 Short Action time       AR3 Short Reduint time         IDITE T INT       Instabled       Instabled <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request<br>Initial Fig       AR3 Shot Shot Shot Shot Shot Shot Shot Shot                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | REQ3 Settin         | gs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request:       ARS Shot 1         AR Shot 2       ARS Shot 2         Deabled       ARS Shot 1         AR Request:       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 3       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 4       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 5       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 1       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 2       ARS Shot 1         Deabled       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 3       ARS Shot 1         Deabled       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 3       ARS Shot 1         Deabled       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 3       ARS Shot 1         Deabled       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 1       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 3       ARS Shot 1         Deabled       ARS Shot 1         ARS Shot 3       ARS Shot 1         Deabled       ARS Shot 1     <                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | -                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| Ioint> TRUP       AU2 Shot 72         Idit       Inabled         AUX Shot 3       0.0001800.000 (0.005         Deabled       AUX Shot 3         Deabled       AUX Shot 4         Deabled       AUX Shot 5         AUX Shot 4       AUX Shot 5         Deabled       AUX Shot 5         AUX Shot 5       AUX Shot 5         AUX Shot 7       AUX Shot 5         Deabled       AUX Shot 7         AUX Shot 7       AUX Shot 7         De                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | -                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | AR3 Shot Starting delay | AR3 Shot DeadTime delay | AR3 Shot Arc or Discn. | AR3 Shot Action time | AR3 Shot Reclaim time |
| AR3 Shot 3       a.aooseor.coo (r.aos)       a.aooseoo (r.aos)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                     | AR3 Shot 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         | 60                      |                        |                      | 30                    |
| ARD Shot 4<br>Disabled<br>ARD Shot 5<br>Disabled<br>REQ4 Settings                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         | Arcina                 |                      |                       |
| Busabled       *         ADD Shot 5       *         Busabled       *         ADD Shot 5       *                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| Disabled       •         AR Request       AR4 Shot 1         Disabled       •         AR4 Shot 2       •         Disabled       •         AR4 Shot 3       •         Disabled       •         AR4 Shot 5       •         Disabled       •         AR5 Shot 1       •         AR5 Shot 2       •         Disabled       •         AR5 Shot 4       •         AR5 Shot 4       •         AR5 Shot 5       •         Disabled       •         AR5 Shot 5       •                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                     | Disabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request AR3 Shot 1 AR4 Shot Starting delay AR4 Shot DeadTime delay AR4 Shot Arc or Discr. AR4 Shot Action time AR4 Shot Reclaim time AR4 Shot 2 Disabled AR4 Shot 2 Disabled AR4 Shot 3 Disabled AR4 Shot 3 Disabled AR4 Shot 5 Disabled AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request       AR4 Shot 1       AR4 Shot Starting delay       AR4 Shot DeadTime delay       AR4 Shot Arc or Discr.       AR4 Shot Action time       AR4 Shot Reclaim time         Edit       Disabled       AR4 Shot 1       AR4 Shot Starting delay       AR4 Shot DeadTime delay       AR4 Shot Arc or Discr.       AR4 Shot Action time       AR4 Shot Reclaim time         Edit       Disabled       AR4 Shot 5       AR5 Shot 1       AR5 Shot 1       AR5 Shot 1       AR5 Shot 5       AR5 Shot 2       AR5 Shot 1       AR5 Shot 2       AR5 Shot 4       AR5 Shot 5       AR5 Shot 5       AR5 Shot 4       AR5 Shot 5       AR5 Shot 6       AR5 Shot 6       AR5 Shot 6       AR5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>REQ4</b> Settin  | gs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request<br>Edit Oisabled AR5 Shot 2 Oisabled AR4 Shot 3 Oisabled AR4 Shot 3 Oisabled AR4 Shot 5 Oisabled AR5 Shot 5 AR5 Shot 1 AR5 Shot 5 AR5 Shot 2 Oisabled AR5 Shot 5 AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| Disabled       Image: Construction of the state of the s                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | AR Request          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | AR4 Shot Starting delay | AR4 Shot DeadTime delay | AR4 Shot Arc or Discr. | AR4 Shot Action time | AR4 Shot Reclaim time |
| Disabled       V         AR4 Shot 4       V         Disabled       V         AR4 Shot 5       V         Disabled       V         REQ5 Settings       V         Imabled       V         AR Request       AR5 Shot 1         Disabled       V         AR Shot 5       V         Disabled       V         AR5 Shot 1       AR5 Shot 5 Starting delay         AR5 Shot 2       V         Disabled       V         AR5 Shot 3       V         Disabled       V         AR5 Shot 4       V         AR5 Shot 5       V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Edit                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR4 Shot 4<br>Disabled *<br>AR4 Shot 5<br>Disabled *<br>REQ5 Settings<br>AR Request AR5 Shot 1 Ar5 Shot Starting delay AR5 Shot DeadTime delay AR5 Shot Arc or Discr. AR5 Shot Action time AR5 Shot Reclaim time<br>Edit Disabled *<br>AR5 Shot 2<br>Disabled *<br>AR5 Shot 4<br>Disabled *<br>AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR4 Shot 5<br>Disabled •<br>REQ5 Settings<br>AR5 Shot 1 AR5 Shot 5<br>Lisabled •<br>AR5 Shot 2<br>Disabled •<br>AR5 Shot 2<br>Disabled •<br>AR5 Shot 3<br>Disabled •<br>AR5 Shot 5<br>Disabled •<br>AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                     | AR4 Shot 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request       AR5 Shot 1       AR5 Shot 5 Shot Shot Shot Arc or Discr.       AR5 Shot Arc or Discr.       AR5 Shot Action time       AR5 Shot Reclaim time         AR S Shot 2       Disabled <td< td=""><td></td><td>AR4 Shot 5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                     | AR4 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AR Request AR S Shot 1 Disabled AR S Shot 2 Disabled AR S Shot 3 Disabled AR S Shot 4 Disabled AR S Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | DEOS Sattin         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| AK Request Disabled<br>Edit Disabled<br>AR5 Shot 2<br>Disabled<br>AR5 Shot 3<br>Disabled<br>AR5 Shot 4<br>Disabled<br>AR5 Shot 5<br>AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                     | 93                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| Edit Disabled V<br>AR5 Shot 2<br>Disabled V<br>AR5 Shot 3<br>Disabled V<br>AR5 Shot 4<br>Disabled V<br>AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | AR Request          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | AR5 Shot Starting delay | AR5 Shot DeadTime delay | AR5 Shot Arc or Discr. | AR5 Shot Action time | AR5 Shot Reclaim time |
| AR5 Shot 3<br>Disabled<br>AR5 Shot 4<br>Disabled<br>AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| Disabled  AR5 Shot 4 Disabled  AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                     | and the second s |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
| Disabled  AR5 Shot 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                     | Disabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                     | Disabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         |                         |                        |                      |                       |

Figure. 5.5.5 - 138. Auto-recloser shot setting parameters.

The auto-recloser function's shot settings are grouped into corresponding rows to make the setting of each shot straightforward. From the settings the user can see how the reclosing cycle is executed by each request, which functions initiate requests, and which shots and requests are in use.

The setting example in the image above presents a two-shot auto-recloser. One can see that the REQ1 is started by I> START signal. The starting delay is 500 ms, followed by a 200 ms dead time; after a 200 ms "Arcing" time and a 10 s reclaim time Shot 1 is executed. If Shot 1 fails, there is a 120 s dead time, a 200 ms "Arcing" time and a 10 s reclaim time before Shot 2 is executed. If Shot 2 fails, the auto-recloser initiates the Final Trip. In REQ2, the settings are otherwise the same, except I> TRIP and I0dir> TRIP are used to activate the request, Shot 1 does not have a starting delay, the dead time delay for Shot 2 is different and the action time for both shots is zero. REQ3 has just one shot with a 60 second dead time and a 30 ms shot reclaim. If REQ4 or REQ5 are activated, no shots are executed as none are set.

Inhibit and Locked states of the auto-recloser function

The auto-recloser function can have several reasons to go into "Lock-out" and "Inhibit" states where reclosing cannot be allowed for some reason. When the function enters the "Not ready" state, it gives an indication of the reason why it cannot be in the "Ready" state in order to quickly rectify whatever is causing the problem of the functions operation. The reason is indicated in the auto-recloser function's *Registers* menu.

The Inhibit reasons for the auto-recloser are the following:

- AR is blocked (from Blocking input)
- AR is not enabled (signal connected to "AR ON/OFF" is not active)
- AR is calculating the lock-out delay
- The object "Open" or "Close" command is blocked
- The object status is not known ("intermediate" or "bad" status)
- General reclaim time is running
- AR is locked

When the auto-recloser function is in the "Inhibit" state, it returns to the "Ready" state when the reason for the inhibition is removed.

The Lock-out reasons for the auto-recloser are the following:

- The "AR Locked" signal is initiated (from "AR Locking" input)
- The Final Trip signal is given
- The "object not ready" failed within a given time (from Object)
- The "object no sync" failed within a given time (from Object)
- The object's "Open" timeout (from Object)
- The object's "Close" timeout (from Object)
- AR request initiated during General reclaim time
- AR request was not released during Dead Time
- Critical request initated in any state of the auto-reclosing cycle

When the auto-recloser function is in the "Locked" state, it can be recovered only through by reset input, or by manually resetting the breaker. This depends on what the "Require manual resetting" parameter's setting is.

## Displaying auto-reclosing timers in MIMIC view

The user can enable timers to be displayed in the MIMIC view. Enable the AR timer value at *Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Events and logs*  $\rightarrow$  *Set alarm events* (see the image below). The timer displays the reclaim time and the dead time delay.

| Δ                               |                                                 | Set Alarms                                                                   |  | ? × |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|-----|--|--|
| Event Code<br>625<br>626<br>627 | Block Description<br>LOGIC2<br>LOGIC2<br>LOGIC2 | Event Description<br>Logical In25 Off<br>Logical In26 On<br>Logical In26 Off |  | Set |  |  |
| Timer Popups                    | · · ·                                           |                                                                              |  |     |  |  |
| Close                           |                                                 |                                                                              |  |     |  |  |

# Events and registers

The auto-recloser function (abbreviated "AR" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in the monitored signals as well as the control command fails and operations. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Table. | 5.5.5 - 1 | 113. E | Event | messages. |
|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|

| Event block name | Event names                                   |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| AR1              | AR Ready ON                                   |
| AR1              | AR Ready OFF                                  |
| AR1              | AR Locked reset                               |
| AR1              | AR Reclosing request rejected ON              |
| AR1              | AR Reclosing request rejected OFF             |
| AR1              | AR Reclosing request ON                       |
| AR1              | AR Reclosing request OFF                      |
| AR1              | User-operated Object AR halted and reset      |
| AR1              | Object failure, AR locked                     |
| AR1              | Shot failed                                   |
| AR1              | AR cycle ends due to a discrimination request |
| AR1              | AR Shot clear                                 |
| AR1              | Object "Close" request                        |
| AR1              | Object "Open" request                         |
| AR1              | Inhibit condition ON                          |
| AR1              | Inhibit condition OFF                         |
| AR1              | Locking condition ON                          |
| AR1              | Locking condition OFF                         |
| AR1              | Reserved                                      |
| AR1              | AR1 Request ON                                |
| AR1              | AR1 Request OFF                               |
| AR1              | AR2 Request ON                                |
| AR1              | AR2 Request OFF                               |
| AR1              | AR3 Request ON                                |

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| Event block name | Event names                             |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| AR1              | AR3 Request OFF                         |
| AR1              | AR4 Request ON                          |
| AR1              | AR4 Request OFF                         |
| AR1              | AR5 Request ON                          |
| AR1              | AR5 Request OFF                         |
| AR1              | Critical request ON                     |
| AR1              | Critical request OFF                    |
| AR1              | AR Running ON                           |
| AR1              | AR Running OFF                          |
| AR1              | Shot 1 Execute ON                       |
| AR1              | Shot 1 Execute OFF                      |
| AR1              | Shot 2 Execute ON                       |
| AR1              | Shot 2 Execute OFF                      |
| AR1              | Shot 3 Execute ON                       |
| AR1              | Shot 3 Execute OFF                      |
| AR1              | Shot 4 Execute ON                       |
| AR1              | Shot 4 Execute OFF                      |
| AR1              | Shot 5 Execute ON                       |
| AR1              | Shot 5 Execute OFF                      |
| AR1              | Seqeunce finished, the Final trip armed |
| AR1              | Final trip executed                     |
| AR1              | Lock-out time ON                        |
| AR1              | Lock-out time OFF                       |
| AR1              | General reclaim time ON                 |
| AR1              | General reclaim time OFF                |
| AR1              | Shot start time ON                      |
| AR1              | Shot start time OFF                     |
| AR1              | Dead time ON                            |
| AR1              | Dead time OFF                           |
| AR1              | Arc Discr time ON                       |
| AR1              | Arc Discr time OFF                      |
| AR1              | Shot reclaim time ON                    |
| AR1              | Shot reclaim time OFF                   |
| AR1              | Sequence finished OFF                   |
| AR1              | Final trip executed OFF                 |
| AR1              | Object "Close" request OFF              |
| AR1              | AR ON                                   |
| AR1              | AR OFF                                  |

| Event block name | Event names         |
|------------------|---------------------|
| AR1              | AR Running (DT) ON  |
| AR1              | AR Running (DT) OFF |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data from statuses, commands, etc.

The table below presents the structure of the auto-recloser function's register content.

Table. 5.5.5 - 114. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Setting<br>group<br>in use | Inhibit<br>condition<br>active | Inhibit<br>condition<br>release | Locked<br>condition<br>active | Locked<br>condition<br>release | AR status                                            | Active<br>timer | Active<br>time                  |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | 18                         | Inhibit<br>reason<br>ON        | Inhibit<br>reason<br>OFF        | Locked<br>reason<br>ON        | Locked<br>reason<br>OFF        | The status code<br>of the auto-<br>recloser function | Timer<br>ON     | The<br>value<br>of the<br>timer |

The auto-recloser function's registers are treated differently than the registers of other functions.

Below is an exhaustive example of how the registers work based on a partial auto-recloser sequence. First is how the register list is displayed:

| Date and time              | Registers                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy                 | AR Status: AR is ready, AR is not running, AR2 Requested, Executing Shot 1                                                                           |
| hh:mm:ss.mss               | AR Timers: No timers running 0.000 s                                                                                                                 |
| dd.mm.yyyy                 | AR Status: AR is ready, AR is not running, Start time counting, AR2 Requested, Executing Shot 1                                                      |
| hh:mm:ss.mss               | AR Timers: Start Delay 0.000 s                                                                                                                       |
| dd.mm.yyyy                 | AR Status: AR is ready, AR is running, Start time counting, AR2 Requested, Executing Shot 1                                                          |
| hh:mm:ss.mss               | AR Timers: Start Delay 0.000 s                                                                                                                       |
| dd.mm.yyyy                 | AR Status: AR is ready, AR is running, Dead time counting, AR2 Requested, Executing Shot 1                                                           |
| hh:mm:ss.mss               | AR Timers: Dead Time 0.195 s                                                                                                                         |
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | AR Status: AR is ready, AR is running, Dead time counting, Reclaim time counting, AR2 Requested,<br>Executing Shot1<br>AR Timers: Dead Time -0.270 s |

The corresponding event list is as presented below (inc. object and protection events):

| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 1664 | NEF1 Start ON               |
|-------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 1666 | NEF1 Trip ON                |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 4065 | AR1 Shot 1 Execute ON       |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 4037 | AR1 AR Reclosing request ON |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 4053 | AR1 AR2 Request ON          |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 4081 | AR1 Shot start time ON      |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 4045 | AR1 Object "Open" request   |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 2944 | OBJ1 Object Intermediate    |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 2952 | OBJ1 Open request ON        |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 2955 | OBJ1 Open command ON        |
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | 4063 | AR1 AR Running ON           |

| 2954 | OBJ1 Open request OFF                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1665 | NEF1 Start OFF                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1667 | NEF1 Trip OFF                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 4038 | AR1 AR Reclosing request OFF                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 2945 | OBJ1 Open request                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 2956 | OBJ1 Open command OFF                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 4082 | AR1 Shot start time OFF                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 4083 | AR1 Dead time ON                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 2963 | OBJ1 Status change OFF                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 4044 | AR1 Object "Close" request                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2957 | OBJ1 Close request ON                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 2958 | OBJ1 Close Fail                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2959 | OBJ1 Close request OFF                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 2960 | OBJ1 Close command ON                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 2962 | OBJ1 Status change ON                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 2944 | OBJ1 Object Intermediate                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 2946 | OBJ1 Object Close                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 2961 | OBJ1 Close command OFF                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 4087 | AR1 Shot reclaim time ON                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|      | 1665         1667         4038         2945         2956         4082         4083         2963         4044         2957         2958         2959         2960         2962         2944         2946         2961 |

As these tables show, the register list complement the information from event lists when the control has encountered some unexpected behavior. The example above shows that the object had issues executing the "Close" command, which caused the dead time to be 270 ms longer that its set value. The reason for this behavior can be verified from the object control and monitoring function's registers.

The example below shows that the object was not ready when it received the closing request from the auto-recloser function and kept the request pending until it was ready to execute the "Close" command.

| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Object Open, WD In, Open Allowed, Close Allowed, Object Ready, Sync Ok, Obj open time: 0.025 s                                                           |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Object Open, WD In, Object not ready for Close request, Open Allowed, Close Allowed, Object Not Ready, Sync Ok                                           |
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Object Open, WD In, Close request from Auto-recloser, Close pending due to: Close wait for Ready, Open Allowed, Close Allowed, Object Not Ready, Sync Ok |
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Object Open, WD In, Open Allowed, Close Allowed, Object Ready, Sync Ok                                                                                   |
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Object Closed, WD In, Open Allowed, Close Allowed, Object Ready, Sync Ok , Obj close time: 0.030 s                                                       |

### Auto-recloser operation counters

The auto-recloser function keeps statistical track of the operated auto-reclosing cycles as well as of successful and failed shots.

The function records the following counters:

- Shot 1...5 started
- Shot 1...5 requested by AR1...5

- Shots failed
- Final trips
- Shots cleared
- AR started

The counters are cumulative and they update automatically according to the operations of the autorecloser function. They can be found in the *Statistics* tab at *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Auto-recloser*  $\rightarrow$  *Registers*.

## 5.5.6 Cold load pick-up (CLPU)

The cold load pick-up function is used for detecting so-called cold load situations, where a loss of load diversity has occured after distribution has been re-energized. The characteristics of cold load situations vary according to the types of loads individual feeders have. This means that this function needs to be set specifically according to the load type of the feeder it is monitoring. For example, in residential areas there are relatively many thermostat-controlled devices (such as heating and cooling machinery) which normally run in asynchronous cycles. When restoring power after a longer power outage, these devices demand the full start-up power which can cause the inrush current to be significantly higher than what the load current was before the outage. This is uncommon in industrial environments since the restoring of the production process takes several hours, or even days, and the power level goes back to the level it was before the outage. However, some areas of the industrial network may find the cold load pick-up function useful.

The operating decisions are based on phase current magnitudes and magnitude changes which the function constantly measures. The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The cold load pick-up function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude processing
- threshold comparator
- block signal check
- time delay characteristics
- output processing.

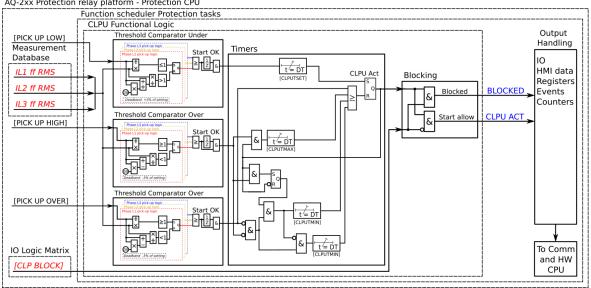
The inputs for the function are the following:

- setting parameters
- digital input signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are CLPU ACT and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the two (2) output signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the CLPU ACT and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the cold load pick-up function.

Figure. 5.5.6 - 139. Simplified function block diagram of the cold load pick-up function.



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### Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values. A -20 ms averaged value of the selected magnitude is used for pre-fault data registering.

Table. 5.5.6 - 115. Measurement inputs of the cold load pick-up function.

| Signal | Description                             | Time base |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|
| IL1RMS | RMS measurement of phase L1 (A) current | 5ms       |
| IL2RMS | RMS measurement of phase L2 (B) current | 5ms       |
| IL3RMS | RMS measurement of phase L3 (C) current | 5ms       |

The pre-fault condition is presented with a 20 ms averaged history value from -20 ms from CLPU ACT event.

#### Pick-up

The *I<sub>low</sub>, I<sub>hiah</sub>* and *I<sub>over</sub>* setting parameters control the the pick-up and activation of the cold load pickup function. They define the maximum and minimum allowed measured current before action from the function. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the setting values and the measured magnitude  $(I_m)$  for each of the three phases. The reset ratio of 97 % is built into the function and is always relative to the setting value. The setting value is common for all measured phases. When the  $I_m$ exceeds the setting value (in single, dual or all phases) it triggers the pick-up operation of the function.

| Name              | Range        | Step    | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------|--------------|---------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| liow              | 0.0140.00×In | 0.01×In | 0.20×ln | The pick-up setting for low current detection. All measured currents must be below this setting in order for the cold load pick-up signal to be activated.        |
| lhigh             | 0.0140.00×In | 0.01×In | 1.20×ln | The pick-up setting for high current detection. All measured currents must exceed this setting in order for the cold load pick-up signal to be activated.         |
| l <sub>over</sub> | 0.0140.00×In | 0.01×ln | 2.00×In | The pick-up setting for overcurrent detection. If this setting is exceeded by any of the measured currents, the cold load pick-up signal is released immediately. |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the CLPU ACT signal generation of the function. The CLPU ACT signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

# Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

Table. 5.5.6 - 117. Information displayed by the function.

| Name          | Range                                                                          | Description                              |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| CLP condition | 0: Normal<br>1: Curr low<br>2: Overcurrent On<br>3: CLPU On<br>4: CLPU blocked | Displays status of the control function. |

# Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a CLPU ACT signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the CLPU ACT function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and processes the release time characteristics similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

## Operating time characteristics

The behavior of the function's operating timers can be set for activation as well as for the situation monitoring and release of the cold load pick-up.

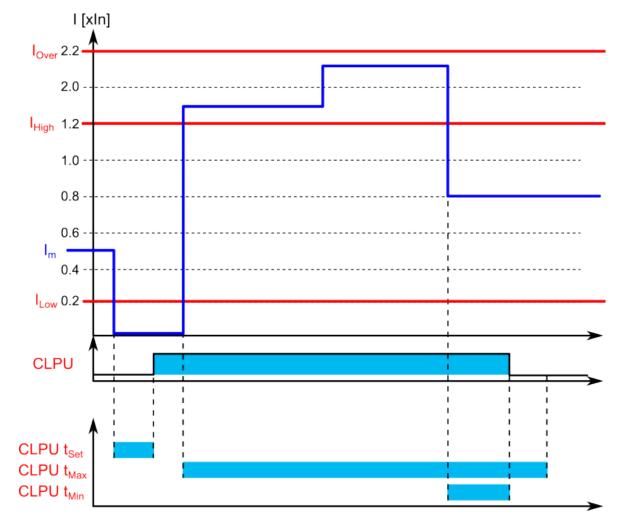
The table below presents the setting parameters for the function's time characteristics.

Table. 5.5.6 - 118. Setting parameters for operating time characteristics.

| Name             | Range          | Step   | Default | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------|----------------|--------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T <sub>set</sub> | 0.0001800.000s | 0.005s | 10.000s | The function's start timer which defines how long the <i>l<sub>low</sub></i> condition has to last before the cold load pick-up is activated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| T <sub>max</sub> | 0.0001800.000s | 0.005s | 30.000s | The function's maximum timer which defines how long the starting condition can last and for how long the current is allowed to be over <i>I</i> high.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| T <sub>min</sub> | 0.0001800.000s | 0.005s | 0.040s  | The function's minimum timer which defines how long the starting condition<br>has to last at the minimum. If the start-up sequence includes more than<br>one inrush situation, this parameter may be used to prolong the cold load<br>pick-up time over the first inrush. Additionally, this parameter operates as<br>the "reclaim" time for the function in case the inrush current is not<br>immediately initiated in the start-up sequence. |

The six examples below showcase some typical cases with the cold load pick-up function.





In the example above, the cold load pick-up function activates after the measured current dips below the  $I_{Iow}$  setting and has been there for  $T_{set}$  amount of time. When the current exceeds the  $I_{high}$  setting value, a timer starts counting towards the  $T_{max}$  time. The pick-up current is cleared before the the counter reaches the  $T_{max}$  time, when the measured current goes between of  $I_{Iow}$  and the  $I_{high}$ . This is when the start-up condition is considered to be over. The cold load pick-up signal can be prolonged beyond this time by setting the  $T_{min}$  to a value higher than 0.000 s.

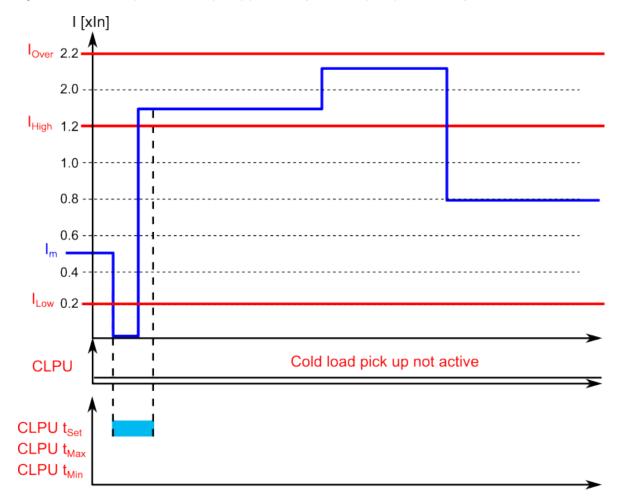


Figure. 5.5.6 - 141. Example of timers and pick-up parameters (no cold load pick-up, I<sub>low</sub> too short).

In the example above, the cold load pick-up function does not activate even when the measured current dips below the  $I_{low}$  setting, because the  $T_{set}$  is not exceeded and therefore no cold load pick-up signal is issued. If the user wants the function to activate within a shorter period of time, the  $T_{set}$  parameter can be se to a lower value. If the user wants no delay, the  $T_{set}$  can be zero seconds and the operation will be immediate.



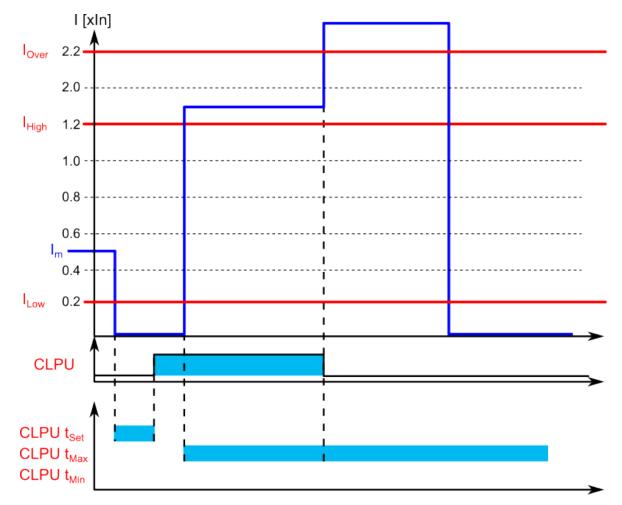


Figure. 5.5.6 - 142. Example of timers and pick-up parameters (activated pick-up and instant release due to overcurrent).

In the example above, the cold load pick-up function activates after the measured current dips below the  $I_{low}$  setting and has been there for  $T_{set}$  amount of time. When the  $I_m$  exceeds the  $I_{high}$  setting, a counter starts counting towards the  $T_{max}$  time. The measured current exceeds the  $I_{over}$  setting during the start-up situation and causes the cold load pick-up signal to be released immediately.

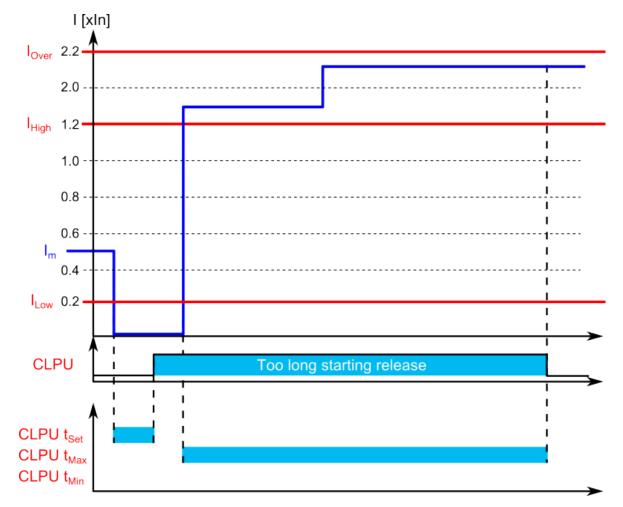


Figure. 5.5.6 - 143. Example of timers and pick-up parameters (activated pick-up and instant release due to too long starting).

In the example above, the cold load pick-up function activates after the measured current has stayed below the  $I_{low}$  setting for a  $T_{set}$  amount of time. When the current exceeds the  $I_{high}$  setting, a timer starts counting towards the  $T_{max}$  time. The measured current stays above the  $I_{high}$  setting until the  $T_{max}$  is reached, which causes the release of the cold load pick-up signal.



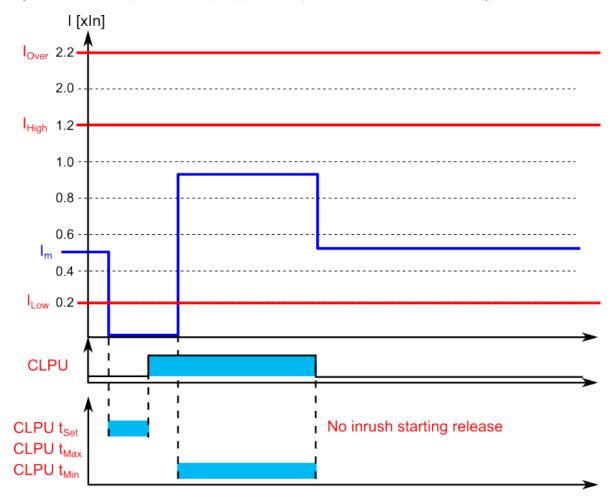


Figure. 5.5.6 - 144. Example of timers and pick-up parameters (no inrush current detected in the starting).

In the example above, the cold load pick-up function activates after the measured current has stayed below the  $I_{low}$  setting for a  $T_{set}$  amount of time. The current stays between the  $I_{low}$  setting and the  $I_{high}$  setting, so the cold load pick-up signal is active for  $T_{min}$  time. As no inrush current is detected during that time, the signal is released.

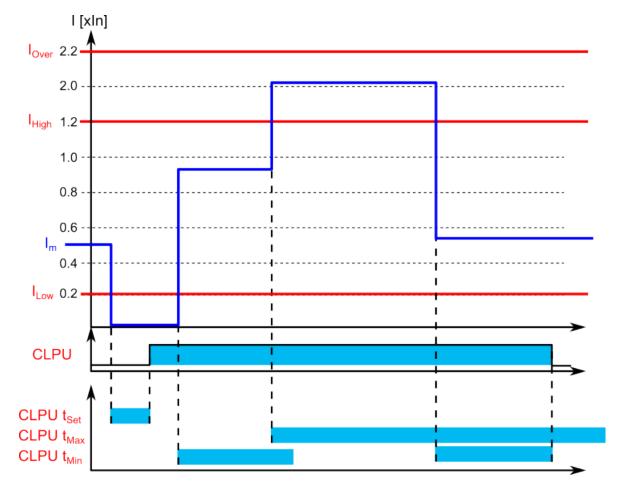


Figure. 5.5.6 - 145. Example of timers and pick-up parameters (an inrush current detected during T<sub>min</sub> time).

In the example above, the cold load pick-up function activates after the measured current has stayed below the  $I_{low}$  setting for a  $T_{set}$  amount of time. The current increases to between the  $I_{low}$  setting and the  $I_{high}$  setting, which causes a counter to start counting towards the  $T_{min}$  time. Before the counter reaches  $T_{min}$ , the current exceeds the  $I_{high}$  setting, which causes a counter to start counting towards the  $T_{max}$  time. The cold load pick-up signal remains active until the  $T_{max}$  has been reached, or until the start-up is over and the  $T_{min}$  time is over.

# Events and registers

The cold load pick-up function (abbreviated "CLP" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes of the LowStart, HighStart, LoadNormal, Overcurrent, CLPUActivated and BLOCKED signals of the cold load pick-up function as well as from the internal pick-up comparators. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Event block name | Event names   |
|------------------|---------------|
| CLP1             | LowStart ON   |
| CLP1             | LowStart OFF  |
| CLP1             | HighStart ON  |
| CLP1             | HighStart OFF |

Table. 5.5.6 - 119. Event messages.

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| Event block name | Event names       |
|------------------|-------------------|
| CLP1             | LoadNormal ON     |
| CLP1             | LoadNormal OFF    |
| CLP1             | Overcurrent ON    |
| CLP1             | Overcurrent OFF   |
| CLP1             | CLPUActivated ON  |
| CLP1             | CLPUActivated OFF |
| CLP1             | Block ON          |
| CLP1             | Block OFF         |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for ACTIVATED, BLOCKED, etc. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.5.6 - 120. Register content.

| Date<br>and time           | Event         | L1/L2/L3<br>current                  | Time to<br>CLPUact                                 | CLPU active time                                            | Start-up<br>time             | Releasing<br>time of<br>CLPU | Used SG                          |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | Phase<br>currents on<br>trigger time | Time remaining<br>before the<br>function is active | The time the<br>function has been<br>active before starting | Recorded<br>starting<br>time | Reclaim<br>time<br>counter   | Setting<br>group<br>18<br>active |

# 5.5.7 Switch-on-to-fault (SOTF)

The switch-on-to-fault (SOTF) function is used for speeding up the tripping when the breaker is closed towards a fault or forgotten earthing to reduce the damage in the fault location. The function can be used to control protection functions, or it can be used to directly trip a breaker if any of the connected protection functions starts during the set SOTF time. The operation of the function is instant after the conditions are met and any one signal connected to the "*Function input*" input activates.

The inputs of the function are the following:

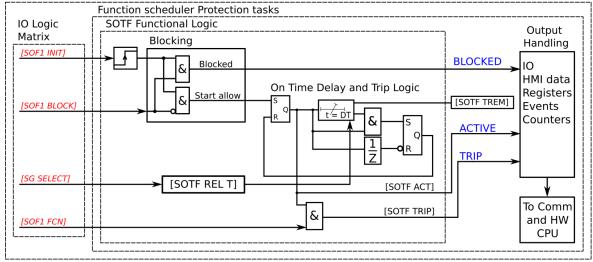
- initiating
- blocking
- setting group selection
- function trigger inputs.

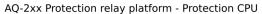
The function can be initiated by a digital input, or by a circuit breaker "Close" command connected to the "*SOTF activate input*" input. The duration of the SOTF-armed condition can be set by the "Release time for SOTF" setting parameter; it can be changed if the application so requires through setting group selection.

The outputs of the function are BLOCKED, ACTIVE and TRIP signals. Additionally, the function outputs the corresponding events and registers when any of these mentioned signals activate.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the switch-on-to-fault function.

Figure. 5.5.7 - 146. Simplified function block diagram of the switch-on-to-fault function.





### Input signals

The function block does not use analog measurement inputs. Instead, its operation is based entirely on binary signal statuses.

Table. 5.5.7 - 121. Input signals.

| Input             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activate<br>input | The digital input or logic signal for the function to arm and start calculating the SOTF time. Any binary signal can be used to activate the function and start the calculation. The rising edge of the signal is considered as the start of the function. |
| Block<br>input    | The input for blocking the function. Any binary signal can be used to block the function from starting.                                                                                                                                                    |
| Function input    | The function input activates the function's instant trip if applied when the function is calculating the SOTF time.                                                                                                                                        |

# Settings

The switch-on-to-fault function has one setting and it determines how long the function remains active after it has been triggered. If the inputs receive any of the set signals during this time, the function's trip is activated.

| Table. 5.5.7 - | 122. | Settings | of the | function. |
|----------------|------|----------|--------|-----------|
|----------------|------|----------|--------|-----------|

| Name                  | Range                                           | Default      | Description                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SOTF force status to  | 0: Normal<br>1: Blocked<br>2: Active<br>3: Trip | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu. |
| Release time for SOTF | 0.0001800.000s                                  | 1.000s       | The time the function is active after triggering.                                                                            |

# Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

Table. 5.5.7 - 123. Information displayed by the function.

| Name           | Range                                                      | Description                              |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| SOTF condition | 0: Normal<br>1: Init<br>2: Active<br>3: Trip<br>4: Blocked | Displays status of the control function. |

### Function blocking

The function can be blocked by activating the BLOCK input. This prevents the function's active time from starting.

### Events and registers

The switch-on-to-fault function (abbreviated "SOF" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in ACTIVATED, TRIP and BLOCKED. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

Table. 5.5.7 - 124. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event names     |
|------------------|-----------------|
| SOF1             | SOTF Init ON    |
| SOF1             | SOTF Init OFF   |
| SOF1             | SOTF Block ON   |
| SOF1             | SOTF Block OFF  |
| SOF1             | SOTF Active ON  |
| SOF1             | SOTF Active OFF |
| SOF1             | SOTF Trip ON    |
| SOF1             | SOTF Trip OFF   |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON process data of ACTIVATED events. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.5.7 - 125. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Used SG                    | SOTF remaining time                         | SOTF been active time                  |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | Setting group 18<br>active | The time remaining of the set release time. | The time the function has been active. |

# 5.5.8 Milliampere output control

The milliamp current loop is the prevailing process control signal in many industries. It is an ideal method of transferring process information because a current does not change as it travels from a transmitter to a receiver. It is also much more simple and cost-effective.

The benefits of 4...20 mA loops:

- the dominant standard in many industries
- the simplest option to connect and configure
- uses less wiring and connections than other signals, thus greatly reducing initial setup costs
- good for travelling long distances, as current does not degrade over long connections like voltage does
- · less sensitive to background electrical noise
- detects a fault in the system incredibly easily since 4 mA is equal to 0 % output.

### Milliampere (mA) outputs

AQ-200 series supports up to two (2) independent mA option cards. Each card has four (4) mA output channels and one (1) mA input channel. If the device has an mA option card, enable mA outputs at *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Device IO*  $\rightarrow$  *mA outputs.* The outputs are activated in groups of two: channels 1 and 2 are activated together, as are channels 3 and 4.

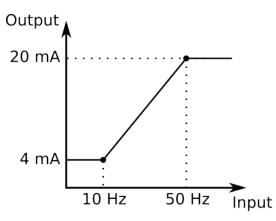
Table. 5.5.8 - 126. Main settings (output channels).

| Name      |                                   | Range                  | Default  | Description                                       |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------|
| mA option | Enable mA output channels 1 and 2 | 0:                     | 1        | Enables and disables the outputs of the mA output |
| card 1    | Enable mA output channels 3 and 4 | Disabled<br>1: Enabled | Disabled | card 1.                                           |
| mA option | Enable mA output channels 5 and 6 | 0:<br>Disablad         | 0:       | Enables and disables the outputs of the mA output |
| card 2    | Enable mA output channels 7 and 8 | Disabled<br>1: Enabled | Disabled | card 2.                                           |

Table. 5.5.8 - 127. Settings for mA output channels.

| Name                                               | Range                                                                                 | Step     | Default                                                       | Description                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enable mA<br>output<br>channel                     | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                                                             | -        | 0: Disabled                                                   | Enables and disables the selected mA output channel. If the channel is disabled, the channel settings are hidden.                                                                       |
| Magnitude<br>selection for<br>mA output<br>channel | 0: Currents<br>1: Voltages<br>2: Powers<br>3: Impedance and<br>admittance<br>4: Other | -        | 0: Currents                                                   | Defines the measurement category that is used for mA output control.                                                                                                                    |
| Magnitude<br>of mA<br>output<br>channel            | (dependent on the<br>measurement<br>category selection)                               | -        | (dependent on<br>the<br>measurement<br>category<br>selection) | Defines the measurement magnitude used for mA output<br>control. The available measurements depend on the<br>selection of the "Magnitude selection for mA output<br>channel" parameter. |
| Input value<br>1                                   | -10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>7</sup>                                                      | 0.001    | 0                                                             | The first input point in the mA output control curve.                                                                                                                                   |
| Scaled mA<br>output<br>value 1                     | 0.000024.0000mA                                                                       | 0.0001mA | 0mA                                                           | The mA output value when the measured value is equal to or less than Input value 1.                                                                                                     |
| Input value<br>2                                   | -10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>7</sup>                                                      | 0.001    | 1                                                             | The second input point in the mA output control curve.                                                                                                                                  |
| Scaled mA<br>output<br>value 2                     | 0.000024.0000mA                                                                       | 0.0001mA | 0mA                                                           | The mA output value when the measured value is equal to or greater than Input value 2.                                                                                                  |

Figure. 5.5.8 - 147. Example of the effects of mA output channel settings.



| mA Output Channel 1                  |                                      |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Enable mA Out Channel 1              | Enabled 💌                            |
| mA Out Channel 1 Magnitude selection | Others 👻                             |
| mA Out Channel 1 Magnitude (Others)  | Svstem f. 👻                          |
| Input value 1                        |                                      |
|                                      | -10000000.000., 10000000.000 [0.001] |
| Scaled mA output value 1             |                                      |
|                                      | 0.0000024.00000 [0.00010]            |
| Input value 2                        |                                      |
|                                      | -1000000.00010000000.000 [0.001]     |
| Scaled mA output value 2             |                                      |
|                                      | 0.0000024.00000 [0.00010]            |
| mA Out Channel 1 Input Magnitude now |                                      |
|                                      | -1000000.000.,10000000.000 [0.001]   |
| mA Out Channel 1 Outputs now         |                                      |
|                                      | 0.0000024.00000 [0.00010]            |

Table. 5.5.8 - 128. Hardware indications.

| Name                              | Range                                                         | Step | Description                                                         |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hardware in mA output channels 14 | 0: None<br>1: Slot A                                          |      |                                                                     |
| Hardware in mA output channels 58 | 2: Slot A<br>3: Slot C<br>4: Slot D<br>5: Slot E<br>6: Slot F | -    | Indicates the option card slot where the mA output card is located. |

Table. 5.5.8 - 129. Measurement values reported by mA output cards.

| Name                                  | Range                            | Step      | Description                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mA in Channel 1                       | 0.000024.0000mA                  | 0.0001mA  | Displays the measured mA value of the selected input                        |
| mA in Channel 2                       | 0.000024.0000MA                  | 0.000 miA | channel.                                                                    |
| mA Out Channel Input<br>Magnitude now | -10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>7</sup> | 0.001     | Displays the input value of the selected mA output channel at that moment.  |
| mA Out Channel Outputs now            | 0.000024.0000mA                  | 0.0001mA  | Displays the output value of the selected mA output channel at that moment. |

# 5.5.9 Programmable control switch

The programmable control switch is a control function that controls its binary output signal. This output signal can be controlled locally from the relay's mimic (displayed as a box in the mimic) or remotely from the RTU. The main purpose of programmable control switches is to block or enable function and to change function properties by changing the setting group. However, this binary signal can also be used for any number of other purposes, just like all other binary signals. Once a programmable control switch has been activated or disabled, it remains in that state until given a new command to switch to the opposite state (see the image below). The switch cannot be controlled by an auxiliary input, such as digital inputs or logic signals; it can only be controlled locally (mimic) or remotely (RTU).

PCS status PCS activation command PCS deactivation command



# Settings.

These settings can be accessed at Control  $\rightarrow$  Device I/O  $\rightarrow$  Programmable control switch.

#### Table. 5.5.9 - 130. Settings.

| Name                              | Range                                                            | Default            | Description                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Switch name                       | -                                                                | Switchx            | The user-settable name of the selected switch. The name can be up to 32 characters long.                       |
| Access level for<br>Mimic control | 0: User<br>1: Operator<br>2:<br>Configurator<br>3: Super<br>user | 2:<br>Configurator | Determines which access level is required to be able to control the programmable control switch via the Mimic. |

# Events

The programmable control switch function (abbreviated "PCS" in event block names) generates events from status changes. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both. The function offers five (5) independent switches.

Table. 5.5.9 - 131. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event names  |
|------------------|--------------|
| PCS              | Switch 1 ON  |
| PCS              | Switch 1 OFF |
| PCS              | Switch 2 ON  |
| PCS              | Switch 2 OFF |
| PCS              | Switch 3 ON  |
| PCS              | Switch 3 OFF |
| PCS              | Switch 4 ON  |
| PCS              | Switch 4 OFF |
| PCS              | Switch 5 ON  |
| PCS              | Switch 5 OFF |

# 5.5.10 Analog input scaling curves

Sometimes when measuring with RTD inputs, milliampere inputs and digital inputs the measurement might be inaccurate because the signal coming from the source is inaccurate. One common example of this is tap changer location indication signal not changing linearly from step to step. If the output difference between the steps are not equal to each other, measuring the incoming signal accurately is not enough. "Analog input scaling curves" menu can be used to take these inaccuracies into account.

Analog input scaling curve settings can be found at *Measurement*  $\rightarrow$  AI(mA, DI volt) scaling menu.

Currently following measurements can be scaled with analog input scaling curves:

- RTD inputs and mA inputs in "RTD & mA input" option cards
- mA inputs in "mA output & mA input" option cards
- Digital input voltages

| Name                                             | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Step    | Default              | Description                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Analog input<br>scaling                          | 0: Disabled<br>1: Activated                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -       | 0:<br>Disabled       | Enables and disables the input.                                                                                                           |
| Scaling curve 14                                 | 0: Disabled<br>1: Activated                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -       | 0:<br>Disabled       | Enables and disables the scaling curve and the input measurement.                                                                         |
| Curve 14 input<br>signal select                  | 0: S7 mA Input<br>1: S8 mA Input<br>2: S15 mA Input<br>3: S16 mA Input<br>4: DI1 Voltage<br><br>23: DI20 Voltage<br>24: RTD S1<br>Resistance<br><br>39: RTD S16<br>Resistance<br>40: mA In 1 (I<br>card 1)<br>41: mA In 2 (I<br>card 2) | -       | 0: S7<br>mA<br>Input | Defines the measurement used by scaling curve.                                                                                            |
| Curve 14 input signal filtering                  | 0: No<br>1: Yes                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | -       | 0: No                | Enables calculation of the average of received signal.                                                                                    |
| Curve 14 input<br>signal filter time<br>constant | 0.0053800.000<br>s                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0.005 s | 1 s                  | Time constant for input signal filtering.<br>This parameter is visible when "Curve 14 input signal<br>filtering" has been set to "Yes".   |
| Curve 14 input<br>signal out of range<br>set     | 0: No<br>1: Yes                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | -       | 0: No                | Enables out of range signals. If input signal is out of minimum<br>and maximum limits, "ASC14 input out of range" signal is<br>activated. |
| Curve14 input<br>minimum                         | -1 000<br>000.001 000<br>000.00                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.00001 | 0                    | Defines the minimum input of the curve. If input is below the set limit, "ASC14 input out of range" is activated.                         |
| Curve 14 input                                   | -1 000<br>000.001 000<br>000.00                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.00001 | -                    | Displays the input measurement received by the curve.                                                                                     |
| Curve14 input<br>maximum                         | -1 000<br>000.001 000<br>000.00                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.00001 | 0                    | Defines the maximum input of the curve. If input is above the set limit, "ASC14 input out of range" is activated.                         |
| Curve14 output                                   | -1 000<br>000.001 000<br>000.00                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.00001 | _                    | Displays the output of the curve.                                                                                                         |

The input signal filtering parameter calculates the average of received signals according to the set time constant. This is why rapid changes and disturbances (such as fast spikes) are smothered. The Nyquist rate states that the filter time constant must be at least double the period time of the disturbance process signal. For example, the value for the filter time constant is 2 seconds for a 1 second period time of a disturbance oscillation.

$$H(s) = \frac{Wc}{s + Wc} = \frac{1}{1 + s/Wc}$$

When the curve signal is out of range, it activates the "ASC1...4 input out of range" signal, which can be used inside logic or with other relay functions. The signal can be assigned directly to an output relay or to an LED in the I/O matrix. The "Out of range" signal is activated, when the measured signal falls below the set input minimum limit, or when it exceeds the input maximum limit.

If for some reason the input signal is lost, the value is fixed to the last actual measured cycle value. The value does not go down to the minimum if it has been something else at the time of the signal breaking.

| Name                     | Range                                                                                                   | Step        | Default                 | Description                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Curve 14<br>update cycle | 510<br>000ms                                                                                            | 5ms         | 150ms                   | Defines the length of the input measurement update cycle. If the user wants a fast operation, this setting should be fairly low.   |
| Scaled value<br>handling | 0: Floating<br>point<br>1: Integer<br>out (Floor)<br>2: Integer<br>(Ceiling)<br>3: Integer<br>(Nearest) | -           | 0:<br>Floating<br>point | Rounds the milliampere signal output as selected.                                                                                  |
| Input value 1            | 04000                                                                                                   | 0.000<br>01 | 0                       | The measured input value at Curve Point 1.                                                                                         |
| Scaled output<br>value 1 | -10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>7</sup>                                                                        | 0.000<br>01 | 0                       | Scales the measured milliampere signal at Point 1.                                                                                 |
| Input value 2            | 04000                                                                                                   | 0.000<br>01 | 1                       | The measured input value at Curve Point 2.                                                                                         |
| Scaled output value 1    | -10 <sup>7</sup> 10 <sup>7</sup>                                                                        | 0.000<br>01 | 0                       | Scales the measured milliampere signal at Point 2.                                                                                 |
| Add<br>curvepoint<br>320 | 0: Not<br>used<br>1: Used                                                                               | -           | 0: Not<br>used          | Allows the user to create their own curve with up to twenty (20) curve points, instead of using a linear curve between two points. |

Table. 5.5.10 - 133. Output settings and indications.

# 5.5.11 Logical outputs

Logical outputs are used for sending binary signals out from a logic that has been built in the logic editor. Logical signals can be used for blocking functions, changing setting groups, controlling digital outputs, activating LEDs, etc. The status of logical outputs can also be reported to a SCADA system. 32 logical outputs are available. The figure below presents a logic output example where a signal from the circuit breaker failure protection function controls the digital output relay number 5 ("OUT5") when the circuit breaker's cart status is "In".

Figure. 5.5.11 - 148. Logic output example. Logical output is connected to an output relay in matrix.

| CBFP ACT                                                                            | ⇒              |           |         | &            |              |             | Logic       | cal Output 25    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|
| DeviceI0                                                                            |                |           |         |              |              |             |             |                  |
| 🌢 Binary Inputs 🌔                                                                   | Binary Outputs | mA Output | is 🌔 LE | D Settings 🦲 | Device IO Ma | trix 🌔 Prog | grammable C | Control Switch 🤱 |
| Control Settings <ul> <li>IO Matrix</li> </ul> Show connected or                    | ıly            |           |         |              |              |             |             |                  |
|                                                                                     | Inputs         |           | OUT1    | U OUT2       | u v ou       | тз џ        | OUT4        | OUT5             |
| Logical Output 25<br>I> START (General)<br>I> TRIP (General)<br>I>> START (General) |                |           | •       |              | •            |             | •           | •                |
| I>> TRIP (General)                                                                  |                |           | •       |              | ÷            |             |             |                  |
| IO> START                                                                           |                |           | ~       |              |              |             |             |                  |
| IO> TRIP                                                                            |                |           | 0       |              | , i          |             |             |                  |

#### Logical output descriptions

Logical outputs can be given a description. The user defined description are displayed in most of the menus (logic editor, matrix, block settings etc.).

Table. 5.5.11 - 134. Logical output user description.

| Name                         |    | Range             | Default             | Description                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------|----|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| User editable description LC | )x | 131<br>characters | Logical<br>output x | Description of the logical output. This description is used in several menu types for easier identification. |

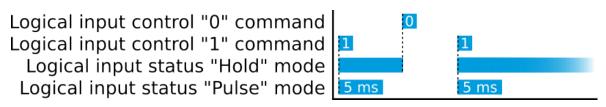
# 5.5.12 Logical inputs

Logical inputs are binary signals that a user can control manually to change the behavior of the AQ-200 unit or to give direct control commands. Logical inputs can be controlled with a virtual switch built in the mimic and from a SCADA system (IEC 61850, Modbus, IEC 101, etc.). Logical inputs are volatile signals: their status will always return to "0" when the AQ-200 device is rebooted. 32 logical inputs are available.

Logical inputs have two modes available: Hold and Pulse. When a logical input which has been set to "Hold" mode is controlled to "1", the input will switch to status "1" and it stays in that status until it is given a control command to go to status "0" or until the device is rebooted. When a logical input which has been set to "Pulse" mode is controlled to "1", the input will switch to status "1" and return back to "0" after 5 ms.

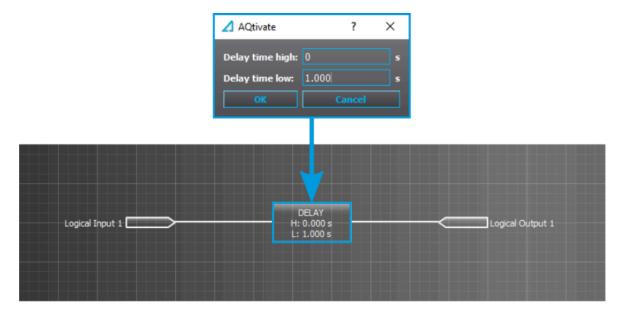
The figure below presents the operation of a logical input in Hold mode and in Pulse mode.

Figure. 5.5.12 - 149. Operation of logical input in "Hold" and "Pulse" modes.



A logical input pulse can also be extended by connecting a DELAY-low gate to a logical output, as has been done in the example figure below.

Figure. 5.5.12 - 150. Extending a logical input pulse.



# Logical input control "1" command Logical input status "Pulse" mode Logical output status



# Logical input descriptions

Logical inputs can be given a description. The user defined description are displayed in most of the menus (logic editor, matrix, block settings etc.).

| Table. 5.5.12 - 135. Logical input user description. |
|------------------------------------------------------|
|------------------------------------------------------|

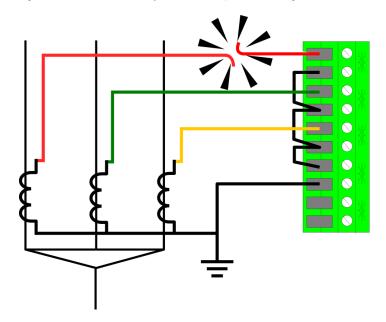
| Name                             | Range             | Default            | Description                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <br>er editable<br>scription Llx | 131<br>characters | Logical<br>input x | Description of the logical input. This description is used in several menu types for easier identification. |

# 5.6 Monitoring functions

# 5.6.1 Current transformer supervision

The current transformer supervision function (abbreviated CTS in this document) is used for monitoring the CTs as well as the wirings between the device and the CT inputs for malfunctions and wire breaks. An open CT circuit can generate dangerously high voltages into the CT secondary side, and cause unintended activations of current balance monitoring functions.

Figure. 5.6.1 - 151. Secondary circuit fault in phase L1 wiring.



The function constantly monitors the instant values and the key calculated magnitudes of the phase currents. Additionally, the residual current circuit can be monitored if the residual current is measured from a dedicated residual current CT. The user can enable and disable the residual circuit monitoring at will.

The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running.

The function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude processing
- threshold comparator
- block signal check
- time delay characteristics
- output processing.

The following conditions have to met simultaneously for the function alarm to activate:

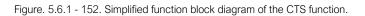
- None of the three-phase currents exceeds the Iset high limit setting.
- At least one of the three-phase currents exceeds the *Iset low limit* setting.
- At least one of the three-phase currents are below the *Iset low limit* setting.
- The ratio between the calculated minum and maximum of the three-phase currents is below the *I<sub>set</sub> ratio* setting.
- The ratio between the negative sequence and the positive sequence exceeds the *I2/I1* ratio setting.
- The calculated difference (IL1+IL2+IL3+I0) exceeds the I<sub>sum</sub> difference setting (optional).
- The above-mentioned condition is met until the set time delay for alarm.

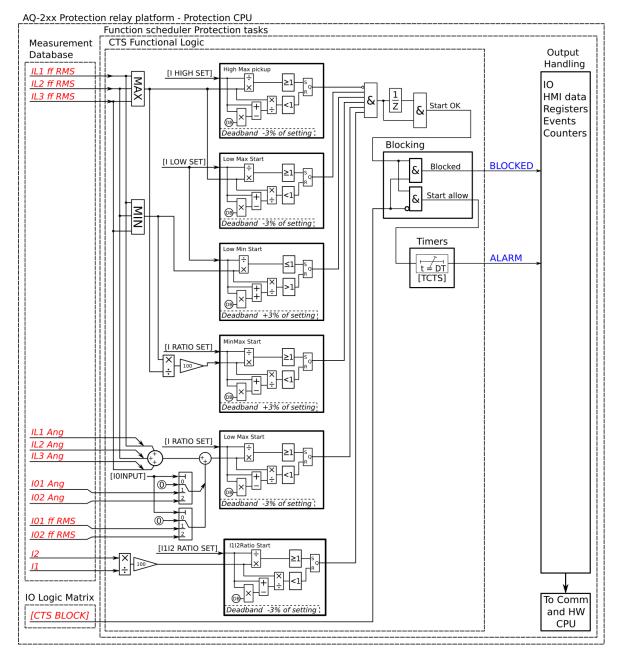
The inputs of the function are the following:

- setting parameters
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are CTS ALARM and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the output signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the CTS ALARM and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the current transformer supervision function.





# Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values, the RMS magnitude of the current measurement inputs, and the calculated positive and negative sequence currents. The user can select what is used for the residual current measurement: nothing, the I01 RMS measurement, or the I02 RMS measurement.

Table. 5.6.1 - 136. Measured inputs of the CTS function.

| Signal  | Description                                 | Time base |
|---------|---------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IL1RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L1 (A) current     | 5ms       |
| IL2RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L2 (B) current     | 5ms       |
| IL3RMS  | RMS measurement of phase L3 (C) current     | 5ms       |
| I01RMS  | RMS measurement of residual input I01       | 5ms       |
| I02RMS  | RMS measurement of residual input I02       | 5ms       |
| 11      | Phase current's positive sequence component | 5ms       |
| 12      | Phase current's negative sequence component | 5ms       |
| IL1Ang  | Angle of phase L1 (A) current               | 5ms       |
| IL2 Ang | Angle of phase L2 (B) current               | 5ms       |
| IL3 Ang | Angle of phase L3 (C) current               | 5ms       |
| I01 Ang | Angle of residual input I01                 | 5ms       |
| l02 Ang | Angle of residual input I02                 | 5ms       |

The selection of the AI channel in use is made with a setting parameter. In all possible input channel variations the pre-fault condition is presented with a 20 ms averaged history value from -20 ms from START or TRIP event.

### General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

| Table. 5.6.1 - 137. General settings of the function. |
|-------------------------------------------------------|
|-------------------------------------------------------|

| Name                         | Range                                     | Default          | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CTS force status to          | 0:<br>Normal<br>1: Alarm<br>2:<br>Blocked | 0:<br>Normal     | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 10 input selection           | 0: Not in<br>use<br>1: I01<br>2: I02      | 0: Not<br>in use | Selects the measurement input for the residual current. If the residual current is measured with a separate CT, the residual current circuit can be monitored with the CTS function as well. However, this does not apply to summing connections (Holmgren, etc.). If the phase current CT is summed with I01 or I02, this selection should be set to "Not in use". |
| 10 direction                 | 0: Add<br>1:<br>Subtract                  | 0: Add           | Defines the polarity of residual current channel connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Compensate natural unbalance | 0: -<br>1:<br>Comp                        | 0: -             | When activated while the line is energized, the currently present calculated residual current is compensated to 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

# Pick-up

The  $I_{set}$  and  $IO_{set}$  setting parameters control the current-dependent pick-up and activation of the current transformer supervision function. They define the minimum and maximum allowed measured current before action from the function. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the setting values and the measured magnitude ( $I_m$ ) for each of the three phases and for the selected residual current input. The reset ratio of 97 % and 103% are built into the function and is always relative to the  $I_{set}$  value. The setting value is common for all measured amplitudes, and when the  $I_m$  exceeds the  $I_{set}$  value (in single, dual or all currents) it triggers the pick-up operation of the function.

| Table. | 5.6.1 | - 138. | Pick-up | settings. |
|--------|-------|--------|---------|-----------|
|--------|-------|--------|---------|-----------|

| Name                           | Range                    | Step                | Default             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I <sub>set</sub> high<br>limit | 0.0140.00×In             | 0.01×ln             | 1.20×In             | Determines the pick-up threshold for phase current measurement. This setting limit defines the upper limit for the phase current's pick-up element.                                                   |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                |                          |                     |                     | If this condition is met, it is considered as fault and the function is not activated.                                                                                                                |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| I <sub>set</sub> Iow<br>Iimit  | 0.0140.00×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.01×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.10×I <sub>n</sub> | Determines the pick-up threshold for phase current measurement. This setting limit defines the lower limit for the phase current's pick-up element.                                                   |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                |                          |                     |                     | This condition has to be met for the function to activate.                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| I <sub>set</sub> ratio         | 0.01100.00%              | 0.01% 1             | 0.01%               | 01% 10.00%                                                                                                                                                                                            | Determines the pick-up ratio threshold between the minimum and maximum values of the phase current. |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                |                          |                     |                     | This condition has to be met for the function to activate.                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                |                          |                     |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                     | Determines the pick-up ratio threshold for the negative and positive sequence currents calculated from the phase currents. |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 12/11 ratio                    | 0.01100.00%              | 0.01%               | 49.00%              | This condition has to be met for the function to activate.                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                |                          | 0.0170              | 0.0170              |                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 0.0170                                                                                              | 0.0170                                                                                                                     | 0.0170 | 0.0170 | 0.0170 |  | The ratio is 50 % for a full single-phasing fault (i.e. when one of the phases is lost entirely). Setting this at 49 % allows a current of 0.01 $\times$ I <sub>n</sub> to flow in one phase, wile the other two are at nominal current. |
| I <sub>sum</sub><br>difference | 0.0140.00×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.01×I <sub>n</sub> | 0.10×I <sub>n</sub> | Determines the pick-up ratio threshold for the calculated residual phase current and the measured residual current. If the measurement circuit is healthy, the sum of these two currents should be 0. |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Time<br>delay for<br>alarm     | 0.0001800.000s           | 0.005s              | 0.5s                | Determines the delay between the activation of the function and the alarm.                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                            |        |        |        |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active. When the activation of the pick-up is based on binary signals, the activation happens immediately after the monitored signal is activated.

# Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

#### Table. 5.6.1 - 139. Information displayed by the function.

| Name                                    | Range                                          | Step        | Description                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Uncompensated residual unbalance Pri    | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3: Blocked | -           | Displays the natural unbalance of current after compensating it with <i>Compensate natural unbalance</i> parameter. |
| Natural unbalance ang                   | -360.00360.00<br>deg                           | 0.01<br>deg | Displays the natural unbalance of angle after compensating it with <i>Compensate natural unbalance</i> parameter.   |
| Measured current<br>difference Isum, I0 | 0.0050.00 xln                                  | 0.01<br>xln | Current difference between summed phases and residual current.                                                      |
| Measured angle<br>difference Isum, I0   | -360360 deg                                    | 0.01<br>deg | Angle difference between summed phases and residual current.                                                        |

# Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and the release time characteristics are processed similarly to when the pickup signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

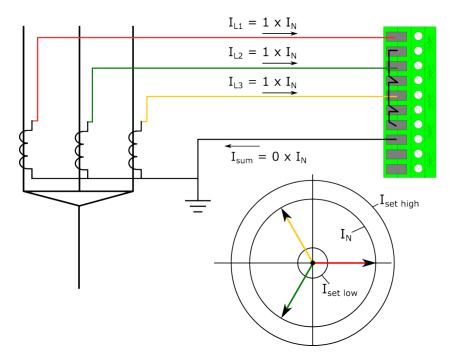
#### Operating time characteristics

This function supports definite time delay (DT). For detailed information on this delay type please refer to the chapter "General properties of a protection function" and its section "Operating time characteristics for trip and reset".

#### Typical cases of current transformer supervision

The following nine examples present some typical cases of the current transformer supervision and their setting effects.

#### Figure. 5.6.1 - 153. All works properly, no faults.



#### Settings:

$$\begin{split} I_{set} & \text{High limit} = 1.20 \text{ x } I_{\text{N}} \\ I_{set} & \text{Low limit} = 0.10 \text{ x } I_{\text{N}} \\ I_{set} & \text{ratio} = 10.00 \ \% \\ I1/I2 & \text{ratio} = 49.00 \ \% \\ I_0 & \text{input} = \text{Not in use} \end{split}$$

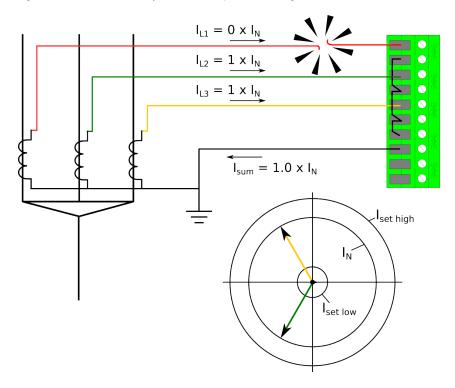
Measurements:

$$\begin{split} I_{min} &= 1 \times I_N \\ I_{max} &= 1 \times I_N \\ I1 &= 1 \times I_N \\ I2 &= 0 \times I_N \\ I_{min}/I_{max} &= 1 \\ I2/I1 &= 0\% \end{split}$$

#### CTS conditions:

$$\begin{split} I_{set} & \text{High limit} < = 1 \\ I_{set} & \text{Low limit low} < = 0 \\ I_{set} & \text{Low limit high} > = 1 \\ I & \text{ratio} < = 0 \\ I_{unbalance} & \text{ratio} > = 0 \end{split}$$

Figure. 5.6.1 - 154. Secondary circuit fault in phase L1 wiring.



#### Settings:

$$\begin{split} I_{set} & \text{High limit} = 1.20 \text{ x } I_{\text{N}} \\ I_{set} & \text{Low limit} = 0.10 \text{ x } I_{\text{N}} \\ I_{set} & \text{ratio} = 10.00 \ \% \\ I1/I2 & \text{ratio} = 49.00 \ \% \\ I_0 & \text{input} = \text{Not in use} \end{split}$$

### Measurements:

$$\begin{split} I_{min} &= 0 \times I_{N} \\ I_{max} &= 1 \times I_{N} \\ I &= 0.67 \times I_{N} \\ I &= 0.33 \times I_{N} \\ I_{min}/I_{max} &= 0 \\ I &= 10\% \end{split}$$

#### CTS conditions:

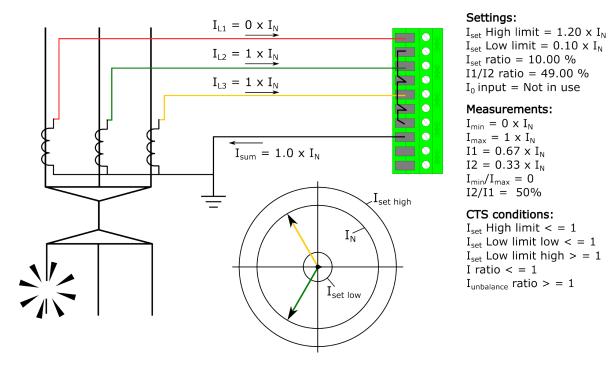
$$\begin{split} &I_{set} \text{ High limit } < = 1 \\ &I_{set} \text{ Low limit low } < = 1 \\ &I_{set} \text{ Low limit high } > = 1 \\ &I \text{ ratio } < = 1 \\ &I_{unbalance} \text{ ratio } > = 1 \end{split}$$

When a fault is detected and all conditions are met, the CTS timer starts counting. If the situation continues until the set time has passed, the function issues an alarm.

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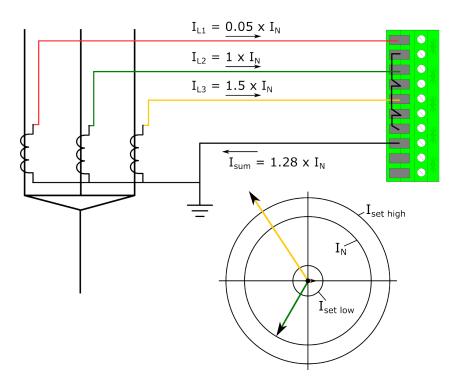
Version: 2.08

Figure. 5.6.1 - 155. Primary circuit fault in phase L1 wiring.



In this example, distinguishing between a primary fault and a secondary fault is impossible. However, the situation meets the function's activation conditions, and if this state (secondary circuit fault) continues until the set time has passed, the function issues an alarm. This means that the function supervises both the primary and the secondary circuit.

Figure. 5.6.1 - 156. No wiring fault but heavy unbalance.



#### Settings:

$$\begin{split} I_{set} & \text{High limit} = 1.20 \times I_{\text{N}} \\ I_{set} & \text{Low limit} = 0.10 \times I_{\text{N}} \\ I_{set} & \text{ratio} = 10.00 \ \% \\ I1/I2 & \text{ratio} = 49.00 \ \% \\ I_0 & \text{input} = \text{Not in use} \end{split}$$

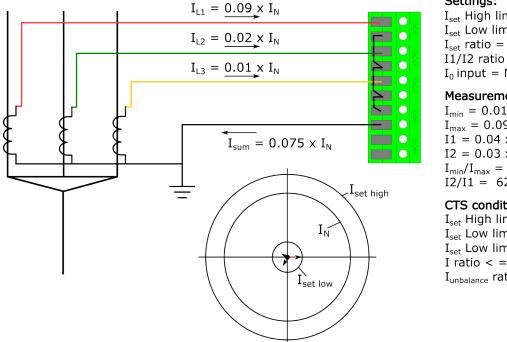
#### Measurements:

 $\begin{array}{l} I_{min} = 0.05 \times I_{N} \\ I_{max} = 1.50 \times I_{N} \\ I1 = 0.85 \times I_{N} \\ I2 = 0.43 \times I_{N} \\ I_{min}/I_{max} = 0.7 \ \% \\ I2/I1 = \ 50.03 \ \% \end{array}$ 

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{CTS conditions:} \\ I_{set} \mbox{ High limit } < = 0 \\ I_{set} \mbox{ Low limit low } < = 1 \\ I_{set} \mbox{ Low limit high } > = 1 \\ I \mbox{ ratio } < = 1 \\ I_{unbalance} \mbox{ ratio } > = 1 \end{array}$ 

If any of the phases exceed the *I<sub>set</sub> high limit* setting, the operation of the function is not activated. This behavior is applied to short-circuits and earth faults even when the fault current exceeds the *I<sub>set</sub> high limit* setting.





#### Settings:

 $I_{set}$  High limit = 1.20 x  $I_N$  $I_{set}$  Low limit = 0.10 x  $I_N$  $I_{set}$  ratio = 10.00 % I1/I2 ratio = 49.00 %  $I_0$  input = Not in use

Measurements:

 $I_{min} = 0.01 \times I_N$  $I_{max} = 0.09 \times I_N$  $I1 = 0.04 \times I_{N}$  $I2 = 0.03 \times I_{N}$  $I_{\text{min}}/I_{\text{max}}$  = 11.0 % I2/I1 = 62.92 %

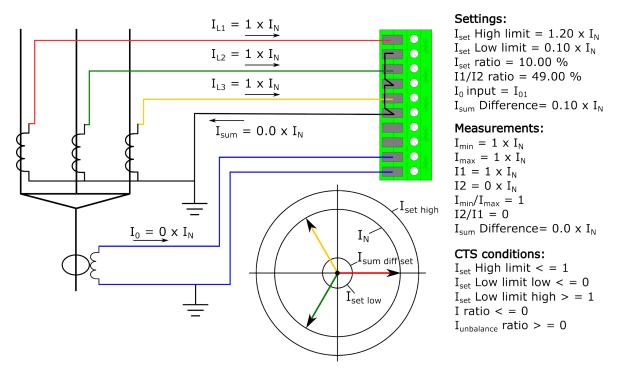
#### CTS conditions:

 $I_{set}$  High limit < = 1  $I_{set}$  Low limit low < = 1  $I_{set}$  Low limit high > = 0 I ratio < = 1 $I_{unbalance}$  ratio > = 1

If all of the measured phase magnitudes are below the *Iset low limit* setting, the function is not activated even when the other conditions (inc. the unbalance condition) are met.

If the Iset high limit and Iset low limit setting parameters are adjusted according to the application's normal behavior, the operation of the function can be set to be very sensitive for broken circuit and conductor faults.

Figure. 5.6.1 - 158. Normal situation, residual current also measured.

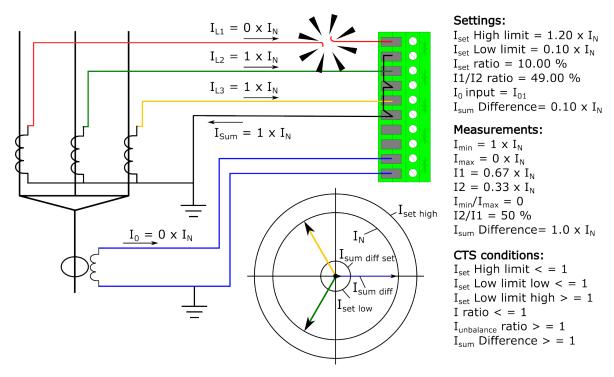


When the residual condition is added with the "IO input selection", the sum of the current and the residual current are compared against each other to verify the wiring condition.

# AQ-F210

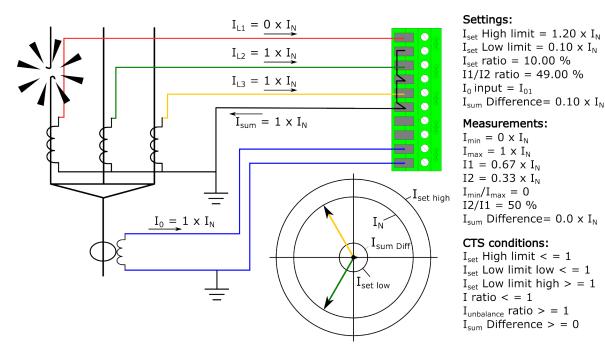
Version: 2.08

Figure. 5.6.1 - 159. Broken secondary phase current wiring.

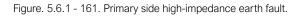


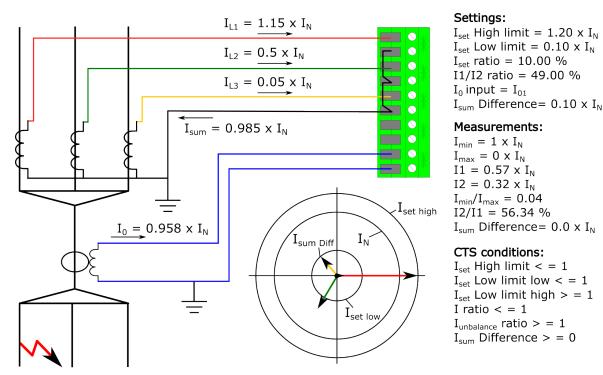
When phase current wire is broken all of the conditions are met in the CTS and alarm shall be issued in case if the situation continues until the set alarming time is met.

Figure. 5.6.1 - 160. Broken primary phase current wiring.



In this example, all other condition are met except the residual difference. That is now  $0 \times I_n$ , which indicates a primary side fault.





In this example there is a high-impedance earth fault. It does not activate the function, if the measurement conditions are met, while the calculated and measured residual current difference does not reach the limit. The *I<sub>sum</sub> difference* setting should be set according to the application in order to reach maximum security and maximum sensitivity for the network earthing.

# Events and registers

The current transformer supervision function (abbreviated "CTS" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in ALARM ACTIVATED and BLOCKED signals. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Table. | 5.6.1 | - | 140. | Event | messages. |
|--------|-------|---|------|-------|-----------|
|--------|-------|---|------|-------|-----------|

| Event block name | Event names |
|------------------|-------------|
| CTS1             | Alarm ON    |
| CTS1             | Alarm OFF   |
| CTS1             | Block ON    |
| CTS1             | Block OFF   |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers; this information is available for all provided instances separately. The register of the function records the ON event process data for ACTIVATED, BLOCKED, etc. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.6.1 - 141. Register content.

| Date<br>and time               | Event         | Trigger currents                                                                                                          | Time to<br>CTSact                             | Fault type                                      | Used<br>SG                        |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <br>dd.mm.yyyy<br>nh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | The phase currents (L1, L2 & L3), the residual currents (I01 & I02), and the sequence currents (I1 & I2) on trigger time. | Time remaining<br>before alarm<br>activation. | The status code<br>of the monitored<br>current. | Setting<br>group<br>18<br>active. |

#### 5.6.2 Circuit breaker wear

The circuit breaker wear function is used for monitoring the circuit breaker's lifetime and its maintenance needs caused by interrupting currents and mechanical wear. The function uses the circuit breaker's manufacturer-supplied data for the breaker operating cycles in relation to the interrupted current magnitudes.

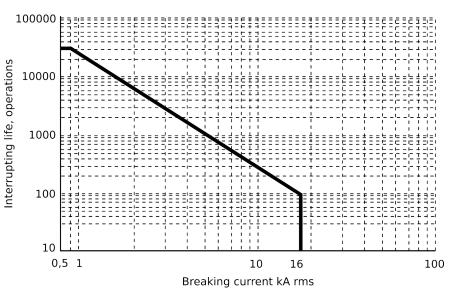


Figure. 5.6.2 - 162. Example of the circuit breaker interrupting life operations.

The function is triggered from the circuit breaker's "Open" command output and it monitors the threephase current values in both the tripping moment and the normal breaker opening moment. The maximum value of interrupting life operations for each phase is calculated from these currents. The value is cumulatively deducted from the starting operations starting value. The user can set up two separate alarm levels, which are activated when the value of interrupting life operations is below the setting limit. The "Trip contact" setting defines the output that triggers the current monitoring at the breaker's "Open" command.

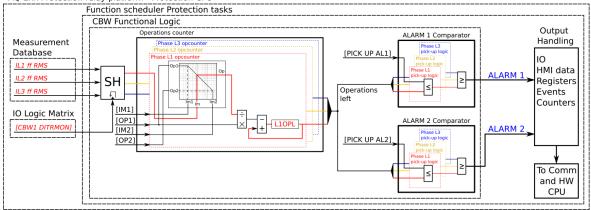
The inputs for the function are the following:

- setting parameters
- binary output signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes.

The function's outputs are ALARM 1 and ALARM 2 signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the output signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the "Open" operations as well as the ALARM 1 and ALARM 2 events. The function can also monitor the operations left for each phase.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the circuit breaker wear function.

Figure. 5.6.2 - 163. Simplified function block diagram of the circuit breaker wear function.



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# Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values and always uses the RMS magnitude of the current measurement input.

Table. 5.6.2 - 142. Measurement inputs of the circuit breaker wear function.

| Signal | Description Time ba                         |     |  |  |  |  |
|--------|---------------------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| IL1RMS | RMS measurement of phase L1 (A) current     | 5ms |  |  |  |  |
| IL2RMS | RMS measurement of phase L2 (B) current 5ms |     |  |  |  |  |
| IL3RMS | RMS measurement of phase L3 (C) current 5ms |     |  |  |  |  |

# General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by switching the setting group.

| Name                   | Range                                           | Default      | Description                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CBW force<br>status to | 0: Normal<br>1: Alarm1<br>On<br>2: Alarm2<br>On | 0:<br>Normal | Force the status of the function. Visible only when <i>Enable stage forcing</i> parameter is enabled in <i>General</i> menu. |

# Circuit breaker characteristics settings

The circuit breaker characteristics are set by two operating points, defined by the nominal breaking current, the maximum allowed breaking current and their respective operation settings. This data is provided by the circuit breaker's manufacturer.

| Name         | Range    | Step | Default | Description                                                                       |
|--------------|----------|------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Operations 1 | 0200 000 | 1    | 50 000  | The number of interrupting life operations at the nominal current (Close - Open). |
| Operations 2 | 0200 000 | 1    | 100     | The number of interrupting life operations at the rated breaking current (Open).  |

Table. 5.6.2 - 144. Settings for circuit breaker characteristics.

| Name                             | Range     | Step   | Default | Description                                     |
|----------------------------------|-----------|--------|---------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Current 1<br>(I <sub>nom</sub> ) | 0100.00kA | 0.01kA | 1kA     | The rated normal current (RMS).                 |
| Current 2<br>(I <sub>max</sub> ) | 0100.00kA | 0.01kA | 20kA    | The rated short-circuit breaking current (RMS). |

Pick-up for alarming

For the alarm stages Alarm 1 and Alarm 2, the user can set the pick-up level for the number of operations left. The pick-up setting is common for all phases and the alarm stage picks up if any of the phases goes below this setting.

Table. 5.6.2 - 145. Pick-up settings.

| Name           | Range                           | Step | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------|---------------------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Alarm<br>1     | 0:<br>Disabled<br>1:<br>Enabled | -    | 0:<br>Disabled | Enable and disable the Alarm 1 stage.                                                                                                                   |
| Alarm<br>1 Set | 0200<br>000                     | 1    | 1 000          | Defines the pick-up threshold for remaining operations. When the number of remaining operations is below this setting, the ALARM 1 signal is activated. |
| Alarm<br>2     | 0:<br>Disabled<br>1:<br>Enabled | -    | 0:<br>Disabled | Enable and disable the Alarm 2 stage.                                                                                                                   |
| Alarm<br>2 Set | 0200<br>000                     | 1    | 100            | Defines the pick-up threshold for remaining operations. When the number of remaining operations is below this setting, the ALARM 2 signal is activated. |

Setting example

Let us examine the settings, using a low-duty vacuum circuit breaker as an example. The image below presents the technical specifications provided by the manufacturer, with the data relevant to our settings highlighted in red:

| Rated voltage, kV                                                              | 24         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| Rated current, A                                                               | 800        |
| Rated power frequency test voltage, kV                                         | 50         |
| Rated frequency, Hz                                                            | 50/60      |
| Rated impulse test voltage, kV peak                                            | 125        |
| Partial discharge level at 1,1 rated voltage kV, pC                            | <10        |
| Rated short-circuit breaking current, kA                                       | 16         |
| Rated short-circuit making current, kA peak                                    | 41.5       |
| Short time withstand current, 4s, kA                                           | 16         |
| Mechanical life, CO cycles, not less than                                      | 30,000     |
| Interrupting life operations, not less than                                    |            |
| at rated current                                                               | 30,000     |
| at breaking current                                                            | 100        |
| at other currents                                                              | see Fig.41 |
| Closing time, ms, not more than                                                | 35         |
| Opening time, ms, not more than                                                | 15         |
| Breaking time, ms, not more than                                               | 25         |
| Main contact resistance, $\muOhm,$ not more than                               | 40         |
| Maximum ambient temperature, C°                                                | +55        |
| Minimum ambient temperature, C°                                                | -40        |
| Design class (according to IEC 60932)                                          | 1          |
| Electrical endurance class at rated IEEE/IEC duty                              | E2         |
| Mechanical endurance class at rated IEEE/IEC duty                              | M2         |
| Capacitive current switching class                                             | C2         |
| "Mechanical vibration and shock withstand<br>capability, IEC 60721, IEC 60068" | Class 4M4  |
| Maximum altitude above sea level, m                                            | 3000*      |
| Maximum humidity, non condensing                                               | 98 %       |
| Weight, kg - LD_1                                                              | 35         |
| Weight, kg - LD_6                                                              | 55         |

Now, we set the stage as follows:

| Parameter      | Setting           |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Current 1      | 0.80 kA           |
| Operation 1    | 30 000 operations |
| Current 2      | 16.00 kA          |
| Operations 2   | 100 operations    |
| Enable Alarm 1 | 1: Enabled        |
| Alarm 1 Set    | 1000 operations   |
| Enable Alarm 2 | 1: Enabled        |
| Alarm 2 Set    | 100 operations    |

With these settings, Alarm 1 is issued when the cumulative interruption counter for any of the three phases dips below the set 1000 remaining operations ("Alarm 1 Set"). Similarly, when any of the counters dips below 100 remaining operations, Alarm 2 is issued.

# Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Table, 5.6.2 - 146. | Information dis | played by the function. |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| 10010101012 1101    |                 |                         |

| Name               | Range                                     | Description                              |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| CBW condition      | 0: Normal<br>1: Alarm1 On<br>2: Alarm2 On | Displays the status of the function.     |
| Breaker operations | -                                         | Cumulative counter of "open" operations. |
| Alarm 1 counter    | -                                         | Alarm 1 operation counter.               |
| Alarm 2 counter    | -                                         | Alarm 2 operation counter.               |
| L1 Operations left | -                                         | Operations left for phase L1.            |
| L2 Operations left | -                                         | Operations left for phase L2.            |
| L3 Operations left | -                                         | Operations left for phase L3.            |

# Events and registers

The circuit breaker wear function (abbreviated "CBW" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in Triggered, Alarm 1 and Alarm 2 signals as well as in internal pickup comparators. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

Table. 5.6.2 - 147. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event names         |
|------------------|---------------------|
| CBW1             | CBWEAR1 Triggered   |
| CBW1             | CBWEAR1 Alarm 1 ON  |
| CBW1             | CBWEAR1 Alarm 1 OFF |
| CBW1             | CBWEAR1 Alarm 2 ON  |
| CBW1             | CBWEAR1 Alarm 2 OFF |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

Table. 5.6.2 - 148. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | Trigger current                | Deducted Op                                          | Operations left             |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | Phase currents on trigger time | L1/L2/L3 Deducted operations from the cumulative sum | L1/L2/L3<br>Operations left |

# 5.6.3 Current total harmonic distortion (THD)

The total harmonic distortion (THD) function is used for monitoring the content of the current harmonic. The THD is a measurement of the harmonic distortion present, and it is defined as the ratio between the sum of all harmonic components' powers and the power of the fundamental frequency (RMS).

Harmonics can be caused by different sources in electric networks such as electric machine drives, thyristor controls, etc. The function's monitoring of the currents can be used to alarm of the harmonic content rising too high; this can occur when there is an electric quality requirement in the protected unit, or when the harmonics generated by the process need to be monitored.

The function constantly measures the phase and residual current magnitudes as well as the harmonic content of the monitored signals up to the 31<sup>st</sup> harmonic component. When the function is activated, the measurements are also available for the mimic and the measurement views in the HMI carousel. The user can also set the alarming limits for each measured channel if the application so requires.

The monitoring of the measured signals can be selected to be based either on an amplitude ratio or on the above-mentioned power ratio. The difference is in the calculation formula (as shown below):

Figure. 5.6.3 - 164. THD calculation formulas.

$$THD_{P} = \frac{I_{x2}^{2} + I_{x3}^{2} + I_{x4}^{2} \dots I_{x31}^{2}}{I_{x1}^{2}}$$
, where  

$$I = \text{measured current,}$$

$$x = \text{measurement input,}$$

$$n = \text{harmonic number}$$

$$THD_{A} = \sqrt{\frac{I_{x2}^{2} + I_{x3}^{2} + I_{x4}^{2} \dots I_{x31}^{2}}{I_{x1}^{2}}}$$
, where  

$$I = \text{measured current,}$$

$$x = \text{measured current,}$$

$$x = \text{measured current,}$$

$$x = \text{measurement input,}$$

$$n = \text{harmonic number}$$

While both of these formulas exist, the power ratio ( $THD_P$ ) is recognized by the IEEE, and the amplitude ratio ( $THD_A$ ) is recognized by the IEC.

The blocking signal and the setting group selection control the operating characteristics of the function during normal operation, i.e. the user or user-defined logic can change function parameters while the function is running. This only applies if the alarming is activated.

The outputs of the function are the START and ALARM signals for the phase current ("THDPH") and the residual currents ("THDI01" and "THDI02") as well as BLOCKED signals. The function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

The operational logic consists of the following:

- input magnitude processing
- threshold comparator
- block signal chec
- time delay characteristics
- output processing.

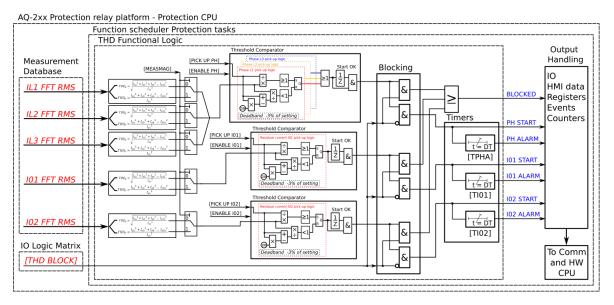
The inputs of the function are the following:

- setting parameters
- digital inputs and logic signals
- measured and pre-processed current magnitudes

The function's outputs are START, ALARM and BLOCKED signals can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the output signals. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the START, ALARM and BLOCKED events.

The following figure presents a simplified function block diagram of the total harmonic distortion monitor function.

Figure. 5.6.3 - 165. Simplified function block diagram of the total harmonic distortion monitor function.



Measured input

The function block uses analog current measurement values. The function always uses FFT measurement of the whole harmonic specter of 32 components from each measured current channel. From these measurements the function calculates either the amplitude ratio or the power ratio. A -20 ms averaged value of the selected magnitude is used for pre-fault data registering.

Table. 5.6.3 - 149. Measurement inputs of the total harmonic distortion monitor function.

| Signal | Description                                 | Time base |  |  |
|--------|---------------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| IL1FFT | FFT measurement of phase L1 (A) current     | 5ms       |  |  |
| IL2FFT | FFT measurement of phase L2 (B) current 5ms |           |  |  |
| IL3FFT | FFT measurement of phase L3 (C) current     | 5ms       |  |  |
| I01FFT | FFT measurement of residual I01 current 5ms |           |  |  |
| I02FFT | FFT measurement of residual I02 current     | 5ms       |  |  |

The selection of the calculation method is made with a setting parameter (common for all measurement channels).

#### General settings

The following general settings define the general behavior of the function. These settings are static i.e. it is not possible to change them by editing the setting group.

Table. 5.6.3 - 150. General settings.

| Name                  | Range                    | Default      | Description                                                   |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Measurement magnitude | 1: Amplitude<br>2: Power | 1: Amplitude | Defines which available measured magnitude the function uses. |

# Pick-up

The *PhaseTHD*, *I01THD* and *I02THD* setting parameters control the the pick-up and activation of the function. They define the maximum allowed measured current THD before action from the function. Before the function activates alarm signals, their corresponding pick-up elements need to be activated with the setting parameters *Enable phase THD alarm*, *Enable I01 THD alarm* and *Enable I02 THD alarm*. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the setting values and the calculated THD for each of the three phases. The reset ratio of 97 % is built into the function and is always relative to the setting value. The setting value is common for all measured phases. When the calculated THD exceeds the pick-up value (in single, dual or all phases), it triggers the pick-up operation of the function.

Table. 5.6.3 - 151. Pick-up settings.

| Name                            | Range                     | Step  | Default       | Description                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enable<br>phase<br>THD<br>alarm | 0: Enabled<br>1: Disabled | -     | 0:<br>Enabled | Enables and disables the THD alarm function from phase currents.                                                                                                                            |
| Enable<br>I01 THD<br>alarm      | 0: Enabled<br>1: Disabled | -     | 0:<br>Enabled | Enables and disables the THD alarm function from residual current input I01.                                                                                                                |
| Enable<br>102 THD<br>alarm      | 0: Enabled<br>1: Disabled | -     | 0:<br>Enabled | Enables and disables the THD alarm function from residual current input I02.                                                                                                                |
| Phase<br>THD<br>pick-up         | 0.10100.00%               | 0.01% | 10.00%        | The pick-up setting for the THD alarm element from the phase currents. At least one of the phases' measured THD value has to exceed this setting in order for the alarm signal to activate. |
| I01 THD<br>pick-up              | 0.10100.00%               | 0.01% | 10.00%        | The pick-up setting for the THD alarm element from the residual current I01.<br>The measured THD value has to exceed this setting in order for the alarm<br>signal to activate.             |
| I02 THD<br>pick-up              | 0.10100.00%               | 0.01% | 10.00%        | The pick-up setting for the THD alarm element from the residual current I02.<br>The measured THD value has to exceed this setting in order for the alarm<br>signal to activate.             |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

# Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Name          | Range                                           | Description                                 |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| THD condition | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Alarm<br>3: Blocked | Displays status of the monitoring function. |

# Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and the release time characteristics are processed similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup current values and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

Operating time characteristics for activation and reset

This function supports definite time delay (DT). The following table presents the setting parameters for the function's time characteristics.

| Name                     | Range          | Step   | Default                                                                                | Description                                                                         |
|--------------------------|----------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Phase THD alarm<br>delay | 0.0001800.000s | 0.005s | 10.000s                                                                                | Defines the delay for the alarm timer from the phase currents' measured THD.        |
| l01 THD alarm<br>delay   | 0.0001800.000s | 0.005s | 0.005s 10.000s Defines the delay for the alarm timer from the m<br>101's measured THD. |                                                                                     |
| l02 THD alarm<br>delay   | 0.0001800.000s | 0.005s | 10.000s                                                                                | Defines the delay for the alarm timer from the residual current I02's measured THD. |

Table. 5.6.3 - 153. Settings for operating time characteristics.

# Events and registers

The total harmonic distortion monitor function (abbreviated "THD" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in the alarm function when it is activated. The recorded signals are START and ALARM signals for the monitoring elements as well as common BLOCKED signals. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Event block name | Event names         |
|------------------|---------------------|
| THD1             | THD Start Phase ON  |
| THD1             | THD Start Phase OFF |
| THD1             | THD Start I01 ON    |
| THD1             | THD Start I01 OFF   |
| THD1             | THD Start I02 ON    |

| Event block name | Event names         |
|------------------|---------------------|
| THD1             | THD Start I02 OFF   |
| THD1             | THD Alarm Phase ON  |
| THD1             | THD Alarm Phase OFF |
| THD1             | THD Alarm I01 ON    |
| THD1             | THD Alarm I01 OFF   |
| THD1             | THD Alarm I02 ON    |
| THD1             | THD Alarm I02 OFF   |
| THD1             | Blocked ON          |
| THD1             | Blocked OFF         |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for START, ALARM and BLOCKED. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

#### Table. 5.6.3 - 155. Register content.

| Date and time           | Event      | L1h, L2h, L3h Fault THD        | Used SG                  |
|-------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy hh:mm:ss.mss | Event name | Start/Alarm THD of each phase. | Setting group 18 active. |

# 5.6.4 Disturbance recorder (DR)

The disturbance recorder is a high-capacity (64 MB permanent flash memory) and fully digital recorder integrated to the protection relay. The maximum sample rate of the recorder's analog channels is 64 samples per cycle. The recorder also supports 95 digital channels simultaneously with the twenty (20) measured analog channels. Maximum capacity of recordings is 100.

The recorder provides a great tool to analyze the performance of the power system during network disturbance situations. The recorder's output is in general COMTRADE format and it is compatible with most viewers and injection devices. The files are based on the IEEE standard C37.111-1999. Captured recordings can be injected as playback with secondary testing tools that support the COMTRADE file format. Playback of files might help to analyze the fault, or can be simply used for educational purposes.

#### Analog and digital recording channels

Up to 20 analog recording channels and 95 digital channels are supported. The available analog channels vary according to the device type.

| Signal | Description                              |  |
|--------|------------------------------------------|--|
| IL1    | Phase current IL1                        |  |
| IL2    | Phase current I <sub>L2</sub>            |  |
| IL3    | Phase current IL3                        |  |
| 101c   | Residual current I <sub>01</sub> coarse* |  |
| 101f   | Residual current I <sub>01</sub> fine*   |  |
| 102c   | Residual current I <sub>02</sub> coarse* |  |
| 102f   | Residual current I <sub>02</sub> fine*   |  |

Table. 5.6.4 - 156. Analog recording channels.

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| Signal                                                                   | Description                                                              |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| IL1"                                                                     | Phase current IL1 (CT card 2)                                            |  |
| IL2"                                                                     | Phase current IL2 (CT card 2)                                            |  |
| IL3" Phase current I <sub>L3</sub> (CT card 2)                           |                                                                          |  |
| l01"c                                                                    | Residual current I <sub>01</sub> coarse* (CT card 2)                     |  |
| 101"f                                                                    | Residual current I <sub>01</sub> fine* (CT card 2)                       |  |
| 102"c                                                                    | Residual current I <sub>02</sub> coarse* (CT card 2)                     |  |
| 102"f                                                                    | Residual current I <sub>02</sub> fine* (CT card 2)                       |  |
| U1(2)VT1                                                                 | Line-to-neutral UL1 or line-to-line voltage U12 (VT card 1)              |  |
| U2(3)VT1                                                                 | Line-to-neutral UL2 or line-to-line voltage U23 (VT card 1)              |  |
| U3(1)VT1                                                                 | Line-to-neutral UL3 or line-to-line voltage $U_{31}$ (VT card 1)         |  |
| U0(ss)VT1                                                                | Zero sequence voltage $U_0$ or synchrocheck voltage $U_{SS}$ (VT card 1) |  |
| F tracked 1                                                              | Tracked frequency of reference 1                                         |  |
| F tracked 2                                                              | Tracked frequency of reference 2                                         |  |
| F tracked 3                                                              | Tracked frequency of reference 3                                         |  |
| ISup                                                                     | Current measurement module voltage supply supervision (CT card 1)        |  |
| ISup" Current measurement module voltage supply supervision (CT card 2)  |                                                                          |  |
| USup                                                                     | Voltage measurement module voltage supply supervision (VT card 2)        |  |
| IL1'''                                                                   | Phase current I <sub>L1</sub> (CT card 3)                                |  |
| IL2'''                                                                   | Phase current I <sub>L2</sub> (CT card 3)                                |  |
| IL3" Phase current IL3 (CT card 3)                                       |                                                                          |  |
| I01"'c Residual current I <sub>01</sub> coarse* (CT card 3)              |                                                                          |  |
| 101'''f                                                                  | Residual current I <sub>01</sub> fine* (CT card 3)                       |  |
| l02'''c                                                                  | Residual current I <sub>02</sub> coarse* (CT card 3)                     |  |
| 102'''f                                                                  | Residual current I <sub>02</sub> fine* (CT card 3)                       |  |
| ISup_3                                                                   | Current measurement module voltage supply supervision (CT card 3)        |  |
| UL1(2)VT2                                                                | Line-to-neutral $U_{L1}$ or line-to-line voltage $U_{12}$ (VT card 2)    |  |
| UL2(3)VT2                                                                | Line-to-neutral UL2 or line-to-line voltage U23 (VT card 2)              |  |
| UL3(1)VT2                                                                | Line-to-neutral $U_{L3}$ or line-to-line voltage $U_{31}$ (VT card 2)    |  |
| U0(SS)VT2                                                                | Zero sequence voltage $U_0$ or synchrocheck voltage $U_{SS}$ (VT card 2) |  |
| USup_2 Voltage measurement module voltage supply supervision (VT card 2) |                                                                          |  |

\*NOTE: There are two signals for each residual current channel in the disturbance recorder: coarse and fine. A coarse signal is capable of sampling in the full range of the current channel but suffers a loss of accuracy at very low currents. A fine signal is capable of sampling at very low currents and with high accuracy but cuts off at higher currents. Table below lists performance of both channels with fine and coarse gain.

Table. 5.6.4 - 157. Residual current channel performance with coarse or residual gain.

| Channel | Coarse gain range | Fine gain range | Fine gain peak |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 101     | 0150 A            | 010 A           | 15 A           |

| Channel | Coarse gain range | Fine gain range | Fine gain peak |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 102     | 075 A             | 05 A            | 8 A            |

| Signal                         | Description                                                       | Signal                           | Description                                                          |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Currents                       |                                                                   |                                  |                                                                      |
| Pri.Pha.curr.ILx               | Primary phase current ILx<br>(IL1, IL2, IL3)                      | Pha.curr.ILx TRMS Pri            | Primary phase current TRMS (IL1, IL2, IL3)                           |
| Pha.angle ILx                  | Phase angle ILx (IL1, IL2, IL3)                                   | Pos./Neg./Zero seq.curr.         | Positive/Negative/Zero sequence current                              |
| Pha.curr.ILx                   | Phase current ILx (IL1, IL2, IL3)                                 | Sec.Pos./Neg./Zero seq.curr.     | Secondary positive/negative/zero sequence current                    |
| Sec.Pha.curr.ILx               | Secondary phase current<br>ILx (IL1, IL2, IL3)                    | Pri.Pos./Neg./Zero seq.curr.     | Primary positive/negative/zero sequence current                      |
| Pri.Res.curr.I0x               | Primary residual current I0x<br>(I01, I02)                        | Pos./Neg./Zero<br>seq.curr.angle | Positive/Negative/Zero sequence current angle                        |
| Res.curr.angle I0x             | Residual current angle I0x<br>(I01, I02)                          | Res.curr.I0x TRMS                | Residual current TRMS I0x (I01, I02)                                 |
| Res.curr.I0x                   | Residual current I0x (I01, I02)                                   | Res.curr.I0x TRMS Sec            | Secondary residual current TRMS I0x (I01, I02)                       |
| Sec.Res.curr.I0x               | Secondary residual current<br>I0x (I01, I02)                      | Res.curr.I0x TRMS Pri            | Primary residual current TRMS I0x (I01, I02)                         |
| Pri.cal.l0                     | Primary calculated I0                                             | Pha.Lx ampl. THD                 | Phase Lx amplitude THD (L1, L2, L3)                                  |
| Sec.calc.I0                    | Secondary calculated I0                                           | Pha.Lx pow. THD                  | Phase Lx power THD (L1, L2, L3)                                      |
| calc.I0                        | Calculated I0                                                     | Res.I0x ampl. THD                | Residual I0x amplitude THD (I01, I02)                                |
| calc.10 Pha.angle              | Calculated I0 phase angle                                         | Res.I0x pow. THD                 | Residual I0x power THD (I01, I02)                                    |
| Pha.curr.ILx TRMS              | Phase current TRMS<br>ILx (IL1, IL2, IL3)                         | P-P curr.ILx                     | Phase-to-phase current ILx (IL1, IL2, IL3)                           |
| Pha.curr.ILx TRMS<br>Sec       | Secondary phase current<br>TRMS (IL1, IL2, IL3)                   | P-P curr.I0x                     | Phase-to-phase current I0x (I01, I02)                                |
| Voltages                       |                                                                   |                                  |                                                                      |
| Ux Volt p.u.                   | Ux voltage in per-unit values<br>(U1, U2, U3, U4)                 | System volt ULxx mag             | Magnitude of the system voltage ULxx<br>(UL12, UL23, UL31)           |
| Ux Volt pri                    | Primary Ux voltage (U1, U2,<br>U3, U4)                            | System volt ULxx mag(kV)         | Magnitude of the system voltage ULxx in kilovolts (UL12, UL23, UL31) |
| Ux Volt sec                    | Secondary Ux voltage (U1,<br>U2, U3, U4)                          | System volt ULxx ang             | Angle of the system voltage ULxx (UL12, UL23, UL31)                  |
| Ux Volt TRMS p.u.              | Ux voltage TRMS in per-unit<br>values (U1, U2, U3, U4)            | System volt ULx mag              | Magnitude of the system voltage ULx (U1, U2, U3, U4)                 |
| Ux Volt TRMS pri               | Primary Ux voltage<br>TRMS (U1, U2, U3, U4)                       | System volt ULx mag(kV)          | Magnitude of the system voltage ULx in kilovolts (U1, U2, U3, U4)    |
| Ux Volt TRMS sec               | Secondary Ux voltage<br>TRMS (U1, U2, U3, U4)                     | System volt ULx ang              | Angle of the system voltage ULx (U1, U2, U3, U4)                     |
| Pos/Neg./Zero<br>seq.Volt.p.u. | Positive/Negative/<br>Zero sequence voltage in<br>per-unit values | System volt U0 mag               | Magnitude of the system voltage U0                                   |
| Pos./Neg./Zero<br>seq.Volt.pri | Primary positive/negative/<br>zero sequence voltage               | System volt U0 mag(kV)           | Magnitude of the system voltage U0 in kilovolts                      |

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| Signal                                    | Description                                                     | Signal                                 | Description                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pos./Neg./Zero<br>seq.Volt.sec            | Secondary positive/<br>negative/zero sequence<br>voltage        | System volt U0 mag(%)                  | Magnitude of the system voltage U0 in percentages             |
| Ux Angle                                  | Ux angle (U1, U2, U3, U4)                                       | System volt U0 ang                     | Angle of the system voltage U0                                |
| Pos./Neg./Zero<br>Seq volt.Angle          | Positive/Negative/Zero sequence voltage angle                   | Ux Angle difference                    | Ux angle difference (U1, U2, U3)                              |
| Resistive and reactive currents           |                                                                 |                                        |                                                               |
| ILx Resistive<br>Current p.u.             | ILx resistive current in per-<br>unit values (IL1, IL2, IL3)    | Pos.seq. Resistive Current<br>Pri.     | Primary positive sequence resistive<br>current                |
| ILx Reactive<br>Current p.u.              | ILx reactive current in per-<br>unit values (IL1, IL2, IL3)     | Pos.seq. Reactive Current<br>Pri.      | Primary positive sequence reactive current                    |
| Pos.Seq. Resistive<br>Current p.u.        | Positive sequence resistive<br>current in per-unit values       | I0x Residual Resistive<br>Current Pri. | Primary residual resistive current I0x (I01, I02)             |
| Pos.Seq. Reactive<br>Current p.u.         | Positive sequence reactive<br>current in per-unit values        | I0x Residual Reactive<br>Current Pri.  | Primary residual reactive current I0x (I01, I02)              |
| I0x Residual<br>Resistive Current<br>p.u. | I0x residual resistive current<br>in per-unit values (I01, I02) | ILx Resistive Current Sec.             | Secondary resistive current ILx (IL1, IL2, IL3)               |
| I0x Residual<br>Reactive Current<br>p.u.  | I0x residual ractive current<br>in per-unit values (I01, I02)   | ILx Reactive Current Sec.              | Secondary reactive current ILx (IL1, IL2, IL3)                |
| ILx Resistive<br>Current Pri.             | Primary resistive current ILx<br>(IL1, IL2, IL3)                | I0x Residual Resistive<br>Current Sec. | Secondary residual resistive current I0x<br>(I01, I02)        |
| ILx Reactive<br>Current Pri.              | Primary reactive current ILx<br>(IL1, IL2, IL3)                 | I0x Residual Reactive<br>Current Sec.  | Secondary residual reactive current I0x<br>(I01, I02)         |
| Power, GYB,<br>frequency                  |                                                                 |                                        |                                                               |
| Lx PF                                     | Lx power factor (L1, L2, L3)                                    | Curve x Input                          | Input of Curve x (1, 2, 3, 4)                                 |
| POW1 3PH<br>Apparent power<br>(S)         | Three-phase apparent power                                      | Curve x Output                         | Output of Curve x (1, 2, 3, 4)                                |
| POW1 3PH<br>Apparent power<br>(S MVA)     | Three-phase apparent power in megavolt-amperes                  | Enablefbasedfunctions(VT1)             | Enable frequency-based functions                              |
| POW1 3PH Active<br>power (P)              | Three-phase active power                                        | Track.sys.f.                           | Tracked system frequency                                      |
| POW1 3PH Active<br>power (P MW)           | Three-phase active power in megawatts                           | Sampl.f. used                          | Used sample frequency                                         |
| POW1 3PH<br>Reactive power<br>(Q)         | Three-phase reactive power                                      | Tr f CH x                              | Tracked frequency (channels A, B, C)                          |
| POW1 3PH<br>Reactive power (Q<br>MVar)    | Three-phase reactive power<br>in megavars                       | Alg f Fast                             | Fast frequency algorithm                                      |
| POW1 3PH<br>Tan(phi)                      | Three-phase tangent phi                                         | Alg f avg                              | Average frequency algorithm                                   |
| POW1 3PH<br>Cos(phi)                      | Three-phase cosine phi                                          | Frequency based protections blocked    | When true ("1"), all frequency-based protections are blocked. |

| Signal                            | Description                         | Signal                                                            | Description                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3PH PF                            | Three-phase power factor            | f atm. Protections (when not<br>measurable returns to<br>nominal) | Frequency at the moment. If the system nominal is set to 50 Hz, this will show "50 Hz".         |
| Neutral<br>conductance G<br>(Pri) | Primary neutral conductance         | f atm. Display (when not<br>measurable is 0 Hz)                   | Frequency at the moment. If the frequency is not measurable, this will show "0 Hz".             |
| Neutral<br>susceptance B<br>(Pri) | Primary neutral<br>susceptance      | f meas qlty                                                       | Quality of tracked frequency                                                                    |
| Neutral<br>admittance Y (Pri)     | Primary neutral admittance          | f meas from                                                       | Indicates which of the three voltage or<br>current channel frequencies is used by the<br>relay. |
| Neutral<br>admittance Y<br>(Ang)  | Neutral admittace angle             | SS1.meas.frqs                                                     | Synchrocheck – the measured frequency<br>from voltage channel 1                                 |
| I01 Resistive<br>component (Pri)  | Primary resistive<br>component I01  | SS2.meas.frqs                                                     | Synchrocheck – the measured frequency from voltage channel 2                                    |
| I01 Capacitive<br>component (Pri) | Primary capacitive<br>component I01 | Enable f based functions                                          | Status of this signal is active when frequency-based protection functions are enabled.          |

Table. 5.6.4 - 159. Digital recording channels – Binary signals.

| Signal                           | Description                                                     | Signal                                             | Description                                                                    |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Dlx                              | Digital input 111                                               | Timer x Output                                     | Output of Timer 110                                                            |
| Open/close<br>control<br>buttons | Active if buttons I or 0 in the unit's front panel are pressed. | Internal Relay Fault active                        | If the unit has an internal fault, this signal is active.                      |
| Status<br>PushButton x<br>On     | Status of Push Button 112 is ON                                 | (Protection, control and monitoring event signals) | (see the individual function description for the specific outputs)             |
| Status<br>PushButton x<br>Off    | Status of Push Button 112 is<br>OFF                             | Always True/False                                  | "Always false" is always "0". Always true is always "1".                       |
| Forced SG in use                 | Stage forcing in use                                            | OUTx                                               | Output contact statuses                                                        |
| SGx Active                       | Setting group 18 active                                         | GOOSE INx                                          | GOOSE input 164                                                                |
| Double<br>Ethernet LinkA<br>down | Double ethernet communication card link A connection is down.   | GOOSE INx quality                                  | Quality of GOOSE input 164                                                     |
| Double<br>Ethernet LinkB<br>down | Double ethernet communication card link B connection is down.   | Logical Input x                                    | Logical input 132                                                              |
| MBIO ModA<br>Ch x Invalid        | Channel 18 of MBIO Mod A is invalid                             | Logical Output x                                   | Logical output 164                                                             |
| MBIO ModB<br>Ch x Invalid        | Channel 18 of MBIO Mod B is invalid                             | NTP sync alarm                                     | If NTP time synchronization is lost, this signal will be active.               |
| MBIO ModB<br>Ch x Invalid        | Channel 18 of MBIO Mod C is invalid                             | Ph.Rotating Logic control<br>0=A-B-C, 1=A-C-B      | Phase rotating order at the moment. If true ("1") the phase order is reversed. |



Digital channels are measured every 5 ms.

#### Recording settings and triggering

Disturbance recorder can be triggered manually or automatically by using the dedicated triggers. Every signal listed in "Digital recording channels" can be selected to trigger the recorder.

The device has a maximum limit of 100 for the number of recordings. Even when the recordings are very small, their number cannot exceed 100. The number of analog and digital channels together with the sample rate and the time setting affect the recording size. See calculation examples below in the section titled "Estimating the maximum length of total recording time".

| Name                                       | Range                                                                                                                                           | Step   | Default       | Description                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Recorder<br>enabled                        | 0: Enabled<br>1: Disabled                                                                                                                       | -      | 0:<br>Enabled | Enables and disables the disturbance recorder function.                                                                                                                |
| Recorder<br>status                         | 0: Recorder ready<br>1: Recording<br>triggered<br>2: Recording and<br>storing<br>3: Storing<br>recording<br>4: Recorder full<br>5: Wrong config | -      | -             | Indicates the status of recorder.                                                                                                                                      |
| Clear<br>record+                           | 02 <sup>32</sup> -1                                                                                                                             | 1      | -             | Clears selected recording. If "1" is inserted, first recording will be cleared from memory. If "10" is inserted, tenth (10th) recording will be cleared from memory.   |
| Manual<br>trigger                          | 0: -<br>1: Trig                                                                                                                                 | -      | 0: -          | Triggers disturbance recording manually. This parameter will return back to "-" automatically.                                                                         |
| Clear all records                          | 0: -<br>1: Clear                                                                                                                                | -      | 0: -          | Clears all disturbance recordings.                                                                                                                                     |
| Clear<br>newest<br>record                  | 0: -<br>1: Clear                                                                                                                                | -      | 0: -          | Clears the newest stored disturbance recording.                                                                                                                        |
| Clear<br>oldest<br>record                  | 0: -<br>1: Clear                                                                                                                                | -      | 0: -          | Clears the oldest stored disturbance recording.                                                                                                                        |
| Max.<br>number of<br>recordings            | 0100                                                                                                                                            | 1      | -             | Displays the maximum number of recordings that can be stored in the device's memory with settings currently in use. The maximum number of recordings can go up to 100. |
| Max.<br>length of a<br>recording           | 0.0001800.000s                                                                                                                                  | 0.001s | -             | Displays the maximum length of a single recording.                                                                                                                     |
| Max.<br>location of<br>the pre-<br>trigger | 0.0001800.000s                                                                                                                                  | 0.001s | -             | Displays the highest pre-triggering time that can be set with the settings currently in use.                                                                           |
| Recordings in memory                       | 0100                                                                                                                                            | 1      | -             | Displays how many recordings are stored in the memory.                                                                                                                 |

Table. 5.6.4 - 160. Recorder control settings.

Table. 5.6.4 - 161. Recorder trigger setting.

| Name                | Description                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Recorder<br>trigger | Selects the trigger input(s). Clicking the "Edit" button brings up a pop-up window, and checking the boxes enable the selected triggers. |

#### Table. 5.6.4 - 162. Recorder settings.

| Name                         | Range                                       | Step  | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Recording length             | 0.1001800.000s                              | 0.01s | 1s             | Sets the length of a recording.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                              | 0: FIFO                                     |       |                | Selects what happens when the memory is full.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Recording mode               | 1: Keep olds                                | -     | 0: FIFO        | "FIFO" (= first in, first out) replaces the oldest stored recording with the latest one. "Keep olds" does not accept new recordings.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Analog channel<br>samples    | 0: 64s/c<br>1: 32s/c<br>2: 16s/c<br>3: 8s/c | -     | 0: 64s/c       | Selects the sample rate of the disturbance recorder in samples<br>per cycle. The samples are saved from the measured wave<br>according to this setting.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Digital channel samples      | 5ms (fixed)                                 | -     | 5<br>ms(fixed) | The fixed sample rate of the recorded digital channels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Pretriggering<br>time        | 0.215.0s                                    | 0.1s  | 0.2s           | Sets the recording length before the trigger.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Analog recording<br>CH1CH20  | 08 freely<br>selectable<br>channels         | -     | -              | Selects the analog channel for recording. Please see the list of all<br>available analog channels in the section titled "Analog and digital<br>recording channels".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Automatically get recordings | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                   | -     | 0:<br>Disabled | Enables and disables the automatic transfer of recordings. The recordings are taken from the relay's protection CPU and transferred to the relay's FTP directory in the communication CPU; the FTP client then automatically loads the recordings from the relay and transfers them further to the SCADA system.<br>Please note that when this setting is enabled, all new disturbance recordings will be pushed to the FTP server of the relay. Up to six (6) recordings can be stored in the FTP at once. Once those six recordings have been retrieved and removed, more recordings will then be pushed to the FTP. |
|                              |                                             |       |                | When a recording has been sent to the FTP server of the relay, it is no longer accessible through setting tools <i>Disturbance</i> recorder $\rightarrow$ Get <i>DR files</i> command.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Recorder digital channels    | 095 freely<br>selectable<br>channels        | -     | -              | Selects the digital channel for recording. Please see the list of all available digital channels in the section titled "Analog and digital recording channels".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

#### NOTE!



The disturbance recorder is not ready unless the "Max. length of a recording" parameter is showing some value other than zero. At least one trigger input has to be selected in the "Recorder Trigger" setting to fulfill this term.

## Estimating the maximum length of total recording time

Once the disturbance recorder's settings have been made and loaded to the relay, the device automatically calculates and displays the total length of recordings. However, if the user wishes to confirm this calculation, they can do so with the following formula. Please note that the formula assumes there are no other files in the FTP that share the 64 MB space.

$$\frac{\text{Total sample reserve}}{(f_n * (Ch_{an} + 1) * SR) + (200 Hz * Ch_{dig})}$$

Where:

- total sample reserve = the number of samples available in the FTP when no other files are saved; calculated by dividing the total number of available bytes by 4 bytes (=the size of one sample); e.g. 64 306 588 bytes/4 bytes = 16 076 647 samples.
- $f_n$  = the nominal frequency (Hz).
- *Chan* = the number of analog channels recorded; "+ 1" stands for the time stamp for each recorded sample.
- *SR* = the selected sample rate (s/c).
- 200 Hz = the rate at which digital channels are always recorded, i.e. 5 ms.
- *Ch<sub>dig</sub>* = the number of digital channels recorded.

For example, let us say the nominal frequency is 50 Hz, the selected sample rate is 64 s/c, nine (9) analog channels and two (2) digital channels record. The calculation is as follows:

 $\frac{16\ 076\ 647\ samples}{(50\ Hz\ *\ (9\ +\ 1)\ *\ 64)\ +\ (200\ Hz\ *\ 2)}\approx\ 496\ s$ 

Therefore, the maximum recording length in our example is approximately 496 seconds.

#### Application example

This chapter presents an application example of how to set the disturbance recorder and analyze its output. The recorder is configured by using the setting tool software or relay HMI, and the results are analyzed with the AQviewer software (is automatically downloaded and installed with AQtivate). Registered users can download the latest tools from the Arcteq website (arcteq.fi./downloads/).

In this example, we want the recordings to be made according to the following specifications:

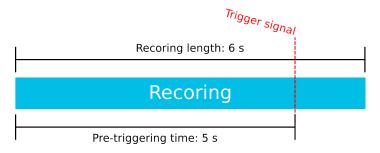
- the recording length is 6.0 s
- the sample rate is 64 s/c (therefore, with a 50 Hz system frequency a sample is taken every 312.5  $\mu s)$
- the analog channels 1...8 are used
- digital channels are tracked every 5 ms
- the first activation of the overcurrent stage trip (I> TRIP) triggers the recorder
- the pre-triggering time is 5 (ie. how long is recorded before the I> TRIP signal) and the posttriggering time is 1 s

The image below shows how these settings are placed in the setting tool.

Figure. 5.6.4 - 166. Disturbance recorder settings.

| Recorder Control —      |                                       | Recorder Settings                                                                                                                      |                                    |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| -                       |                                       | -                                                                                                                                      |                                    |
|                         | Enabled                               |                                                                                                                                        |                                    |
|                         | Recorder ready 👻                      | Recording length                                                                                                                       | 6 s<br>0.1001800.000 [0.001]       |
|                         | 0                                     | Recording mode                                                                                                                         | FIF0 💌                             |
|                         | 04294967295 [1]                       | Analog channel samples                                                                                                                 | 64s/c 💌                            |
|                         |                                       | Digital channel samples                                                                                                                | 5ms 💌                              |
|                         | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Pre triggering time                                                                                                                    |                                    |
|                         | <u> </u>                              |                                                                                                                                        | 0.115.0 [0.1]                      |
|                         | -                                     | Analog Recording CH1                                                                                                                   |                                    |
|                         | 61<br>0.4294967295 [1]                | Analog Recording CH2                                                                                                                   | IL2 🔽                              |
| lax length of recording | 04294967295[1]<br>414.44 s            | Analog Recording CH3                                                                                                                   | IL3 🗸                              |
|                         | 0.0001800.000 [0.001]                 | Analog Recording CH4                                                                                                                   | 101C 💌                             |
|                         | 6 s                                   | Analog Recording CH5                                                                                                                   | UL1(2)VT1                          |
|                         | 0.0001800.000 [0.001]                 | Analog Recording CH6                                                                                                                   | UL2(3)VT1                          |
|                         | 18<br>04294967295 [1]                 | Analog Recording CH7                                                                                                                   | UL3(1)VT1                          |
|                         |                                       | Analog Recording CH8                                                                                                                   | U0(SS)VT1                          |
|                         |                                       | Analog Recording CH9                                                                                                                   | none                               |
|                         |                                       | Analog Recording CH10                                                                                                                  | 102C                               |
| ecorder Trigger Se      | et                                    | Analog Recording CH11                                                                                                                  | I02F                               |
|                         |                                       | Analog Recording CH12                                                                                                                  | none                               |
|                         |                                       | Analog Recording CH13                                                                                                                  | none                               |
| Recorder Trigger        |                                       | Analog Recording CH14                                                                                                                  | none                               |
| I> TRIP (General)       |                                       | Analog Recording CH15                                                                                                                  | none                               |
|                         |                                       | Analog Recording CH16                                                                                                                  | none                               |
| Edit                    |                                       |                                                                                                                                        |                                    |
| Edit                    |                                       | Analog Recording CH17                                                                                                                  | none                               |
| Edit                    | I                                     | Analog Recording CH17<br>Analog Recording CH18                                                                                         |                                    |
| Edit                    |                                       |                                                                                                                                        | none                               |
| Edit                    | ]<br>                                 | Analog Recording CH18                                                                                                                  | none V                             |
| Edit                    |                                       | Analog Recording CH18<br>Analog Recording CH19                                                                                         | none                               |
| Edit                    |                                       | Analog Recording CH18<br>Analog Recording CH19<br>Analog Recording CH20                                                                | none   none  none  none  none      |
| Edit                    |                                       | Analog Recording CH18<br>Analog Recording CH19<br>Analog Recording CH20<br>Auto. get recordings                                        | none   none  none  none  none      |
| Edit                    |                                       | Analog Recording CH18<br>Analog Recording CH19<br>Analog Recording CH20<br>Auto. get recordings<br>Rec.Digital Channels                | none   •     none   •     none   • |
| Edit                    |                                       | Analog Recording CH18<br>Analog Recording CH19<br>Analog Recording CH20<br>Auto. get recordings<br>Rec.Digital Channels<br>Track.sys.f | none   •     none   •     none   • |

Figure. 5.6.4 - 167. Effects of recording length and pre-triggering time signals. This example is based on the settings shown above.



When there is at least one recording in the device's memory, that recording can be analyzed by using the AQviewer software (see the image below). However, the recording must first be made accessible to AQViewer. The user can read it from the device's memory (*Disturbance recorder*  $\rightarrow$  *Get DR*-*files*). Alternatively, the user can load the recordings individually (*Disturbance recorder*  $\rightarrow$  *DR List*) from a folder in the PC's hard disk drive; the exact location of the folder is described in *Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Settings*  $\rightarrow$  *DR path*.



The user can also launch the AQviewer software from the *Disturbance recorder* menu. AQviewer software instructions can be found in AQtivate 200 Instruction manual (<u>arcteq.fi./downloads/</u>).

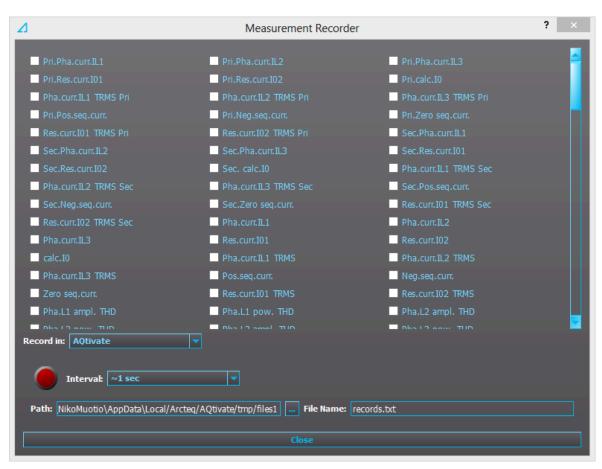
#### Events

The disturbance recorder function (abbreviated "DR" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes of the function: the recorder generates an event each time it is triggered (manually or by dedicated signals). Events cannot be masked off. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

| Event block name | Event names              |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| DR1              | Recorder triggered ON    |
| DR1              | Recorder triggered OFF   |
| DR1              | Recorder memory cleared  |
| DR1              | Oldest record cleared    |
| DR1              | Recorder memory full ON  |
| DR1              | Recorder memory full OFF |
| DR1              | Recording ON             |
| DR1              | Recording OFF            |
| DR1              | Storing recording ON     |
| DR1              | Storing recording OFF    |
| DR1              | Newest record cleared    |

Table. 5.6.4 - 163. Event messages.

#### 5.6.5 Measurement recorder



Measurements can be recorded to a file with the measurement recorder. The chosen measurements are recorded at selected intervals. In the "Measurement recorder" window, the measurements the user wants to be recorded can be selected by checking their respective check boxes. In order for the measurement recorder to activate, a connection to a relay must be established via the setting tool software and its Live Edit mode must be enabled (see the AQtivate 200 manual for more information). Navigate to the measurement recorder through  $Tools \rightarrow Miscellaneous tools \rightarrow Measurement recorder$ . The recording interval can be changed from the "Interval" drop-down menu. From the "Record in" drop-down menu the user can also choose whether the measurements are recorded in the setting tool or in the relay.

If the recording is done in the setting tool, both the setting tool software and its Live Edit mode have to be activated. The user can change the recording file location by editing the "Path" field. File names can also be changed with the "File name" field. Hitting the "Record" button (the big red circle) starts the recorder. Please note that closing the "Measurement recorder" window does not stop the recording; that can only be done by hitting the "Stop" button (the big blue circle).

If the recording is done in the relay, only the recording interval needs to be set before recording can be started. The setting tool estimates the maximum recording time, which depends on the recording interval. When the measurement recorder is running, the measurements can be viewed in graph form with the AQtivate PRO software (see the image below).



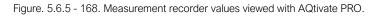




Table. 5.6.5 - 164. Available analog signals.

| Current measurements  | P-P Curr.I"L3          | L1 Imp.React.Ind.E.Mvarh         |
|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Pri.Pha.Curr.IL1      | P-P Curr.I"01          | L1 Imp.React.Ind.E.kvarh         |
| Pri.Pha.Curr.IL2      | P-P Curr.I"02          | L1 Exp/Imp React.Ind.E.bal.Mvarh |
| Pri.Pha.Curr.IL3      | Pha.angle I"L1         | L1 Exp/Imp React.Ind.E.bal.kvarh |
| Pri.Res.Curr.I01      | Pha.angle I"L2         | L2 Exp.Active Energy MWh         |
| Pri.Res.Curr.I02      | Pha.angle I"L3         | L2 Exp.Active Energy kWh         |
| Pri.Calc.I0           | Res.Curr.angle I"01    | L2 Imp.Active Energy MWh         |
| Pha.Curr.IL1 TRMS Pri | Res.Curr.angle I"02    | L2 Imp.Active Energy kWh         |
| Pha.Curr.IL2 TRMS Pri | Calc.I"0.angle         | L2 Exp/Imp Act. E balance MWh    |
| Pha.Curr.IL3 TRMS Pri | I" Pos.Seq.Curr.angle  | L2 Exp/Imp Act. E balance kWh    |
| Pri.Pos.Seq.Curr.     | I" Neg.Seq.Curr.angle  | L2 Exp.React.Cap.E.Mvarh         |
| Pri.Neg.Seq.Curr.     | I" Zero.Seq.Curr.angle | L2 Exp.React.Cap.E.kvarh         |
| Pri.Zero.Seq.Curr.    | Voltage measurements   | L2 Imp.React.Cap.E.Mvarh         |
| Res.Curr.I01 TRMS Pri | U1Volt Pri             | L2 Imp.React.Cap.E.kvarh         |
| Res.Curr.I02 TRMS Pri | U2Volt Pri             | L2 Exp/Imp React.Cap.E.bal.Mvarh |
| Sec.Pha.Curr.IL1      | U3Volt Pri             | L2 Exp/Imp React.Cap.E.bal.kvarh |
| Sec.Pha.Curr.IL2      | U4Volt Pri             | L2 Exp.React.Ind.E.Mvarh         |
| Sec.Pha.Curr.IL3      | U1Volt Pri TRMS        | L2 Exp.React.Ind.E.kvarh         |
| Sec.Res.Curr.I01      | U2Volt Pri TRMS        | L2 Imp.React.Ind.E.Mvarh         |
| Sec.Res.Curr.I02      | U3Volt Pri TRMS        | L2 Imp.React.Ind.E.kvarh         |
| Sec.Calc.I0           | U4Volt Pri TRMS        | L2 Exp/Imp React.Ind.E.bal.Mvarh |
| Pha.Curr.IL1 TRMS Sec | Pos.Seq.Volt.Pri       | L2 Exp/Imp React.Ind.E.bal.kvarh |

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| Pha.Curr.IL2 TRMS Sec | Neg.Seq.Volt.Pri          | L3 Exp.Active Energy MWh         |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Pha.Curr.IL3 TRMS Sec | Zero.Seq.Volt.Pri         | L3 Exp.Active Energy kWh         |
| Sec.Pos.Seq.Curr.     | U1Volt Sec                | L3 Imp.Active Energy MWh         |
| Sec.Neg.Seq.Curr.     | U2Volt Sec                | L3 Imp.Active Energy kWh         |
| Sec.Zero.Seq.Curr.    | U3Volt Sec                | L3 Exp/Imp Act. E balance MWh    |
| Res.Curr.I01 TRMS Sec | U4Volt Sec                | L3 Exp/Imp Act. E balance kWh    |
| Res.Curr.I02 TRMS Sec | U1Volt Sec TRMS           | L3 Exp.React.Cap.E.Mvarh         |
| Pha.Curr.IL1          | U2Volt Sec TRMS           | L3 Exp.React.Cap.E.kvarh         |
| Pha.Curr.IL2          | U3Volt Sec TRMS           | L3 Imp.React.Cap.E.Mvarh         |
| Pha.Curr.IL3          | U4Volt Sec TRMS           | L3 Imp.React.Cap.E.kvarh         |
| Res.Curr.I01          | Pos.Seq.Volt.Sec          | L3 Exp/Imp React.Cap.E.bal.Mvarh |
| Res.Curr.I02          | Neg.Seq.Volt.Sec          | L3 Exp/Imp React.Cap.E.bal.kvarh |
| Calc.I0               | Zero.Seq.Volt.Sec         | L3 Exp.React.Ind.E.Mvarh         |
| Pha.Curr.IL1 TRMS     | U1Volt p.u.               | L3 Exp.React.Ind.E.kvarh         |
| Pha.Curr.IL2 TRMS     | U2Volt p.u.               | L3 Imp.React.Ind.E.Mvarh         |
| Pha.Curr.IL3 TRMS     | U3Volt p.u.               | L3 Imp.React.Ind.E.kvarh         |
| Pos.Seq.Curr.         | U4Volt p.u.               | L3 Exp/Imp React.Ind.E.bal.Mvarh |
| Neg.Seq.Curr.         | U1Volt TRMS p.u.          | L3 Exp/Imp React.Ind.E.bal.kvarh |
| Zero.Seq.Curr.        | U2Volt TRMS p.u.          | Exp.Active Energy MWh            |
| Res.Curr.I01 TRMS     | U3Volt p.u.               | Exp.Active Energy kWh            |
| Res.Curr.I02 TRMS     | U4Volt p.u.               | Imp.Active Energy MWh            |
| Pha.L1 ampl. THD      | Pos.Seq.Volt. p.u.        | Imp.Active Energy kWh            |
| Pha.L2 ampl. THD      | Neg.Seq.Volt. p.u.        | Exp/Imp Act. E balance MWh       |
| Pha.L3 ampl. THD      | Zero.Seq.Volt. p.u.       | Exp/Imp Act. E balance kWh       |
| Pha.L1 pow. THD       | U1Volt Angle              | Exp.React.Cap.E.Mvarh            |
| Pha.L2 pow. THD       | U2Volt Angle              | Exp.React.Cap.E.kvarh            |
| Pha.L3 pow. THD       | U3Volt Angle              | Imp.React.Cap.E.Mvarh            |
| Res.I01 ampl. THD     | U4Volt Angle              | Imp.React.Cap.E.kvarh            |
| Res.I01 pow. THD      | Pos.Seq.Volt. Angle       | Exp/Imp React.Cap.E.bal.Mvarh    |
| Res.I02 ampl. THD     | Neg.Seq.Volt. Angle       | Exp/Imp React.Cap.E.bal.kvarh    |
| Res.I02 pow. THD      | Zero.Seq.Volt. Angle      | Exp.React.Ind.E.Mvarh            |
| P-P Curr.IL1          | System Volt UL12 mag      | Exp.React.Ind.E.kvarh            |
| P-P Curr.IL2          | System Volt UL12 mag (kV) | Imp.React.Ind.E.Mvarh            |
| P-P Curr.IL3          | System Volt UL23 mag      | Imp.React.Ind.E.kvarh            |
| P-P Curr.I01          | System Volt UL23 mag (kV) | Exp/Imp React.Ind.E.bal.Mvarh    |
| P-P Curr.I02          | System Volt UL31 mag      | Exp/Imp React.Ind.E.bal.kvarh    |
| Pha.angle IL1         | System Volt UL31 mag (kV) | Other measurements               |
| Pha.angle IL2         | System Volt UL1 mag       | TM> Trip expect mode             |
| Pha.angle IL3         | System Volt UL1 mag (kV)  | TM> Time to 100% T               |

| Res.Curr.angle I01     | System Volt UL2 mag      | TM> Reference T curr.     |
|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Res.Curr.angle I02     | System Volt UL2 mag (kV) | TM> Active meas curr.     |
| Calc.I0.angle          | System Volt UL3 mag      | TM> T est.with act. curr. |
| Pos.Seq.Curr.angle     | System Volt UL3 mag (kV) | TM> T at the moment       |
| Neg.Seq.Curr.angle     | System Volt U0 mag       | TM> Max.Temp.Rise All.    |
| Zero.Seq.Curr.angle    | System Volt U0 mag (kV)  | TM> Temp.Rise atm.        |
| Pri.Pha.Curr.I"L1      | System Volt U1 mag       | TM> Hot Spot estimate     |
| Pri.Pha.Curr.I"L2      | System Volt U1 mag (kV)  | TM> Hot Spot Max. All     |
| Pri.Pha.Curr.I"L3      | System Volt U2 mag       | TM> Used k for amb.temp   |
| Pri.Res.Curr.I"01      | System Volt U2 mag (kV)  | TM> Trip delay remaining  |
| Pri.Res.Curr.I"02      | System Volt U3 mag       | TM> Alarm 1 time to rel.  |
| Pri.Calc.I"0           | System Volt U3 mag (kV)  | TM> Alarm 2 time to rel.  |
| Pha.Curr.I"L1 TRMS Pri | System Volt U4 mag       | TM> Inhibit time to rel.  |
| Pha.Curr.I"L2 TRMS Pri | System Volt U4 mag (kV)  | TM> Trip time to rel.     |
| Pha.Curr.I"L3 TRMS Pri | System Volt UL12 ang     | S1 Measurement            |
| l" Pri.Pos.Seq.Curr.   | System Volt UL23 ang     | S2 Measurement            |
| I" Pri.Neg.Seq.Curr.   | System Volt UL31 ang     | S3 Measurement            |
| I" Pri.Zero.Seq.Curr.  | System Volt UL1 ang      | S4 Measurement            |
| Res.Curr.I"01 TRMS Pri | System Volt UL2 ang      | S5 Measurement            |
| Res.Curr.I"02 TRMS Pri | System Volt UL3 ang      | S6 Measurement            |
| Sec.Pha.Curr.I"L1      | System Volt U0 ang       | S7 Measurement            |
| Sec.Pha.Curr.I"L2      | System Volt U1 ang       | S8 Measurement            |
| Sec.Pha.Curr.I"L3      | System Volt U2 ang       | S9 Measurement            |
| Sec.Res.Curr.I"01      | System Volt U3 ang       | S10 Measurement           |
| Sec.Res.Curr.I"02      | System Volt U4 ang       | S11 Measurement           |
| Sec.Calc.I"0           | Power measurements       | S12 Measurement           |
| Pha.Curr.I"L1 TRMS Sec | L1 Apparent Power (S)    | Sys.meas.frqs             |
| Pha.Curr.I"L2 TRMS Sec | L1 Active Power (P)      | f atm.                    |
| Pha.Curr.I"L3 TRMS Sec | L1 Reactive Power (Q)    | f meas from               |
| I" Sec.Pos.Seq.Curr.   | L1 Tan(phi)              | SS1.meas.frqs             |
| l" Sec.Neg.Seq.Curr.   | L1 Cos(phi)              | SS1f meas from            |
| l" Sec.Zero.Seq.Curr.  | L2 Apparent Power (S)    | SS2 meas.frqs             |
| Res.Curr.I"01 TRMS Sec | L2 Active Power (P)      | SS2f meas from            |
| Res.Curr.I"02 TRMS Sec | L2 Reactive Power (Q)    | L1 Bias current           |
| Pha.Curr.I"L1          | L2 Tan(phi)              | L1 Diff current           |
| Pha.Curr.I"L2          | L2 Cos(phi)              | L1 Char current           |
| Pha.Curr.I"L3          | L3 Apparent Power (S)    | L2 Bias current           |
| Res.Curr.I"01          | L3 Active Power (P)      | L2 Diff current           |
| Res.Curr.I"02          | L3 Reactive Power (Q)    | L2 Char current           |
| L                      | 1                        |                           |

| Calc.I"0           | L3 Tan(phi)                      | L3 Bias current      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Pha.Curr.I"L1 TRMS | L3 Cos(phi)                      | L3 Diff current      |
| Pha.Curr.I"L2 TRMS | 3PH Apparent Power (S)           | L3 Char current      |
| Pha.Curr.I"L3 TRMS | 3PH Active Power (P)             | HV I0d> Bias current |
| I" Pos.Seq.Curr.   | 3PH Reactive Power (Q)           | HV I0d> Diff current |
| I" Neg.Seq.Curr.   | 3PH Tan(phi)                     | HV I0d> Char current |
| I" Zero.Seq.Curr.  | 3PH Cos(phi)                     | LV I0d> Bias current |
| Res.Curr.I"01 TRMS | Energy measurements              | LV I0d> Diff current |
| Res.Curr.I"02 TRMS | L1 Exp.Active Energy MWh         | LV I0d> Char current |
| Pha.IL"1 ampl. THD | L1 Exp.Active Energy kWh         | Curve1 Input         |
| Pha.IL"2 ampl. THD | L1 Imp.Active Energy MWh         | Curve1 Output        |
| Pha.IL"3 ampl. THD | L1 Imp.Active Energy kWh         | Curve2 Input         |
| Pha.IL"1 pow. THD  | L1 Exp/Imp Act. E balance MWh    | Curve2 Output        |
| Pha.IL"2 pow. THD  | L1 Exp/Imp Act. E balance kWh    | Curve3 Input         |
| Pha.IL"3 pow. THD  | L1 Exp.React.Cap.E.Mvarh         | Curve3 Output        |
| Res.I"01 ampl. THD | L1 Exp.React.Cap.E.kvarh         | Curve4 Input         |
| Res.I"01 pow. THD  | L1 Imp.React.Cap.E.Mvarh         | Curve4 Output        |
| Res.I"02 ampl. THD | L1 Imp.React.Cap.E.kvarh         | Control mode         |
| Res.I"02 pow. THD  | L1 Exp/Imp React.Cap.E.bal.Mvarh | Motor status         |
| P-P Curr.I"L1      | L1 Exp/Imp React.Cap.E.bal.kvarh | Active setting group |
| P-P Curr.I"L2      | L1 Exp.React.Ind.E.Mvarh         |                      |
|                    | L1 Exp.React.Ind.E.kvarh         |                      |

## 5.6.6 Measurement value recorder

The measurement value recorder function records the value of the selected magnitudes at the time of a pre-defined trigger signal. A typical application is the recording of fault currents or voltages at the time of the breaker trips; it can also be used to record the values from any trigger signal set by the user. The user can select whether the function records per-unit values or primary values. Additionally, the user can set the function to record overcurrent fault types or voltage fault types. The function operates instantly from the trigger signal.

The measurement value recorder function has an integrated fault display which shows the current fault values when the tripped by one of the following functions:

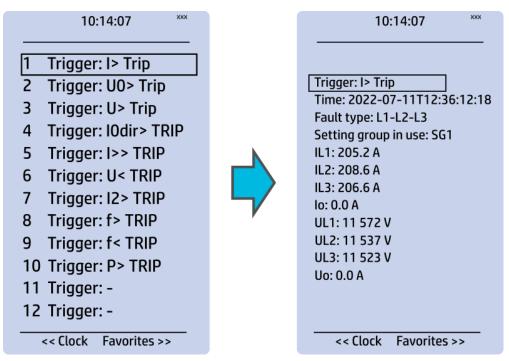
- I> (non-directional overcurrent)
- I2> (current unbalance)
- Idir> (directional overcurrent)
- I0> (non-directional earth fault)
- I0dir> (directional earth fault)
- f<(underfrequency)
- f> (overfrequency)
- U< (undervoltage)
- U> (overvoltage)
- U1/U2 >/< (sequence voltage)
- U0> (residual voltage)
- P> (over power)

- P< (under power)
- Prev> (reverse power)
- T> (thermal overload)

When any of these functions trip, the fault values and the fault type are displayed in the Mimic view. The view can be enabled by activating the "VREC Trigger on"setting (*Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Events and logs*  $\rightarrow$  *Set alarm events*). The resetting of the fault values is done by the input selected in the *General* menu.

Function keeps 12 latest recordings in memory. Recordings can be viewed in the HMI if "Fault registers" view has been added with "Carousel designer" tool.

Figure. 5.6.6 - 169. 12 latest recordings can be accessed from HMI if "Fault registers" view has been enabled in "Carousel designer" tool.



#### Measured input

The function block uses analog current and voltage measurement values. Based on these values, the relay calculates the primary and secondary values of currents, voltages, powers, and impedances as well as other values.

The user can set up to eight (8) magnitudes to be recorded when the function is triggered. An overcurrent fault type, a voltage fault type, and a tripped stage can be recorded and reported straight to SCADA.

#### NOTE!

The available measurement values depend on the relay type. If only current analog measurements are available, the recorder can solely use signals which only use current. The same applies, if only voltage analog measurements are available.

| Currents                                         | Description                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IL1 (ff), IL2 (ff), IL3 (ff), I01 (ff), I02 (ff) | The fundamental frequency current measurement values (RMS) of phase currents and of residual currents. |
| IL1TRMS, IL2TRMS, IL3TRMS,<br>I01TRMS, I02TRMS   | The TRMS current measurement values of phase currents and of residual currents.                        |

| Currents                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IL1,2,3 & I01/I02 2 <sup>nd</sup> h., 3 <sup>rd</sup> h., 4 <sup>th</sup><br>h., 5 <sup>th</sup> h., 7 <sup>th</sup> h., 9 <sup>th</sup> h., 11 <sup>th</sup> h., 13 <sup>th</sup><br>h., 15 <sup>th</sup> h., 17 <sup>th</sup> h., 19 <sup>th</sup> h. | The magnitudes of phase current components: Fundamental, 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic, 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic, 4 <sup>th</sup> harmonic, 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic 7 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 9 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 11 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 13 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 15 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 17 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic current. |
| 11, 12, 10Z                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | The positive sequence current, the negative sequence current and the zero sequence current.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| I0CalcMag                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The residual current calculated from phase currents.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| IL1Ang, IL2Ang, IL3Ang,<br>I01Ang, I02Ang, I0CalcAng,<br>I1Ang, I2Ang                                                                                                                                                                                   | The angles of each measured current.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Voltages                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| UL1Mag, UL2Mag, UL3Mag,<br>UL12Mag, UL23Mag, UL31Mag<br>U0Mag, U0CalcMag                                                                                                                                                                                | The magnitudes of phase voltages, of phase-to-phase voltages, and of residual voltages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| U1 Pos.seq V mag, U2 Neg.seq V<br>mag                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | The positive sequence voltage and the negative sequence voltage.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| UL1Ang, UL2Ang, UL3Ang,<br>UL12Ang, UL23Ang, UL31Ang<br>U0Ang, U0CalcAng                                                                                                                                                                                | The angles of phase voltages, of phase-to-phase voltages, and of residual voltages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| U1 Pos.seq V Ang, U2 Neg.seq V<br>Ang                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | The positive sequence angle and the negative sequence angle.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Powers                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| S3PH, P3PH, Q3PH                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | The three-phase apparent, active and reactive powers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| SL1, SL2, SL3, PL1, PL2, PL3,<br>QL1, QL2, QL3                                                                                                                                                                                                          | The phase apparent, active and reactive powers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| tanfi3PH, tanfiL1, tanfiL2, tanfiL3                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | The tan ( $\phi$ ) of three-phase powers and phase powers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| cosfi3PH, cosfiL1, cosfiL2, cosfiL3                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | The $\cos(\phi)$ of three-phase powers and phase powers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Impedances and admittances                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| RL12, RL23, RL31<br>XL12, XL23, XL31,<br>RL1, RL2, RL3<br>XL1, XL2, XL3<br>Z12, Z23, Z31<br>ZL1, ZL2, ZL3                                                                                                                                               | The phase-to-phase and phase-to-neutral resistances, reactances and impedances.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Z12Ang, Z23Ang, Z31Ang,<br>ZL1Ang, ZL2Ang, ZL3Ang                                                                                                                                                                                                       | The phase-to-phase and phase-to-neutral impedance angles.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Rseq, Xseq, Zseq<br>RseqAng, XseqAng, ZseqAng                                                                                                                                                                                                           | The positive sequence resistance, reactance and impedance values and angles.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| GL1, GL2, GL3, G0<br>BL1, BL2, BL3, B0<br>YL1, YL2, YL3, Y0                                                                                                                                                                                             | The conductances, susceptances and admittances.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| YL1angle, YL2angle, YL3angle<br>Y0angle                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | The admittance angles.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Others                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| System f.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The tracking frequency in use at that moment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Ref f1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | The reference frequency 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Ref f2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | The reference frequency 2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| M thermal T                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | The motor thermal temperature.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

| Currents        | Description                                             |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| F thermal T     | The feeder thermal temperature.                         |
| T thermal T     | The transformer thermal temperature.                    |
| RTD meas 116    | The RTD measurement channels 116.                       |
| Ext RTD meas 18 | The external RTD measurement channels 18 (ADAM module). |

# Reported values

When triggered, the function holds the recorded values of up to eight channels, as set. In addition to this tripped stage, the overcurrent fault type and the voltage fault types are reported to SCADA.

Table. 5.6.6 - 165. Reported values.

| Name          | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Step | Description        |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------|
| Tripped stage | 0: -<br>1: $ >$ Trip<br>2: $ >>$ Trip<br>3: $ >>>$ Trip<br>4: $ >>>>$ Trip<br>5: $ Dir>>>$ Trip<br>6: $ Dir>>>$ Trip<br>7: $ Dir>>>$ Trip<br>8: $ Dir>>>>$ Trip<br>9: $U>$ Trip<br>10: $U>>$ Trip<br>11: $U>>>$ Trip<br>12: $U>>>>$ Trip<br>13: $U<$ Trip<br>14: $U<<$ Trip<br>15: $U<<<$ Trip<br>16: $U<<<<$ Trip<br>17: $ 0>$ TRIP<br>18: $ 0>>>$ Trip<br>20: $ 0>>>>$ Trip<br>21: $ 0Dir>>>$ Trip<br>22: $ 0Dir>>>$ Trip<br>23: $ 0Dir>>>$ Trip<br>24: $ 0Dir>>>>$ Trip<br>25: $f>$ Trip<br>26: $f>>$ Trip<br>27: $f>>>$ Trip<br>28: $f>>>>$ Trip<br>29: $f<$ Trip<br>30: $f<<$ Trip<br>31: $f<<<$ Trip<br>31: $f<<<$ Trip<br>32: $f<<<<$ Trip<br>33: $P>$ Trip<br>34: $P<$ Trip<br>35: $Prev>$ Trip<br>36: $T>$ Trip<br>37: $ 2>$ Trip<br>38: $ 2>>>$ Trip<br>39: $ 2>>>$ Trip<br>41: $U1/2 >>>$ Trip<br>43: $U1/2 >>>$ Trip<br>43: $U1/2 >>>$ Trip<br>44: $U1/2 >>>>$ Trip<br>45: $UO>>>$ Trip<br>46: $UO>>>$ Trip<br>47: $UO>>>$ Trip<br>48: $UO>>>>$ Trip<br>48: $UO>>>>$ Trip |      | The tripped stage. |

| Name                   | Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Step           | Description                                      |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Overcurrent fault type | 0: -<br>1: A-G<br>2: B-G<br>3: A-B<br>4: C-G<br>5: A-C<br>6: B-C<br>7: A-B-C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | -              | The overcurrent fault type.                      |
| Voltage fault type     | 0: -<br>1: A(AB)<br>2: B(BC)<br>3: A-B(AB-BC)<br>4: C(CA)<br>5: A-C(AB-CA)<br>6: B-C(BC-CA)<br>7: A-B-C<br>8: -<br>9: Overfrequency<br>10: Underfrequency<br>11: Overpower<br>12: Underpower<br>13: Reversepower<br>14: Thermal overload<br>15: Unbalance<br>16: Harmonic overcurrent<br>17: Residual overvoltage | -              | The voltage fault type.                          |
| Magnitude 18           | 0.0001800.000 A/V/p.u.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.001 A/V/p.u. | The recorded value in one of the eight channels. |

#### **Events**

The measurement value recorder function (abbreviated "VREC" in event block names) generates events from the function triggers. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

Table. 5.6.6 - 166. Event messages.

| Event block name | Event name             |
|------------------|------------------------|
| VREC1            | Recorder triggered ON  |
| VREC1            | Recorder triggered OFF |

# 5.7 Programmable stage (PGx>/<; 99)

The programmable stage is a stage that the user can program to create more advanced applications, either as an individual stage or together with programmable logic. The relay has ten programmable stages, and each can be set to follow one to three analog measurements. The programmable stages have three available pick up terms options: overX, underX and rate-of-change of the selected signal. Each stage includes a definite time delay to trip after a pick-up has been triggered.

The programmable stage cycle time is 5 ms. The pick-up delay depends on which analog signal is used as well as its refresh rate (typically under a cycle in a 50 Hz system).

The number of programmable stages to be used is set in the *INFO* tab. When this function has been set as "Activated", the number of programmable stages can be set anywhere between one (1) and ten (10) depending on how many the application needs. In the image below, the number of programmable stages have been set to two which makes PS1 and PS2 to appear. Inactive stages are hidden until they are activated.

Please note that setting the number of available stages does not activate those stages, as they also need to be enabled individually with the PSx > < Enabled parameter. When enabled an active stage shows its current state (condition), the expected operating time and the time remaining to trip under the activation parameters. If a stage is not active the PSx > < condition parameter will merely display "Disabled".

The function's outputs are START, TRIP and BLOCKED signals. The programmable stage function uses a total of eight (8) separate setting groups which can be selected from one common source.

The function can operate on instant or time-delayed mode. Definite time (DT) delay can be selected in the In time-delayed mode.

The inputs for the function are the following:

- operating mode selections
- setting parameters
- digital inputs and logic signals
- measured and pre-processed magnitudes.

The function's outputs are START, TRIP and BLOCKED signals which can be used for direct I/O controlling and user logic programming. The function generates general time-stamped ON/OFF events to the common event buffer from each of the three (3) output signals. In the instant operating mode the function outputs START and TRIP events simultaneously with an equivalent time stamp. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms. The function also provides a resettable cumulative counter for the START, TRIP and BLOCKED events.

#### Analog values

The numerous analog signals have been divided into categories to help the user find the desired value.

| Name                    | Description                                   |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| ILx ff (p.u.)           | Fundamental frequency RMS value (in p.u.)     |
| ILx 2 <sup>nd</sup> h.  | ILx 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.)  |
| ILx 3 <sup>rd</sup> h.  | ILx 3 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.)  |
| ILx 4 <sup>th</sup> h.  | ILx 4 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.)  |
| ILx 5 <sup>th</sup> h.  | ILx 5 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.)  |
| ILx 7 <sup>th</sup> h.  | ILx 7 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.)  |
| ILx 9 <sup>th</sup> h.  | ILx 9 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.)  |
| ILx 11 <sup>th</sup> h. | ILx 11 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.) |
| ILx 13 <sup>th</sup> h. | ILx 13 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.) |
| ILx 15 <sup>th</sup> h. | ILx 15 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.) |
| ILx 17 <sup>th</sup> h. | ILx 17 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.) |
| ILx 19 <sup>th</sup> h. | ILx 19 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic value (in p.u.) |
| ILx TRMS                | ILx TRMS value (in p.u.)                      |
| ILx Ang                 | ILx Angle (degrees)                           |

Table. 5.7 - 167. Phase and residual current measurements (IL1, IL2, IL3, Io1 and Io2)

| Name       | Description                                             |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| I0Z Mag    | Zero sequence current value (in p.u.)                   |
| IOCALC Mag | Calculated I0 value (in p.u.)                           |
| I1 Mag     | Positive sequence current value (in p.u.)               |
| I2 Mag     | Negative sequence current value (in p.u.)               |
| I0CALC Ang | Angle of calculated residual current (degrees)          |
| I1 Ang     | Angle of positive sequence current (degrees)            |
| l2 Ang     | Angle of negative sequence current (degrees)            |
| I01ResP    | I01 primary current of a current-resistive component    |
| I01CapP    | I01 primary current of a current-capacitive component   |
| I01ResS    | I01 secondary current of a current-resistive component  |
| I01CapS    | 101 secondary current of a current-capacitive component |
| I02ResP    | 102 primary current of a current-resistive component    |
| I02CapP    | I02 primary current of a current-capacitive component   |
| I02ResS    | 102 secondary current of a current-resistive component  |
| I02CapS    | I02 secondary current of a current-capacitive component |

#### Table. 5.7 - 168. Other current measurements

Table. 5.7 - 169. Voltage measurements

| Name             | Description                                 |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| UL12Mag          | UL12 Primary voltage V                      |
| UL23Mag          | UL23 Primary voltage V                      |
| UL31Mag          | UL31 Primary voltage V                      |
| UL1Mag           | UL1 Primary voltage V                       |
| UL2Mag           | UL2 Primary voltage V                       |
| UL3Mag           | UL3 Primary voltage V                       |
| UL12Ang          | UL12 angle (degrees)                        |
| UL23Ang          | UL23 angle (degrees)                        |
| UL31Ang          | UL31 angle (degrees)                        |
| UL1Ang           | UL1 angle (degrees)                         |
| UL2Ang           | UL2 angle (degrees)                         |
| UL3Ang           | UL3 angle (degrees)                         |
| U0Ang            | UL0 angle (degrees)                         |
| U0CalcMag        | Calculated residual voltage                 |
| U1 pos.seq.V Mag | Positive sequence voltage                   |
| U2 neg.seq.V Mag | Negative sequence voltage                   |
| U0CalcAng        | Calculated residual voltage angle (degrees) |
| U1 pos.seq.V Ang | Positive sequence voltage angle (degrees)   |
| U2 neg.seq.V Ang | Negative sequence voltage angle (degrees)   |

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#### Table. 5.7 - 170. Power measurements

| Name     | Description                                 |
|----------|---------------------------------------------|
| S3PH     | Three-phase apparent power S (kVA)          |
| РЗРН     | Three-phase active power P (kW)             |
| Q3PH     | Three-phase reactive power Q (kvar)         |
| tanfi3PH | Three-phase active power direction          |
| cosfi3PH | Three-phase reactive power direction        |
| SLx      | Phase apparent power L1 / L2 / L3 S (kVA)   |
| PLx      | Phase active power L1 / L2 / L3 P (kW)      |
| QLx      | Phase reactive power L1 / L2 / L3 Q (kVar)  |
| tanfiLx  | Phase active power direction L1 / L2 / L3   |
| cosfiLx  | Phase reactive power direction L1 / L2 / L3 |

Table. 5.7 - 171. Phase-to-phase and phase-to-neutral impedances, resistances and reactances

| Name     | Description                                          |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------|
| RLxPri   | Resistance R L12, L23, L31, L1, L2, L3 primary (Ω)   |
| XLxPri   | Reactance X L12, L23, L31, L1, L2, L3 primary (Ω)    |
| ZLxPri   | Impedance Z L12, L23, L31, L1, L2, L3 primary (Ω)    |
| RLxSec   | Resistance R L12, L23, L31, L1, L2, L3 secondary (Ω) |
| XLxSec   | Reactance X L12, L23, L31, L1, L2, L3 secondary (Ω)  |
| ZLxSec   | Impedance Z L12, L23, L31, L1, L2, L3 secondary (Ω)  |
| ZLxAngle | Impedance Z L12, L23, L31, L1, L2, L3 angle          |

Table. 5.7 - 172. Other impedances, resistances and reactances

| Name      | Description                                  |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------|
| RSeqPri   | Positive Resistance R primary ( $\Omega$ )   |
| XSeqPri   | Positive Reactance X primary ( $\Omega$ )    |
| RSeqSec   | Positive Resistance R secondary ( $\Omega$ ) |
| XSeqSec   | Positive Reactance X secondary ( $\Omega$ )  |
| ZSeqPri   | Positive Impedance Z primary ( $\Omega$ )    |
| ZSeqSec   | Positive Impedance Z secondary ( $\Omega$ )  |
| ZSeqAngle | Positive Impedance Z angle                   |

Table. 5.7 - 173. Conductances, susceptances and admittances (L1, L2, L3)

| Name      | Description                             |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------|
| GLxPri    | Conductance G L1, L2, L3 primary (mS)   |
| BLxPri    | Susceptance B L1, L2, L3 primary (mS)   |
| YLxPriMag | Admittance Y L1, L2, L3 primary (mS)    |
| GLxSec    | Conductance G L1, L2, L3 secondary (mS) |
| BLxSec    | Susceptance B L1, L2, L3 secondary (mS) |

| Name      | Description                             |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------|
| YLxSecMag | Admittance Y L1, L2, L3 secondary (mS)  |
| YLxAngle  | Admittance Y L1, L2, L3 angle (degrees) |

Table. 5.7 - 174. Other conductances, susceptances and admittances

| Name    | Description                   |
|---------|-------------------------------|
| G0Pri   | Conductance G0 primary (mS)   |
| B0Pri   | Susceptance B0 primary (mS)   |
| G0Sec   | Conductance G0 secondary (mS) |
| B0Sec   | Susceptance B0 secondary (mS) |
| Y0Pri   | Admittance Y0 primary (mS)    |
| Y0Sec   | Admittance Y0 secondary (mS)  |
| Y0Angle | Admittance Y0 angle           |

Table. 5.7 - 175. Other measurements

| Name               | Description                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| System f.          | System frequency                            |
| Ref f1             | Reference frequency 1                       |
| Ref f2             | Reference frequency 2                       |
| M Thermal T        | Motor thermal temperature                   |
| F Thermal T        | Feeder thermal temperature                  |
| T Thermal T        | Transformer thermal temperature             |
| RTD meas 116       | RTD measurement channels 116                |
| Ext RTD meas 18    | External RTD measurement channels 18 (ADAM) |
| mA input 7,8,15,16 | mA input channels 7, 8, 15, 16              |
| ASC 14             | Analog scaled curves 14                     |

## Magnitude multiplier

Programmable stages can be set to follow one, two or three analog measurements with the PSx > < Measurement setting parameter. The user must choose a measurement signal value to be compared to the set value, and possibly also set a scaling for the signal. The image below is an example of scaling: a primary neutral voltage has been scaled to a percentage value for easier handling when setting up the comparator.

The scaling factor was calculated by taking the inverse value of a 20 kV system:

$$k = \frac{1}{20\ 000\ \mathrm{V}/\sqrt{3}} = 0.008\ 66$$

When this multiplier is in use, the full earth fault neutral voltage is 11 547 V primary which is then multiplied with the above-calculated scaling factor, inversing the final result to 100%. This way a pre-processed signal is easier to set, although it is also possible to just use the scaling factor of 1.0 and set the desired pick-up limit as the primary voltage. Similarly, any chosen measurement value can be scaled to the desired form.

#### Read-only parameters

The relay's *Info* page displays useful, real-time information on the state of the protection function. It is accessed either through the relay's HMI display, or through the setting tool software when it is connected to the relay and its Live Edit mode is active.

| Name                                         | Range                                          | Description                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Condition                                    | 0: Normal<br>1: Start<br>2: Trip<br>3: Blocked | Displays status of the function.                                                                                                        |
| Expected operating time                      | -1800.0001800.000s                             | Displays the expected operating time when a fault occurs.                                                                               |
| Time remaining to trip                       | 0.0001800.000s                                 | When the function has detected a fault and counts down time towards a trip, this displays how much time is left before tripping occurs. |
| PSx Scaled magnitude X                       | -5 000 0005 000<br>000                         | Displays measurement value after multiplying it the value set to <i>PSx Magnitude multiplier</i> .                                      |
| PSx >/< MeasMag1/<br>MagSet1 at the moment   | -5 000 0005 000<br>000                         | The ratio between measured magnitude and the pick-up setting.                                                                           |
| PSx >/< MeasMag2/<br>MagSet2 at the moment   | -5 000 0005 000<br>000                         | The ratio between measured magnitude and the pick-up setting.                                                                           |
| PSx >/< MeasMag3/<br>MagSet3 at the moment   | -5 000 0005 000<br>000                         | The ratio between measured magnitude and the pick-up setting.                                                                           |
| PSx >/< CalcMeasMag/<br>MagSet at the moment | -5 000 0005 000<br>000                         | The ratio between calculated magnitude and the pick-up setting.                                                                         |

| Table. 5.7 - 176. Information displayed by the function | on. |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----|
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----|

#### Pick-up

The *Pick-up setting Mag* setting parameter controls the pick-up of the PGx>/< function. This defines the maximum or minimum allowed measured magnitude before action from the function. The function constantly calculates the ratio between the set and the measured magnitudes. The user can set the reset hysteresis in the function (by default 3 %). It is always relative to the *Pick-up setting Mag* value.

Table. 5.7 - 177. Pick-up settings.

| Name                                 | Name Range                                                                                                                                                           |         | Default | Description                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PS# Pick-up term<br>Mag#             | 0: Over ><br>1: Over (abs) ><br>2: Under <<br>3: Under (abs) <<br>4: Delta set (%) +/-<br>><br>5: Delta abs (%) ><br>6: Delta +/- measval<br>7: Delta abs<br>measval |         | 0: Over | Comparator mode for the magnitude. See "Comparator modes" section below for more information. |
| PS# Pick-up setting<br>Mag#/calc >/< | -5 000<br>000.00005 000<br>000.0000                                                                                                                                  | 0.0001  | 0.01    | Pick-up magnitude                                                                             |
| PS# Setting<br>hysteresis Mag#       | 0.000050.0000%                                                                                                                                                       | 0.0001% | 3%      | Setting hysteresis                                                                            |
| Definite operating time delay        | 0.0001800.000s                                                                                                                                                       | 0.005s  | 0.04s   | Delay setting                                                                                 |
| Release time delays                  | 0.0001800.000s                                                                                                                                                       | 0.005s  | 0.06s   | Pick-up release delay                                                                         |

The pick-up activation of the function is not directly equal to the START signal generation of the function. The START signal is allowed if the blocking condition is not active.

## Comparator modes

When setting the comparators, the user must first choose a comparator mode.

Table. 5.7 - 178. Comparator modes

| Mode                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0: Over >              | Greater than. If the measured signal is greater than the set pick-up level, the comparison condition is fulfilled.                                                                                                                                                              |
| 1: Over (abs) >        | Greater than (absolute). If the absolute value of the measured signal is greater than the set pick-up level, the comparison condition is fulfilled.                                                                                                                             |
| 2: Under <             | Less than. If the measured signal is less than the set pick-up level, the comparison condition is fulfilled. The user can also set a blocking limit: the comparison is not active when the measured value is less than the set blocking limit.                                  |
| 3: Under (abs) <       | Less than (absolute). If the absolute value of the measured signal is less than the set pick-up level, the comparison condition is fulfilled. The user can also set a blocking limit: the comparison is not active when the measured value is less than the set blocking limit. |
| 4: Delta set (%) +/- > | Relative change over time. If the measured signal changes more than the set relative pick-up value in 20 ms, the comparison condition is fulfilled. The condition is dependent on direction.                                                                                    |
| 5: Delta abs (%) >     | Relative change over time (absolute). If the measured signal changes more than the set relative pick-up value in 20 ms in either direction, the comparison condition is fulfilled. The condition is not dependent on direction.                                                 |
| 6: Delta +/- measval   | Change over time. If the measured signal changes more than the set pick-up value in 20 ms, the comparison condition is fulfilled. The condition is dependent on direction.                                                                                                      |
| 7: Delta abs measval   | Change over time (absolute). If the measured signal changes more than the set pick-up value in 20 ms in either direction, the comparison condition is fulfilled. The condition is not dependent on direction.                                                                   |

The pick-up level is set individually for each comparison. When setting up the pick-up level, the user needs to take into account the modes in use as well as the desired action. The pick-up limit can be set either as positive or as negative. Each pick-up level has a separate hysteresis setting which is 3 % by default.

The user can set the operating and releasing time delays for each stage.

#### Function blocking

The block signal is checked in the beginning of each program cycle. The blocking signal is received from the blocking matrix in the function's dedicated input. If the blocking signal is not activated when the pick-up element activates, a START signal is generated and the function proceeds to the time characteristics calculation.

If the blocking signal is active when the pick-up element activates, a BLOCKED signal is generated and the function does not process the situation further. If the START function has been activated before the blocking signal, it resets and the release time characteristics are processed similarly to when the pick-up signal is reset.

The blocking of the function causes an HMI display event and a time-stamped blocking event with information of the startup values of the selected signal and its fault type to be issued.

The blocking signal can also be tested in the commissioning phase by a software switch signal when the relay's testing mode "Enable stage forcing" is activated (*General*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*).

The variables the user can set are binary signals from the system. The blocking signal needs to reach the device minimum of 5 ms before the set operating delay has passed in order for the blocking to activate in time.

#### Events and registers

The programmable stage function (abbreviated "PGS" in event block names) generates events and registers from the status changes in START, TRIP, and BLOCKED. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both.

The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values.

| Event block name | Event names       |
|------------------|-------------------|
| PGS1             | PS1 >/< Start ON  |
| PGS1             | PS1 >/< Start OFF |
| PGS1             | PS1 >/< Trip ON   |
| PGS1             | PS1 >/< Trip OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS1 >/< Block ON  |
| PGS1             | PS1 >/< Block OFF |
| PGS1             | PS2 >/< Start ON  |
| PGS1             | PS2 >/< Start OFF |
| PGS1             | PS2 >/< Trip ON   |
| PGS1             | PS2 >/< Trip OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS2 >/< Block ON  |
| PGS1             | PS2 >/< Block OFF |
| PGS1             | PS3 >/< Start ON  |
| PGS1             | PS3 >/< Start OFF |
| PGS1             | PS3 >/< Trip ON   |
| PGS1             | PS3 >/< Trip OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS3 >/< Block ON  |
| PGS1             | PS3 >/< Block OFF |
| PGS1             | PS4 >/< Start ON  |
| PGS1             | PS4 >/< Start OFF |
| PGS1             | PS4 >/< Trip ON   |
| PGS1             | PS4 >/< Trip OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS4 >/< Block ON  |
| PGS1             | PS4 >/< Block OFF |
| PGS1             | PS5 >/< Start ON  |
| PGS1             | PS5 >/< Start OFF |
| PGS1             | PS5 >/< Trip ON   |
| PGS1             | PS5 >/< Trip OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS5 >/< Block ON  |

Table. 5.7 - 179. Event messages.

#### AQ-F210

Version: 2.08

| Event block name | Event names        |
|------------------|--------------------|
| PGS1             | PS5 >/< Block OFF  |
| PGS1             | reserved           |
| PGS1             | reserved           |
| PGS1             | PS6 >/< Start ON   |
| PGS1             | PS6 >/< Start OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS6 >/< Trip ON    |
| PGS1             | PS6 >/< Trip OFF   |
| PGS1             | PS6 >/< Block ON   |
| PGS1             | PS6 >/< Block OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS7 >/< Start ON   |
| PGS1             | PS7 >/< Start OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS7 >/< Trip ON    |
| PGS1             | PS7 >/< Trip OFF   |
| PGS1             | PS7 >/< Block ON   |
| PGS1             | PS7 >/< Block OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS8 >/< Start ON   |
| PGS1             | PS8 >/< Start OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS8 >/< Trip ON    |
| PGS1             | PS8 >/< Trip OFF   |
| PGS1             | PS8 >/< Block ON   |
| PGS1             | PS8 >/< Block OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS9 >/< Start ON   |
| PGS1             | PS9 >/< Start OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS9 >/< Trip ON    |
| PGS1             | PS9 >/< Trip OFF   |
| PGS1             | PS9 >/< Block ON   |
| PGS1             | PS9 >/< Block OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS10 >/< Start ON  |
| PGS1             | PS10 >/< Start OFF |
| PGS1             | PS10 >/< Trip ON   |
| PGS1             | PS10 >/< Trip OFF  |
| PGS1             | PS10 >/< Block ON  |
| PGS1             | PS10 >/< Block OFF |

The function registers its operation into the last twelve (12) time-stamped registers. The register of the function records the ON event process data for START, TRIP or BLOCKED. The table below presents the structure of the function's register content.

#### AQ-F210

Version: 2.08

#### Table. 5.7 - 180. Register content.

| Date and time              | Event         | >/< Mag#                             | Mag#/Set#                                                    | Trip time<br>remaining | Used SG                    |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| dd.mm.yyyy<br>hh:mm:ss.mss | Event<br>name | The numerical value of the magnitude | Ratio between the measured magnitude and the pick-up setting | 0 ms1800s              | Setting group<br>18 active |

# 6 Communication

# 6.1 Connections menu

"Connections" menu is found under "Communication" menu. It contains all basic settings of ethernet port and RS-485 serial port included with every AQ-200 device as well as settings of communication option cards.

#### Table. 6.1 - 181. Settings of back panel ethernet port.

| Name            | Range                                  | Description                                                                  |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IP address      | 0.0.0.0255.255.255.255                 | Set IP address of the ethernet port in the back of the AQ-200 series device. |
| Netmask         | 0.0.0.0255.255.255.255                 | Set netmask of the ethernet port in the back of the AQ-200 series device.    |
| Gateway         | 0.0.0.0255.255.255.255                 | Set gateway of the ethernet port in the back of the AQ-200 series device.    |
| MAC-<br>Address | 00-00-00-00-00-00FF-FF-FF-FF-<br>FF-FF | Indication of MAC address of the AQ-200 series device.                       |

Virtual Ethernet enables the device to be connected to multiple different networks simultaneously via one physical Ethernet connection. Virtual Ethernet has its own separate IP address and network configurations. All Ethernet-based protocol servers listen for client connections on the IP addresses of both the physical Ethernet and the Virtual Ethernet.

Table. 6.1 - 182. Virtual Ethernet settings.

| Name                              | Description                             |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Enable virtual adapter (No / Yes) | Enable virtual adapter. Off by default. |
| IP address                        | Set IP address of the virtual adapter.  |
| Netmask                           | Set netmask of the virtual adapter.     |
| Gateway                           | Set gateway of the virtual adapter.     |

AQ-200 series devices are always equipped with an RS-485 serial port. In the software it is identified as "Serial COM1" port.

Table. 6.1 - 183. Serial COM1 settings.

| Name     | Range                                    | Description                     |
|----------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Bitrate  | 0: 9600bps<br>1: 19200bps<br>2: 38400bps | Bitrate used by RS-485 port.    |
| Databits | 78                                       | Databits used by RS-485 port.   |
| Parity   | 0: None<br>1: Even<br>2: Odd             | Paritybits used by RS-485 port. |
| Stopbits | 12                                       | Stopbits used by RS-485 port.   |

| Name     | Range                                                                                 | Description                                 |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Protocol | 0: None<br>1: ModbutRTU<br>2: ModbusIO<br>3: IEC103<br>4: SPA<br>5: DNP3<br>6: IEC101 | Communication protocol used by RS-485 port. |

AQ-200 series supports communication option card type that has serial fiber ports (Serial COM2) an RS-232 port (Serial COM3).

Table. 6.1 - 184. Serial COM2 settings.

| Name       | Range                                                                                 | Description                                           |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Bitrate    | 0: 9600bps<br>1: 19200bps<br>2: 38400bps                                              | Bitrate used by serial fiber channels.                |
| Databits   | 78                                                                                    | Databits used by serial fiber channels.               |
| Parity     | 0: None<br>1: Even<br>2: Odd                                                          | Paritybits used by serial fiber channels.             |
| Stopbits   | 12                                                                                    | Stopbits used by serial fiber channels.               |
| Protocol   | 0: None<br>1: ModbutRTU<br>2: ModbusIO<br>3: IEC103<br>4: SPA<br>5: DNP3<br>6: IEC101 | Communication protocol used by serial fiber channels. |
| Echo       | 0: Off<br>1: On                                                                       | Enable or disable echo.                               |
| Idle Light | 0: Off<br>1: On                                                                       | Idle light behaviour.                                 |

Table. 6.1 - 185. Serial COM3 settings.

| Name     | Range                                                                                 | Description                                 |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Bitrate  | 0: 9600bps<br>1: 19200bps<br>2: 38400bps                                              | Bitrate used by RS-232 port.                |
| Databits | 78                                                                                    | Databits used by RS-232 port.               |
| Parity   | 0: None<br>1: Even<br>2: Odd                                                          | Paritybits used by RS-232 port.             |
| Stopbits | 12                                                                                    | Stopbits used by RS-232 port.               |
| Protocol | 0: None<br>1: ModbutRTU<br>2: ModbusIO<br>3: IEC103<br>4: SPA<br>5: DNP3<br>6: IEC101 | Communication protocol used by RS-232 port. |

# 6.2 Time synchronization

Time synchronization source can be selected with "Time synchronization" parameter in the "General" menu.

Table. 6.2 - 186. General time synchronization source settings.

| Name                        | Range              | Description                               |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------|--|
|                             | 0: Internal        |                                           |  |
|                             | 1: External NTP    |                                           |  |
| Time synchronization source | 2: External serial | Selection of time synchronization source. |  |
|                             | 3: IRIG-B          |                                           |  |
|                             | 4: PTP             |                                           |  |

#### 6.2.1 Internal

If no external time synchronization source is available the mode should be set to "internal". This means that the AQ-200 device clock runs completely on its own. Time can be set to the device with AQtivate setting tool with *Commands*  $\rightarrow$  *Sync Time* command or in the clock view from the HMI. When using *Sync time* command AQtivate sets the time to device the connected computer is currently using. Please note that the clock doesn't run when the device is powered off.

#### 6.2.2 NTP

When enabled, the NTP (Network Time Protocol) service can use external time sources to synchronize the device's system time. The NTP client service uses an Ethernet connection to connect to the NTP time server. NTP can be enabled by setting the primary time server and the secondary time server parameters to the address of the system's NTP time source(s).

Table. 6.2.2 - 187. Server settings.

| Name                           | Range                  | Description                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Primary time<br>server address | 0.0.0.0255.255.255.255 | Defines the address of the primary NTP server. Setting this parameter at "0.0.0.0" means that the server is not in use.               |
| Secondary time server address  | 0.0.0.0255.255.255.255 | Defines the address of the secondary (or backup) NTP server. Setting this parameter at "0.0.0.0" means that the server is not in use. |

Table. 6.2.2 - 188. Client settings.

| Name              | Range                                                   | Description                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IP address        | 0.0.0.0255.255.255.255                                  | Defines the address of the NTP client.<br>NOTE: This address must be different than the general IP address of<br>the device. |
| Netmask           | 0.0.0.0255.255.255.255                                  | Defines the client's netmask.                                                                                                |
| Gateway           | 0.0.0.0255.255.255.255                                  | Defines the client's gateway.                                                                                                |
| MAC<br>address    | 00-00-00-00-00-00FF-FF-FF-FF-<br>FF-FF                  | Displays the MAC address of the client.                                                                                      |
| Network<br>status | 0: Running<br>1: IP error<br>2: NM error<br>3: GW error | Displays the status or possible errors of the NTP (client) settings.                                                         |

```
Table. 6.2.2 - 189. Status.
```

| Name                        | Range                         | Description                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NTP quality for events      | 0: No sync<br>1: Synchronized | Displays the status of the NTP time synchronization at the moment.<br>NOTE: This indication is not valid if another time synchronization method is<br>used (external serial). |
| NTP-processed message count | 04294967295                   | Displays the number of messages processed by the NTP protocol.                                                                                                                |

## NOTE!

A unique IP address must be reserved for the NTP client. The relay's IP address cannot be used.

Additionally, the time zone of the relay can be set by connecting to the relay and the selecting the time zone at *Commands*  $\rightarrow$  *Set time zone* in AQtivate setting tool.

# 6.3 Communication protocols

#### 6.3.1 IEC 61850

The user can enable the IEC 61850 protocol in device models that support this protocol at *Communication*  $\rightarrow$  *Protocols*  $\rightarrow$  *IEC61850*. AQ-21x frame units support Edition 1 of IEC 61850. AQ-25x frame units support both Edition 1 and 2 of IEC 61850. The following services are supported by IEC 61850 in Arcteq devices:

- Up to six data sets (predefined data sets can be edited with the IEC 61850 tool in AQtivate)
- Report Control Blocks (both buffered and unbuffered reporting)
- Control ('Direct operate with normal security', 'Select before operate with normal security, 'Direct with enhanced security' and 'Select before operate with enhanced sequrity' control sequences)
- Disturbance recording file transfer
- GOOSE
- Time synchronization

The device's current IEC 61850 setup can be viewed and edited with the IEC61850 tool (*Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Communication*  $\rightarrow$  *IEC* 61850).

#### Settings.

The general setting parameters for the IEC 61850 protocol are visible both in AQtivate and in the local HMI. The settings are described in the table below.

| Table. 6.3.1 - 1 | 190. General | settings. |
|------------------|--------------|-----------|
|------------------|--------------|-----------|

| Name                  | Range                     | Step | Default        | Description                                                |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enable IEC 61850      | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled | -    | 0:<br>Disabled | Enables and disables the IEC 61850 communication protocol. |
| Reconfigure IEC 61850 | 0: -<br>1: Reconfigure    | -    | 0: -           | Reconfigures IEC 61850 settings.                           |
| ID port               | 0 65 525                  | 1    | 102            | Defines the IP port used by the IEC 61850 protocol.        |
| IP port               | 065 535                   | 1    |                | The standard (and default) port is 102.                    |

| Name                                                   | Range                                               | Step        | Default                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IEC61850 edition                                       | 0: Ed1<br>0: Ed2                                    | -           | -                       | Displays the IEC61850 edition used by the device. Edition can be chosen by loading a new CID file at <i>Tools</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Communication</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>IEC 61850</i> with <i>Open</i> button.                                                                                                                                       |
| Control Authority switch                               | 0: Remote<br>Control<br>1: Station<br>Level Control | -           | 0:<br>Remote<br>Control | The device can be set to allow object control via IEC 61850<br>only from clients that are of category Station level control. This<br>would mean that other Remote control clients would not be<br>allowed to control. In Remote control mode all IEC 61850<br>clients of both remote and station level category are allowed<br>to control objects. |
| Ethernet port                                          | 0: All<br>1: COM A<br>2: Double<br>ethernet card    | -           | 0: All                  | Determines which ports use IEC61850. Visible if double ethernet option card is found in the device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Configure GOOSE<br>Subscriber from CID file<br>allowed | 0: Disabled<br>1: Allowed                           | -           | 0:<br>Disabled          | In edition 2 of IEC 61850 GOOSE subscriber configuration is<br>a part of the CID file. Determines if it is possible to import<br>published GOOSE settings of another device with a CID file<br>and set them to GOOSE input at <i>Tools</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Communication</i> $\rightarrow$<br><i>IEC</i> 61850 $\rightarrow$ GOOSE subscriptions. |
| General deadband                                       | 0.110.0 %                                           | 0.1<br>%    | 2 %                     | Determines the general data reporting deadband settings.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Active energy deadband                                 | 0.11000.0<br>kWh                                    | 0.1<br>kWh  | 2 kWh                   | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Reactive<br>energy deadband                            | 0.11000.0<br>kVar                                   | 0.1<br>kVar | 2 kVar                  | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Active power deadband                                  | 0.11000.0<br>kW                                     | 0.1<br>kW   | 2 kW                    | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Reactive power deadband                                | 0.11000.0<br>kVar                                   | 0.1<br>kVar | 2 kVar                  | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Apparent power deadband                                | 0.11000.0<br>kVA                                    | 0.1<br>kVA  | 2 kVA                   | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Power factor deadband                                  | 0.010.99                                            | 0.01        | 0.05                    | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Frequency deadband                                     | 0.011.00 Hz                                         | 0.01<br>Hz  | 0.1 Hz                  | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Current deadband                                       | 0.0150.00 A                                         | 0.01<br>A   | 5 A                     | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Residual current deadband                              | 0.0150.00 A                                         | 0.01<br>A   | 0.2 A                   | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Voltage deadband                                       | 0.015000.00<br>V                                    | 0.01<br>V   | 200 V                   | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Residual<br>voltage deadband                           | 0.015000.00<br>V                                    | 0.01<br>V   | 200 V                   | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Angle<br>measurement deadband                          | 0.15.0 deg                                          | 0.1<br>deg  | 1 deg                   | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Integration time                                       | 010 000 ms                                          | 1 ms        | 0 ms                    | Determines the integration time of the protocol. If this parameter is set to "0 ms", no integration time is in use.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| GOOSE Ethernet port                                    | 0: All<br>1: COM A<br>2: Double<br>ethernet card    | -           | 0: All                  | Determines which ports can use GOOSE<br>communication. Visible if double ethernet option card is found<br>in the device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

For more information on the IEC 61850 communication protocol support, please refer to the conformance statement documents (<u>www.arcteq.fi/downloads/</u>  $\rightarrow$  AQ-200 series  $\rightarrow$  Resources).

#### 6.3.2 Modbus/TCP and Modbus/RTU

The device supports both Modbus/TCP and Modbus/RTU communication. Modbus/TCP uses the Ethernet connection to communicate with Modbus/TCP clients. Modbus/RTU is a serial protocol that can be selected for the available serial ports.

The following Modbus function types are supported:

- Read multiple holding registers (function code 3)
- Write single holding register (function code 6)
- Write multiple holding registers (function code 16)
- Read/Write multiple registers (function code 23)

The following data can be accessed using both Modbus/TCP and Modbus/RTU:

- Device measurements
- Device I/O
- Commands
- Events
- Time

Once the configuration file has been loaded, the user can access the Modbus map of the relay via the AQtivate software (*Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Communication*  $\rightarrow$  *Modbus Map*). Please note that holding registers start from 1. Some masters might begin numbering holding register from 0 instead of 1; this will cause an offset of 1 between the relay and the master. Modbus map can be edited with Modbus Configurator (*Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Communication*  $\rightarrow$  *Modbus Configurator*).

| Parameter             | Range                                           | Description                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enable Modbus/<br>TCP | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                       | Enables and disables the Modbus/TCP on the Ethernet port.                                         |
| IP port               | 065 535                                         | Defines the IP port used by Modbus/TCP. The standard port (and the default setting) is 502.       |
| Event road mode       | 0: Get oldest available<br>1: Continue previous | 0: Get oldest event possible (Default)<br>1: Continue with the event idx from previous connection |
| Event read mode       | connection<br>2: New events only                | 2: Get only new events from connection time and forward.                                          |

Table. 6.3.2 - 191. Modbus/TCP settings.

Table. 6.3.2 - 192. Modbus/RTU settings.

| Parameter     | Range | Description                                        |
|---------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Slave address | 1247  | Defines the Modbus/RTU slave address for the unit. |

## Reading events

Modbus protocol does not support time-stamped events by standard definition. This means that every vendor must come up with their own definition how to transfer events from the device to the client. In AQ-200 series devices events can be read from HR17...HR22 holding registers. HR17 contains the event-code, HR18...20 contains the time-stamp in UTC, HR21 contains a sequential index and HR22 is reserved for future expansion. See the Modbus Map for more information. The event-codes and their meaning can be found from Event list (*Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Events ang* Logs  $\rightarrow$  *Event list* in setting tool). The event-code in HR17 is 0 if no new events can be found in the device event-buffer. Every time HR17 is read from client the event in event-buffer is consumed and on following read operation the next un-read event information can be found from event registers. HR11...HR16 registers contains a back-up of last read event. This is because some users want to double-check that no events were lost

## 6.3.3 GOOSE

Arcteq relays support both GOOSE publisher and GOOSE subscriber. GOOSE subscriber is enabled with the "GOOSE subscriber enable" parameter at *Communication*  $\rightarrow$  *Protocols*  $\rightarrow$  *IEC* 61850/GOOSE. The GOOSE inputs are configured using either the local HMI or the AQtivate software.

There are up to 64 GOOSE inputs available for use. Each of the GOOSE inputs also has a corresponding input quality signal which can also be used in internal logic. The quality is good, when the input quality is low (that is, when the quality is marked as "0"). The value of the input quality can increase as a result of a GOOSE time-out or a configuration error, for example. The status and quality of the various logical input signals can be viewed at the *GOOSE IN status* and *GOOSE IN quality* tabs at *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Device I/O*  $\rightarrow$  *Logical signals*.

## General GOOSE setting

The table below presents general settings for GOOSE publisher.

Table. 6.3.3 - 193. General GOOSE publisher settings.

| Name                                 | Range                    | Description                                                                  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| GOOSE control block 1 simulation bit | 0: Disabled<br>(Default) | The publisher will publish frames with simulation bit active if enabled. For |  |
| GOOSE control block 2 simulation bit | 1: Enabled               | GOOSE simulation testing purposes.                                           |  |

The table below presents general settings for GOOSE subscriber

Table. 6.3.3 - 194. General GOOSE subscriber settings.

| Name                                   | Range                                           | Description                                                                                                      |  |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| GOOSE subscriber enable                | 0: Disabled<br>(Default)<br>1: Enabled          | Enables or disables GOOSE subscribing for the device.                                                            |  |
| Not used GOOSE input<br>Quality        | 1: Bad<br>quality (1)<br>2: Good<br>quality (0) | Defines what state should GOOSE input quality signal to be in the logic if the input has been set as "disabled". |  |
| Subscriber checks<br>GoCBRef           | 0: No<br>(Default)                              | When subscriber sees GOOSE frame it checks APPID and Conf. Rev but can also check if GoCBRef or SqNum match.     |  |
| Subscriber checks SqNum                | 1: Yes                                          |                                                                                                                  |  |
| Subscriber process simulation messages | 0: No<br>(Default)<br>1: Yes                    | Subscriber can be set to process frames which are published with simulation bit high if enabled                  |  |

## GOOSE input settings

The table below presents the different settings available for all 64 GOOSE inputs.

Table. 6.3.3 - 195. GOOSE input settings.

| Name   | Range                        | Description                                       |
|--------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| In use | 0: No<br>(Default)<br>1: Yes | Enables and disables the GOOSE input in question. |

| Name                                     | Range                                                                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Application<br>ID<br>("AppID")           | 0×00×3FFF                                                                    | Defines the application ID that will be matched with the publisher's GOOSE control block.                                                                                                                    |
| Configuration<br>revision<br>("ConfRev") | 12 <sup>32</sup> -1                                                          | Defines the configuration revision that will be matched with the publisher's GOOSE control block.                                                                                                            |
| Data index<br>("Dataldx")                | 099                                                                          | Defines the data index of the value in the matched published frame. It is the status of the GOOSE input.                                                                                                     |
| Nextldx is quality                       | 0: No<br>(Default)<br>1: Yes                                                 | Selects whether or not the next received input is the quality bit of the GOOSE input.                                                                                                                        |
| Data type                                | 0: Boolean<br>(Default)<br>1: Integer<br>2: Unsigned<br>3: Floating<br>point | Selects the data type of the GOOSE input.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Control block<br>reference               | -                                                                            | GOOSE subscriber can be set to check the GCB reference of the published GOOSE frame.<br>This setting is automatically filled when Ed2 GOOSE configuration is done by importing cid file<br>of the publisher. |

#### **GOOSE** input descriptions

GOOSE inputs can be given a description. The user defined description are displayed in most of the menus (logic editor, matrix, block settings etc.).

Table. 6.3.3 - 196. GOOSE input user description.

| Name                           | Range             | Default       | Description                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| User editable description GI x | 131<br>characters | GOOSE<br>IN x | Description of the GOOSE input. This description is used in several menu types for easier identification. |

#### **GOOSE** events

GOOSE signals generate events status changes. The user can select which event messages are stored in the main event buffer: ON, OFF, or both. The events triggered by the function are recorded with a time stamp and with process data values. The time stamp resolution is 1 ms.

Table. 6.3.3 - 197. GOOSE event

| Event block name | Event name                    |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| GOOSE1GOOSE2     | GOOSE IN 164 ON/OFF           |
| GOOSE3GOOSE4     | GOOSE IN 164 quality Bad/Good |

#### Setting the publisher

The configuration of the GOOSE publisher is done using the IEC 61850 tool in AQtivate (*Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Communication*  $\rightarrow$  *IEC 61850*). Refer to *AQtivate-200 Instruction manual* for more information on how to set up GOOSE publisher.

## 6.3.4 IEC 103

IEC 103 is the shortened form of the international standard IEC 60870-5-103. The AQ-200 series units are able to run as a secondary (slave) station. The IEC 103 protocol can be selected for the serial ports that are available in the device. A primary (master) station can then communicate with the AQ-200 device and receive information by polling from the slave device. The transfer of disturbance recordings is not supported.

**NOTE**: Once the configuration file has been loaded, the IEC 103 map of the relay can be found in the AQtivate software (*Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *IEC* 103 map).

The following table presents the setting parameters for the IEC 103 protocol.

| Name                 | Range      | Step | Default | Description                                       |
|----------------------|------------|------|---------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Slave address        | 1254       | 1    | 1       | Defines the IEC 103 slave address for the unit.   |
| Measurement interval | 060 000 ms | 1 ms | 2000 ms | Defines the interval for the measurements update. |

# 6.3.5 IEC 101/104

The standards IEC 60870-5-101 and IEC 60870-5-104 are closely related. Both are derived from the IEC 60870-5 standard. On the physical layer the IEC 101 protocol uses serial communication whereas the IEC 104 protocol uses Ethernet communication. The IEC 101/104 implementation works as a slave in the unbalanced mode.

For detailed information please refer to the IEC 101/104 interoperability document (<u>www.arcteq.fi/downloads/</u>  $\rightarrow$  AQ-200 series  $\rightarrow$  Resources  $\rightarrow$  "AQ-200 IEC101 & IEC104 interoperability").

## IEC 101 settings

| Name                               | Range   | Step | Default | Description                                                                                                    |
|------------------------------------|---------|------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Common address<br>of ASDU          | 065 534 | 1    | 1       | Defines the common address of the application service data unit (ASDU) for the IEC 101 communication protocol. |
| Common address<br>of ASDU size     | 12      | 1    | 2       | Defines the size of the common address of ASDU.                                                                |
| Link layer address                 | 065 534 | 1    | 1       | Defines the address for the link layer.                                                                        |
| Link layer address<br>size         | 12      | 1    | 2       | Defines the address size of the link layer.                                                                    |
| Information object<br>address size | 23      | 1    | 3       | Defines the address size of the information object.                                                            |
| Cause of transmission size         | 12      | 1    | 2       | Defines the cause of transmission size.                                                                        |

Table. 6.3.5 - 198. IEC 101 settings.

## IEC 104 settings

Table. 6.3.5 - 199. IEC 104 settings.

| Name           | Range                           | Step | Default        | Description                                              |
|----------------|---------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| IEC 104 enable | 0:<br>Disabled<br>1:<br>Enabled | -    | 0:<br>Disabled | Enables and disables the IEC 104 communication protocol. |

| Name                      | Range      | Step | Default | Description                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------|------------|------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IP port                   | 065<br>535 | 1    | 2404    | Defines the IP port used by the protocol.                                                                      |
| Common<br>address of ASDU | 065<br>534 | 1    | 1       | Defines the common address of the application service data unit (ASDU) for the IEC 104 communication protocol. |

# Measurement scaling coefficients

The measurement scaling coefficients are available for the following measurements, in addition to the general measurement scaling coefficient:

Table. 6.3.5 - 200. Measurements with scaling coefficient settings.

| Name             | Range                          |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Active energy    |                                |
| Reactive energy  |                                |
| Active power     | 0: No scaling                  |
| Reactive power   | 1: 1/10<br>2: 1/100            |
| Apparent power   | 3: 1/1000<br>4: 1/10 000       |
| Power factor     | 5: 1/100 000<br>6: 1/1 000 000 |
| Frequency        | 7: 10                          |
| Current          | 8: 100<br>9: 1000              |
| Residual current | 10: 10 000<br>11: 100 000      |
| Voltage          | 12: 1 000 000                  |
| Residual voltage |                                |
| Angle            |                                |

#### Deadband settings.

Table. 6.3.5 - 201. Analog change deadband settings.

| Name                        | Range         | Step    | Default | Description                                                           |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| General deadband            | 0.110.0%      | 0.1%    | 2%      | Determines the general data reporting deadband settings.              |
| Active energy deadband      | 0.11000.0kWh  | 0.1kWh  | 2kWh    |                                                                       |
| Reactive<br>energy deadband | 0.11000.0kVar | 0.1kVar | 2kVar   |                                                                       |
| Active power deadband       | 0.11000.0kW   | 0.1kW   | 2kW     |                                                                       |
| Reactive power deadband     | 0.11000.0kVar | 0.1kVar | 2kVar   |                                                                       |
| Apparent power deadband     | 0.11000.0kVA  | 0.1kVA  | 2kVA    | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this measurement. |
| Power factor deadband       | 0.010.99      | 0.01    | 0.05    |                                                                       |
| Frequency deadband          | 0.011.00Hz    | 0.01Hz  | 0.1Hz   |                                                                       |
| Current deadband            | 0.0150.00A    | 0.01A   | 5A      |                                                                       |
| Residual current deadband   | 0.0150.00A    | 0.01A   | 0.2A    |                                                                       |

| Name                          | Range        | Step   | Default | Description                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Voltage deadband              | 0.015000.00V | 0.01V  | 200V    |                                                                                                                     |
| Residual<br>voltage deadband  | 0.015000.00V | 0.01V  | 200V    |                                                                                                                     |
| Angle<br>measurement deadband | 0.15.0deg    | 0.1deg | 1deg    |                                                                                                                     |
| Integration time              | 010 000ms    | 1ms    | -       | Determines the integration time of the protocol. If this parameter is set to "0 ms", no integration time is in use. |

#### 6.3.6 SPA

The device can act as a SPA slave. SPA can be selected as the communication protocol for the RS-485 port (Serial COM1). When the device has a serial option card, the SPA protocol can also be selected as the communication protocol for the serial fiber (Serial COM2) ports or RS-232 (Serial COM3) port. Please refer to the chapter "Construction and installation" in the device manual to see the connections for these modules.

The data transfer rate of SPA is 9600 bps, but it can also be set to 19 200 bps or 38 400 bps. As a slave the device sends data on demand or by sequenced polling. The available data can be measurements, circuit breaker states, function starts, function trips, etc. The full SPA signal map can be found in AQtivate (*Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *SPA map*).

The SPA event addresses can be found at *Tools*  $\rightarrow$  *Events and logs*  $\rightarrow$  *Event list*.

Table. 6.3.6 - 202. SPA setting parameters.

| Name                | Range                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SPA<br>address      | 1899                            | SPA slave address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| UTC<br>time<br>sync | 0:<br>Disabled<br>1:<br>Enabled | Determines if UTC time is used when synchronizing time. When disabled it is assumed time synchronization uses local time. If enabled it is assumed that UTC time is used. When UTC time is used the timezone must be set at <i>Commands</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>Set time zone</i> . |

## NOTE!

To access SPA map and event list, an .aqs configuration file should be downloaded from the relay.

## 6.3.7 DNP3

DNP3 is a protocol standard which is controlled by the DNP Users Group (www.dnp.org). The implementation of a DNP3 slave is compliant with the DNP3 subset (level) 2, but it also contains some functionalities of the higher levels. For detailed information please refer to the DNP3 Device Profile document (www.arcteq.fi/downloads/  $\rightarrow$  AQ-200 series  $\rightarrow$  Resources).

#### Settings

The following table describes the DNP3 setting parameters.

Table. 6.3.7 - 203. Settings.

| Name                                    | Range                           | Step | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Enable<br>DNP3 TCP                      | 0:<br>Disabled<br>1:<br>Enabled | -    | 0:<br>Disabled | Enables and disables the DNP3 TCP communication protocol when the Ethernet port is used for DNP3. If a serial port is used, the DNP3 protocol can be enabled from <i>Communication</i> $\rightarrow$ <i>DNP3</i> . |  |
| IP port                                 | 065<br>535                      | 1    | 20 000         | Defines the IP port used by the protocol.                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Slave<br>address                        | 165<br>519                      | 1    | 1              | Defines the DNP3 slave address of the unit.                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Master<br>address                       | 165<br>534                      | 1    | 2              | Defines the address for the allowed master.                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Link layer<br>time-out                  | 060<br>000ms                    | 1ms  | 0ms            | Defines the length of the time-out for the link layer.                                                                                                                                                             |  |
| Link layer<br>retries                   | 120                             | 1    | 1              | Defines the number of retries for the link layer.                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| Diagnostic -<br>Error counter           | 02 <sup>32</sup> -1             | 1    | -              | Counts the total number of errors in received and sent messages.                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Diagnostic -<br>Transmitted<br>messages | 02 <sup>32</sup> -1             | 1    | -              | Counts the total number of transmitted messages.                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Diagnostic -<br>Received<br>messages    | 02 <sup>32</sup> -1             | 1    | -              | Counts the total number of received messages.                                                                                                                                                                      |  |

## Default variations

Table. 6.3.7 - 204. Default variations.

| Name                             | Range                                                    | Default  | Description                                         |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Group 1 variation (BI)           | 0: Var 1<br>1: Var 2                                     | 0: Var 1 | Selects the variation of the binary signal.         |
| Group 2 variation (BI change)    | 0: Var 1<br>1: Var 2                                     | 1: Var 2 | Selects the variation of the binary signal change.  |
| Group 3 variation (DBI)          | 0: Var 1<br>1: Var 2                                     | 0: Var 1 | Selects the variation of the double point signal.   |
| Group 4 variation (DBI change)   | 0: Var 1<br>1: Var 2                                     | 1: Var 2 | Selects the variation of the double point signal.   |
| Group 20 variation (CNTR)        | 0: Var 1<br>1: Var 2<br>2: Var 5<br>3: Var 6             | 0: Var 1 | Selects the variation of the control signal.        |
| Group 22 variation (CNTR change) | 0: Var 1<br>1: Var 2<br>2: Var 5<br>3: Var 6             | 2: Var 5 | Selects the variation of the control signal change. |
| Group 30 variation (AI)          | 0: Var 1<br>1: Var 2<br>2: Var 3<br>3: Var 4<br>4: Var 5 | 4: Var 5 | Selects the variation of the analog signal.         |

| Name                           | Range                                                                | Default  | Description                                        |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Group 32 variation (Al change) | 0: Var 1<br>1: Var 2<br>2: Var 3<br>3: Var 4<br>4: Var 5<br>5: Var 7 | 4: Var 5 | Selects the variation of the analog signal change. |

# Setting the analog change deadbands

Table. 6.3.7 - 205. Analog change deadband settings.

| Name                          | Range                       | Step    | Default | Description                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| General deadband              | 0.110.0%                    | 0.1%    | 2%      | Determines the general data reporting deadband settings.                                                            |
| Active energy deadband        | 0.11000.0kWh                | 0.1kWh  | 2kWh    |                                                                                                                     |
| Reactive<br>energy deadband   | 0.11000.0kVar               | 0.1kVar | 2kVar   |                                                                                                                     |
| Active power deadband         | 0.11000.0kW                 | 0.1kW   | 2kW     |                                                                                                                     |
| Reactive power deadband       | 0.11000.0kVar               | 0.1kVar | 2kVar   |                                                                                                                     |
| Apparent power deadband       | 0.11000.0kVA                | 0.1kVA  | 2kVA    |                                                                                                                     |
| Power factor deadband         | 0.010.99                    | 0.01    | 0.05    | Determines the data reporting deadband settings for this                                                            |
| Frequency deadband            | 0.011.00Hz                  | 0.01Hz  | 0.1Hz   | measurement.                                                                                                        |
| Current deadband              | 0.0150.00A                  | 0.01A   | 5A      |                                                                                                                     |
| Residual<br>current deadband  | 0.0150.00A                  | 0.01A   | 0.2A    |                                                                                                                     |
| Voltage deadband              | 0.015000.00V                | 0.01V   | 200V    |                                                                                                                     |
| Residual<br>voltage deadband  | 0.015000.00V                | 0.01V   | 200V    |                                                                                                                     |
| Angle<br>measurement deadband | 0.15.0deg                   | 0.1deg  | 1deg    |                                                                                                                     |
| Integration time              | ntegration time 010 000ms 1 |         | 0ms     | Determines the integration time of the protocol. If this parameter is set to "0 ms", no integration time is in use. |

# 6.3.8 Modbus I/O

The Modbus I/O protocol can be selected to communicate on the available serial ports. The Modbus I/ O is actually a Modbus/RTU master implementation that is dedicated to communicating with serial Modbus/RTU slaves such as RTD input modules. Up to three (3) Modbus/RTU slaves can be connected to the same bus polled by the Modbus I/O implementation. These are named I/O Module A, I/O Module B and I/O Module C. Each of the modules can be configured using parameters in the following two tables.

| Name                    | Range                         | Description                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I/O module X<br>address | 0247                          | Defines the Modbus unit address for the selected I/O Module (A, B, or C). If this setting is set to "0", the selected module is not in use. |
| Module x<br>type        | 0: ADAM-4018+<br>1: ADAM-4015 | Selects the module type.                                                                                                                    |

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| Name            | Range                              | Description                                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Channels in use | Channel<br>0Channel 7 (or<br>None) | Selects the number of channels to be used by the module. |

Table. 6.3.8 - 207. Channel settings.

| Name                 | Range                                                                                                 | Step | Default     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Thermocouple<br>type | 0: +/- 20mA<br>1: 420mA<br>2: Type J<br>3: Type K<br>4: Type T<br>5: Type E<br>6: Type R<br>7: Type S | -    | 1:<br>420mA | Selects the thermocouple or the mA input connected to the I/O module.<br>Types J, K, T and E are nickel-alloy thermocouples, while Types R and S<br>are platinum/rhodium-alloy thermocouples. |
| Input value          | -101.02<br>000.0                                                                                      | 0.1  | -           | Displays the input value of the selected channel.                                                                                                                                             |
| Input status         | 0: Invalid<br>1: OK                                                                                   | -    | -           | Displays the input status of the selected channel.                                                                                                                                            |

# 6.4 Analog fault registers

At Communication  $\rightarrow$  General I/O  $\rightarrow$  Analog fault registers the user can set up to twelve (12) channels to record the measured value when a protection function starts or trips. These values can be read in two ways: locally from this same menu, or through a communication protocol if one is in use.

The following table presents the setting parameters available for the 12 channels.

| Name                       | Range                                                                                                                                      | Step | Default           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Select<br>record<br>source | Not in use<br> >,  >>,  >>>,  >>>> (IL1, IL2,<br>IL3)<br> d>,  d>>,  d>>>,  d>>>> (IL1, IL2,<br>IL2, IL3)<br> 0>,  0>>,  0>>>,  0>>>> (I0) |      | Not in<br>use     | Selects the protection function and its stage to be used as the source for the fault register recording.<br>The user can choose between non-directional overcurrent, directional overcurrent, non-directional earth fault, directional |  |
|                            | I0d>, I0d>>, I0d>>>, I0d>>><br>(I0)<br>FLX (Fault locator)                                                                                 |      |                   | earth fault, and fault locator functions.                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
| Select                     | TRIP signal                                                                                                                                |      |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| record                     | START signal                                                                                                                               | -    | 0: TRIP<br>signal | Selects what triggers the fault register recording: the selected function's TRIP signal, its START signal, or either one.                                                                                                              |  |
|                            | START and TRIP signals                                                                                                                     |      |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Recorded<br>fault<br>value | - 1000 000.001 000<br>000.00                                                                                                               | 0.01 | -                 | Displays the recorded measurement value at the time of the selected fault register trigger.                                                                                                                                            |  |

Table. 6.4 - 208. Fault register settings.

# 6.5 Real-time measurements to communication

With the *Real-time signals to communication* menu the user can report measurements to SCADA in a faster interval. The real measurement update delay depends on the used communication protocol and equipment used. Up to eight (8) magnitudes can be selected. The recorded value can be either a perunit value or a primary value (set by the user).

#### Measurable values

Function block uses analog current and voltage measurement values. The relay uses these values as the basis when it calculates the primary and secondary values of currents, voltages, powers, impedances and other values.

#### Table. 6.5 - 209. Available measured values.

| Signals                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Currents                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
| IL1 (ff), IL2 (ff), IL3 (ff), I01 (ff), I02 (ff)                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Fundamental frequency (RMS) current measurement values of phase currents and residual currents.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
| IL1 (TRMS), IL2 (TRMS), IL3 (TRMS),<br>I01 (TRMS), I02 (TRMS)                                                                                                                                                                                                   | TRMS current measurement values of phase currents and residual currents.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |  |
| IL1, IL2, IL3, I01, I02 & 2 <sup>nd</sup> h., 3 <sup>rd</sup> h.,<br>4 <sup>th</sup> h., 5 <sup>th</sup> h., 7 <sup>th</sup> h., 9 <sup>th</sup> h., 11 <sup>th</sup> h., 13 <sup>th</sup><br>h., 15 <sup>th</sup> h., 17 <sup>th</sup> h., 19 <sup>th</sup> h. | Magnitudes of the phase current components: 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic, 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic, 4 <sup>th</sup> harmonic, 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic 7 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 9 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 11 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 13 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 15 <sup>th</sup> , harmonic 19 <sup>th</sup> harmonic current. |  |  |
| I1, I2, I0Z                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Positive sequence current, negative sequence current and zero sequence current.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
| I0CalcMag                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Residual current calculated from phase currents.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| IL1Ang, IL2Ang, IL3Ang,<br>I01Ang, I02Ang, I0CalcAng<br>I1Ang, I2Ang                                                                                                                                                                                            | Angles of each measured current.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| Voltages                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
| UL1Mag, UL2Mag, UL3Mag,<br>UL12Mag, UL23Mag, UL31Mag,<br>U0Mag, U0CalcMag                                                                                                                                                                                       | Magnitudes of phase voltages, phase-to-phase voltages and residual voltages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |
| U1 Pos.seq V mag, U2 Neg.seq V mag                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Positive and negative sequence voltages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |  |
| UL1Ang, UL2Ang, UL3Ang,<br>UL12Ang, UL23Ang, UL31Ang,<br>U0Ang, U0CalcAng                                                                                                                                                                                       | Angles of phase voltages, phase-to-phase voltages and residual voltages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |  |
| U1 Pos.seq V Ang, U2 Neg.seq V Ang                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Positive and negative sequence angles.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |  |
| Powers                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
| S3PH<br>P3PH<br>Q3PH                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Three-phase apparent, active and reactive power.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| SL1, SL2, SL3,<br>PL1, PL2, PL3,<br>QL1, QL2, QL3                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Phase apparent, active and reactive powers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |  |
| tanfi3PH<br>tanfiL1<br>tanfiL2<br>tanfiL3                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Tan $(\phi)$ of three-phase powers and phase powers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
| cosfi3PH<br>cosfiL1<br>cosfiL2<br>cosfiL3                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Cos ( $\phi$ ) of three-phase powers and phase powers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |  |

| Signals                                                                                                  | Description                                                                 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Impedances and admittances                                                                               |                                                                             |
| RL12, RL23, RL31<br>XL12, XL23, XL31<br>RL1, RL2, RL3<br>XL1, XL2, XL3<br>Z12, Z23, Z31<br>ZL1, ZL2, ZL3 | Phase-to-phase and phase-to-neutral resistances, reactances and impedances. |
| Z12Ang, Z23Ang, Z31Ang,<br>ZL1Ang, ZL2Ang, ZL3Ang                                                        | Phase-to-phase and phase-to-neutral impedance angles.                       |
| Rseq, Xseq, Zseq<br>RseqAng, XseqAng, ZseqAng                                                            | Positive sequence resistance, reactance and impedance values and angles.    |
| GL1, GL2, GL3, G0<br>BL1, BL2, BL3, B0<br>YL1, YL2, YL3, Y0                                              | Conductances, susceptances and admittances.                                 |
| YL1angle, YL2angle, YL3angle,<br>Y0angle                                                                 | Admittance angles.                                                          |
| Others                                                                                                   |                                                                             |
| System f.                                                                                                | Used tracking frequency at the moment.                                      |
| Ref f1                                                                                                   | Reference frequency 1.                                                      |
| Ref f2                                                                                                   | Reference frequency 2.                                                      |
| M thermal T                                                                                              | Motor thermal temperature.                                                  |
| F thermal T                                                                                              | Feeder thermal temperature.                                                 |
| T thermal T                                                                                              | Transformer thermal temperature.                                            |
| RTD meas 116                                                                                             | RTD measurement channels 116.                                               |
| Ext RTD meas 18                                                                                          | External RTD measurement channels 18 (ADAM module).                         |

# Settings

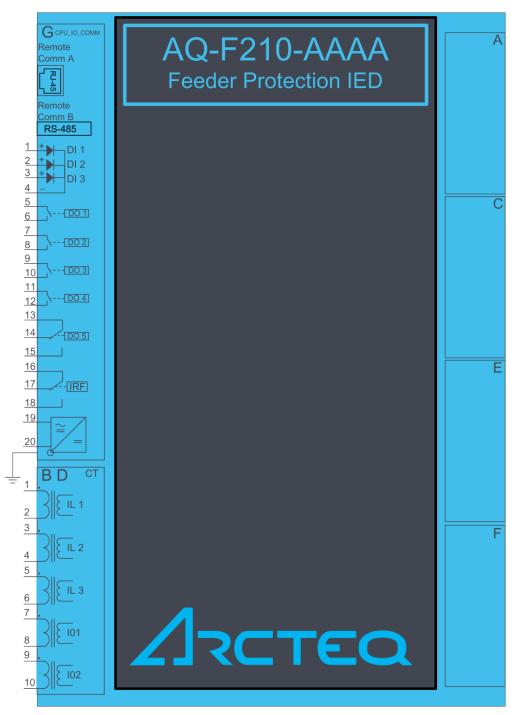
Table. 6.5 - 210. Settings.

| Name                            | Range                                                                                              | Step  | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Measurement value recorder mode | 0: Disabled<br>1: Activated                                                                        | -     | 0:<br>Disabled | Activates and disables the real-time signals to communication.                                                                                                               |
| Scale current values to primary | 0: No<br>1: Yes                                                                                    | -     | 0: No          | Selects whether or not values are scaled to primary.                                                                                                                         |
| Slot X magnitude selection      | 0: Currents<br>1: Voltages<br>2: Powers<br>3: Impedance (ZRX) and<br>admittance (YGB)<br>4: Others | -     | 0:<br>Currents | Selects the measured magnitude catecory of the chosen slot.                                                                                                                  |
| Slot X magnitude                | ot X magnitude Described in table above ("Available measured values")                              |       | -              | Selects the magnituge in the previously selected category.                                                                                                                   |
| Magnitude X                     | -10 000 000.00010 000<br>000.000                                                                   | 0.001 | -              | Displays the measured value of the selected<br>magnitude of the selected slot.<br>The unit depends on the selected magnitude<br>(either amperes, volts, or per-unit values). |

# 7 Connections and application examples

# 7.1 Connections of AQ-F210

Figure. 7.1 - 170. AQ-F210 variant without add-on modules.



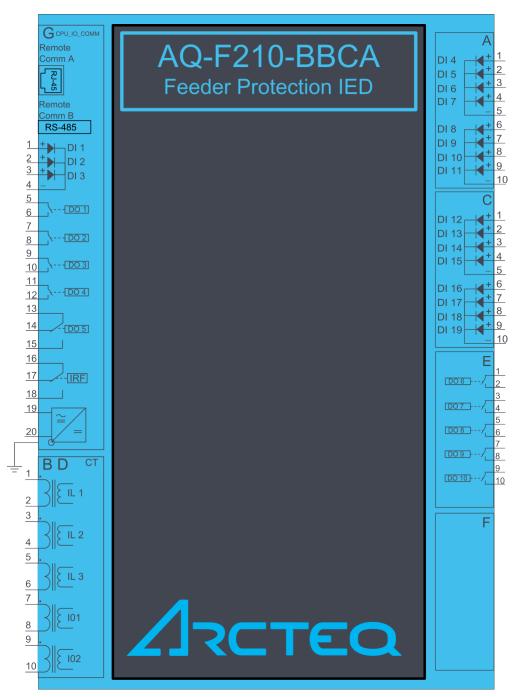
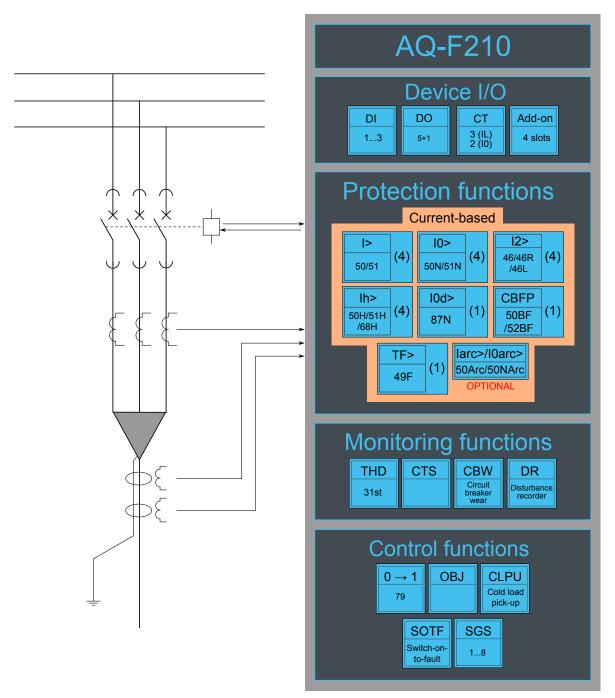


Figure. 7.1 - 171. AQ-F210 variant with digital input and output modules.

Figure. 7.1 - 172. AQ-F210 application example with function block diagram.



# 7.2 Application example and its connections

This chapter presents an application example for the feeder protection IED.

As can be seen in the image below, the example application has connected three phase currents and the residual current (I01). Additionally, the digital inputs are connected to indicate the breaker status, while the digital outputs are used for breaker control.

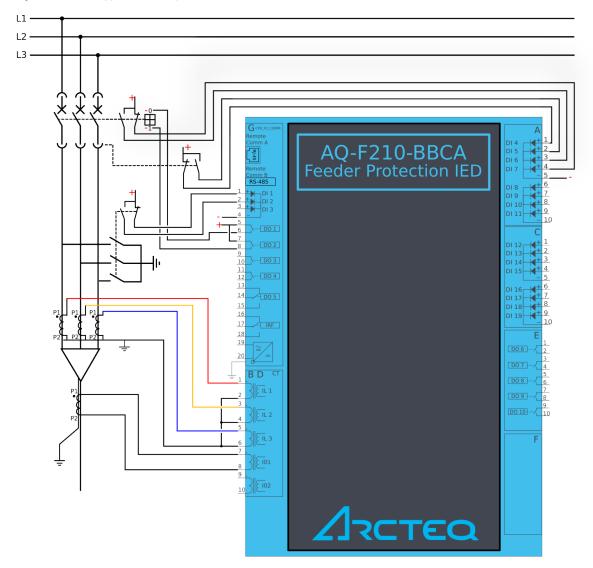
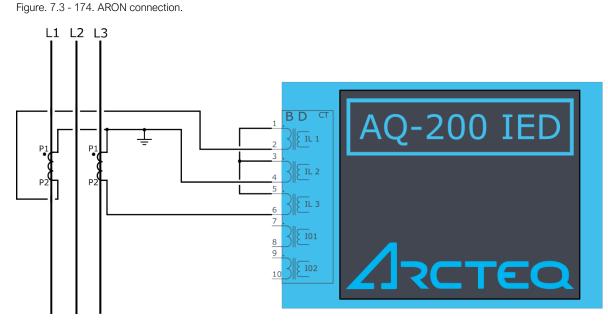


Figure. 7.2 - 173. Application example and its connections.

## 7.3 Two-phase, three-wire ARON input connection

This chapter presents the two-phase, three-wire ARON input connection for any AQ-200 series IED with a current transformer. The example is for applications with protection CTs for just two phases. The connection is suitable for both motor and feeder applications.



The ARON input connection can measure the load symmetrically despite the fact that one of the CTs is missing from the installation. Normally, Phase 2 does not have a current transformer installed as an external fault is much more likely to appear on Lines 1 or 3.

A fault between Line 2 and the earth cannot be detected when the ARON input connection is used. In order to detect an earth fault in Phase 2, a cable core CT must be used.

# 7.4 Trip circuit supervision (95)

Trip circuit supervision is used to monitor the wiring from auxiliary power supply, through the IED's digital output, and all the way to the open coil of the breaker. It is recommended to supervise the health of the trip circuit when breaker is closed.

Trip circuit supervision with one digital input and one non-latched trip output

The figure below presents an application scheme for trip circuit supervision with one digital input and a non-latched trip output. With this connection the current keeps flowing to the open coil of the breaker via the breaker's closing auxiliary contacts (52b) even after the circuit breaker is opened. This requires a resistor which reduces the current: this way the coil is not energized and the relay output does not need to cut off the coil's inductive current.

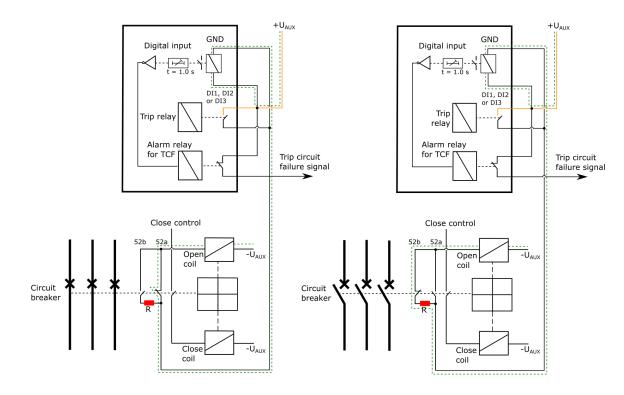


Figure. 7.4 - 175. Trip circuit supervision with one DI and one non-latched trip output.

Note that the digital input that monitors the circuit is normally closed, and the same applies to the alarm relay if one is used. For monitoring and especially trip circuit supervision purposes it is recommended to use a normally closed contact to confirm the wiring's condition. An active digital input generates a less than 2 mA current to the circuit, which is usually small enough not to make the breaker's open coil operate.

When the trip relay is controlled and the circuit breaker is opening, the digital input is shorted by the trip contact as long as the breaker opens. Normally, this takes about 100 ms if the relay is non-latched. A one second activation delay should, therefore, be added to the digital input. An activation delay that is slightly longer than the circuit breaker's operations time should be enough. When circuit breaker failure protection (CBFP) is used, adding its operation time to the digital input activation time is useful. The whole digital input activation time is, therefore,  $t_{DI} = t_{CB} + t_{IEDrelease} + t_{CBFP}$ .

The image below presents the necessary settings when using a digital input for trip circuit supervision. The input's polarity must be NC (normally closed) and a one second delay is needed to avoid nuisance alarm while the circuit breaker is controlled open.

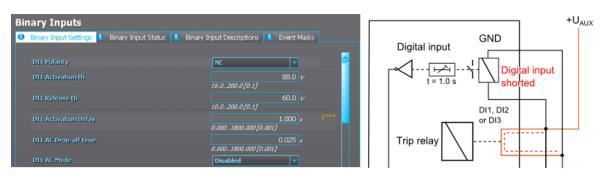


Figure. 7.4 - 176. Settings for a digital input used for trip circuit supervision.

Non-latched outputs are seen as hollow circles in the output matrix, whereas latched contacts are painted. See the image below of an output matrix where a non-latched trip contact is used to open the circuit breaker.

#### Figure. 7.4 - 177. Non-latched trip contact.

| Inputs             | U OUT1 | U OUT2 | U OUT3 | U OUT4 | U OUTS |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| I> START (General) |        |        |        |        |        |
| I> START(A)        |        |        |        |        |        |
| I> START(B)        |        |        |        |        |        |
| I> START(C)        |        |        |        |        |        |
| I> TRIP (General)  | ÷      |        |        |        |        |
| I> TRIP(A)         |        |        |        |        |        |
| I> TRIP(B)         |        |        |        |        |        |
| I> TRIP(C)         |        |        |        |        |        |
| I> BLOCKED         |        |        |        |        |        |

When the auto-reclosing function is used in feeder applications, the trip output contacts must be nonlatched. Trip circuit supervision is generally easier and more reliable to build with non-latched outputs.

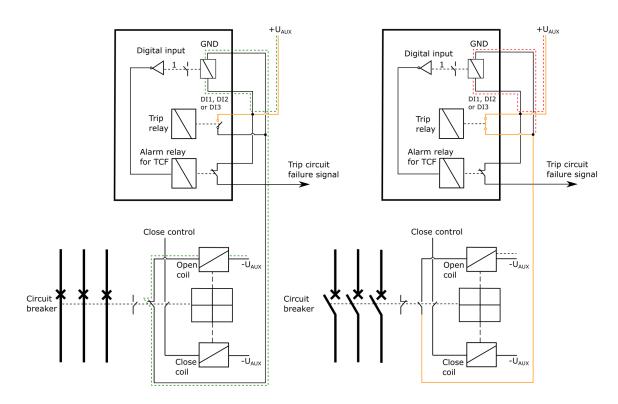
The open coil remains energized only as long as the circuit breaker is opened and the IED output releases. This takes approximately 100 ms depending on the size and type of the breaker. When the breaker opens, the auxiliary contacts open the inductive circuit; however, the trip contact does not open at the same time. The IED's output relay contact opens in under 50 ms or after a set release delay that takes place after the breaker is opened. This means that the open coil is energized for a while after the breaker has already opened. The coil could even be energized a moment longer if the circuit breaker failure protection has to be used and the incomer performs the trip.

Trip circuit supervision with one digital input and one connected, non-latched trip output

There is one main difference between non-latched and latched control in trip circuit supervision: when using the latched control, the trip circuit (in an open state) cannot be monitored as the digital input is shorted by the IED's trip output.



Figure. 7.4 - 178. Trip circuit supervision with one DI and one latched output contact.



The trip circuit with a latched output contact can be monitored, but only when the circuit breaker's status is "Closed". Whenever the breaker is open, the supervision is blocked by an internal logic scheme. Its disadvantage is that the user does not know whether or not the trip circuit is intact when the breaker is closed again.

The following logic scheme (or similar) blocks the supervision alarm when the circuit breaker is open. The alarm is issued whenever the breaker is closed and whenever the inverted digital input signal ("TCS") activates. A normally closed digital input activates only when there is something wrong with the trip circuit and the auxiliary power goes off. Logical output can be used in the output matrix or in SCADA as the user wants.

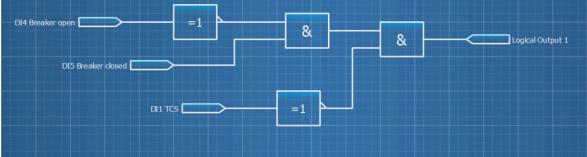
The image below presents a block scheme when a non-latched trip output is not used.

#### AQ-F210

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#### Figure. 7.4 - 179. Example block scheme.





# 8 Construction and installation

# 8.1 Construction

AQ-X210 is a member of the modular and scalable AQ-200 series, and it includes four (4) configurable and modular add-on card slots. As a standard configuration the device includes the CPU module (which consists of the CPU, a number of inputs and outputs, and the power supply) as well as one separate current measurement module.

The images below present the modules of both the non-optioned model (AQ-X210-XXXXXX-AAAA, on the left) and the fully optioned model (AQ-X210-XXXXXX-BBBC, on the right).

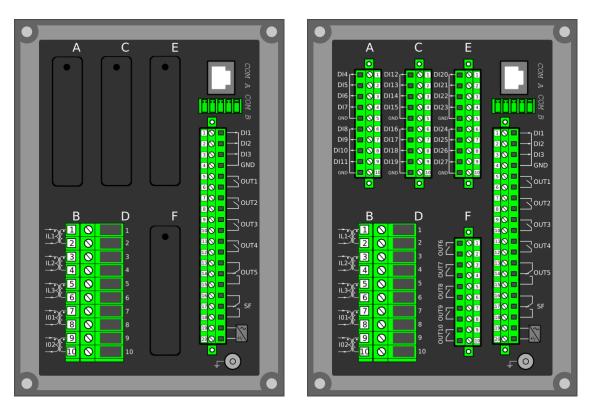


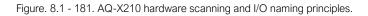
Figure. 8.1 - 180. Modular construction of AQ-X210.

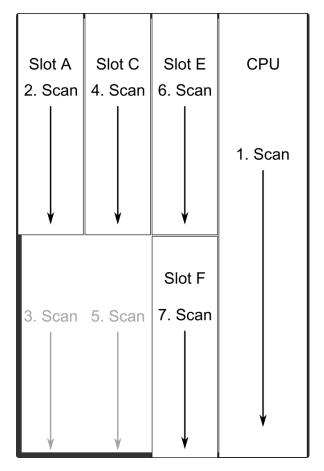
The modular structure of AQ-X210 allows for scalable solutions for different application requirements. In non-standard configurations Slots A, C, E and F accept all available add-on modules, such as digital I/O modules, integrated arc protection and other special modules. The only difference between the slots affecting device scalability is that Slots E and F also support communication options.

Start-up scan searches for modules according to their type designation code. If the module content is not what the device expects, the IED issues a hardware configuration error message. In field upgrades, therefore, inserted add-on module must be ordered from Arcteq Relays Ltd. or its representative who can then provide the module with its corresponding unlocking code to allow the device to operate correctly once the hardware configuration has been upgraded.

When an I/O module is inserted into the device, the module location affects the naming of the I/O. The I/O scanning order in the start-up sequence is as follows: the CPU module I/O, Slot A, Slot C, Slot E, Slot F. This means that the digital input channels DI1, DI2 and DI3 as well as the digital output channels OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, OUT4 and OUT5 are always located in the CPU module. If additional I/O cards are installed, their location and card type affect the I/O naming.

The figure below presents the start-up hardware scan order of the device as well as the I/O naming principles.





1. Scan

The start-up system; detects and self-tests the CPU module, voltages, communication and the I/O; finds and assigns "DI1", "DI2", "DI3", "OUT1", "OUT2", "OUT3", "OUT4" and "OUT5".

2. Scan

Scans Slot A, and moves to the next slot if Slot A is empty. If the scan finds an 8DI module (that is, a module with eight digital inputs), it reserves the designations "DI4", "DI5", "DI6", "DI7", "DI8", "DI9", "DI9", "DI10" and "DI11" to this slot. If the scan finds a DO5 module (that is, a module with five digital outputs), it reserves the designations "OUT6", "OUT7", "OUT8", "OUT9" and "OUT10" to this slot. The I/O is then added if the type designation code (e.g. AQ-P215-PH0AAAA-BBC) matches with the existing modules in the device. If the code and the modules do not match, the device issues and alarm. An alarm is also issued if the device expects to find a module here but does not find one.

3. Scan

Scans Slot B, which should always remain empty in AQ-X210 devices. If it is not empty, the device issues an alarm.

4. Scan

Scans Slot C, and moves to the next slot if Slot C is empty. If the scan finds an 8DI module, it reserves the designations "DI4", "DI5", "DI6", "DI7", "DI8", "DI9", "DI10" and "DI11" to this slot. If Slot A also has an 8DI module (and therefore has already reserved these designations), the device reserves the designations "DI12", "DI13", "DI14", "DI15", "DI16", "DI17", "DI18" and "DI19" to this slot. If the scan finds a 5DO module, it reserves the designations "OUT6", "OUT7", "OUT8", "OUT9" and "OUT10" to this slot. Again, if Slot A also has a 5DO and has therefore already reserved these designations, the device reserves the designations "OUT11", "OUT12", "OUT13", "OUT14" and "OUT15" to this slot.

5. Scan

Scans Slot D and finds the five channels of the CT module (fixed for AQ-X210). If the CTM is not found, the device issues an alarm.

6. Scan

A similar operation to Scan 4 (checks which designations have been reserved by modules in previous slots and numbers the new ones accordingly).

7. Scan

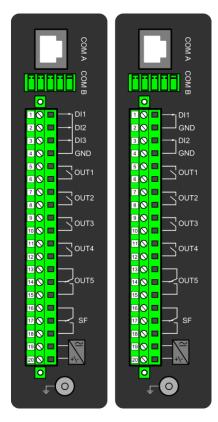
A similar operation to Scan 4 (checks which designations have been reserved by modules in previous slots and numbers the new ones accordingly).

Thus far this chapter has only explained the installation of I/O add-on cards to the option module slots. This is because all other module types are treated in a same way. For example, when an additional communication port is installed into the upper port of the communication module, its designation is Communication port 3 or higher, as Communication ports 1 and 2 already exist in the CPU module (which is scanned, and thus designated, first). After a communication port is detected, it is added into the device's communication space and its corresponding settings are enabled.

The fully optioned example case of AQ-X210-XXXXX-BBBC (the first image pair, on the right) has a total of 27 digital input channels available: three (DI1...DI3) in the CPU module, and the rest in Slots A, C and E in groups of eight. It also has a total of 10 digital output channels available: five (DO1...DO5) in the CPU module, and five (DO6...DO10) in Slot F. These same principles apply to all non-standard configurations in the AQ-X210 IED family.

# 8.2 CPU module

Figure. 8.2 - 182. CPU module.



#### Module connectors

#### Table. 8.2 - 211. Module connector descriptions.

| Connector  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| COM A      | Communication port A, or the RJ-45 port. Used for the setting tool connection and for IEC 61850, Modbus/<br>TCP, IEC 104, DNP3 and station bus communications.                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| СОМ В      | Communication port B, or the RS-485 port. Used for the SCADA communications for the following protocols:<br>Modbus/RTU, Modbus I/O, SPA, DNP3, IEC 101 and IEC 103. The pins have the following designations: Pin 1 = DATA +, Pin 2 = DATA –, Pin 3 = GND, Pins 4 & 5 = Terminator resistor enabled by shorting. |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | Model with 3 digital inputs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Model with 2 digital inputs                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 1        | Digital input 1, nominal threshold voltage 24 V, 110 V or 220 V.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Digital input 1, nominal threshold voltage 24 V, 110 V or 220 V. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Х2         | Digital input 2, nominal threshold voltage 24 V, 110 V or 220 V.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | GND for digital input 1.                                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Х 3        | Digital input 3, nominal threshold voltage 24 V, 110 V or 220 V.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Digital input 2, nominal threshold voltage 24 V, 110 V or 220 V. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 4        | Common GND for digital inputs 1, 2 and 3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | GND for digital input 2.                                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 5:6      | Output relay 1, with a normally open (NO) contact.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 7:8      | Output relay 2, with a normally open (NO) contact.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 9:10     | Output relay 3, with a normally open (NO) contact.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 11:12    | Output relay 4, with a normally open (NO) contact.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 13:14:15 | Output relay 5, with a changeover contact.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 16:17:18 | System fault's output relay, with a changeover contact. Pins 16 and 17 are closed when the unit has a system fault or is powered OFF. Pins 16 and 18 are closed when the unit is powered ON and there is no system fault.                                                                                        |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X 19:20    | Power supply IN. Either 85265 VAC/DC (model A; order code "H") or 1875 DC (model B; order code "L"). Positive side (+) to Pin 20.                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GND        | The relay's earthing connector.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

By default, the CPU module (combining the CPU, the I/O and the power supply) is included in all AQ-2xx IEDs to provide two standard communication ports and the relay's basic digital I/O. The module can be ordered to include 2 or 3 digital inputs.

The current consumption of the digital inputs is 2 mA when activated, while the range of the operating voltage is 24 V/110 V/220 V depending on the ordered hardware. All digital inputs are scanned in 5 ms program cycles, and their pick-up and release delays as well as their NO/NC selection can be set with software. The digital output controls are also set by the user with software. By default, the digital outputs are controlled in 5 ms program cycles. All output contacts are mechanical. The rated voltage of the NO/NC outputs is 250 VAC/DC.

The auxiliary voltage is defined in the ordering code: the available power supply models available are A (85...265 VAC/DC) and B (18...75 DC). For further details, please refer to the "Auxiliary voltage" chapter in the "Technical data" section of this document.

#### **Digital input settings**

The settings described in the table below can be found at *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*  $I/O \rightarrow$  *Digital input settings* in the relay settings.

#### Table. 8.2 - 212. Digital input settings.

| Name                 | Range                                                  | Step       | Default        | Description                                                                                    |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIx Polarity         | 0: NO (Normally<br>open)<br>1: NC (Normally<br>closed) | -          | 0: NO          | Selects whether the status of the digital input is 1 or 0 when the input is energized.         |
| DIx Activation delay | 0.0001800.000<br>s                                     | 0.001<br>s | 0.000 s        | Defines the delay for the status change from 0 to 1.                                           |
| Dlx Drop-off<br>time | 0.0001800.000<br>s                                     | 0.001<br>s | 0.000 s        | Defines the delay for the status change from 1 to 0.                                           |
| DIx AC mode          | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                              | -          | 0:<br>Disabled | Selects whether or not a 30-ms deactivation delay is added to account for alternating current. |

#### Digital input and output descriptions

CPU card digital inputs and outputs can be given a description. The user defined description are displayed in most of the menus (logic editor, matrix, block settings etc.).

| Name                           | Range               | Default | Description                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| User editable description DIx  | description DIx 131 |         | Description of the digital input. This description is used in several menu types for easier identification.  |
| User editable description OUTx | characters          | OUTx    | Description of the digital output. This description is used in several menu types for easier identification. |

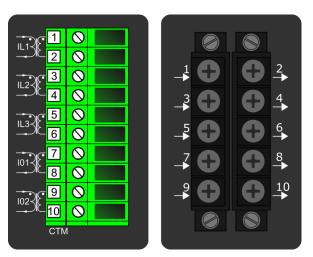
#### Scanning cycle

All digital inputs are scanned in a 5 ms cycle, meaning that the state of an input is updated every 0...5 milliseconds. When an input is used internally in the device (either in setting group change or logic), it takes additional 0...5 milliseconds to operate. Theoretically, therefore, it takes 0...10 milliseconds to change the group when a digital input is used for group control or a similar function. In practice, however, the delay is between 2...8 milliseconds about 95 % of the time. When a digital input is connected directly to a digital output (T1...Tx), it takes an additional 5 ms round. Therefore, when a digital input internally, it takes 0...15 milliseconds in theory and 2...13 milliseconds in practice.

Please note that the mechanical delay of the relay is <u>not</u> included in these approximations.

# 8.3 Current measurement module

Figure. 8.3 - 183. Module connections with standard and ring lug terminals.



| Connector | Description                                 |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------|
| CTM 1-2   | Phase current measurement for phase L1 (A). |
| CTM 3-4   | Phase current measurement for phase L2 (B). |
| CTM 5-6   | Phase current measurement for phase L3 (C). |
| CTM 7-8   | Coarse residual current measurement 101.    |
| CTM 9-10  | Fine residual current measurement 102.      |

A basic current measurement module with five channels includes three-phase current measurement inputs as well as coarse and fine residual current inputs. The CT module is available with either standard or ring lug connectors.

The current measurement module is connected to the secondary side of conventional current transformers (CTs). The nominal current for the phase current inputs is 5 A. The input nominal current can be scaled for secondary currents of 1...10 A. The secondary currents are calibrated to nominal currents of 1 A and 5 A, which provide  $\pm 0.5$  % inaccuracy when the range is  $0.005...4 \times I_n$ .

The measurement ranges are as follows:

- Phase currents 25 mA...250 A (RMS)
- Coarse residual current 5 mA...150 A (RMS)
- Fine residual current 1 mA...75 A (RMS)

The characteristics of phase current inputs are as follows:

- The angle measurement inaccuracy is less than  $\pm$  0.2 degrees with nominal current.
- The frequency measurement range of the phase current inputs is 6...1800 Hz with standard hardware.
- The quantization of the measurement signal is applied with 18-bit AD converters, and the sample rate of the signal is 64 samples/cycle when the system frequency ranges from 6 Hz to 75 Hz.

For further details please refer to the "Current measurement" chapter in the "Technical data" section of this document.

# 8.4 Digital input module (optional)

Figure. 8.4 - 184. Digital input module (DI8) with eight add-on digital inputs.

|                    | 0         |    |
|--------------------|-----------|----|
| DI1 <sub>I</sub> ≁ | $\otimes$ | 1  |
| DI2 +              | $\otimes$ | 2  |
| DI3 🕇              | $\otimes$ | 3  |
| DI4 -              | $\otimes$ | 4  |
|                    | $\otimes$ | 5  |
| DI5 <sub>I</sub> ≁ | $\otimes$ | 6  |
| DI6                | $\otimes$ | 7  |
| DI7 🗸              | $\otimes$ | 8  |
| DI8 -              | $\otimes$ | 9  |
|                    | $\otimes$ | 10 |
|                    | 0         |    |
|                    |           |    |

| Connector | Description (x = the number of digital inputs in other modules that preceed this one in the configuration) |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| X 1       | Dlx + 1                                                                                                    |
| X 2       | Dlx + 2                                                                                                    |
| Х 3       | Dlx + 3                                                                                                    |
| X 4       | Dlx + 4                                                                                                    |
| X 5       | Common earthing for the first four digital inputs.                                                         |
| X 6       | Dlx + 5                                                                                                    |
| X 7       | Dlx + 6                                                                                                    |
| X 8       | Dlx + 7                                                                                                    |
| Х9        | Dlx + 8                                                                                                    |
| X 10      | Common earthing for the other four digital inputs.                                                         |

The DI8 module is an add-on module with eight (8) galvanically isolated digital inputs. This module can be ordered directly to be installed into the device in the factory, or it can be upgraded in the field after the device's original installation when required. The properties of the inputs in this module are the same as those of the inputs in the main processor module. The current consumption of the digital inputs is 2 mA when activated, while the range of the operating voltage is from 0...265 VAC/DC. The activation and release thresholds are set in the software and the resolution is 1 V. All digital inputs are scannced in 5 ms program cycles, and their pick-up and release delays as well as their NO/NC selection can be set with software.

For the naming convention of the digital inputs provided by this module please refer to the chapter titled "Construction and installation".

For technical details please refer to the chapter titled "Digital input module" in the "Technical data" section of this document.

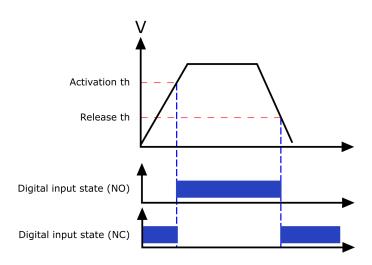
#### Setting up the activation and release delays

The settings described in the table below can be found at Control  $\rightarrow$  Device I/O  $\rightarrow$  Digital input settings in the relay settings.

| Name                           | Range                                                  | Step       | Default        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Dlx<br>Polarity                | 0: NO (Normally<br>open)<br>1: NC (Normally<br>closed) | -          | 0: NO          | Selects whether the status of the digital input is 1 or 0 when the input is energized.                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| DIx<br>Activation<br>threshold | 16.0200.0 V                                            | 0.1 V      | 88 V           | Defines the activation threshold for the digital input.<br>When "NO" is the selected polarity, the measured voltage exceeding this<br>setting activates the input. When "NC" is the selected polarity,<br>the measured voltage exceeding this setting deactivates the input. |  |
| DIx<br>Release<br>threshold    | 10.0200.0 V                                            | 0.1 V      | 60V            | Defines the release threshold for the digital input.<br>When "NO" is the selected polarity, the measured voltage below this<br>setting deactivates the input. When "NC" is the selected polarity,<br>the measured voltage below this setting activates the input.            |  |
| Dlx<br>Activation<br>delay     | 0.0001800.000<br>s                                     | 0.001<br>s | 0.000 s        | Defines the delay when the status changes from 0 to 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| Dlx Drop-<br>off time          | 0.0001800.000<br>s                                     | 0.001<br>s | 0.000 s        | Defines the delay when the status changes from 1 to 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| Dlx AC<br>Mode                 | 0: Disabled<br>1: Enabled                              | -          | 0:<br>Disabled | Selects whether or not a 30-ms deactivation delay is added to take the alternating current into account. The "DIx Release threshold" parameter is hidden and forced to 10 % of the set "DIx Activation threshold" parameter.                                                 |  |
| Dlx<br>Counter                 | 02 <sup>32</sup> –1                                    | 1          | 0              | Displays the number of times the digital input has changed its status from 0 to 1.                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| Dlx Clear<br>counter           | 0: -<br>1: Clear                                       | -          | 0: -           | Resets the DIx counter value to zero.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |

The user can set the activation threshold individually for each digital input. When the activation and release thresholds have been set properly, they will result in the digital input states to be activated and released reliably. The selection of the normal state between normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) defines whether or not the digital input is considered activated when the digital input channel is energized.

The diagram below depicts the digital input states when the input channels are energized and deenergized. Figure. 8.4 - 185. Digital input state when energizing and de-energizing the digital input channels.



#### Digital input descriptions

Option card inputs can be given a description. The user defined description are displayed in most of the menus (logic editor, matrix, block settings etc.).

Table. 8.4 - 215. Digital input user description.

| Name                          | Range             | Default | Description                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| User editable description DIx | 131<br>characters | DIx     | Description of the digital input. This description is used in several menu types for easier identification. |

#### Digital input voltage measurements

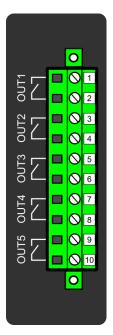
Digital input option card channels measure voltage on each channel. The measured voltage can be seen at *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Device IO*  $\rightarrow$  *Digital inputs*  $\rightarrow$  *Digital input voltages*.

Table. 8.4 - 216. Digital input channel voltage measurement.

| Name            | Range          | Step    | Description                                     |
|-----------------|----------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Dlx Voltage now | 0.000275.000 V | 0.001 V | Voltage measurement of a digital input channel. |

# 8.5 Digital output module (optional)

Figure. 8.5 - 186. Digital output module (DO5) with five add-on digital outputs.



| Connector | Description                                            |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| X 1–2     | OUTx + 1 (1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> pole NO) |
| X 3–4     | OUTx + 2 (1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> pole NO) |
| X 5–6     | OUTx + 3 (1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> pole NO) |
| X 7–8     | OUTx + 4 (1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> pole NO) |
| X 9–10    | OUTx + 5 (1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> pole NO) |

The DO5 module is an add-on module with five (5) digital outputs. This module can be ordered directly to be installed into the device in the factory, or it can be upgraded in the field after the device's original installation when required. The properties of the outputs in this module are the same as those of the outputs in the main processor module. The user can set the digital output controls with software. All digital outputs are scanned in 5 ms program cycles, and their contacts are mechanical in type. The rated voltage of the NO/NC outputs is 250 VAC/DC.

For the naming convention of the digital inputs provided by this module please refer to the chapter titled "Construction and installation".

For technical details please refer to the chapter titled "Digital output module" in the "Technical data" section of this document.

#### Digital output descriptions

Option card outputs can be given a description. The user defined description are displayed in most of the menus (logic editor, matrix, block settings etc.).

Table. 8.5 - 217. Digital output user description.

| Name                           | Range             | Default | Description                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| User editable description OUTx | 131<br>characters |         | Description of the digital output. This description is used in several menu types for easier identification. |

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# 8.6 Point sensor arc protection module (optional)

Figure. 8.6 - 187. Arc protection module.

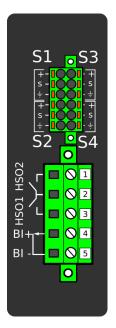


Table. 8.6 - 218. Module connections.

| Connector | Description                                                                      |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| S1        |                                                                                  |  |  |  |  |
| S2        | Light sensor channels 14 with positive ("+"), sensor ("S") and earth connectors. |  |  |  |  |
| S3        |                                                                                  |  |  |  |  |
| S4        |                                                                                  |  |  |  |  |
| X 1       | HSO2 (+, NO)                                                                     |  |  |  |  |
| X 2       | Common battery positive terminal (+) for the HSOs.                               |  |  |  |  |
| Х 3       | HSO1 (+, NO)                                                                     |  |  |  |  |
| X 4       | Binary input 1 (+ pole)                                                          |  |  |  |  |
| X 5       | Binary input 1 ( – pole)                                                         |  |  |  |  |

The arc protection module is an add-on module with four (4) light sensor channels, two (2) high-speed outputs and one (1) binary input. This module can be ordered directly to be installed into the device in the factory, or it can be upgraded in the field after the device's original installation when required. If even one of the sensor channels is connected incorrectly, the channel does not work. Each channel can have up to three (3) light sensors serially connected to it. The user can choose how many of the channels are in use.

The high-speed outputs (HSO1 and HSO2) operate only with a DC power supply. The battery's positive terminal (+) must be wired according to the drawing. The NO side of the outputs 1 or 2 must be wired through trip coil to the battery's negative terminal (–). The high-speed outputs can withstand voltages up to 250 VDC. The operation time of the high-speed outputs is less than 1 ms. For further information please refer to the chapter titled "Arc protection module" in the "Technical data" section of this manual.

The rated voltage of the binary input is 24 VDC. The threshold picks up at  $\geq$ 16 VDC. The binary input can be used for external light information or for similar applications. It can also be used as a part of various ARC schemes. Please note that the binary input's delay is 5...10ms.

## NOTE!



BI1, HSO1 and HSO2 are not visible in the *Binary inputs* and *Binary outputs* menus (*Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Device I/O*), they can only be programmed in the arc matrix menu (Protection  $\rightarrow$  *Arc protection*  $\rightarrow$  *I/O*  $\rightarrow$  *Direct output control* and *HSO control*).

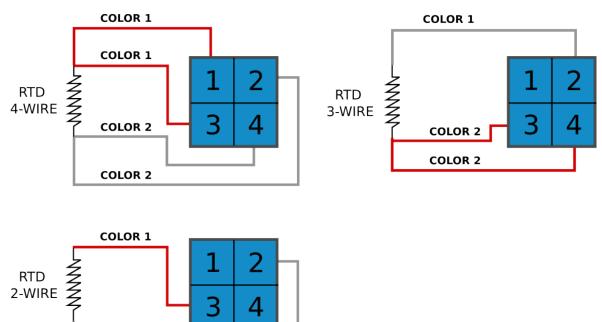
# 8.7 RTD input module (optional)

Figure. 8.7 - 188. RTD input module connectors.

| Channel | Connect | 0  | Co | onnector |        |
|---------|---------|----|----|----------|--------|
|         | RTD1-1  | 1  |    | 2        | RTD1-2 |
| 1       | RTD1-3  | 3  |    | 4        | RTD1-4 |
| 2       | RTD2-1  | 5  |    | 6        | RTD2-2 |
| 2       | RTD2-3  | 7  |    | 8        | RTD2-4 |
| 3       | RTD3-1  | 9  |    | 10       | RTD3-2 |
| 5       | RTD3-3  | 11 |    | 12       | RTD3-4 |
| 4       | RTD4-1  | 13 |    | 14       | RTD4-2 |
| 4       | RTD4-3  | 15 |    | 16       | RTD4-4 |
| 5       | RTD5-1  | 17 |    | 18       | RTD5-2 |
|         | RTD5-3  | 19 |    | 20       | RTD5-4 |
| 6       | RTD6-1  | 21 |    | 22       | RTD6-2 |
|         | RTD6-3  | 23 |    | 24       | RTD6-4 |
| 7       | RTD7-1  | 25 |    | 26       | RTD7-2 |
|         | RTD7-3  | 27 |    | 28       | RTD7-4 |
| 8       | RTD8-1  | 29 |    | 30       | RTD8-2 |
|         | RTD8-3  | 31 |    | 32       | RTD8-4 |
|         |         |    | 0  |          |        |

The RTD input module is an add-on module with eight (8) RTD input channels. Each input supports 2-wire, 3-wire and 4-wire RTD sensors. The sensor type can be selected with software for two groups, four channels each. The card supports Pt100 and Pt1000 sensors

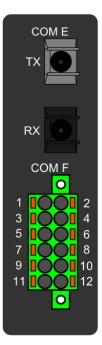




# 8.8 Serial RS-232 communication module (optional)

Figure. 8.8 - 190. Serial RS-232 module connectors.

COLOR 2



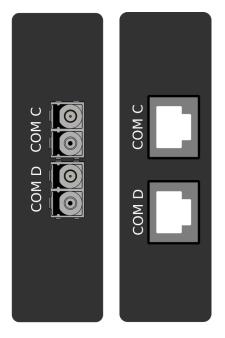
| Connector | Name                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| COM E     | Serial fiber (GG/<br>PP/GP/PG) | <ul> <li>Serial-based communications</li> <li>Wavelength 660 nm</li> <li>Compatible with 50/125 μm, 62.5/125 μm, 100/140 μm, and 200 μm Plastic-Clad Silica (PCS) fiber</li> <li>Compatible with ST connectors</li> </ul> |

| Connector         | Name                     | Description                                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| COM F –<br>Pin 1  | +24 V input              | Optional external auxiliary voltage for serial fiber |
| COM F –<br>Pin 2  | GND                      | Optional external auxiliary voltage for serial fiber |
| COM F –<br>Pin 3  | -                        | -                                                    |
| COM F –<br>Pin 4  | -                        | -                                                    |
| COM F –<br>Pin 5  | RS-232 RTS               | Serial based communications                          |
| COM F –<br>Pin 6  | RS-232 GND               | Serial based communications                          |
| COM F –<br>Pin 7  | RS-232 TX                | Serial based communications                          |
| COM F –<br>Pin 8  | RS-232 RX                | Serial based communications                          |
| COM F –<br>Pin 9  | -                        | -                                                    |
| COM F –<br>Pin 10 | +3.3 V output<br>(spare) | Spare power source for external equipment (45 mA)    |
| COM F –<br>Pin 11 | -                        | -                                                    |
| COM F –<br>Pin 12 | -                        | -                                                    |

The option card includes two serial communication interfaces: COM E is a serial fiber interface with glass/plastic option, COM F is an RS-232 interface.

8.9 LC or RJ45 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module (optional)

Figure. 8.9 - 191. LC and RJ45 100 Mbps Ethernet module connectors.



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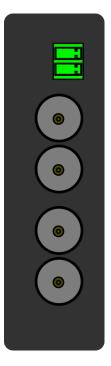
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| Connector | Description (LC ports)                                                                                                                                   | Description (RJ45)                                                        |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| COM C:    | <ul> <li>Communication port C, 100 MbpsLC fiber connector.</li> <li>62.5/125 µm or 50/125 µm multimode (glass).</li> <li>Wavelength 1300 nm.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>RJ-45 connectors</li> <li>10BASE-T and<br/>100BASE-TX</li> </ul> |
| COM D:    | <ul> <li>Communication port D, 100 Mbps LC fiber connector.</li> <li>62.5/125 μm or 50/125 μm multimode (glass).</li> <li>Wavelength 1300 nm.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>RJ-45 connectors</li> <li>10BASE-T and<br/>100BASE-TX</li> </ul> |

Both cards support both HSR and PRP protocols.

# 8.10 Double ST 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module (optional)

Figure. 8.10 - 192. Double ST 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module connectors.



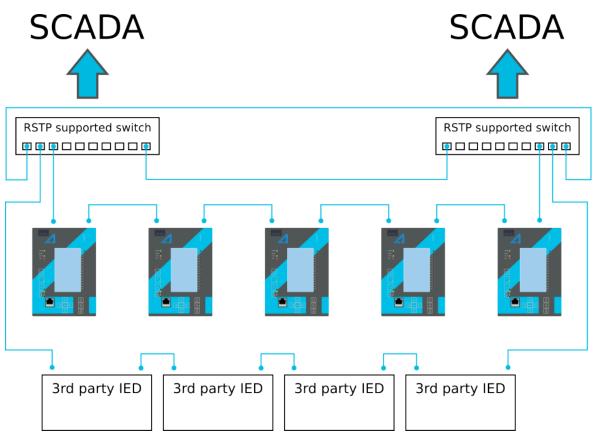
| Connector         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Two-pin connector | IRIG-B input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ST connectors     | <ul> <li>Duplex ST connectors</li> <li>62.5/125 μm or 50/125 μm multimode fiber</li> <li>Transmitter wavelength: 12601360 nm (nominal: 1310 nm)</li> <li>Receiver wavelength: 11001600 nm</li> <li>100BASE-FX</li> <li>Up to 2 km</li> </ul> |

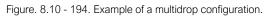
This option cards supports redundant ring configuration and multidrop configurations. Please note that each ring can only contain AQ-200 series devices, and any third party devices must be connected to a separate ring.

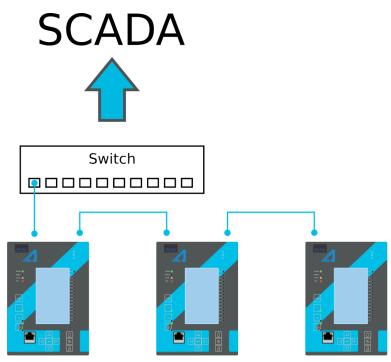
For other redundancy options, please refer to the option card "LC 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module".

The images below present two example configurations: the first displays a ring configuration (note how the third party devices are connected in a separate ring), while the second displays a multidrop configuration.

Figure. 8.10 - 193. Example of a ring configuration.

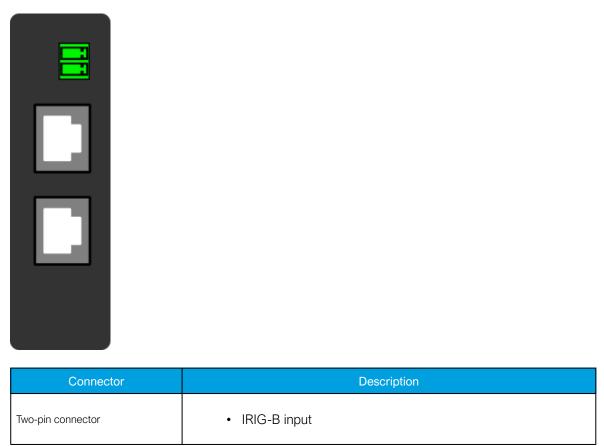






# 8.11 Double RJ45 10/100 Mbps Ethernet communication module (optional)

Figure. 8.11 - 195. Double RJ-45 10/100 Mbps Ethernet communication module.

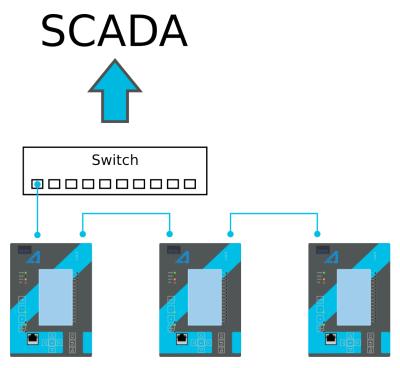


| Connector        | Description                                                                                       |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RJ-45 connectors | <ul> <li>Two Ethernet ports</li> <li>RJ-45 connectors</li> <li>10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX</li> </ul> |

This option card supports multidrop configurations.

For other redundancy options, please refer to the option card "LC 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module".

Figure. 8.11 - 196. Example of a multidrop configuration.



8.12 Milliampere (mA) I/O module (optional)

Figure. 8.12 - 197. Milliampere (mA) I/O module connections.

|             | 0          |    |
|-------------|------------|----|
| +           | $\bigcirc$ | 1  |
| mAout1      | $\oslash$  | 2  |
| +           | $\oslash$  | 3  |
| mAout2      | $\oslash$  | 4  |
| +           | $\oslash$  | 5  |
| mAout3<br>— | $\oslash$  | 6  |
| +<br>mAout4 | $\oslash$  | 7  |
| mAout4      | $\oslash$  | 8  |
| +<br>mAin1  | $\oslash$  | 9  |
| —           | $\bigcirc$ | 10 |
|             | 0          |    |
|             |            |    |
|             |            |    |

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| Connector | Description                   |
|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Pin 1     | mA OUT 1 + connector (024 mA) |
| Pin 2     | mA OUT 1 – connector (024 mA) |
| Pin 3     | mA OUT 2 + connector (024 mA) |
| Pin 4     | mA OUT 2 – connector (024 mA) |
| Pin 5     | mA OUT 3 + connector (024 mA) |
| Pin 6     | mA OUT 3 – connector (024 mA) |
| Pin 7     | mA OUT 4 + connector (024 mA) |
| Pin 8     | mA OUT 4 – connector (024 mA) |
| Pin 9     | mA IN 1 + connector (033 mA)  |
| Pin 10    | mA IN 1 – connector (033 mA)  |

The milliampere (mA) I/O module is an add-on module with four (4) mA outputs and one (1) mA input. Both the outputs and the input are in two galvanically isolated groups, with one pin for the positive (+) connector and one pin for the negative (–) connector.

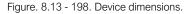
This module can be ordered directly to be installed into the device in the factory, or it can be upgraded in the field after the device's original installation when required.

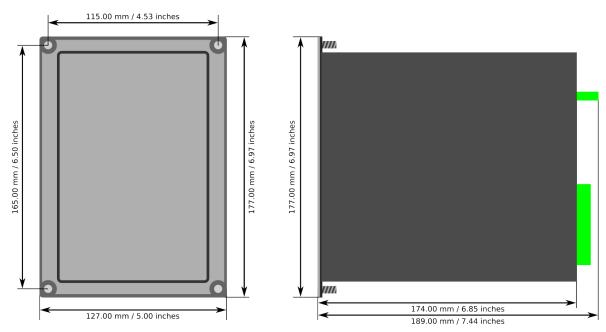
The user sets the mA I/O with the mA outputs control function. This can be done at *Control*  $\rightarrow$  *Device*  $I/O \rightarrow mA$  outputs in the relay configuration settings.

#### 8.13 Dimensions and installation

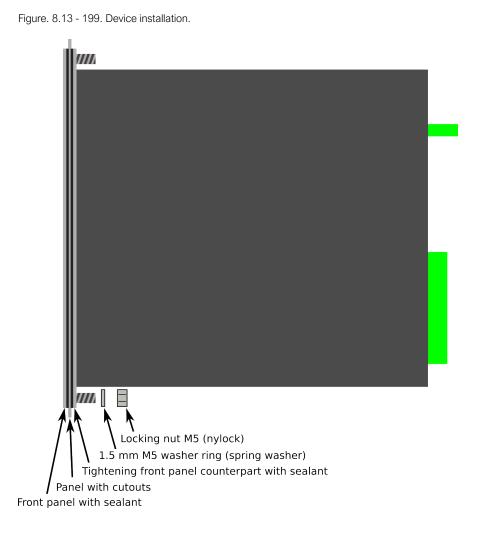
The device can be installed either to a standard 19" rack or to a switchgear panel with cutouts. The desired installation type is defined in the order code. When installing to a rack, the device takes a quarter (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>) of the rack's width, meaning that a total of four devices can be installed to the same rack next to one another.

The figures below describe the device dimensions (first figure), the device installation (second), and the panel cutout dimensions and device spacing (third).









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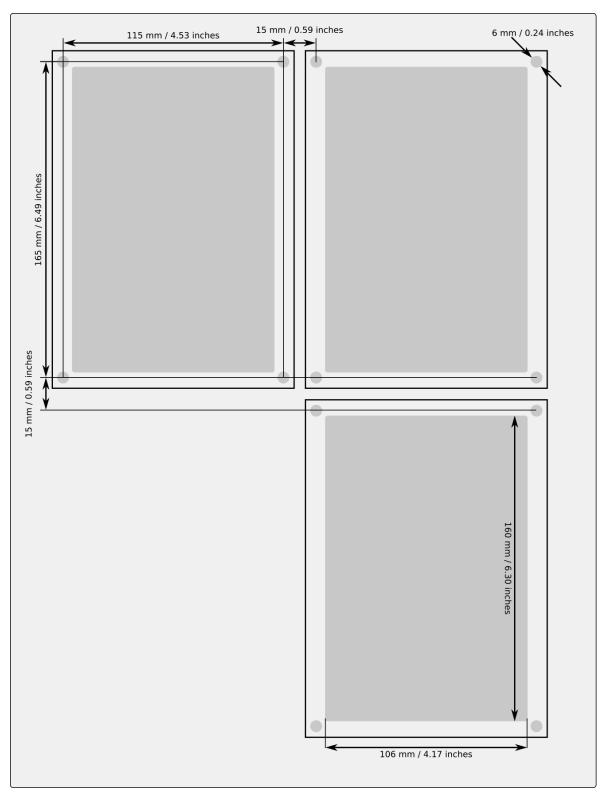


Figure. 8.13 - 200. Panel cutout dimensions and device spacing.

# 9 Technical data

# 9.1 Hardware

#### 9.1.1 Measurements

#### 9.1.1.1 Current measurement

Table. 9.1.1.1 - 219. Technical data for the current measurement module.

| Connections                        |                                                                                                 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                    | Three phase current inputs: IL1 (A), IL2 (B), IL3 (C)                                           |
| Measurement channels/CT inputs     | Two residual current inputs: Coarse residual current input I01, Fine residual current input I02 |
| Phase current inputs (A, B, C)     |                                                                                                 |
| Sample rate                        | 64 samples per cycle in frequency range 675Hz                                                   |
| Rated current I <sub>N</sub>       | 5 A (configurable 0.220 A)                                                                      |
|                                    | 20 A (continuous)                                                                               |
| The second states of               | 100 A (for 10 s)                                                                                |
| Thermal withstand                  | 500 A (for 1 s)                                                                                 |
|                                    | 1250 A (for 0.01 s)                                                                             |
| Frequency measurement range        | From 675Hz fundamental, up to the 31 <sup>st</sup> harmonic current                             |
| Current measurement range          | 25 mA250 A (RMS)                                                                                |
|                                    | $0.0054.000 \times I_N \le \pm 0.5$ % or $\le \pm 15$ mA                                        |
| Current measurement<br>inaccuracy  | $420 \times I_N < \pm 0.5 \%$                                                                   |
| ,                                  | $2050 \times I_N < \pm 1.0 \%$                                                                  |
| Angle measurement incourses        | < ±0.2° (l> 0.1 A)                                                                              |
| Angle measurement inaccuracy       | < ±1.0° (l≤ 0.1 A)                                                                              |
| Burden (50/60 Hz)                  | <0.1 VA                                                                                         |
| Transient overreach                | <8 %                                                                                            |
| Coarse residual current input (101 |                                                                                                 |
| Rated current IN                   | 1 A (configurable 0.110 A)                                                                      |
|                                    | 25 A (continuous)                                                                               |
| Thermal withstand                  | 100 A (for 10 s)                                                                                |
|                                    | 500 A (for 1 s)                                                                                 |
|                                    | 1250 A (for 0.01 s)                                                                             |
| Frequency measurement range        | From 675 Hz fundamental, up to the 31 <sup>st</sup> harmonic current                            |
| Current measurement range          | 5 mA150 A (RMS)                                                                                 |
| Current measurement                | $0.00210.000 \times I_N < \pm 0.5$ % or $< \pm 3$ mA                                            |
| inaccuracy                         | $10150 \times I_N < \pm 0.5 \%$                                                                 |
|                                    |                                                                                                 |

| Angle measurement inaccuracy      | < ±0.2° (I> 0.05 A)                                                  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Angle measurement inacculacy      | < ±1.0° (l≤ 0.05 A)                                                  |
| Burden (50/60Hz)                  | <0.1 VA                                                              |
| Transient overreach               | <5 %                                                                 |
| Fine residual current input (102) |                                                                      |
| Rated current IN                  | 0.2 A (configurable 0.00110 A)                                       |
|                                   | 25 A (continuous)                                                    |
| The sum of with story of          | 100 A (for 10 s)                                                     |
| Thermal withstand                 | 500 A (for 1 s)                                                      |
|                                   | 1250 A (for 0.01 s)                                                  |
| Frequency measurement range       | From 675 Hz fundamental, up to the 31 <sup>st</sup> harmonic current |
| Current measurement range         | 1 mA75 A (RMS)                                                       |
| Current measurement               | $0.00225.000 \times I_N < \pm 0.5$ % or $< \pm 0.6$ mA               |
| inaccuracy                        | $25375 \times I_N < \pm 1.0 \%$                                      |
|                                   | < ±0.2° (I> 0.01 A)                                                  |
| Angle measurement inaccuracy      | < ±1.0° (l≤ 0.01 A)                                                  |
| Burden (50/60Hz)                  | <0.1 VA                                                              |
| Transient overreach               | <5 %                                                                 |
| Terminal block connection         |                                                                      |
| Terminal block                    | Phoenix Contact FRONT 4-H-6,35                                       |
| Solid or stranded wire            |                                                                      |
| Maximum wire diameter             | 4 mm <sup>2</sup>                                                    |



# NOTE!

Current measurement accuracy has been verified with 50/60 Hz.

The amplitude difference is 0.2 % and the angle difference is 0.5 degrees higher at 16.67 Hz and other frequencies.

#### 9.1.1.2 Frequency measurement

Table. 9.1.1.2 - 220. Frequency measurement accuracy.

| Frequency measurement performance |                                                                            |  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Frequency measuring range         | 675 Hz fundamental, up to the 31 <sup>st</sup> harmonic current or voltage |  |
| Inaccuracy                        | 10 mHz                                                                     |  |

#### 9.1.2 CPU & Power supply

#### 9.1.2.1 Auxiliary voltage

Table. 9.1.2.1 - 221. Power supply model A

ated values

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| Rated auxiliary voltage          | 85265 V (AC/DC)                    |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Doutor concumption               | < 7 W                              |
| Power consumption                | < 15 W                             |
| Maximum permitted interrupt time | < 60 ms with 110 VDC               |
| DC ripple                        | < 15 %                             |
| Terminal block connection        |                                    |
| Terminal block                   | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08 |
| Solid or stranded wire           |                                    |
| Maximum wire diameter            | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                |
| Other                            |                                    |
| Minimum recommended fuse rating  | MCB C2                             |

Table. 9.1.2.1 - 222. Power supply model B

| Rated values                     |                                    |  |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Rated auxiliary voltage          | 1872 VDC                           |  |
| Deutor consumption               | < 7 W                              |  |
| Power consumption                | < 15 W                             |  |
| Maximum permitted interrupt time | < 90 ms with 24 VDC                |  |
| DC ripple                        | < 15 %                             |  |
| Terminal block connection        |                                    |  |
| Terminal block                   | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08 |  |
| Solid or stranded wire           |                                    |  |
| Maximum wire diameter            | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                |  |
| Other                            |                                    |  |
| Minimum recommended fuse rating  | MCB C2                             |  |

### 9.1.2.2 CPU communication ports

Table. 9.1.2.2 - 223. Front panel local communication port.

| Port               |                                                                 |  |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Port media         | Copper Ethernet RJ-45                                           |  |
| Number of ports    | 1                                                               |  |
|                    | PC-protocols                                                    |  |
| Port protocols     | FTP                                                             |  |
|                    | Telnet                                                          |  |
| Features           |                                                                 |  |
| Data transfer rate | 100 MB                                                          |  |
| System integration | Cannot be used for system protocols, only for local programming |  |

Table. 9.1.2.2 - 224. Rear panel system communication port A.

Version: 2.08

| Port media         | Copper Ethernet RJ-45                                      |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of ports    | 1                                                          |
| Features           |                                                            |
|                    | IEC 61850                                                  |
| Port protocols     | IEC 104                                                    |
|                    | Modbus/TCP                                                 |
|                    | DNP3                                                       |
|                    | FTP                                                        |
|                    | Telnet                                                     |
| Data transfer rate | 100 MB                                                     |
| System integration | Can be used for system protocols and for local programming |

Table. 9.1.2.2 - 225. Rear panel system communication port B.

| Port               |                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Port media         | Copper RS-485                    |
| Number of ports    | 1                                |
| Features           |                                  |
|                    | Modbus/RTU                       |
|                    | IEC 103                          |
| Port protocols     | IEC 101                          |
|                    | DNP3                             |
|                    | SPA                              |
| Data transfer rate | 65 580 kB/s                      |
| System integration | Can be used for system protocols |

# 9.1.2.3 CPU digital inputs

Table. 9.1.2.3 - 226. CPU model-isolated digital inputs, with thresholds defined by order code.

| Rated values                           |                                                                       |  |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Rated auxiliary voltage                | 265 V (AC/DC)                                                         |  |
| Nominal voltage                        | Order code defined: 24, 110, 220 V (AC/DC)                            |  |
| Pick-up threshold<br>Release threshold | Order code defined: 19, 90,170 V<br>Order code defined: 14, 65, 132 V |  |
| Scanning rate                          | 5 ms                                                                  |  |
| Settings                               |                                                                       |  |
| Pick-up delay                          | Software settable: 01800 s                                            |  |
| Polarity                               | Software settable: Normally On/Normally Off                           |  |
| Current drain                          | 2 mA                                                                  |  |
| Terminal block connection              |                                                                       |  |
| Terminal block                         | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08                                    |  |

| Solid or stranded wire |                     |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| Maximum wire diameter  | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> |

# 9.1.2.4 CPU digital outputs

Table. 9.1.2.4 - 227. Digital outputs (Normally Open)

| Rated values                                                                 |                                             |  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|
| Rated auxiliary voltage                                                      | 265 V (AC/DC)                               |  |
| Continuous carry                                                             | 5 A                                         |  |
| Make and carry 0.5 s<br>Make and carry 3 s                                   | 30 A<br>15 A                                |  |
| Breaking capacity, DC (L/R = 40 ms)<br>at 48 VDC<br>at 110 VDC<br>at 220 VDC | 1 A<br>0.4 A<br>0.2 A                       |  |
| Control rate                                                                 | 5 ms                                        |  |
| Settings                                                                     |                                             |  |
| Polarity                                                                     | Software settable: Normally On/Normally Off |  |
| Terminal block connection                                                    |                                             |  |
| Terminal block                                                               | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08          |  |
| Solid or stranded wire<br>Maximum wire diameter                              | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                         |  |

Table. 9.1.2.4 - 228. Digital outputs (Change-Over)

| Rated values                                                                 |                                             |  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|
| Rated auxiliary voltage                                                      | 265 V (AC/DC)                               |  |
| Continuous carry                                                             | 5 A                                         |  |
| Make and carry 0.5 s<br>Make and carry 3 s                                   | 30 A<br>15 A                                |  |
| Breaking capacity, DC (L/R = 40 ms)<br>at 48 VDC<br>at 110 VDC<br>at 220 VDC | 1 A<br>0.4 A<br>0.2 A                       |  |
| Control rate                                                                 | 5 ms                                        |  |
| Settings                                                                     |                                             |  |
| Polarity                                                                     | Software settable: Normally On/Normally Off |  |
| Terminal block connection                                                    |                                             |  |
| Terminal block                                                               | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08          |  |
| Solid or stranded wire<br>Maximum wire diameter                              | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                         |  |

#### 9.1.3 Option cards

#### 9.1.3.1 Digital input module

Table. 9.1.3.1 - 229. Technical data for the digital input module.

| Rated values                              |                                                                                              |  |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Rated auxiliary voltage                   | 5265 V (AC/DC)                                                                               |  |
| Current drain                             | 2 mA                                                                                         |  |
| Scanning rate<br>Activation/release delay | 5 ms<br>511 ms                                                                               |  |
| Settings                                  |                                                                                              |  |
| Pick-up threshold<br>Release threshold    | Software settable: 16200 V, setting step 1 V<br>Software settable: 10200 V, setting step 1 V |  |
| Pick-up delay                             | Software settable: 01800 s                                                                   |  |
| Drop-off delay                            | Software settable: 01800 s                                                                   |  |
| Polarity                                  | Software settable: Normally On/Normally Off                                                  |  |
| Terminal block connection                 |                                                                                              |  |
| Terminal block                            | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08                                                           |  |
| Solid or stranded wire                    |                                                                                              |  |
| Maximum wire diameter                     | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                                                                          |  |

#### 9.1.3.2 Digital output module

Table. 9.1.3.2 - 230. Technical data for the digital output module.

| Rated values                                                                 |                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Rated auxiliary voltage                                                      | 265 V (AC/DC)                               |
| Continuous carry                                                             | 5 A                                         |
| Make and carry 0.5 s<br>Make and carry 3 s                                   | 30 A<br>15 A                                |
| Breaking capacity, DC (L/R = 40 ms)<br>at 48 VDC<br>at 110 VDC<br>at 220 VDC | 1 A<br>0.4 A<br>0.2 A                       |
| Control rate                                                                 | 5 ms                                        |
| Settings                                                                     |                                             |
| Polarity                                                                     | Software settable: Normally On/Normally Off |
| Terminal block connection                                                    |                                             |
| Terminal block                                                               | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08          |
| Solid or stranded wire                                                       |                                             |
| Maximum wire diameter                                                        | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                         |

#### 9.1.3.3 Point sensor arc protection module

Table. 9.1.3.3 - 231. Technical data for the point sensor arc protection module.

Connections

| Input arc point sensor channels               | S1, S2, S3, S4 (pressure and light, or light only)                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sensors per channel                           | 3                                                                                                    |
| Performance                                   |                                                                                                      |
| Pick-up light intensity                       | 8, 25 or 50 kLx (the sensor is selectable in the order code)                                         |
| Point sensor detection radius                 | 180 degrees                                                                                          |
| Start and instant operating time (light only) | Typically <5 ms with dedicated semiconductor outputs (HSO)<br>Typically <10 ms regular output relays |

Table. 9.1.3.3 - 232. High-Speed Outputs (HSO1...2)

| Rated values                               |                                    |  |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Rated auxiliary voltage                    | 250 VDC                            |  |
| Continuous carry                           | 2 A                                |  |
| Make and carry 0.5 s<br>Make and carry 3 s | 15 A<br>6 A                        |  |
| Breaking capacity, DC (L/R = 40 ms)        | 1 A/110 W                          |  |
| Control rate                               | 5 ms                               |  |
| Operation delay                            | <1 ms                              |  |
| Polarity                                   | Normally Off                       |  |
| Contact material                           | Semiconductor                      |  |
| Terminal block connection                  |                                    |  |
| Terminal block                             | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08 |  |
| Solid or stranded wire                     |                                    |  |
| Maximum wire diameter                      | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                |  |

Table. 9.1.3.3 - 233. Binary input channel

| Rated values                                              |                                    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Voltage withstand                                         | 265 VDC                            |
| Nominal voltage<br>Pick-up threshold<br>Release threshold | 24 VDC<br>≥16 VDC<br>≤15 VDC       |
| Scanning rate                                             | 5 ms                               |
| Polarity                                                  | Normally Off                       |
| Current drain                                             | 3 mA                               |
| Terminal block connection                                 |                                    |
| Terminal block                                            | Phoenix Contact MSTB 2,5/5-ST-5,08 |
| Solid or stranded wire                                    |                                    |
| Maximum wire diameter                                     | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                |

NOTE! Polarity has to be correct.

#### 9.1.3.4 Milliampere module (mA out & mA in)

Table. 9.1.3.4 - 234. Technical data for the milliampere module.

Signals

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| Output magnitudes                  | 4 × mA output signal (DC)                          |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Input magnitudes                   | 1 × mA input signal (DC)                           |
| mA input                           |                                                    |
| Range (hardware)                   | 033 mA                                             |
| Range (measurement)                | 024 mA                                             |
| Inaccuracy                         | ±0.1 mA                                            |
| Update cycle                       | 510 000 ms, setting step 5 ms                      |
| Response time @ 5 ms cycle         | ~ 15 ms (1318 ms)                                  |
| Update cycle time inaccuracy       | Max. +20 ms above the set cycle                    |
| mA input scaling range             | 04000 mA                                           |
| Output scaling range               | -1 000 000.00001 000 000.0000, setting step 0.0001 |
| mA output                          |                                                    |
| Inaccuracy @ 024 mA                | ±0.01 mA                                           |
| Response time @ 5 ms cycle [fixed] | < 5 ms                                             |
| mA output scaling range            | 024 mA, setting step 0.001 mA                      |
| Source signal scaling range        | -1 000 000.0001 000 000.0000, setting step 0.0001  |

#### 9.1.3.5 RTD input module

Table. 9.1.3.5 - 235. Technical data for the RTD input module.

| Channels 1-8    |  |
|-----------------|--|
| 2/3/4-wire RTD  |  |
| Pt100 or Pt1000 |  |

#### 9.1.3.6 RS-232 & serial fiber communication module

Table. 9.1.3.6 - 236. Technical data for the RS-232 & serial fiber communication module.

| Ports                      |
|----------------------------|
| RS-232                     |
| Serial fiber (GG/PP/GP/PG) |
| Serial port wavelength     |
| 660 nm                     |
| Cable type                 |
| 1 mm plastic fiber         |

#### 9.1.3.7 Double LC 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module

Table. 9.1.3.7 - 237. Technical data for the double LC 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module.

| Protocols               |             |  |
|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Protocols               | HSR and PRP |  |
| Ports                   |             |  |
| Quantity of fiber ports | 2           |  |

|             | LC fiber connector<br>Wavelength 1300 nm   |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Fiber cable | 50/125 μm or 62.5/125 μm multimode (glass) |

#### 9.1.3.8 Double ST 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module

Table. 9.1.3.8 - 238. Technical data for the double ST 100 Mbps Ethernet communication module.

| General information    |                                             |  |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|
| Ports                  | ST connectors (2) and IRIG-B connector (1)  |  |
| Protocols              |                                             |  |
| Protocols              | IEC61850, DNP/TCP, Modbus/TCP, IEC104 & FTP |  |
| ST connectors          |                                             |  |
|                        | Duplex ST connectors                        |  |
| Connector type         | 62.5/125 μm or 50/125 μm multimode fiber    |  |
|                        | 100BASE-FX                                  |  |
| Transmitter wavelength | 12601360 nm (nominal: 1310 nm)              |  |
| Receiver wavelength    | 11001600 nm                                 |  |
| Maximum distance       | 2 km                                        |  |
| IRIG-B Connector       |                                             |  |
| Connector type         | Phoenix Contact MC 1,5/ 2-ST-3,5 BD:1-2     |  |

#### 9.1.4 Display

Table. 9.1.4 - 239. Technical data for the HMI LCD display.

| Dimensions and resolution           |                                   |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Number of dots/resolution 320 x 160 |                                   |  |
| Size                                | 84.78 × 49.90 mm (3.34 × 1.96 in) |  |
| Display                             |                                   |  |
| Type of display                     | LCD                               |  |
| Color                               | Monochrome                        |  |

# 9.2 Functions

9.2.1 Protection functions

#### 9.2.1.1 Non-directional overcurrent protection (I>; 50/51)

Table. 9.2.1.1 - 240. Technical data for the non-directional overcurrent function.

| Measurement inputs       |                                                                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current inputs           | Phase current inputs: $I_{L1}$ (A), $I_{L2}$ (B), $I_{L3}$ (C)           |
| Current input magnitudes | RMS phase currents<br>TRMS phase currents<br>Peak-to-peak phase currents |
| Pick-up                  | ·                                                                        |

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| $0.1050.00 \times I_n$ , setting step $0.01 \times I_n$                                                                              |  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 0.1050.00 %I <sub>fund</sub> , setting step 0.01 %I <sub>fund</sub>                                                                  |  |  |
| $\pm 0.5$ %l <sub>set</sub> or $\pm 15$ mA (0.104.0 × I <sub>set</sub> )<br>$\pm 1.0$ %-unit of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic setting |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                      |  |  |
| 0.001800.00 s, setting step 0.005 s                                                                                                  |  |  |
| ±1.0 % or ±20 ms<br>±1.0 % or ±30 ms                                                                                                 |  |  |
| 0.0125.00, step 0.01<br>0250.0000, step 0.0001<br>05.0000, step 0.0001<br>0250.0000, step 0.0001                                     |  |  |
| ±1.5 % or ±20 ms<br>±20 ms                                                                                                           |  |  |
| <30 ms                                                                                                                               |  |  |
| Instant operation time                                                                                                               |  |  |
| <35 ms (typically 25 ms)<br><50 ms                                                                                                   |  |  |
| Reset                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| 97 % of the pick-up current setting                                                                                                  |  |  |
| 0.01010.000 s, step 0.005 s<br>±1.0 % or ±50 ms                                                                                      |  |  |
| <50 ms                                                                                                                               |  |  |
|                                                                                                                                      |  |  |

#### Note!

• The release delay does not apply to phase-specific tripping.

#### 9.2.1.2 Non-directional earth fault protection (I0>; 50N/51N)

Table. 9.2.1.2 - 241. Technical data for the non-directional earth fault function.

| Measurement inputs         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Current input (selectable) | Residual current channel $I_{01}$ (Coarse)<br>Residual current channel $I_{02}$ (Fine)<br>Calculated residual current: $I_{L1}$ (A), $I_{L2}$ (B), $I_{L3}$ (C)                                                              |  |
| Current input magnitudes   | RMS residual current (I <sub>01</sub> , I <sub>02</sub> or calculated I <sub>0</sub> )<br>TRMS residual current (I <sub>01</sub> or I <sub>02</sub> )<br>Peak-to-peak residual current (I <sub>01</sub> or I <sub>02</sub> ) |  |
| Pick-up                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
| Used magnitude             | Measured residual current I01 (1 A)<br>Measured residual current I02 (0.2 A)<br>Calculated residual current I0Calc (5 A)                                                                                                     |  |
| Pick-up current setting    | $0.000140.00 \times I_n, \text{ setting step } 0.0001 \times I_n$                                                                                                                                                            |  |

| Inaccuracy:<br>- Starting I01 (1 A)<br>- Starting I02 (0.2 A)<br>- Starting I0Calc (5 A)                                                              | ±0.5 %I0 <sub>set</sub> or ±3 mA (0.00510.0 × I <sub>set</sub> )<br>±1.5 %I0 <sub>set</sub> or ±1.0 mA (0.00525.0 × I <sub>set</sub> )<br>±1.0 %I0 <sub>set</sub> or ±15 mA (0.0054.0 × I <sub>set</sub> ) |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Operating time                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Definite time function operating time setting                                                                                                         | 0.001800.00 s, setting step 0.005 s                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Definite time: I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>set</sub> ratio > 3<br>- Definite time: I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>set</sub> ratio = 1.053         | ±1.0 % or ±20 ms<br>±1.0 % or ±30 ms                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| IDMT setting parameters:<br>- k Time dial setting for IDMT<br>- A IDMT constant<br>- B IDMT constant<br>- C IDMT constant                             | 0.0125.00, step 0.01<br>0250.0000, step 0.0001<br>05.0000, step 0.0001<br>0250.0000, step 0.0001                                                                                                           |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- IDMT operating time<br>- IDMT minimum operating time                                                                                 | ±1.5 % or ±20 ms<br>±20 ms                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| Retardation time (overshoot)                                                                                                                          | <30 ms                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| Instant operation time                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Start time and instant operation time (trip):<br>- I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>set</sub> ratio > 3.5<br>- I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>set</sub> ratio = 1.053.5 | <50 ms (typically 35 ms)<br><55 ms                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| Reset                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Reset ratio                                                                                                                                           | 97 % of the pick-up current setting                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Reset time setting<br>Inaccuracy: Reset time                                                                                                          | 0.01010.000 s, step 0.005 s<br>±1.0 % or ±50 ms                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Instant reset time and start-up reset                                                                                                                 | <50 ms                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |

#### Note!

• The operation and reset time accuracy does not apply when the measured secondary current in I02 is 1...20 mA. The pick-up is tuned to be more sensitive and the operation times vary because of this.

# 9.2.1.3 Negative sequence overcurrent/ phase current reversal/ current unbalance protection (I2>; 46/46R/46L)

Table. 9.2.1.3 - 242. Technical data for the current unbalance function.

| Measurement inputs                                 |                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current inputs                                     | Phase current inputs: $I_{L1}$ (A), $I_{L2}$ (B), $I_{L3}$ (C)                                                      |
| Current input calculations                         | Positive sequence current (I1)<br>Negative sequence current (I2)                                                    |
| Pick-up                                            |                                                                                                                     |
| Used magnitude                                     | Negative sequence component l2pu<br>Relative unbalance l2/l1                                                        |
| Pick-up setting                                    | 0.0140.00 × I <sub>n</sub> , setting step 0.01 × I <sub>n</sub> (I2pu)<br>1.00200.00 %, setting step 0.01 % (I2/I1) |
| Minimum phase current (at least one phase above)   | $0.012.00 \times I_n$ , setting step $0.01 \times I_n$                                                              |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Starting I2pu<br>- Starting I2/I1 | ±1.0 %-unit or ±100 mA (0.104.0 × I <sub>n</sub> )<br>±1.0 %-unit or ±100 mA (0.104.0 × I <sub>n</sub> )            |

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| Operating time                                                                                                            |                                                                                                  |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Definite time function operating time setting                                                                             | 0.001800.00 s, setting step 0.005 s                                                              |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Definite time (I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>set</sub> ratio > 1.05)                                            | ±1.5 % or ±60 ms                                                                                 |  |
| IDMT setting parameters:<br>- k Time dial setting for IDMT<br>- A IDMT Constant<br>- B IDMT Constant<br>- C IDMT Constant | 0.0125.00, step 0.01<br>0250.0000, step 0.0001<br>05.0000, step 0.0001<br>0250.0000, step 0.0001 |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- IDMT operating time<br>- IDMT minimum operating time                                                     | ±2.0 % or ±30 ms<br>±20 ms                                                                       |  |
| Retardation time (overshoot)                                                                                              | <5 ms                                                                                            |  |
| Instant operation time                                                                                                    |                                                                                                  |  |
| Start time and instant operation time (trip):<br>- I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>set</sub> ratio > 1.05                          | <70 ms                                                                                           |  |
| Reset                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                  |  |
| Reset ratio                                                                                                               | 97 % of the pick-up setting                                                                      |  |
| Reset time setting<br>Inaccuracy: Reset time                                                                              | 0.01010.000 s, step 0.005 s<br>±1.5 % or ±60 ms                                                  |  |
| Instant reset time and start-up reset                                                                                     | <55 ms                                                                                           |  |

#### 9.2.1.4 Harmonic overcurrent protection (Ih>; 50H/51H/68H)

Table. 9.2.1.4 - 243. Technical data for the harmonic overcurrent function.

| Measurement inputs                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current inputs                                                                                                    | Phase current inputs: I <sub>L1</sub> (A), I <sub>L2</sub> (B), I <sub>L3</sub> (C)<br>Residual current channel I <sub>01</sub> (Coarse)<br>Residual current channel I <sub>02</sub> (Fine)                               |
| Pick-up                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Harmonic selection                                                                                                | 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 3 <sup>rd</sup> , 4 <sup>th</sup> , 5 <sup>th</sup> , 6 <sup>th</sup> 7 <sup>th</sup> , 9 <sup>th</sup> , 11 <sup>th</sup> , 13 <sup>th</sup> , 15 <sup>th</sup> , 17 <sup>th</sup> or 19 <sup>th</sup> |
| Used magnitude                                                                                                    | Harmonic per unit (× I <sub>N</sub> )<br>Harmonic relative (Ih/IL)                                                                                                                                                        |
| Pick-up setting                                                                                                   | 0.052.00 × I <sub>N</sub> , setting step 0.01 × I <sub>N</sub> (× I <sub>N</sub> )<br>5.00200.00 %, setting step 0.01 % (Ih/IL)                                                                                           |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Starting × I <sub>N</sub><br>- Starting × Ih/IL                                                  | $\begin{array}{l} < 0.03 \times I_N \; (2^{nd},  3^{rd},  5^{th}) \\ < 0.03 \times I_N \; \text{tolerance to Ih} \; (2^{nd},  3^{rd},  5^{th}) \end{array}$                                                               |
| Operation time                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Definite time function operating time setting                                                                     | 0.001800.00 s, setting step 0.005 s                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Definite time (I <sub>M</sub> /I <sub>SET</sub> ratio >1.05)                                     | ±1.0 % or ±35 ms                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| IDMT setting parameters:<br>k Time dial setting for IDMT<br>A IDMT constant<br>B IDMT constant<br>C IDMT constant | 0.0125.00, step 0.01<br>0250.0000, step 0.0001<br>05.0000, step 0.0001<br>0250.0000, step 0.0001                                                                                                                          |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- IDMT operating time<br>- IDMT minimum operating time                                             | ±1.5 % or ±20 ms<br>±20 ms                                                                                                                                                                                                |

| Instant operation time                                                                        |                                                 |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--|
| Start time and instant operation time (trip):<br>I <sub>M</sub> /I <sub>SET</sub> ratio >1.05 | <50 ms                                          |  |
| Reset                                                                                         |                                                 |  |
| Reset ratio                                                                                   | 95 % of the pick-up setting                     |  |
| Reset time setting<br>Inaccuracy: Reset time                                                  | 0.01010.000 s, step 0.005 s<br>±1.0 % or ±35 ms |  |
| Instant reset time and start-up reset                                                         | <50 ms                                          |  |

#### Note!

- Harmonics generally: The amplitude of the harmonic content has to be least  $0.02 \times I_N$  when the relative mode (Ih/IL) is used.
- Blocking: To achieve fast activation for blocking purposes with the harmonic overcurrent stage, note that the harmonic stage may be activated by a rapid load change or fault situation. An intentional activation lasts for approximately 20 ms if a harmonic component is not present. The harmonic stage stays active if the harmonic content is above the pick-up limit.
- Tripping: When using the harmonic overcurrent stage for tripping, please ensure that the operation time is set to 20 ms (DT) or longer to avoid nuisance tripping caused by the above-mentioned reasons.

#### 9.2.1.5 Circuit breaker failure protection (CBFP; 50BF/52BF)

Table. 9.2.1.5 - 244. Technical data for the circuit breaker failure protection function.

| Measurement inputs                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                          |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Current inputs                                                                                                            | Phase current inputs: $I_{L1}$ (A), $I_{L2}$ (B), $I_{L3}$ (C)<br>Residual current channel $I_{01}$ (Coarse)<br>Residual current channel $I_{02}$ (Fine) |  |
| Current input magnitudes                                                                                                  | RMS phase currents RMS residual current ( $I_{01}$ , $I_{02}$ or calculated $I_0$ )                                                                      |  |
| Pick-up                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Monitored signals                                                                                                         | Digital input status, digital output status, logical signals                                                                                             |  |
| Pick-up current setting:<br>- IL1IL3<br>- I01, I02, I0Calc                                                                | 0.1040.00 × I <sub>N</sub> , setting step 0.01 × I <sub>N</sub><br>0.00540.00 × I <sub>N</sub> , setting step 0.005 × I <sub>N</sub>                     |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Starting phase current (5A)<br>- Starting I01 (1 A)<br>- Starting I02 (0.2 A)<br>- Starting I0Calc (5 A) |                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Operation time                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Definite time function operating time setting                                                                             | 0.0501800.000 s, setting step 0.005 s                                                                                                                    |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Current criteria (IM/I <sub>SET</sub> ratio 1.05→)<br>- DO or DI only                                    | ±1.0 % or ±55 ms<br>±15 ms                                                                                                                               |  |
| Reset                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Reset ratio                                                                                                               | 97 % of the pick-up current setting                                                                                                                      |  |
| Reset time                                                                                                                | <50 ms                                                                                                                                                   |  |

# 9.2.1.6 Low-impedance or high-impedance restricted earth fault/ cable end differential protection (I0d>; 87N)

Table. 9.2.1.6 - 245. Technical data for the restricted earth fault/cable end differential function.

| Measurement inputs                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Current inputs                                                                      | Phase current inputs: $I_{L1}$ (A), $I_{L2}$ (B), $I_{L3}$ (C)<br>Residual current channel $I_{01}$ (Coarse)<br>Residual current channel $I_{02}$ (Fine)                                        |  |
| Current input calculations                                                          | Calculated bias and residual differential currents                                                                                                                                              |  |
| Pick-up                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| Operating modes                                                                     | Restricted earth fault<br>Cable end differential                                                                                                                                                |  |
| Characteristics                                                                     | Biased differential with 3 settable sections and 2 slopes                                                                                                                                       |  |
| Pick-up current sensitivity setting<br>Slope 1<br>Slope 2<br>Bias (Turnpoint 1 & 2) | 0.0150.00 % (I <sub>N</sub> ), setting step 0.01 %<br>0.00150.00 %, setting step 0.01 %<br>0.00250.00 %, setting step 0.01 %<br>0.0150.00 × I <sub>N</sub> , setting step 0.01 × I <sub>N</sub> |  |
| Inaccuracy<br>- Starting                                                            | $\pm 3\%$ of the set pick-up value > $0.5\times I_N$ setting. $\pm 5$ mA < $0.5\times I_N$ setting                                                                                              |  |
| Operation time                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| Instant operation time<br>1.05 x I <sub>SET</sub>                                   | <30 ms                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Reset                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |
| Reset ratio                                                                         | No hysteresis                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Reset time                                                                          | <40 ms                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |

#### 9.2.1.7 Line thermal overload protection (TF>; 49F)

Table. 9.2.1.7 - 246. Technical data for the line thermal overload protection function.

| Measurement inputs                                                            |                                                                                                                       |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Current inputs                                                                | Phase current inputs: $I_{L1}$ (A), $I_{L2}$ (B), $I_{L3}$ (C)                                                        |  |
| Current input magnitudes                                                      | TRMS phase currents (up to the 31 <sup>st</sup> harmonic)                                                             |  |
| Settings                                                                      |                                                                                                                       |  |
| Time constants τ                                                              | 1                                                                                                                     |  |
| Time constant value                                                           | 0.0500.00 min, step 0.1 min                                                                                           |  |
| Service factor (maximum overloading)                                          | $0.015.00 \times I_N$ , step $0.01 \times I_N$                                                                        |  |
| Thermal model biasing                                                         | <ul> <li>Ambient temperature (Set –60.0500.0 deg, step 0.1 deg and RTD)</li> <li>Negative sequence current</li> </ul> |  |
| Thermal replica temperature estimates                                         | Selectable between °C and °F                                                                                          |  |
| Outputs                                                                       |                                                                                                                       |  |
| - Alarm 1<br>- Alarm 2<br>- Thermal trip<br>- Trip delay<br>- Restart inhibit | 0150 %, step 1 %<br>0150 %, step 1 %<br>0150 %, step 1 %<br>0.0003600.000 s, step 0.005 s<br>0150 %, step 1 %         |  |
| Inaccuracy                                                                    |                                                                                                                       |  |

| Ű  | ±0.5 % of the set pick-up value<br>±5 % or ± 500 ms |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------|
| -1 |                                                     |

#### 9.2.1.8 Resistance temperature detectors

Table. 9.2.1.8 - 247. Technical data of the resistance temperature detectors.

| Inputs                                           |                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Resistance input magnitudes                      | Measured temperatures measured by RTD sensors                                                                                   |
| Alarm channels                                   | 12 individual alarm channels                                                                                                    |
| Settable alarms                                  | 24 alarms available (two per each alarm channel)                                                                                |
| Pick-up                                          |                                                                                                                                 |
| Alarm setting range<br>Inaccuracy<br>Reset ratio | 101.002000.00 deg, setting step 0.1 deg (either < or > setting)<br>±3 % of the set pick-up value<br>97 % of the pick-up setting |
| Operation                                        |                                                                                                                                 |
| Operating time                                   | Typically <500 ms                                                                                                               |

## 9.2.1.9 Arc fault protection (IArc>/I0Arc>; 50Arc/50NArc) (optional)

Table. 9.2.1.9 - 248. Technical data for the arc fault protection function.

| Measurement inputs                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Current inputs                                                                                                   | Phase current inputs: $I_{L1}$ (A), $I_{L2}$ (B), $I_{L3}$ (C)<br>Residual current channel $I_{01}$ (Coarse)<br>Residual current channel $I_{02}$ (Fine)                                                                                  |  |
| Current input magnitudes                                                                                         | Sample-based phase current measurement<br>Sample-based residual current measurement                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| Arc point sensor inputs                                                                                          | Channels S1, S2, S3, S4 (pressure and light sensor, or light-only sensor)<br>Up to four (4) sensors per channel                                                                                                                           |  |
| System frequency operating range                                                                                 | 6.0075.00 Hz                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
| Pick-up                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| Pick-up current setting (phase current)<br>Pick-up current setting (residual current)<br>Pick-up light intensity | $\begin{array}{l} 0.5040.00\times I_N, \text{ setting step } 0.01\times I_N\\ 0.1040.00\times I_N, \text{ setting step } 0.01\times I_N\\ 8, 25 \text{ or } 50 \text{ kLx} (\text{the sensor is selected in the order code}) \end{array}$ |  |
| Starting inaccuracy (IArc> and IOArc>)                                                                           | $\pm 3$ % of the set pick-up value > 0.5 × I <sub>N</sub> setting. 5 mA < 0.5 × I <sub>N</sub> setting.                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Point sensor detection radius                                                                                    | 180 degrees                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Operation time                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| Light only:<br>- Semiconductor outputs HSO1 and HSO2<br>- Regular relay outputs                                  | Typically 7 ms (3…12 ms)<br>Typically 10 ms (6.5…15 ms)                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Light + current criteria (zone 14):<br>- Semiconductor outputs HSO1 and HSO2<br>- Regular relay outputs          | Typically 10 ms (6.514 ms)<br>Typically 14 ms (1018 ms)                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| Arc BI only:<br>- Semiconductor outputs HSO1 and HSO2<br>- Regular relay outputs                                 | Typically 7 ms (212 ms)<br>Typically 10 ms (6.515 ms)                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| Reset                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| Reset ratio for current                                                                                          | 97 % of the pick-up setting                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Reset time                                                                                                       | <35 ms                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |

#### Note!

• The maximum length of the arc sensor cable is 200 meters.

#### 9.2.1.10 Voltage memory

Table. 9.2.1.10 - 249. Technical data for the voltage memory function.

| Measurement inputs                                                            |                                                                                                                                 |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Voltage inputs                                                                | U <sub>L1</sub> , U <sub>L2</sub> , U <sub>L3</sub><br>U <sub>L12</sub> , U <sub>L23</sub> , U <sub>L31</sub> + U <sub>0</sub>  |  |
| Current inputs (back-up frequency)                                            | Phase current inputs: IL1 (A), IL2 (B), IL3 (C)                                                                                 |  |
| Pick-up                                                                       |                                                                                                                                 |  |
| Pick-up voltage setting<br>Pick-up current setting (optional)                 | 2.0050.00 %U <sub>N</sub> , setting step 0.01 x %U <sub>N</sub> 0.0150.00 × I <sub>N</sub> , setting step 0.01 × I <sub>N</sub> |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Voltage<br>- Current                                         | $\pm 1.5$ %User or $\pm 30$ mV<br>$\pm 0.5$ %Iser or $\pm 15$ mA (0.104.0 × Iser)                                               |  |
| Operation time                                                                |                                                                                                                                 |  |
| Angle memory activation delay                                                 | <20 ms (typically 5 ms)                                                                                                         |  |
| Maximum active time                                                           | 0.02050.000 s, setting step 0.005 s                                                                                             |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Definite time (U <sub>M</sub> /U <sub>SET</sub> ratio >1.05) | ±1.0 % or ±35 ms                                                                                                                |  |
| Angle memory                                                                  |                                                                                                                                 |  |
| Angle drift while voltage is absent                                           | ±1.0° per 1 second                                                                                                              |  |
| Reset                                                                         |                                                                                                                                 |  |
| Reset ratio:<br>- Voltage memory (voltage)<br>- Voltage memory (current)      | 103 % of the pick-up voltage setting<br>97 % of the pick-up current setting                                                     |  |
| Reset time                                                                    | <50 ms                                                                                                                          |  |

#### Note!

- Voltage memory is activated only when all line voltages fall below set pick-up value.
- Voltage memory activation captures healthy situation voltage angles, one cycle before actual activation (50Hz/20ms before "bolted" fault)

#### 9.2.2 Control functions

#### 9.2.2.1 Setting group selection

Table. 9.2.2.1 - 250. Technical data for the setting group selection function.

| Settings and control modes |                                                                                    |  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Setting groups             | 8 independent, control-prioritized setting groups                                  |  |
| Control scale              | scale Common for all installed functions which support setting groups              |  |
| Control mode               |                                                                                    |  |
| Local                      | Any digital signal available in the device                                         |  |
| Remote                     | Force change overrule of local controls either from the setting tool, HMI or SCADA |  |

| Operation time |                                         |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Reaction time  | <5 ms from receiving the control signal |

# 9.2.2.2 Object control and monitoring

Table. 9.2.2.2 - 251. Technical data for the object control and monitoring function.

| Signals                                       |                                                          |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Input signals                                 | Digital inputs<br>Software signals                       |  |
| Output signals                                | Close command output<br>Open command output              |  |
| Operation time                                |                                                          |  |
| Breaker traverse time setting                 | 0.02500.00 s, setting step 0.02 s                        |  |
| Max. close/open command pulse length          | 0.02500.00 s, setting step 0.02 s                        |  |
| Control termination time out setting          | 0.02500.00 s, setting step 0.02 s                        |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Definite time operating time | ±0.5 % or ±10 ms                                         |  |
| Breaker control operation time                |                                                          |  |
| External object control time                  | <75 ms                                                   |  |
| Object control during auto-reclosing          | See the technical sheet for the auto-reclosing function. |  |

## 9.2.2.3 Auto-reclosing (0 $\rightarrow$ 1; 79)

Table. 9.2.2.3 - 252. Technical data for the auto-reclosing function.

| Input signals                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Input signals                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Software signals (protection, logics, etc.)<br>Binary inputs                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| Requests                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| REQ1-5                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 5 priority request inputs; can be set parallel as signals to each request                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| Shots                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| 1-5 shots                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 5 independent or scheme-controlled shots in each AR request                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Operation time                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| Operating time settings:<br>- Lockout after successful AR<br>- Object close reclaim time<br>- AR shot starting delay<br>- AR shot dead time delay<br>- AR shot action time<br>- AR shot specific reclaim time | 0.0001800.000 s, setting step 0.005 s<br>0.0001800.000 s, setting step 0.005 s |  |
| Inaccuracy                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| AR starting (from a protection stage's START signal)                                                                                                                                                          | ±1.0 % or ±30 ms (AR delay)                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| AR starting (from a protection stage's TRIP signal)                                                                                                                                                           | Trip delay inaccuracy +25 ms (Protection + AR delay)                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| Dead time                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ±1.0 % or ±35 ms (AR delay)                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Action time                                                                                                                                                                                                   | ±1.0 % or ±30 ms (AR delay)                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Instant starting time                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| Instant operation time                                                                                                                                                                                        | Protection activation delay + 15 ms (Protection + AR delay)                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |

#### 9.2.2.4 Cold load pick-up (CLPU)

Table. 9.2.2.4 - 253. Technical data for the cold load pick-up function.

| Measurement inputs                                                                                    |                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current inputs                                                                                        | Phase current inputs: IL1 (A), IL2 (B), IL3 (C)                                                                         |
| Current input magnitudes                                                                              | RMS phase currents                                                                                                      |
| Pick-up                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |
| Pick-up current setting<br>- ILOW/IHIGH/IOVER                                                         | $0.0140.00 \times I_N$ , setting step $0.01 \times I_N$                                                                 |
| Reset ratio                                                                                           | 97 % of the pick-up current setting                                                                                     |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Current                                                                              | ±0.5 %Iset or ±15 mA (0.104.0 × Iset)                                                                                   |
| Operation time                                                                                        |                                                                                                                         |
| Definite time function operating time settings:<br>- tsET<br>- t <sub>MAX</sub><br>- t <sub>MIN</sub> | 0.0001800.000 s, setting step 0.005 s<br>0.0001800.000 s, setting step 0.005 s<br>0.0001800.000 s, setting step 0.005 s |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Definite time (I <sub>M</sub> /I <sub>SET</sub> ratio = 1.05/0.95)                   | ±1.0 % or ±45 ms                                                                                                        |
| Instant operation time                                                                                |                                                                                                                         |
| CLPU activation and release                                                                           | <45 ms (measured from the trip contact)                                                                                 |

#### Note!

• A single-phase current (IL1, IL2 or IL3) is enough to prolong or release the blocking during an overcurrent condition.

#### 9.2.2.5 Switch-on-to-fault (SOTF)

Table. 9.2.2.5 - 254. Technical data for the switch-on-to-fault function.

| Initialization signals                                                    |                                                            |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| SOTF activate input                                                       | Any IED blocking input signal (Object closed signal, etc.) |  |
| Pick-up                                                                   |                                                            |  |
| SOTF function input         Any IED blocking input signal (I> or similar) |                                                            |  |
| SOTF activation time                                                      |                                                            |  |
| Activation time                                                           | <40 ms (measured from the trip contact)                    |  |
| SOTF release time                                                         |                                                            |  |
| Release time setting                                                      | 0.0001800.000 s, setting step 0.005 s                      |  |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Definite time                                            | ±1.0 % or ±30 ms                                           |  |
| SOTF instant release time                                                 | <40 ms (measured from the trip contact)                    |  |

## 9.2.3 Monitoring functions

### 9.2.3.1 Current transformer supervision

Table. 9.2.3.1 - 255. Technical data for the current transformer supervision function.

| Measurement inputs                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current inputs                                                                                                           | Phase current inputs: $I_{L1}$ (A), $I_{L2}$ (B), $I_{L3}$ (C)<br>Residual current channel $I_{01}$ (Coarse) (optional)<br>Residual current channel $I_{02}$ (Fine) (optional)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Current input magnitudes                                                                                                 | RMS phase currents<br>RMS residual current (I <sub>01</sub> , I <sub>02</sub> ) (optional)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Pick-up                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Pick-up current settings:<br>- IsET high limit<br>- IsET low limit<br>- IsUM difference<br>- ISET ratio<br>- I2/11 ratio | $\begin{array}{l} 0.1040.00 \times I_{N}, \mbox{ setting step } 0.01 \times I_{N} \\ 0.1040.00 \times I_{N}, \mbox{ setting step } 0.01 \times I_{N} \\ 0.1040.00 \times I_{N}, \mbox{ setting step } 0.01 \times I_{N} \\ 0.01100.00 \ \%, \mbox{ setting step } 0.01 \ \% \\ 0.01100.00 \ \%, \mbox{ setting step } 0.01 \ \% \end{array}$                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Starting IL1, IL2, IL3<br>- Starting I2/I1<br>- Starting I01 (1 A)<br>- Starting I02 (0.2 A)            | $\begin{array}{c} \pm 0.5 \ \% \text{I}_{\text{SET}} \ \text{or} \ \pm 15 \ \text{mA} \ (0.104.0 \times \text{I}_{\text{SET}}) \\ \pm 1.0 \ \% \text{I}_{\text{SET}} \ \text{J} \ 11_{\text{SET}} \ \text{or} \ \pm 100 \ \text{mA} \ (0.104.0 \times \text{I}_{\text{N}}) \\ \pm 0.5 \ \% \text{I}_{\text{SET}} \ \text{or} \ \pm 3 \ \text{mA} \ (0.00510.0 \times \text{I}_{\text{SET}}) \\ \pm 1.5 \ \% \text{I}_{\text{SET}} \ \text{or} \ \pm 1.0 \ \text{mA} \ (0.00525.0 \times \text{I}_{\text{SET}}) \end{array}$ |
| Time delay for alarm                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Definite time function operating time setting                                                                            | 0.001800.00 s, setting step 0.005 s                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Inaccuracy_<br>- Definite time (I <sub>M</sub> /I <sub>SET</sub> ratio > 1.05)                                           | ±2.0 % or ±80 ms                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Instant operation time (alarm):<br>- I <sub>M</sub> /I <sub>SET</sub> ratio > 1.05                                       | <80 ms (<50 ms in differential protection relays)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Reset                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Reset ratio                                                                                                              | 97/103 % of the pick-up current setting                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Instant reset time and start-up reset                                                                                    | <80 ms (<50 ms in differential protection relays)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

#### 9.2.3.2 Circuit breaker wear monitoring

Table. 9.2.3.2 - 256. Technical data for the circuit breaker wear monitoring function.

| Pick-up                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Breaker characteristics settings:<br>- Nominal breaking current<br>- Maximum breaking current<br>- Operations with nominal current<br>- Operations with maximum breaking current | 0.00100.00 kA, setting step 0.001 kA<br>0.00100.00 kA, setting step 0.001 kA<br>0200 000 operations, setting step 1 operation<br>0200 000 operations, setting step 1 operation |  |
| Pick-up setting for Alarm 1 and Alarm 2                                                                                                                                          | 0200 000 operations, setting step 1 operation                                                                                                                                  |  |
| Inaccuracy                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| Inaccuracy for current/operations counter:<br>- Current measurement element<br>- Operation counter                                                                               | $0.1\times$ I_N > I < 2 $\times$ I_N $\pm 0.2$ % of the measured current, rest 0.5 % $\pm 0.5$ % of operations deducted                                                        |  |

#### 9.2.3.3 Total harmonic distortion

Table. 9.2.3.3 - 257. Technical data for the total harmonic distortion function.

| Input signals                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current inputs                                                                                                                                                                            | Phase current inputs: I <sub>L1</sub> (A), I <sub>L2</sub> (B), I <sub>L3</sub> (C)<br>Residual current channel I <sub>01</sub> (Coarse)<br>Residual current channel I <sub>02</sub> (Fine) |
| Current input magnitudes                                                                                                                                                                  | Current measurement channels (FFT result) up to the 31 <sup>st</sup> harmonic component.                                                                                                    |
| Pick-up                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Operating modes                                                                                                                                                                           | Power THD<br>Amplitude THD                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Pick-up setting for all comparators                                                                                                                                                       | 0.10200.00 % , setting step 0.01 %                                                                                                                                                          |
| Inaccuracy                                                                                                                                                                                | $\pm 3$ % of the set pick-up value > 0.5 × I_N setting; 5 mA < 0.5 × I_N setting.                                                                                                           |
| Time delay                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Definite time function operating time setting for all timers                                                                                                                              | 0.001800.00 s, setting step 0.005 s                                                                                                                                                         |
| Inaccuracy:<br>- Definite time operating time<br>- Instant operating time, when $I_M/I_{SET}$ ratio > 3<br>- Instant operating time, when $I_M/I_{SET}$ ratio 1.05 <<br>$I_M/I_{SET}$ < 3 | ±0.5 % or ±10 ms<br>Typically <20ms<br>Typically <25 ms                                                                                                                                     |
| Reset                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Reset time                                                                                                                                                                                | Typically <10 ms                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Reset ratio                                                                                                                                                                               | 97 %                                                                                                                                                                                        |

#### 9.2.3.4 Disturbance recorder

Table. 9.2.3.4 - 258. Technical data for the disturbance recorder function.

| Recorded values                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                        |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Recorder<br>analog channels                                                                                               | 020 channels<br>Freely selectable                                                                                                                      |  |
| Recorder digital<br>channels     095 channels       Freely selectable analog and binary signals<br>5 ms sample rate (FFT) |                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Performance                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Sample rate 8, 16, 32 or 64 samples/cycle                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Recording length0.0001800.000 s, setting step 0.001 s<br>The maximum length is determined by the chosen signals.          |                                                                                                                                                        |  |
| Number of recordings                                                                                                      | 0100, 60 MB of shared flash memory reserved<br>The maximum number of recordings according to the chosen signals and operation time setting<br>combined |  |

# 9.2.3.5 Event logger

Table. 9.2.3.5 - 259. Technical data for the event logger function.

General information

| Event history capacity     | 15 000 events |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Event timestamp resolution | 0.001 seconds |

# 9.3 Tests and environmental

#### Electrical environment compatibility

Table. 9.3 - 260. Disturbance tests.

| All tests                          | CE-approved and tested according to EN 60255-26 |  |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--|
| Emissions                          |                                                 |  |
| Conducted emissions:               | 150 kHz30 MHz                                   |  |
| EN 60255-26 Ch. 5.2, CISPR 22      | 130 KI 1230 WH 12                               |  |
| Radiated emissions:                | 301 000 MHz                                     |  |
| EN 60255-26 Ch. 5.1, CISPR 11      | 30 1 000 Winz                                   |  |
| Immunity                           |                                                 |  |
| Electrostatic discharge (ESD):     | Air discharge 15 kV                             |  |
| EN 60255-26, IEC 61000-4-2         | Contact discharge 8 kV                          |  |
| Electrical fast transients (EFT):  | Power supply input 4 kV, 5/50 ns, 5 kHz         |  |
| EN 60255-26, IEC 61000-4-4         | Other inputs and outputs 4 kV, 5/50 ns, 5 kHz   |  |
| Surge:                             | Between wires 2 kV, 1.2/50 µs                   |  |
| EN 60255-26, IEC 61000-4-5         | Between wire and earth 4 kV, 1.2/50 $\mu s$     |  |
| Radiated RF electromagnetic field: | f = 801 000 MHz, 10 V/m                         |  |
| EN 60255-26, IEC 61000-4-3         | 1 - 001 000 WH2, 10 WH1                         |  |
| Conducted RF field:                | f = 150 kHz80 MHz, 10 V (RMS)                   |  |
| EN 60255-26, IEC 61000-4-6         |                                                 |  |

Table. 9.3 - 261. Voltage tests.

| Dielectric voltage test                                      |                        |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| EN 60255-27, IEC 60255-5, EN 60255-1 2 kV (AC), 50 Hz, 1 min |                        |  |
| Impulse voltage test                                         |                        |  |
| EN 60255-27, IEC 60255-5                                     | 5 kV, 1.2/50 μs, 0.5 J |  |

#### Physical environment compatibility

Table. 9.3 - 262. Mechanical tests.

| Vibration test                                  |                     |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| EN 60255-1, EN 60255-27, IEC 60255-21-1 Class 1 | 213.2 Hz, ± 3.5 mm  |
|                                                 | 13.2100 Hz, ± 1.0 g |
| Shock and bump test                             |                     |

Version: 2.08

| EN 60255-1,EN 60255-27, IEC 60255-21-2 Class 1 | 20 g, 1 000 bumps/direction. |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|

Table. 9.3 - 263. Environmental tests.

| Damp heat (cyclic)         |                                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| EN 60255-1, IEC 60068-2-30 | Operational: +25+55 °C, 9397 % (RH), 12+12h |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dry heat                   |                                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | Storage: +70 °C, 16 h                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EN 60255-1, IEC 60068-2-2  | Operational: +55 °C, 16 h                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cold test                  |                                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                            | Storage: –40 °C, 16 h                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EN 60255-1, IEC 60068-2-1  | Operational: –20 °C, 16 h                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table. 9.3 - 264. Environmental conditions.

| IP classes                              |              |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                         | IP54 (front) |  |  |  |  |
| Casing protection class                 | IP21 (rear)  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature ranges                      |              |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient service temperature range       | −35…+70 °C   |  |  |  |  |
| Transport and storage temperature range | _40…+70 °C   |  |  |  |  |
| Other                                   |              |  |  |  |  |
| Altitude                                | <2000 m      |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage category                    | 111          |  |  |  |  |
| Pollution degree                        | 2            |  |  |  |  |

# Casing and package

Table. 9.3 - 265. Dimensions and weight.

| Without packaging (net) |                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Dimensions              | Height: 117 mm (4U)<br>Width: 127 mm (¼ rack)<br>Depth: 174 mm (no cards & connectors) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight                  | eight 1.5 kg                                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With packaging (gross)  |                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions              | Height: 170 mm<br>Width: 242 mm<br>Depth: 219 mm                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight 2 kg             |                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# 10 Ordering information

|             |                                                                                                                             | AQ -   | F  | 2 | 1 | 0 · | P | X | 8 | X | A | X | A | - X | X | X | ) |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|---|---|---|
|             | Model                                                                                                                       |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| F           | Feeder protection                                                                                                           |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             |                                                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Device size                                                                                                                 |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| 1           | 1/4 of 19" rack                                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             |                                                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| 0           | Analog measurement                                                                                                          |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| U           | 5 Current measurement channels                                                                                              |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Mounting                                                                                                                    |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| Ρ           | Panel mounting                                                                                                              |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             |                                                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Auxiliary voltage                                                                                                           |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | 80265 VAC/DC                                                                                                                |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| L           | 1872 VDC                                                                                                                    |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Measurement accuracy class                                                                                                  |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| 8           | N/A                                                                                                                         |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             |                                                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Terminals                                                                                                                   |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| Ą           | Standard                                                                                                                    |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| В           | Ring lug terminals                                                                                                          |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             |                                                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| ^           | Reserved for future use<br>N/A                                                                                              |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | IV/A                                                                                                                        |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Digital inputs on power supply module                                                                                       |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| Ą           | 3 Digital inputs, 24 V nominal threshold                                                                                    |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| В           | 3 Digital inputs, 110 V nominal threshold                                                                                   |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| С           | 3 Digital inputs, 220 V nominal threshold                                                                                   |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | 2 Digital inputs, 24 V nominal threshold                                                                                    |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | 2 Digital inputs, 110 V nominal threshold                                                                                   |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| F           | 2 Digital inputs, 220 V nominal threshold                                                                                   |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Reserved for future use                                                                                                     |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| Ą           | N/A                                                                                                                         |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             |                                                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Slots A, C, E, F (4 pcs)                                                                                                    |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| Ą           | Empty                                                                                                                       |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| B           | 8 Digital inputs                                                                                                            |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | 5 Output relays **                                                                                                          |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| D<br>F      | Arc protection with 4 sensor channels, 2 x HSO, 1 x BI<br>2 x mA input - 8 x RTD input **                                   |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| G           | 2 x RJ-45 100Mb Ethemet & IRIG-B *                                                                                          |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| Н           | 2 x ST 100Mb Ethemet & IRIG-B *                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| I.          | 4 x mA outputs - 1 x mA input **                                                                                            |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| J           | Double LC 100Mb Ethernet (HSR, PRP redundant protoc                                                                         | ols)*  |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
|             | Double RJ45 100Mb Ethernet (HSR, PRP redundant prot                                                                         | tocols | )* |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| K           | RS-232 - Serial fiber (Plastic-Plastic) *                                                                                   |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| L           |                                                                                                                             |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| L<br>M      | RS-232 - Serial fiber (Plastic-Glass) *                                                                                     |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |
| L<br>M<br>N | RS-232 - Serial fiber (Plastic-Glass) *<br>RS-232 - Serial fiber (Glass-Plastic) *<br>RS-232 - Serial fiber (Glass-Glass) * |        |    |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |     |   |   |   |

\* One card at most per IED

\*\* Two cards at most per IED

#### Accessories

| Order code        | Description                                                          | Note                              | Manufacturer         |  |  |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| ADAM-4015-CE      | External 6-channel 2 or 3 wires RTD Input module, pre-<br>configured | Requires an external power module | Advanced Co.<br>Ltd. |  |  |
| ADAM-4018+-<br>BE | External 8-ch Thermocouple mA Input module, pre-<br>configured       | Requires an external power module | Advanced Co.<br>Ltd. |  |  |
| AQX033            | Raising frame 87 mm                                                  |                                   | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQX070            | Raising frame 40 mm                                                  |                                   | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQX069            | Combiflex frame                                                      |                                   | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQX097            | Wall mounting bracket                                                |                                   | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQ-01A            | Light point sensor unit (8,000 lux threshold)                        | Max. cable length 200 m           | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQ-01B            | Light point sensor unit (25,000 lux threshold)                       | Max. cable length 200 m           | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQ-01C            | Light point sensor unit (50,000 lux threshold)                       | Max. cable length 200 m           | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQ-02A            | Pressure and light point sensor unit (8,000 lux threshold)           | Max. cable length 200 m           | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQ-02B            | Pressure and light point sensor unit (25,000 lux threshold)          | Max. cable length 200 m           | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |
| AQ-02C            | Pressure and light point sensor unit (50,000 lux threshold)          | Max. cable length 200 m           | Arcteq Ltd.          |  |  |

# 11 Contact and reference information

#### Manufacturer

Arcteq Relays Ltd.

#### Visiting and postal address

Kvartsikatu 2 A 1

65300 Vaasa, Finland

#### Contacts

| Phone:             | +358 10 3221 370                    |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Website:           | arcteq.fi                           |
| Technical support: | support.arcteq.fi                   |
|                    | +358 10 3221 388 (EET 9:00 – 17.00) |
| E-mail (sales):    | sales@arcteq.fi                     |